

CHECK-LIST OF JAPANESE BIRDS

Sixth Revised Edition

日本鳥類目録

改訂第6版

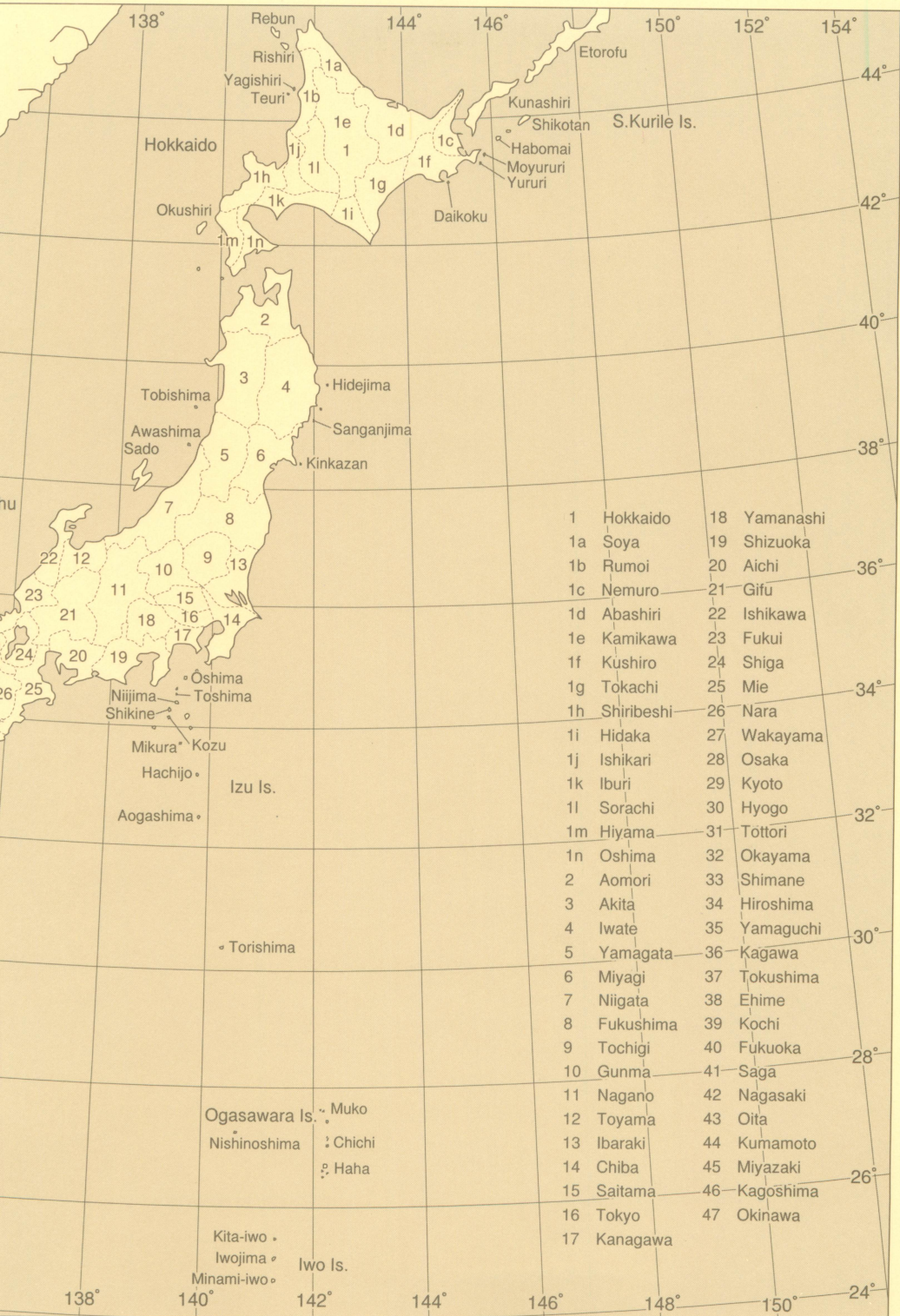
2000

The Ornithological Society of Japan

日本鳥学会

Locality map of Japan





Check-List of Japanese Birds

Sixth Revised Edition

Prepared by the
Committee for Check-List of Japanese Birds

日本鳥類目録

改訂第 6 版

編集 日本鳥類目録編集委員会

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The Committee for Check-List of Japanese Birds (1985-2000)

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日本鳥類目録（第6版）編集委員（1985-2000）

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PREFACE TO THE SIXTH REVISED EDITION

A HAND-LIST OF THE JAPANESE BIRDS was first published in 1922 in commemoration of the tenth anniversary of the Ornithological Society of Japan. This was followed by the second (1932), the third (1942), and the fourth (1958) editions. The fifth revised edition was titled CHECK-LIST OF JAPANESE BIRDS and published in 1974. The present volume is the sixth revised edition of the Check-list.

The geographic area covered by the present edition is the same as that in the fifth revised edition, namely, all territories under the jurisdiction of Japan, including the Senkaku Islands. The Japan's Northern Territories ('Southern Kurile' and 'Habomai' islands) are also included in the area covered.

The Committee for Check-list of Japanese Birds (p. ii) to produce the sixth revised edition was set up in 1985 and at the same time regional collaborators (p. 326) were appointed, in principle, a person from each prefecture. The collaborators have contributed the data for the distribution and status of birds in their prefectures, which have become a basis of the present volume.

The Committee include two taxonomic compilers, Nagahisa Kuroda (for the non-Passeriformes) and Hiroyuki Morioka (for the Passeriformes), who are mainly responsible for the scientific names used in the present edition.

The work for compilation of the sixth revised edition progressed but very slowly. This was partly due to that certain committee members failed to submit their contributions within reasonable time limits. In 1994 new members were appointed for the Committee and virtually the entire volume was to be rewritten. In the meantime, 'A List of Japanese Birds' was published based on the material gathered by the Committee in 1997 (Jpn. J. Ornithol., vol. 46 no. 1).

The present edition contains 18 orders, 74 families, 230 genera, and 542 species in the main text. In addition to the 542 species, there are 26 introduced species in Appendix A and 34 species and subspecies of presently unaccepted records in Appendix B. Introduced species were incorporated in the main text in the past editions, but they are separated in an appendix from native birds in the present edition.

The main text consists of species under orders, families, and genera. If the species is monotypic, species name, Japanese name, English name, range, status, and habitat are given in English and Japanese. If the species is polytypic, subspecies name, Japanese name, range, status, and habitat of the subspecies are stated next to the range of the species. 'Habitat' is not stated, however, for straggled birds.

The range of each species is preceded by a brief statement of distribution (e. g., Palearctic, Asiatic, etc.). This statement is self-explanatory, but endemic species of Japan, including those on the Ryukyu Islands, are designated as E Palearctic since it indicates the type of the present distribution rather than zoogeographic element. E Asiatic is used for E Palearctic and se Asia and Asiatic for Asia including India.

At the onset (in 1985) of the Committee it was agreed that the orders and families, together with their sequence, of the fifth edition be maintained unchanged, except that the Turdinae, Paradoxornithinae (Timaliidae in this edition), Sylviinae, Muscipapinae, and Monarchinae are raised to family status. This decision of the Committee was made taking consideration of the current disagreement on avian classification at higher levels. We have felt, however, that Hartert's Muscipapidae (s. lat.) is in no way defensible.

The sequence of species is also the same as that in the fifth edition, with the exception that *Turdus sibiricus* is placed after *Cichlopasser terrestris*. Species and subspecies new to the Check-list are then inserted in their 'proper' places, i.e., immediately before or after the most closely related species; for example, *Calidris ptilocnemis* is inserted immediately before *Calidris alpina*. This procedure may sometimes result in unlikely sequence, such as a generalized species coming after a specialized one, but any sequence is more or less arbitrary.

In the fifth revised edition, the sequence of subspecies under a species followed, in the main, Vaurie's (1959-65, Birds Pal. Fauna) or Peters's (1931-87, Check-list Birds World) checklists, resulting in some inconsistencies. In the present edition, subspecies are arranged, in principle, from continent to island (or larger island to smaller one), west to east, and north to south. However, since subspecies are not distributed in checker-board fashion, an arbitrary order is occasionally adopted, viz., the Daito subspecies after the Ogasawara and Iwo subspecies and the Tsushima subspecies between the Shikoku and the Kyushu subspecies.

Species and subspecies new to the check-list area are considered for inclusion in the main text if such records were (1) supported by a specimen, photograph, or voice tape, and (2) published in a scientific publication. In the case of photographs and vocal tapes, the species in question must be identifiable unequivocally and the voice tape should be the original one recorded at the place. The specimen must be available for examination by any person at any time. New species and subspecies records based on sightings alone are not accepted for inclusion in the Check-list. Furthermore, the Committee consider subspecies to be a basis of inclusion when the species

is polytypic, hence if the subspecies of a polytypic species is underterminable either by an actual character analysis or an inference from geographic grounds, such species are not included (see Appendix B). This procedure received comments and criticisms at early stages of manuscript. Logically, taxa, whether species or subspecies, of equivocal identification should not be accepted for inclusion in the main text and this is maintained rather rigorously for species. Many subspecies cannot be identified with certainty on a photograph and even on a specimen, and are rejectable unless some compromise is made. 'Inference from geographic grounds' is obviously a compromise, but it has a factual basis since, for example, a Chinese or Siberian subspecies is more likely to straggle to Japan than a British one. As long as our Check-list remains that of species and subspecies occurring in Japan (latest BOU and AOU checklists are those of only species), there is no room to accept unidentifiable subspecies even though their identification at species level is sure. The final acceptance or rejection of a species or subspecies new to the Check-list was decided by a vote of the Committee members.

Original citations, type localities, and synonymies are omitted in the present edition to reduce the cost of publication and users of the Check-list should refer to the fifth or earlier editions for such information. For the species and subspecies newly added in the present edition, these details will be available elsewhere.

There are several changes of Japanese names of order, family, species, and subspecies. These changes are discussed in 'Preface' in Japanese (p. vi).

Certain names of geographic districts, such as Manchuria, are used only for convenience since new names are too unfamiliar. Other geographic names, such as Siberia, may be used in several different senses depending on the situation.

The abbreviations used in 'status' and 'range' are as follows: RB=resident breeder, MB=migrant breeder, IB=introduced breeder, CB=casual breeder, FB=former breeder, WV=winter visitor, PV=passage migrant, IV=irregular visitor, AV=accidental visitor, n=northern, e=eastern, w=western, s=southern.

Yuzo Fujimaki, chairman
Committee for Check-list of Japanese Birds
30 June 2000

はじめに

日本鳥類目録の初版は、1922（大正11）年に日本鳥学会の創立10周年記念出版として刊行され、その後1932年に第2版、1942年に第3版、1958年に第4版、1974年に第5版が刊行された。これらの目録のうち、第3版までは、当時日本委任統治領であった地域も含む範囲に分布する種も含まれていた。第4版は北海道から奄美諸島まで、第5版は日本本土、小笠原諸島、硫黄列島、琉球諸島、南千島を対象地域としている。第6版の対象地域は、第5版と同じである。

第6版の刊行は、当初1990年を目標に、1985年に目録編集委員会を設け、準備をすすめた。まず、各都道府県に分布資料の収集に関する協力員を原則として1人お願いし、分布資料を送っていただいた。これをもとに各種ごとに都道府県分布一覧表を作成した。分類は、分類委員（非スズメ目：黒田長久、スズメ目：森岡弘之）が担当した。

これと平行して、委員会では目録の形式を検討した。第5版では英文と和文を完全に分けたが、第6版では出版経費などの問題があり、英和混合形式とすることとした。

各分担執筆者は、委員会で決めた様式にしたがい、分布一覧表を資料として執筆にあたった。しかし、執筆段階で原稿完成の時期に大きな時間のずれがでてしまった。比較的早い段階に原稿を完成した委員もいた一方で、執筆してもらえなかった委員もいた。そのため、途中委員を交替したが、それでも原稿がなかなか完成せず、最終的には未完成部分をすでに分担部分を執筆した他の委員が分担し、やっと全体の原稿が完成した。

このような事情から、第6版の発行は非常に遅れた。第5版以降、新たに記録された種がかなりあり、第6版に掲載される種に関する関心が非常に高かったため、目録編集の途中段階で、日本産鳥類リスト（日鳥学誌46巻1号、1997年）を発表した。

本目録には、18目、74科、230属、542種と外来種26種を収録した。外来種は日本固有の種と区別するため、本文からはずし、繁殖記録のあるものだけを附録Aにあげた。そのほか、検討中の34種・亜種を、採用しなかった理由とともに、附録Bにまとめた。目録の構成は、各目、科、属の学名と和名の下に、亜

種のない種は学名, 和名, 和名のローマ字綴り, 英名, Range, Status, Habitat, 分布と生息期間, 生息環境を, また亜種のある種は, 種に関する記述はRangeまでとし, 続いて亜種ごとに亜種の学名, 和名, Range, Status, Habitat, 分布と生息期間, 生息環境を述べている. ただし, 迷鳥の場合には英・和文とも生息環境を省いた.

科以上の分類と種の配列は, 原則として第5版のものを踏襲したが, 第5版でヒタキ科に含まれていたツグミ亜科, ダルマエナガ亜科, ウグイス亜科, ヒタキ亜科, カササギヒタキ亜科はそれぞれ科に昇格させた. ただし, ダルマエナガ亜科はチメドリ科とした. また, 種の配列は, 属の変更に応じて, マミジロの位置をトラツグミとオガサワラガビチョウの後にした. 新しく追加された種は, 第5版の種の配列の枠組みはそのままに, 分類学的にもっとも適切と考えられる位置に挿入した.

亜種の配列は, 他の鳥類目録の慣習に準じて, (1)西から東へ, (2)北から南へ, (3)大陸(主要島嶼)から付属島嶼へ, と配列した. 亜種の配列順も, 第5版とだいたい一致しているが, 第5版の場合, Peters, Vaurie, 旧日本鳥類目録などの順をそのまま採用しているので, 必ずしも首尾一貫していなかった. なお, 亜種の分布そのものが, 西から東へ, 北から南へと, 整然と並んではないので, 便宜的に順位を決めたものもある. 例えば, 大東諸島の亜種は小笠原諸島や硫黄列島の亜種の次に, 対馬の亜種は本州と九州の亜種の間に置いた.

種と亜種の学名は, 原則として第5版を踏襲したが, 分類担当委員の判断により, 最近の研究の成果を取り入れて, 変更が望ましいものは変更した. スズメ目については変更の理由(および種々の意見の中から現在の学名を採用する理由)を, 付録Cとして掲載した.

新記録種・亜種の採否は, 目録編集委員会の討議により決定した.

第6版では目, 科, 種・亜種の和名が一部変更された. すなわち, 目と科では, カモ目(ガンカモ目), カモ科(ガンカモ科), タカ目(ワシタカ目), タカ科(ワシタカ科), カッコウ目(ホトトギス目), カッコウ科(ホトトギス科)が変更されたものである(括弧内は旧称). また, 種と亜種の和名ではヤマドリ(キタヤマドリ), キジ(キタキジ), コウライクイナ(コウライヒクイナ), ワシミミズク(カラフトワシミミズク), ツメナガセキレイ(キマユツメナガセキ

レイ), ダイトウウグイス(ダイトウハシナガウグイス), ウチヤマセンニュウ(ウチヤマシマセンニュウ), シベリアジュリン(キタシベリアジュリン), オオシベリアジュリン(シベリアジュリン), カワラヒワ(コカワラヒワ)が新しいものである(括弧内は旧称). なお, 種と亜種の和名の変更の理由は, 第1版の時から, (1)亜種のない種(monotypic species)は, 種の和名をもつ, (2)その種に二つ以上の亜種がある(polytypic species)場合でも, 日本にその種の一亜種だけが分布する場合は, 種の和名と亜種の和名は同一である, (3)日本に2亜種以上が存在する場合は(迷鳥を含む), 日本で繁殖する亜種(2亜種以上繁殖する場合は本州, 特に本州中部以北の亜種), もしくはいちばん普通の越冬亜種の和名は種の和名と同じとし, その他の亜種にそれぞれ別の亜種名を与える(その場合の亜種和名は, 種の和名に形態的特徴か地域名を形容詞としてつける)などを原則としているので, その原則に従った.

分布と生息状況は次の記号で示し, それぞれの記号の内容は次のとおりである. RB=resident breeder, MB=migrant breeder, IB=introduced breeder, CB=casual breeder, FB=former breeder, WV=winter visitor, PV=passage visitor, IV=irregular visitor, AV=accidental visitor, n=northern, e=eastern, w=western, s=southern.

2000年6月30日

日本鳥類目録編集委員会

委員長 藤巻裕臈

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Order GAVIIFORMES アビ目

Family GAVIIDAE アビ科

GAVIA Forster アビ属

1. *Gavia stellata* (Pontoppidan, 1763) アビ

Abi Red-throated Diver (Brit.), Red-throated Loon (US)

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds south to Iceland, Scotland and s Scandinavia in w Europe, east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka, Sakhalin, and Kurile Is.; also Alaska, n Canada, and Greenland, south to British Columbia, Hudson Bay, and Newfoundland. Winters to the temperate zone.

1-1. *Gavia stellata stellata* (Pontoppidan, 1763) アビ

Range: Range of the species except Franz Josef Land, Spitzbergen, and Bear I. in the Arctic Ocean.

Status: Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Rare WV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima).

Habitat: Coastal seas, inshore waters, occasionally inland.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島).

沿岸, 湾内, 河口, 海岸近くの湖沼に渡来する.

2. *Gavia arctica* (Linnaeus, 1758) オオハム

Ô-hamu Black-throated Diver (Brit.), Arctic Loon (US)

Range: N Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds from Scotland and Scandinavia east to Cape Prince of Wales in w Alaska, south to n Kazakhstan, Mongolia, lower Amur Basin, n Sakhalin, and Kamtchaka. Winters to the temperate zone.

2-1. *Gavia arctica viridigularis* Dwight, 1918 オオハム

Range: Breeds from about the Lena River and Transbaikalia eastward. Winters in the nw Pacific.

Status: Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Less regular WV in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima.

Habitat: Coastal seas, bays, occasionally rivers, coastal lakes.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV).

沿岸, 内湾, 河口, 海岸近くの湖沼に渡来する.

3. *Gavia pacifica* (Lawrence, 1858) シロエリオオハム

Shiroeri-ôhamu Pacific Diver (Brit.) or Loon (US)

Range: N Nearctic, marginally Palearctic. Breeds from ne Siberia to Alaska and Canada south to Hudson Bay. Winters on both coasts of the Pacific.

Status: WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Pacific coasts of Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. Less abundant WV in the Sea of Japan. IV in Izu Is. (Ôshima).

Habitat: Coastal seas, bays, occasionally rivers, coastal lakes.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島).

沿岸, 内湾, 河口, 海岸近くの湖沼に渡来する. 太平洋沿岸への渡来が多い.

4. *Gavia adamsii* (Gray, 1859) ハシジロアビ

Hashijiro-abi White-billed Diver (Brit.), Yellow-billed Loon (US)

Range: Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds from n Finland and Novaya Zemlya east across n Siberia to n Alaska and nw Canada, south to Magadan on the Okhotsk coast and Great Slave Lake in Canada. Winters in cold current waters along the Pacific and Atlantic coasts.

Status: WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Scarce WV in c and sw Honshu. AV in Kyushu (Nagasaki, Miyazaki).

Habitat: Coastal seas.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 九州(AV: 長崎, 宮崎).

沿岸に渡来する.

Order PODICIPEDIFORMES カイツブリ目

Family PODICIPEDIDAE カイツブリ科

TACHYBAPTUS Reichenbach カイツブリ属

5. *Tachybaptus ruficollis* (Pallas, 1764) カイツブリ

Kaitsuburi Little Grebe

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds in temperate and tropical Eurasia from w Europe east to China, Korea, and Japan, south to India, Sri Lanka, and Malay Peninsula; also most of Africa, Madagascar, Philippines, Indonesia, and New Guinea. Mainly sedentary.

5-1. *Tachybaptus ruficollis poggei* (Reichenow, 1902) カイツブリ

Range: Breeds in se China, sw Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan except Minami-Daito I.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Yuri I., Suisho I.). Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Okinawa Is., Miyako Is. WV in Yaeyama Is. IV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat: Wide ranges of water from the coast to inland waters.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島, 勇留島, 水晶島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 沖縄諸島(RB), 宮古諸島(RB), 八重山諸島(WV).

河川や湖沼に生息する.

5-2. *Tachybaptus ruficollis kunikyonis* (Kuroda, 1927) ダイトウカイツブリ

Range: Breeds on the Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Status: RB on Minami-Daito I.

Habitat: Inland waters.

南大東島(MB).

湖沼に生息する.

PODICEPS Latham カンムリカイツブリ属

6. *Podiceps nigricollis* Brehm, 1831 ハジロカイツブリ

Hajiro-kaitsuburi Black-necked (Brit.) or Eared (US) Grebe

Range: Holarctic and Afrotropical, locally Neotropical. Breeds in Europe generally but sporadic, east across Siberia to the Ob River, then with a broad gap in distribution, in Manchuria and Ussuriland; also e and s Africa, w North America, and Columbia in South America. Winters to the temperate zone.

6-1. *Podiceps nigricollis nigricollis* Brehm, 1831 ハジロカイツブリ

Range: Range of the species except Africa and Americas. Winters in s Europe, e Africa, and temperate Asia.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido. WV and PV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.). IV on Minami-Daito I.

Habitat: Shallow waters of coastal areas.

北海道(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 南大東島(IV).

河川や湖沼に生息する。

7. *Podiceps auritus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミミカイツブリ

Mimi-kaitsuburi Slavonian (Brit.) or Horned (US) Grebe

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from Iceland, Scotland and Scandinavia east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, Lake Baikal, Amur Basin, and n Sakhalin; also North America south to the n US. Winters to the temperate zone, irregularly to Japan and Korea.

7-1. *Podiceps auritus auritus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミミカイツブリ

Range: Range of the species except North America.

Status: Scarce PV or WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. AV in Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ikema I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Coast, occasionally in inland rivers and lakes.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 八丈島), トカラ列島(AV), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 池間島, 与那国島).

海岸部, 河川, 湖沼に生息する。

8. *Podiceps grisegena* (Boddaert, 1783) アカエリカイツブリ

Akaeri-kaitsuburi Red-necked Grebe

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in c Europe generally east to 80° E in s Siberia, then with a gap in distribution, in e Siberia from 120° E to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido; also Alaska, Canada, and n US. Winters to the temperate zone.

8-1. *Podiceps grisegena holboellii* Reinhardt, 1854 アカエリカイツブリ

Range: Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Anadyrland, Kamchatka, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido; also North America.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I.). WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima.

Habitat: Coastal seas, rivers, lakes, occasionally in inland waters.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 択捉島, 国後島), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐

(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV).

海岸部, 河川や湖沼に生息する.

9. *Podiceps cristatus* (Linnaeus, 1758) カンムリカイツブリ

Kanmuri-kaitsuburi

Great-crested Grebe

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds in Europe generally, east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, south to Turkestan, Tibet, w China, Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan; also Africa, Australia, and New Zealand. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate Eurasia.

9-1. *Podiceps cristatus cristatus* (Linnaeus, 1758) カンムリカイツブリ

Range: Range of the species except Africa, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status: Scarce WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. MB in Honshu (Aomori, Shiga). IV in Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Coast to inland waters.

北海道(WV), 本州(WV. MB: 青森, 滋賀), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(IV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

海岸部, 湖沼に生息する.

Order PROCELLARIIFORMES ミズナギドリ目

Family DIOMEDEIDAE アホウドリ科

DIOMEDEA Linnaeus アホウドリ属

10. *Diomedea albatrus* Pallas, 1769 アホウドリ

Ahōdori

Short-tailed Albatross

Range: Oceanic in the n and c Pacific, formerly north to the Bering Sea. Breeds on Torishima in the Izu Is. and Minami-Kojima in the Senkaku Is.; also reported to have bred on the Ogasawara Is., Pescadore Is., etc., but no recent observations.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.), Honshu, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iwo Is. Rare MB on Izu Is. (Torishima), Senkaku Is. FB on Ogasawara Is.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV : 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(MB : 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(FB), 硫黄列島(IV), 尖閣列島(MB).
大洋の島で繁殖し, 海上に生息する.

11. *Diomedea immutabilis* Rothschild, 1893 コアホウドリ

Ko-ahōdori Laysan Albatross

Range : Oceanic in the n and c Pacific north to Aleutian waters. Breeds on the w Hawaiian Is., especially abundantly on Laysan, Midway, etc., and disperses at sea in the non-breeding season.

Status : MB on Izu Is. (Torishima), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima Is.). IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is. (Kikai I.), Ryukyu Is. (Kume I., Miyako I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(MB : 鳥島, IV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(MB : 鯉島諸島), 奄美諸島, (IV : 喜界島), 琉球諸島(IV : 久米島, 宮古島), 大東諸島(IV : 北大東島, 南大東島).

主に太平洋沿岸の海上に生息する.

12. *Diomedea nigripes* Audubon, 1839 クロアシアホウドリ

Kuroashi-ahōdori Black-footed Albatross

Range : Oceanic in the n and c Pacific north to the Kurile Is. and Gulf of Alaska, east to the California coast and west to Japanese waters. Breeds on the Hawaiian Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., and Torishima.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku. MB on Izu Is. (Torishima), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Nakanoganjima), Senkaku Is. (Kita-Kojima).

Habitat : Pelagic, but also in larger bays.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 伊豆諸島(MB : 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(MB), 硫黄列島(MB), 先島諸島(IV : 宮古島, 石垣島, 仲ノ神島), 尖閣列島(MB : 北小島).

夏, 主に太平洋沿岸の海上に生息する.

Family PROCELLARIIDAE ミズナギドリ科

FULMARUS Stephens フルマカモメ属

13. *Fulmarus glacialis* (Linnaeus, 1761) フルマカモメ

Furuma-kamome Fulmar (or Northern Fulmar)

Range : Oceanic in the n Pacific and Atlantic. Breeds on arctic and subarctic coasts and islands.

13-1. *Fulmarus glacialis rodgersii* Cassin, 1862 フルマカモメ

Range : Breeds on the Bering Sea coasts and islands, south to the Kurile Is. and s coast of the Alaska Peninsula. Winters south to Hokkaido waters and Baja California.

Status : WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu. AV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Okinawa I.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 八丈島), 沖縄島(AV).

冬に北海道, 本州北部の海上に生息する。北海道北部・東部では夏にも飛来する。

PTERODROMA Bonaparte シロハラミズナギドリ属

14. *Pterodroma solandri* (Gould, 1844) ハジロミズナギドリ

Hajiro-mizunagidori Providence Petrel

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, migrating north to Japan. Breeds on Lord Howe I. and Philip I., formerly also on Norfolk I. Recorded from n Honshu and Daito Is.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (Sep. 1983), n Honshu (Sanriku, Aug. 1982), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I., Aug. 1931).

北海道南東部(AV, 1983年9月), 本州北部(AV: 三陸沖, 1982年8月), 大東諸島(AV: 南大東島, 1931年8月)。

15. *Pterodroma neglecta* (Schlegel, 1863) カワリシロハラミズナギドリ

Kawari-shiroharamizunagidori Kermadec Petrel

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, migrating north to the temperate n Pacific. Breeds on islands in the s Pacific Ocean from Lord Howe I. to the Juan Fernandez Is.

Status : AV in c Honshu (Ibaraki), Shikoku (Tokushima), Daito Is.

(Minami-Daito I., Aug. 1931).

本州(AV: 茨城), 四国(AV: 徳島), 大東諸島(AV: 南大東島, 1931年8月).

16. *Pterodroma inexpectata* (Forster, 1844) マダラシロハラミズナギドリ

Madara-shiroharamizunagidori Mottled Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the Pacific, migrating north to the Aleutian Is. and Alaska. Breeds on the Snares Is. and islets off Stewart I., formerly also on New Zealand.

Status: AV in Pacific of sw Honshu (Hiroshima, June 1986).

本州南西部(AV: 広島, 1986年6月).

17. *Pterodroma externa* (Salvin, 1875) オオシロハラミズナギドリ

Ô-shiroharamizunagidori White-necked Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the Pacific, wintering mainly in the c Pacific. Breeds on Más Afuera, Juan Fernandez Group, and Macauley I. and Raoul I., Kermadecs Group.

17-1. *Pterodroma externa cervicalis* (Salvin, 1891) クビワオオシロハラミズナギドリ

Range: Breeds on Macauley and Raoul, Kermadec Group. Migrates to the c Pacific.

Status: AV in Honshu (Iwate, Gunma, Kanagawa, Aichi).

本州(AV: 岩手, 群馬, 神奈川, 愛知).

17-2. *Pterodroma externa externa* (Salvin, 1875) オオシロハラミズナギドリ

Range: Breeds on Más Afuera, Juan Fernandez Group. Migrates to the c Pacific.

Status: AV in c Honshu (Tokyo, Aichi, July 1962).

本州中部(AV: 東京, 愛知, 1962年7月).

18. *Pterodroma phaeopygia* (Salvin, 1876) ハワイシロハラミズナギドリ

Hawai-shiroharamizunagidori Dark-rumped Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the Pacific, wintering in warm waters in the n and c Pacific. Breeds on the Galapagos Archipelago and Hawaiian Is.

18-1. *Pterodroma phaeopygia sandwichensis* (Ridgway, 1884) ハワイシロハラミズナギドリ

Range: Breeds on the Hawaiian Is. Winters in the n and c Pacific.

Status: AV in n and c Honshu (Iwate, Sep. 1976, Chiba).

本州北・中部(AV: 岩手, 1976年9月, 千葉).

19. *Pterodroma hypoleuca* (Salvin, 1888) シロハラミズナギドリ

Shirohara-mizunagidori Ogasawara Islands Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the nw and c Pacific. Breeds on the Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., and Leeward Hawaiian Is.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Izu Is., Minami-Torishima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.). MB on Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.).

Habitat: Pelagic.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(MB: 伊豆), 硫黄列島(MB: 北硫黄島), 南鳥島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島).

大洋の島で繁殖し, 海上に生息する.

20. *Pterodroma nigripennis* (Rothschild, 1893) ハグロシロハラミズナギドリ

Haguro-shiroharamizunagidori Black-winged Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the Pacific, wintering in New Zealand waters north to the Hawaiian Is. Breeds on Norfolk I., Lord Howe I., New Caledonia, Kermadec Is., Chatham Is., and Three King Is.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Sep. 1980).

北海道(AV: 函館, 1980年9月).

21. *Pterodroma longirostris* (Stejneger, 1893) ヒメシロハラミズナギドリ

Hime-shiroharamizunagidori Stejneger's Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the Pacific, wintering in subtropical seas. Breeds on Más Afuera, Juan Fernandez Group.

Status: AV in Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Kanagawa, Kyoto), Shikoku (Tokushima).

本州(AV: 青森, 宮城, 茨城, 神奈川, 京都), 四国(AV: 徳島).

BULWERIA Bonaparte アナドリ属

22. *Bulweria bulwerii* (Jardine & Selby, 1828) アナドリ

Anadiri Bulwer's Petrel

Range: Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Atlantic, Indian and Pacific oceans. Breeds on the Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., w Hawaiian Is., Phoenix Is., and Marquesas; also on the Azores, Madeiras, Salvages, Canaries, and Cape Verde.

Status: AV in Honshu (Tochigi, Nagano, Osaka, Shimane), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Mageshima, Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.). MB in Kyushu (Miyazaki), Izu Is., Ogasawara Is. (Nishinoshima), Iwo Is. (Iwo I.), Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima).

Habitat: Pelagic.

本州(AV: 栃木, 長野, 大阪, 島根), 四国(AV: 徳島), 九州(MB: 宮崎. AV: 鹿児島), 馬毛島(AV), 伊豆諸島(MB), 小笠原諸島(MB: 西之島), 硫黄列島(MB: 硫黄島), 八重山諸島(AV: 石垣島, 西表島. MB: 仲ノ神島).

海上に生息する.

CALONECTRIS Mathews & Iredale オオミズナギドリ属

23. *Calonectris leucomelas* (Temminck, 1835) オオミズナギドリ

Ô-mizunagidori Streaked Shearwater

Range: Oceanic in the w Pacific, wintering south to the Philippines, Moluccas, and New Guinea. Breeds mainly on off-shore islands from s Hokkaido through Honshu to Kyushu, Izu Is., and s Ryukyu Is.; also coasts of Korea and China south to the Pescadore Is.

Status: MB on Oshima-Ôshima, Sanganjima, Hidejima, Kutsujima, Awa-shima, Nanatsushima, Kanmuriijima, Oki (Hoshinokamijima, Shirashima, Ômorijima, Ôhakajima, Okinoshima), Masuda-Takashima, Birojima, Chikuzen-Okinoshima, Anegashima, Okikuro I., Danjo Is. (Otokojima, Onnajiima), Kusagaki Is. (Kaminoshima), Koshiki Is. (Futago I., Nojima), Uji Is. (Mukojima), Sata-Biro I., Izu Is. (Ôshima, Toshima, Niijima, Miyake I., Kozu I., Mikura I., Hachijo I.), Tokara Is. (Suwanose I., Akuseki I., Kodakara I., Yokoate I. Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima), Senkaku Is. IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat: Pelagic.

北海道(IV), 渡島大島(MB), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV), 三貫島(MB), 日出島(MB), 杓島(MB), 粟島(MB), セツ島(MB), 冠島(MB), 隠岐(MB: 星神島, 白島, 大森島, 大波加島, 沖ノ島), 益田高島(MB), 四国(IV), 蒲葵島(MB), 九州(IV), 筑前沖ノ島(MB), 阿値賀島(MB), 沖黒島(MB), 男女諸島(MB: 男島, 女島), 草垣諸島(MB: 上ノ島), 甌島諸島(MB: 双子島, 野島), 宇治諸島(MB: 向島), 佐多枇榔島(MB), 伊豆諸島(MB: 大島, 利島, 新島, 三宅島, 神津島, 御蔵島, 八丈島), トカラ列島(MB: 諏訪之瀬島, 悪石島, 小宝島, 横当島), 八重山諸島(MB: 仲の神島), 尖閣列島(MB).

北海道から九州までの周辺の島で繁殖し, 海上に生息する.

PUFFINUS Brisson ハイイロミズナギドリ属

24. *Puffinus pacificus* (Gmelin, 1789) オナガミズナギドリ

Onaga-mizunagidori Wedge-tailed Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the c and s Pacific and Indian oceans. Breeds on islands in the subtropical and tropical Pacific and Indian oceans.

24-1. *Puffinus pacificus cuneatus* Salvin, 1888 オナガミズナギドリ

Range : Breeds on the Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., and Hawaiian Is. Winters in the subtropical and tropical Pacific.

Status : RB in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. IV on Izu Is. (Torishima). AV in Honshu, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Pelagic.

本州(AV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(RB), 硫黄列島(RB), 琉球諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

大洋の島で繁殖し, 海上に生息する.

25. *Puffinus bulleri* Salvin, 1888 ミナミオナガミズナギドリ

Minami-onagamizunagidori Buller's Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, migrating north to Japan and Alaska. Breeds on islands off North Island, New Zealand.

Status : AV in c Honshu (Kanagawa, June 1984).

本州中部(AV : 神奈川, 1984年6月).

26. *Puffinus carneipes* Gould, 1844 アカアシミズナギドリ

Akaashi-mizunagidori Flesh-footed Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific and Indian oceans, wintering in the Arabian Sea and Japanese and Hawaiian waters. Breeds on islands off sw Australia, off North Island, New Zealand, and Lord Howe I.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Izu Is. WV in Honshu, Kyushu, Okinawa I.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 沖縄島(WV).

海上に生息する.

27. *Puffinus griseus* (Gmelin, 1789) ハイイロミズナギドリ

Haiiro-mizunagidori Sooty Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, Atlantic and Antarctic oceans, migrating

north to the Arctic Sea. Breeds on New Zealand and adjacent islands, islands on the Chilean coast, and Falkland Is.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Kyushu, Izu Is.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV).

夏に海上に生息する.

28. *Puffinus tenuirostris* (Temminck, 1835) ハシボソミズナギドリ

Hashiboso-mizunagidori Short-tailed Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, migrating north to the Bering Sea. Breeds on Tasmania, islands in the Bass Strait, and se coast of Australia. Recorded from Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Korea.

Status : Abundant PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Pelagic, coastal seas.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 小笠原諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 与那国島).

海上に生息する.

29. *Puffinus nativitatis* Streets, 1877 コミズナギドリ

Ko-mizunagidori Christmas Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the subtropical and tropical c Pacific. Breeds from the Hawaiian Is. to Easter I.

Status : AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Chiba, Kanagawa, Ishikawa, Wakayama).

Habitat : Pelagic.

本州(AV : 宮城, 千葉, 神奈川, 石川, 和歌山).

海上に生息する.

30. *Puffinus lherminieri* Lesson, 1839 セグロミズナギドリ

Seguro-mizunagidori Audubon's Shearwater

Range : Oceanic in the subtropical and tropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Breeds on islands in the c and sw Pacific, Indian Ocean, and Caribbean Sea ; also Galapagos Is. Mainly sedentary.

30-1. *Puffinus lherminieri bannermani* Mathews & Iredale, 1915 セグロミズナギドリ

Range : Breeds on the Ogasawara Is. and Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). Winters at sea mainly in the vicinities of the breeding area.

Status : CB in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). IV in Ryukyu Is.

(Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat : Pelagic, offshore waters around breeding ground.

小笠原諸島(CB), 硫黄列島(CB : 北硫黄島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 石垣島).
海上に生息する.

Family HYDROBATIDAE ウミツバメ科

OCEANITES Keyserling & Blasius アシナガウミツバメ属

31. *Oceanites oceanicus* (Kuhl, 1820) アシナガウミツバメ

Ashinaga-umitsubame Wilson's Storm-petrel

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, Indian, Atlantic oceans and Antarctic Sea, migrating north to the n Pacific, n Indian and n Atlantic oceans. Breeds on Antarctica and islands in the antarctic and subantarctic zones.

31-1. *Oceanites oceanicus exasperatus* Mathews, 1912 アシナガウミツバメ

Range : Breeds on the South Orkneys, South Shetlands, South Sandwich Is., and along coasts of the Antarctic Continent. Migrates to the n Pacific, Arabian Sea, and n Atlantic ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Chiba), Izu Is. (Torishima).

本州(AV : 岩手, 宮城, 千葉), 伊豆諸島(AV : 鳥島).

OCEANODROMA Reichenbach オーストンウミツバメ属

32. *Oceanodroma furcata* (Gmelin, 1789) ハイイロウミツバメ

Haiiro-umitsubame Fork-tailed Storm-petrel

Range : Oceanic in the n Pacific, wintering south to n Japan, Hawaiian Is., and s California. Breeds on coasts and islands in the n Pacific and Bering Sea south to the n and c Kurile Is. and n California.

32-1. *Oceanodroma furcata furcata* (Gmelin, 1789) ハイイロウミツバメ

Range : Breeds on the n and c Kurile Is. (south to Simushir I.), Kamchatka, Commander Is., and Aleutian Is. Winters in Japanese and Hawaiian waters.

Status : WV in Hokkaido, n Honshu (Aomori). PV in s Kurile Is. AV in Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Ishikawa, Nagano, Hyogo). IV in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Minami-Torishima.

Habitat : Pelagic, on cold waters.

北海道(WV), 南千島(PV), 本州北部(WV : 青森), 本州(AV : 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 石川, 長野, 兵庫), 小笠原諸島(IV),

硫黄列島(IV), 南鳥島(IV).

冬に海上に生息する.

33. *Oceanodroma leucorhoa* (Vieillot, 1818) コシジロウミツバメ

Koshijiro-umitsubame

Leach's Storm-petrel

Range: Oceanic in the n Pacific and n Atlantic oceans, wintering mainly in tropical waters and occasionally reaching the Cape Sea, Indian Ocean, Australia, and New Zealand. Breeds on islands in the n Pacific and Atlantic.

33-1. *Oceanodroma leucorhoa leucorhoa* (Vieillot, 1818) コシジロウミツバメ

Range: Breeds on Daikokujima in Hokkaido, Kurile Is., Commander Is., and Aleutian Is. to the w coast of Alaska; also Atlantic coasts south to Massachusetts and British Isles. Recorded from the Pacific coasts and islands of Japan south to the Ogasawara Is. and Hawaiian Is.

Status: MB in Daikokujima, Habomaimoshiri I., s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I., Suisho I., Akiyuri I.). WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Fukushima, Chiba, Gifu), Shikoku, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Okinawa I.

Habitat: Pelagic, on warm (in winter) to cold (in summer) currents.

北海道(WV), 大黒島(MB), ハボマイモシリ島(MB), 南千島(WV. MB: 色丹島, 水晶島, 秋勇留島), 本州(WV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 福島, 千葉, 岐阜), 四国(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 沖縄島(WV).

大黒島や南千島で繁殖し, それ以外の海域では冬に生息する.

34. *Oceanodroma monorhis* (Swinhoe, 1867) ヒメクロウミツバメ

Hime-kuroumitsubame

Swinhoe's Storm-petrel

Range: Oceanic in the w Pacific and n Indian oceans, migrating to the coasts of the Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, Java, and Arabian Peninsula. Breeds on islands of Japan, Korea, e China, and Taiwan.

Status: MB in Honshu (Aomori), Sanganjima, Kutsujima, Oki, Chikuzen Okinoshima. PV in Izu Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat: Pelagic, on warm currents.

本州(MB: 青森), 三貫島(MB), 杓島(MB), 隠岐(MB), 筑前沖ノ島(MB), 伊豆諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 石垣島).

島で繁殖し, 夏に海上に生息する.

35. *Oceanodroma castro* (Harcourt, 1851) クロコシジロウミツバメ

Kuro-koshijiroumitsubame

Madeiran Storm-petrel

Range: Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific and Atlantic oceans

north to Japan. Breeds on Hidejima and Sanganjima off n Honshu, Hawaiian Is., Galapagos Is., and Atlantic islands off Africa.

Status: MB on Hidejima, Sanganjima. PV in Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Tochigi, Chiba, Kanagawa, Fukui, Nara), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

Habitat: Pelagic, on warm currents.

本州(PV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 栃木, 千葉, 神奈川, 福井, 奈良), 日出島(MB), 三貫島(MB), 九州(PV: 鹿児島), 沖縄島(PV).

島で繁殖し, 主に夏に海上に生息する.

36. *Oceanodroma tristrami* Salvin, 1896 オーストンウミツバメ

Ôsuton-umitsubame Sooty Storm-petrel

Range: Oceanic in the c Pacific north to Japanese waters. Breeds on the Izu Is. (Kôzu Group), Torishima, Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo), and Leeward Hawaiian Is. (Laysan and Midway).

Status: MB in Izu Is. (Hebushima, Onbaseiwa, Torishima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). PV in Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Chiba, Kanagawa, Niigata, Shizuoka, Wakayama, Shimane), Ogasawara Is.

Habitat: Pelagic, on cooler warm currents.

本州(PV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 千葉, 神奈川, 新潟, 静岡, 和歌山, 島根), 伊豆諸島(MB: 蛇島, オンバセ岩, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(PV), 硫黄列島(MB: 北硫黄島).

島で繁殖し, 主に夏に海上に生息する.

37. *Oceanodroma matsudairae* Kuroda, 1922 クロウミツバメ

Kuro-umitsubame Matsudaira's Strom-petrel

Range: Oceanic in the w Pacific and n Indian oceans, migrating to the e African coast. Known to breed only on the Iwo Is.

Status: MB in Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). IV in Honshu (Miyagi, Kanagawa), Ogasawara Is. (Nishinoshima, Hahajima).

Habitat: Pelagic, on warm and tropical waters.

本州(IV: 宮城, 神奈川), 小笠原諸島(IV: 西之島, 母島), 硫黄列島(MB: 北硫黄島).

島で繁殖し, 夏に海上に生息する.

Order PELECANIFORMES ペリカン目

Family PHAETHONTIDAE ネットタイチョウ科

PHAETHON Linnaeus ネットタイチョウ属

38. *Phaethon rubricauda* Boddaert, 1783 アカオネットタイチョウ

Akao-nettaichô Red-tailed Tropicbird

Range : Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific and Indian oceans. Breeds on islands in subtropical and tropical oceans. Sedentary, but wanders about widely.

38-1. *Phaethon rubricauda rothschildi* (Mathews, 1915) アカオネットタイチョウ

Range : Breeds from the Iwo Is. to Micronesia, Marcus I., and Hawaiian Is. ; occasionally drifted to Japan by typhoon.

Status : MB in Iwo Is., Minami-Torishima. AV in Honshu (Iwate, Akita, Saitama, Yamanashi, Nagano, Gifu, Osaka, Hyogo), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Miyazaki), Ogasawara Is. IV in Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima).

Habitat : Pelagic, aerial.

本州(AV : 岩手, 秋田, 埼玉, 山梨, 長野, 岐阜, 大阪, 兵庫), 四国(AV : 徳島), 九州(AV : 宮崎), 小笠原諸島(AV), 硫黄列島(MB), 南鳥島(MB), 八重山諸島(IV : 仲ノ神島).

大洋島で繁殖し, 海上に生息する.

39. *Phaethon lepturus* Daudin, 1802 シラオネットタイチョウ

Shirao-nettaichô White-tailed Tropicbird

Range : Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Breeds on islands in tropical oceans. Sedentary.

39-1. *Phaethon lepturus dorotheae* Mathews, 1913 シラオネットタイチョウ

Range : Breeds in the Pacific from the Marianas and Hawaiian Is. to the Tuamotu Is. Recorded north to the Ogasawara Is. and Taiwan ; occasionally drifted to Japan by typhoon.

Status : AV in Honshu (Iwate, Toyama, Ishikawa, Yamanashi, Nagano, Shizuoka), Kyushu (Miyazaki). IV in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Minami-Torishima, Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima)

Habitat : Pelagic, aerial.

本州(AV : 岩手, 富山, 石川, 山梨, 長野, 静岡), 九州(AV : 宮崎), 小笠原

諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), 南鳥島(IV), 八重山諸島(IV: 仲ノ神島).
海上に生息する.

Family PELECANIDAE ペリカン科

PELECANUS Linnaeus ペリカン属

40. *Pelecanus onocrotalus* Linnaeus, 1758 モモイロペリカン

Momoiro-perikan Eastern White Pelican

Range: Temperate and tropical Eurasian and Afrotropical. Breeds in se Europe, sporadically in the Middle East, c Asia, and tropical and s Africa. Wanders in areas from the Mediterranean to se China and Malay Peninsula; also wanders widely in Africa.

Status: AV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., July 1983, Tokashiki I., July 1983, Ishigaki I., Mar. 1979, Iriomote I., Apr. 1979).

琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 1983年7月, 渡嘉敷島, 1983年7月, 石垣島, 1979年3月, 西表島, 1979年4月).

41. *Pelecanus crispus* Bruch, 1832 ハイイロペリカン

Haiiro-perikan Dalmatian Pelican

Range: Temperate and tropical Eurasian. Breeds from se Europe to c Asia, Mongolia, and nw China. Winters in s Iran and n India; casual in Italy, Egypt, and se China. Recorded from Korea, Japan, and Taiwan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Ibaraki, Chiba, Shimane), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Tono I.).

本州(AV: 茨城, 千葉, 島根), 九州(AV: 福岡, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 八重山諸島(AV: 石垣島, 登野島).

Family SULIDAE カツオドリ科

SULA Brisson カツオドリ属

42. *Sula leucogaster* (Boddaert, 1783) カツオドリ

Katsuodori Brown Booby

Range: Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Breeds on islands in tropical and subtropical seas. Sedentary.

42-1. *Sula leucogaster plotus* (Forster, 1844) カツオドリ

Range: Breeds from islands in the Red Sea and Indian Ocean east to

Australia and Tuamotu Is., north to s Japan and Ogasawara Is.

Status: MB on Kusagaki Is., Izu Is. (Inanba I., Smith's I.), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is. (Gaja I.), Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima), Senkaku Is. AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Chiba, Shizuoka, Aichi, Fukui, Wakayama, Hyogo, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Tokushima, Kochi), Kyushu, Danjo Is., Daito Is. IV in Yakushima, Amami Is., Okinawa I.

Habitat: Oceanic islands, sea shores.

本州(AV:宮城, 千葉, 静岡, 愛知, 福井, 和歌山, 兵庫, 島根, 山口), 四国(AV:徳島, 高知), 九州(AV), 男女諸島(AV), 草垣諸島(MB), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(MB: 蘭難波島, 須美寿島), 小笠原諸島(MB), 硫黄列島(MB), トカラ列島(MB: 臥蛇島), 奄美諸島(IV), 沖縄島(IV), 八重山諸島(MB: 仲ノ神島), 尖閣列島(MB), 大東諸島(AV).

太平洋や海上に生息する.

43. *Sula dactylatra* Lesson, 1831 アオツラカツオドリ

Aotsura-katsuodori Masked Booby

Range: Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Breeds on islands in tropical and subtropical seas. Sedentary.

43-1. *Sula dactylatra personata* Gould, 1846 アオツラカツオドリ

Range: Breeds on islands in the tropical Pacific south to Australia and east to the Easter Is.; occasionally recorded from Japan.

Status: AV in Sado, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima), Minami-Torishima.

佐渡(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV), 小笠原諸島(AV), 八重山諸島(AV: 仲ノ神島), 南鳥島(AV).

44. *Sula sula* (Linnaeus, 1766) アカアシカツオドリ

Akaashi-katsuodori Red-footed Booby

Range: Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Breeds on islands in tropical and subtropical seas. Sedentary.

44-1. *Sula sula rubripes* Gould, 1838 アカアシカツオドリ

Range: Breeds on islands in the Indian and tropical w Pacific oceans, north to the s Ryukyu Is.

Status: AV in Honshu (Shizuoka). IV in Ogasawara Is. (Nishinoshima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Okinawa I., Minami-Torishima. MB in Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima).

Habitat: Islands, sea coasts.

本州(AV: 静岡), 小笠原諸島(IV: 西之島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島), 沖縄島(IV), 八重山諸島(MB: 仲ノ神島), 南鳥島(IV).

島や沿岸海域に生息する.

Family PHALACROCORACIDAE ウ科

PHALACROCORAX Brisson ウ属

45. *Phalacrocorax carbo* (Linnaeus, 1758) カワウ

Kawa-u Cormorant (or Great Cormorant)

Range: Old World and Nearctic. Breeds in discontinuous distribution from ne Europe to India, China and Japan; also Iceland, sw Greenland, Atlantic coast of Canada, Africa, Australia, and New Zealand, Mainly sedentary.

45-1. *Phalacrocorax carbo hanedae* Kuroda, 1925 カワウ

Range: Breeds in Japan, but rare in Hokkaido and breeding colonies locally in Honshu, Shikoku, and Kyushu. Recorded from Sakhalin, Korea, and Taiwan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Locally common RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. WV in Tsushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is. (Muko I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Rivers, lakes, coastal waters.

北海道(IV), 本州(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV: 鵜島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

河川, 湖沼, 海岸に生息する.

46. *Phalacrocorax capillatus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1850) ウミウ

Umi-u Japanese Cormorant

Range: E Palearctic. Confined to Japan and adjacent Asian coasts. Disperses in winter throughout the Japanese coast, some reaching the coast of e China and Taiwan.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. RB or WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Tsunoshima, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Coastal-pelagic, lakes, lower parts of rivers.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB または WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV),

角島(RB), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 黒島, 与那国島).

沿岸部, 河川下流部に生息する.

47. *Phalacrocorax pelagicus* Pallas, 1811 ヒメウ

Hime-u Pelagic Cormorant

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in the n Pacific from Wrangel I. across the Bering Sea coast to sw Alaska and California, south to the Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka, Commander Is., Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan. Northern birds winter to temperate regions south to the coasts of Kyushu, s Korea, e China to Kwangtung, and Vancouver I. in Canada.

47-1. *Phalacrocorax pelagicus pelagicus* Pallas, 1811 ヒメウ

Range: Range of the species except the Pacific coast of the US and Baja California.

Status: RB or PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. WV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Shikine I., Miyake I.).

Habitat: Coastal regions, pelagic, lakes.

北海道(PV), 天売島(RB), モユルリ島(RB), 南千島(RB, PV), 本州北部(RB, PV), 本州中部・南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 式根島, 三宅島).

沿岸部などに生息する.

48. *Phalacrocorax urile* (Gmelin, 1789) チシマウガラス

Chishima-ugarasu Red-faced Cormorant

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds on the Aleutian Is., subarctic Being Sea islands, and coast of s Alaska, south to the Kurile Is. and Hokkaido. Mainly sedentary.

Status: MB in Yururi I., Moyururi I., s Kurile Is. WV in Hokkaido, n Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Niigata).

Habitat: Pelagic.

北海道(WV), ユルリ島(MB), モユルリ島(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(WV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 新潟).

島, 海上, 海岸に生息する.

Family FREGATIDAE グンカンドリ科

FREGATA Lacépède グンカンドリ属

49. *Fregata minor* (Gmelin, 1789) オオグンカンドリ

Ô-gunkandori Great Frigatebird

Range : Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Breeds on islands in tropical seas. Non-migratory, but disperses in tropical seas and strays frequently.

49-1. *Fregata minor minor* (Gmelin, 1789) オオグンカンドリ

Range : Breeds on the Chagos Is., Cocos-Keeling Is., and Christmas I. in the Indian Ocean and Paracel Is. in the South China Sea. Distributed from the e Indian Ocean to the sw Pacific.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Chiba, Niigata, Sizuoka, Aichi, Hyogo Nara, Wakayama), Kyushu (Oita, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Izu Is. (Hachijo I.). IV in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Minami-Iwo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Nakanoganjima, Yonaguni I.), Minami-Torishima.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 千葉, 新潟, 静岡, 愛知, 兵庫, 奈良, 和歌山), 九州(AV : 大分, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(AV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(IV : 北硫黄島, 南硫黄島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 仲ノ神島, 与那国島), 南鳥島(IV).

海上でまれに観察される。

50. *Fregata ariel* (Gray, 1845) コグンカンドリ

Ko-gunkandori Lesser Frigatebird

Range : Oceanic in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans, chiefly the s Pacific. Breeds on islands in tropical and subtropical seas. Non-migratory, but disperses in tropical seas and strays frequently.

50-1. *Fregata ariel ariel* (Gray, 1845) コグンカンドリ

Range : Breeds on islands in the Indian Ocean and c and sw Pacific, south to Australia and New Zealand. Recorded from China and Taiwan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV on Kusagaki Is., Izu Is. (Ôshima, Nijima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Kikai Is., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Oceanic islands and coast, aerial.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV), 九州(AV), 草垣諸島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 大島, 新島), 奄美諸島(IV : 奄美大島, 喜界島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島), 大東諸島(IV : 南大東島).

海上でまれに観察される。

Order CICONIIFORMES コウノトリ目

Family ARDEIDAE サギ科

BOTAURUS Stephens サンカノゴイ属

51. *Botaurus stellaris* (Linnaeus, 1758) サンカノゴイ

Sankano-goi Bittern (or Eurasian Bittern)

Range : Palearctic, locally Afrotropical. Breeds discontinuously from Europe and nw Africa east across Eurasia to the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and n Japan, south to Asia Minor, Iran, Mongolia, and Hopeh in e China ; also s Africa. Winters in temperate and tropical Eurasia and e and c Africa.

51-1. *Botaurus stellaris stellaris* (Linnaeus, 1758) サンカノゴイ

Range : Range of the species except s Africa.

Status : Rare MB in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu (north of Shiga). IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). Hekura I., Oki, Amami-Ōshima. Rare WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Iki, Chikuzen-Okinoshima, Izu Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Miyako I., Irabu I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Marshes.

北海道(MB), 南千島(IV : 国後島), 本州北部・中部(MB : 滋賀以北), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 舩倉島(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 宍岐(WV), 筑前沖ノ島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 久米島, 宮古島, 伊良部島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

広大なヨシ原にすむ。

IXOBRYCHUS Billberg ヨシゴイ属

52. *Ixobrychus sinensis* (Gmelin, 1789) ヨシゴイ

Yoshi-goi Chinese Little Bittern

Range : Asiatic, marginally Australasian. Breeds in temperate to tropical

Asia, east to Sakhalin and Japan, south to India, Sri Lanka, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Micronesia, Indonesia, and New Guinea. Northern bird migratory.

52-1. *Ixobrychus sinensis sinensis* (Gmelin, 1789) ヨシゴイ

Range : Breeds in India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, China from Manchuria southward, and Japan from Hokkaido to Kyushu. Migratory and sedentary, Japanese birds wintering to the Ryukyu Is. and Taiwan. Recorded from Sakhalin, s Kurile Is., Korea, and Botel Tobago.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu. WV on Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat : Reed beds, grown rice fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV).

ヨシ原や水田に生息する.

52-2. *Ixobrychus sinensis bryani* (Seale, 1901) マリアナヨシゴイ

Range : Breeds on the Palau Is., Mariana Is., and Caroline Is. ; straggles to Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Shizuoka, Oct. 1937).

本州(AV: 静岡, 1937年10月).

53. *Ixobrychus eurhythmus* (Swinhoe, 1873) オオヨシゴイ

Ô-yoshigoi Schrenck's Bittern

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds in s Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, e China to Kwangtung and Szechwan, Sakhalin, and Japan. Winters to s China, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Indonesia. Recorded from Quelpart I. and Taiwan.

Status : Rare MB in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu, Sado, Oki. . WV in sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV on Tsushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Reed bed, but also in drier grasslands.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB: 中部以北と鳥取), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 本州南西部(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島), 南大東島(IV).

ヨシ原や草原に生息する.

54. *Ixobrychus cinnamomeus* (Gmelin, 1789) リュウキュウヨシゴイ

Ryūkyū-yoshigoi Cinnamon Bittern

Range: Asiatic. Breeds from India, Sri Lanka and Myanmar to se Asia, e China, Ryukyu Is., and Taiwan, south to the Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Greater and Lesser Sunda Is., Borneo, and Sulawesi. Sedentary.

Status: RB in Tanegashima, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kakeroma I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yagachi I. Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Irabu I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). IV in Kita-Iwo I., Minami-Torishima.

Habitat: Rice fields, grassy marshes.

種子島(RB), 北硫黄島(IV), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 屋我地島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 伊良部島, 石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(RB: 北大東島, 南大東島), 南鳥島(IV).

水田や草原に生息する。

55. *Ixobrychus flavicollis* (Latham, 1790) タカサゴクロサギ

Takasago-kurosagi Black Bittern

Range: Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from Pakistan and India through se Asia to s China, Taiwan, Philippines, Indonesia, New Guinea, and Australia. Mainly sedentary, but northern birds may winter in the southern parts of the range.

55-1. *Ixobrychus flavicollis flavicollis* (Latham, 1790) タカサゴクロサギ

Range: Western part of the species range east to the Philippines and Sulawesi.

Status: AV in sw Honshu (Hiroshima, Apr. 1990), Awashima (May 1981).

本州南西部(AV: 広島, 1990年4月), 粟島(AV, 1981年5月).

GORSACHIUS Bonaparte ミソゴイ属

56. *Gorsachius goisagi* (Temminck, 1835) ミソゴイ

Mizo-goi Japanese Night Heron

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan. Winters in the Ryukyu Is., Taiwan, s China, Philippines, and Moluccas. Recorded from Sakhalin (Moneron I.) and Palau Is. (Koror).

Status: AV in Matsumae-Kojima. MB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Izu Is. MB and WV in Oki, Kyushu. WV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima,

Iwo Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I. Hateruma I.). PV in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kikai I.).

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests along water courses, usually at low elevations.

松前小島(AV), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB, WV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB, WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(MB), 硫黄列島(WV), 奄美諸島(PV: 奄美大島, 喜界島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 伊江島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 波照間島).

水辺の森林に生息する.

57. *Gorsachius melanolophus* (Raffles, 1822) **ズグロミソゴイ**

Zuguro-mizogoi Malayan Night Heron

Range: Indomalayan. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to se Asia, w and s China in Yunnan and Kwangsi, Hainan, Philippines, Greater Sunda Is., and Borneo, north to the s Ryukyu Is. (Iriomote I.). Mainly sedentary; straggles to Shikoku and Palau Is.

Status: RB in Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kuroshima). AV in Shikoku (Tokushima). WV in Miyako I.

Habitat: Forests, rarely reed beds.

四国(AV: 徳島), 宮古島(WV), 八重山諸島(RB: 石垣島, 西表島, 黒島) 森林に生息. 阿南市ではヨシ原に出現.

NYCTICORAX Forster **ゴイサギ属**

58. *Nycticorax nycticorax* (Linnaeus, 1758) **ゴイサギ**

Goi-sagi Night (Brit.) or Black-crowned Night (US) Heron

Range: Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds in temperate and tropical Eurasia from s Europe to c Asia, India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, e China, Hainan, Taiwan, and Japan, south to Africa (locally), Madagascar, and Indonesian islands; also North America from s Canada southward, Middle America, West Indies, whole South America, and Hawaiian Is. Northern birds migratory, wintering in warmer areas.

58-1. *Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax* (Linnaeus, 1758) **ゴイサギ**

Range: Range of the species except s South America. Japanese birds migrate to Taiwan and Philippines.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Daito Is. RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is. WV in Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Paddy fields, marshes, salt water bays. Nests in colonies in forest and bamboo thickets.

北海道(IV), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), 小笠原諸島(RB), 硫黄列島(RB), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(IV).

森林, 水田, 湿原などに生息する.

59. *Nycticorax caledonicus* (Gmelin, 1789) ハシブトゴイ

Hashibuto-goi Rufous Night Heron

Range : Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from Java and Philippines to the Lesser Sunda Is., Borneo, Sulawesi, Micronesia Is., Moluccas, New Guinea, Australia, and Melanesia, north to the Ogasawara Is. Sedentary.

59-1. *Nycticorax caledonicus crassirostris* Vigors, 1839 ハシブトゴイ

Range : Resident on the Ogasawara Is.

Status : FB on Ogasawara Is. (Nakōdojima). Extinct

Habitat : Forests.

小笠原諸島(FB: 媒島). 絶滅.

森林に生息していた.

BUTORIDES Blyth ササゴイ属

60. *Butorides striatus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ササゴイ

Sasa-goi Green-backed Heron

Range : Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds in Asia from India and Sri Lanka to e China, Manchuria, Korea, Ussuriland, and Japan, south to Malaysia, Indonesia, Australia, and Polynesia; also Africa in Somalia and tropical West Africa, Madagascar, and Americas from the US south to c Argentina and Galapagos Is. Northern birds winter to warmer areas.

60-1. *Butorides striatus amurensis* (Schrenck, 1860) ササゴイ

Range : Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Winters to s China, Taiwan, Philippines, Borneo, and Palau Is. Recorded from Sakhalin.

Status : IV in Teuri I. MB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). MB and WV in Kyushu. PV or WV in Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I., Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. IV on Yaku-

shima. Tanegashima.

Habitat : Ponds, river beds, streams, marshes, rice fields.

天売島(IV), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB, WV), 対馬(MB), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(MB : 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(MB : 母島), 硫黄列島(MB : 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(PV, WV), 沖縄島(PV, WV), 先島諸島(PV, WV : 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV, WV).

川や池に生息し, 水田などでも採餌する.

ARDEOLA Boie アカガシラサギ属

61. *Ardeola bacchus* (Bonaparte, 1855) アカガシラサギ

Akakashira-sagi Chinese Pond Heron

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds in China from c Manchuria southward, n Vietnam, Thailand, Myanmar, Assam, and Andaman Is., Winters in s China, Malay Peninsula, and Indonesia.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Awashima, Hekura I., Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Irabu I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). CB in n Honshu (Akita, 1986), Kyushu (Kumamoto, 1981, 1995).

Habitat : Rice fields, ponds, creeks, marshes.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV. CB : 秋田, 1986年), 粟島(IV), 舩倉島(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV. CB : 熊本, 1981, 1995年), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 大島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 母島), 硫黄列島(IV : 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(IV : 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 伊良部島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

BUBULCUS Bonaparte アマサギ属

62. *Bubulcus ibis* (Linnaeus, 1758) アマサギ

Ama-sagi Cattle Egret

Range : Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds from s Europe to Asia Minor, Pakistan, India, se Asia, s China, Hainan, Taiwan, and s and c Japan ; also Africa, Madagascar, Philippines, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, and Americas. Northern birds migratory, wintering to warmer areas.

62-1. *Bubulcus ibis coromandus* (Boddaert, 1783) アマサギ

Range: Breeds west to Pakistan and east to Japan, Taiwan, Moluccas, Australia, and New Zealand. Recorded from Ussuriland.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.), n Honshu. MB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV on Sado, Oki, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.). PV or WV in Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Tokashiki I., Kume I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Hatoma I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Pastures, rice fields, marshes.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV: 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(MB. 北部ではIV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 大島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(PV), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 渡嘉敷島, 久米島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 鳩間島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 南大東島).

サギ類のコロニーで繁殖し, 水田や牧草地で採餌する.

EGRETTA Forster コサギ属**63. *Egretta alba* (Linnaeus, 1758) ダイサギ**

Dai-sagi Great Egret

Range: Cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds in temperate and tropical Eurasia from se Europe to India, e China, and Japan, south in se Asia to Australia and New Zealand; also Africa south of the Sahara, Madagascar, and s North America to South America. Northern birds migratory, wintering to warmer regions.

63-1. *Egretta alba alba* (Linnaeus, 1758) ダイサギ

Range: Breeds from c and se Europe east to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, and Ussuriland. Winters to c Africa, n India, Mongolia, China, and Korea, occasionally Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Oki, Kyushu, Ogasawara Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Coastal reed beds, mud flats, marshes, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 隠岐(IV), 九州(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

アン原, 干潟, 湿地, 水田などに少数飛来する.

63-2. *Egretta alba modesta* (Gray, 1831) チュウダイサギ

Range: Breeds from Pakistan and India to se Asia, e China, Korea, and Japan, south to the Philippines, Indonesia, Australia, and New Zealand. Mainly sedentary, but Japanese birds winter south to the Ryukyu Is., and

Philippines.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Akiyuri I.), Sado, Oki, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. WV in Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Kuroshima, Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Ponds, marshes, lakes, river beds, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV: 択捉島, 秋勇留島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 黒島, 西表島, 与那国島).

サギ類のコロニーで繁殖し, 水田, 河川敷, 沼などで採餌する.

64. *Egretta intermedia* (Wagler, 1829) チュウサギ

Chū-sagi Intermediate Egret

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds in Asia from India and Sri Lanka to w and s China and c Japan; also Java, Australia, and Africa south of the Sahara. Northern birds migratory, wintering to s Japan, Taiwan, Philippines, Thailand, and Indonesia.

64-1. *Egretta intermedia intermedia* (Wagler, 1829) チュウサギ

Range: Range of the species except Africa. Recorded from Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Korea, and Micronesia.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu, Oki. MB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. WV in s Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Kozu I., Miyake I., Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). PV in Amami-Ōshima.

Habitat: Breeds in mixed colony with other egrets in bamboos, light woods. Inland marshes, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(MB, WV), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(IV), 四国(MB, WV), 九州(MB, WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 神津島, 三宅島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

サギ類のコロニーで繁殖し, 水田, 河川敷, 沼などで採餌する.

65. *Egretta garzetta* (Linnaeus, 1766) コサギ

Ko-sagi Little Egret

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds from s Europe across Asia Minor to India, se Asia, e China, and Japan; also from Java to Australia and Africa (locally). Migratory and sedentary, wintering in warmer areas.

65-1. *Egretta garzetta garzetta* (Linnaeus, 1766) コサギ

Range: Range of the species except Java to Australia. Winters south to tropical Africa, Persian Gulf, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, and Philippines.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Oki, Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. WV in Yakushima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kohama I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Breeds in mixed colony in bamboo bushes, light forests. Rice fields, inland marshes.

北海道(IV), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 四国(RB), 隠岐(IV), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 小浜島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

サギ類のコロニーで繁殖し, 水田, 河川敷, 沼などで採餌する.

66. *Egretta eulophotes* (Swinhoe, 1860) カラシラサギ

Kara-shirasagi Chinese Egret

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds in se China in Fukien and Kwantung, Hainan, and n Korea. Winters to the Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Borneo, Recorded from Ussuriland, Japan, Taiwan, and Hong Kong.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Ibaraki, Chiba, Kanagawa, Niigata, Toyama, Ishikawa, Aichi, Osaka, Wakayama, Hiroshima, Yamaguchi), Sado, Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Danjo Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 茨城, 千葉, 神奈川, 新潟, 富山, 石川, 愛知, 大阪, 和歌山, 広島, 山口), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV: 徳島, 愛媛), 九州(AV: 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 男女諸島(AV), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

67. *Egretta sacra* (Gmelin, 1789) クロサギ

Kuro-sagi Pacific Reef Egret

Range: Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from Myanmar and

Malaysian coasts north to se China and s Japan, east through the Philippines and Indonesia to Micronesia, New Guinea, n Australia, New Zealand, and Polynesian islands. Sedentary.

67-1. *Egretta sacra sacra* (Gmelin, 1789) クロサギ

Range: Range of the species except New Caledonia and Royalty I. Recorded from s Korea, Taiwan, Pescadore Is., Lu Tao I., and Lan Yu I.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, n Honshu. RB in s Honshu, Sado, Awashima, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Rocky and muddy tidal coasts, island.

北海道(IV), 本州北部(IV), 本州南部(RB), 佐渡(RB), 粟島(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 五島列島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB).

海岸の干潟, 砂浜, 岩場に生息する.

ARDEA Linnaeus アオサギ属

68. *Ardea cinerea* Linnaeus, 1758 アオサギ

Ao-sagi Heron (or Grey Heron)

Range: Eurasian and Afrotropical. Breeds from w Europe east across Eurasia to India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, e China, Korea, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan; also Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, greater part of Africa, and Madagascar. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to warmer areas.

68-1. *Ardea cinerea jouyi* Clark, 1907 アオサギ

Range: Breeds in Mongolia, e China, Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan, west to Myanmar. Recorded from the Kurile Is. (Uruppu I.) and Taiwan.

Status: MB in Hokkaido. IV in s Kurile Is. RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in Sado, Oki, PV or WV in Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I.). WV in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Salt and freshwater marshes, river beds, reservoirs. Breeds in colony singly or mixed with other egrets.

北海道(MB), 南千島(IV), 本州(RB), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV: 大島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV:

北大東島，南大東島)。

主に湖沼沿岸の森林またはサギ類のコロニーで営巣し，干潟，湖沼，河川敷などで採餌する。

69. *Ardea purpurea* Linnaeus, 1766 ムラサキサギ

Murasaki-sagi Purple Heron

Range: Temperate and tropical Eurasian and Afrotropical. Breeds in temperate and tropical Eurasia from sw Europe to India, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, e China, Manchuria, s Ussuriland, and s Japan; also Africa except the Sahara, Madagascar, Philippines, and Indonesia east to Sulawesi. Mainly sedentary but disperses widely.

69-1. *Ardea purpurea manilensis* Meyen, 1834 ムラサキサギ

Range: Eastern part of the species range west to India. Northern birds partly migratory, wintering in s China, se Asia, and Philippines. Recorded from Sakhalin and Korea.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is. (Amami- Ōshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Tokashiki I., Kume I.), Kita-Daito I. WV in Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Kohama I., Yonaguni I.). RB in Iriomote I.

Habitat: Coastal marshes, tidal flat, mangroves.

北海道(IV)，利尻島(IV)，本州(IV)，佐渡(IV)，四国(IV)，九州(IV)，伊豆諸島(IV：八丈島)，硫黄列島(IV：北硫黄島)，奄美諸島(IV：奄美大島，沖永良部島，与論島)，沖縄諸島(IV：沖縄島，伊平屋島，渡嘉敷島，久米島)，先島諸島(WV：宮古島，石垣島，小浜島，与那国島。RB：西表島)，北大東島(IV)。

沼や湿原，マングローブ林に生息する。

Family CICONIIDAE コウノトリ科

CICONIA Brisson コウノトリ属

70. *Ciconia boyciana* Swinhoe, 1873 コウノトリ

Kōnotori Oriental Stork

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan (formerly locally resident in c and w Honshu). Winters to e China south to Fukien, occasionally to Japan and Taiwan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Miyako I., Irabu I., Ishigaki I., Kohama I.,

Hatoma I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Rice fields, river bed, shallow lakes.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 久米島, 宮古島, 伊良部島, 石垣島, 小浜島, 鳩間島, 西表島, 与那国島). 現在野生の繁殖個体はいない.

水田, 河川敷, 湖沼に生息する.

71. *Ciconia nigra* (Linnaeus, 1758) ナベコウ

Nabekô Black Stork

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from s and c Europe across Eurasia to the Amur Basin and Ussuriland, south to Asia Minor, Iran, nw China, Mongolia, Manchuria, and n Korea. Winters to tropical Africa, Middle East, n India, se Asia, and e China. Recorded from Sakhalin, Japan, and Taiwan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Saitama, Tokyo, Fukui, Yamanashi, Gifu, Mie, Yamaguchi), Futaio I., Shikoku (Ehime, Kochi), Kyushu (Saga, Nagasaki, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I.). IV in Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Rice fields, marshes.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 青森, 埼玉, 東京, 福井, 山梨, 岐阜, 三重, 山口), 蓋井島(AV), 四国(AV : 愛媛, 高知), 九州(AV : 佐賀, 長崎, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 種子島(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV : 八丈島), 沖縄諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島), 先島諸島(IV : 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

水田や湿原に生息する.

Family THRESKIORNITHIDAE トキ科

PLATALEA Linnaeus ヘラサギ属

72. *Platalea leucorodia* Linnaeus, 1758 ヘラサギ

Hera-sagi Spoonbill (or White Spoonbill)

Range : Temperate and tropical Eurasian, locally Afrotropical. Breeds from s Europe and Balkans to India and Sri Lanka, and from s Russia and sw Siberia to Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, and Ussuriland ; also ne Africa. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical Africa, Persian Gulf, India, Myanmar, and e China south of the Yangtze Basin.

72-1. *Platalea leucorodia major* Temminck & Schlegel, 1849 ヘラサギ

Range : Range of the species except ne Africa. Occasional in Japan, Korea,

and Taiwan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Rice fields, marshes, tidal flats.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV : 択捉島), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV : 鴎島), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV), 南大東島(IV).

水田, 湿原, 干潟に生息する.

73. *Platalea minor* Temminck & Schlegel, 1849 クロツラヘラサギ

Kurotsura-herasagi Black-faced Spoonbill

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds in c Manchuria, Korea, and e China south to coastal Fukien. Winters to Vietnam, s China, Hainan, and s Japan ; accidental in Taiwan and Philippines.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Goto Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Rice fields, marshes, tidal flats.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 五島列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島), 南大東島(IV).

水田, 湿原, 干潟に生息する.

NIPPONIA Reichenbach トキ属

74. *Nipponia nippon* (Temminck, 1835) トキ

Toki Japanese Crested Ibis

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in temperate ne Asia, Formerly has bred in Ussuriland, Manchuria, e China, and Japan, now small populations being confined to n China. Recorded from Korea and Taiwan.

Status : FB in Honshu, Sado. Extinct (recorded from Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is., Ryukyu Is.).

Habitat : Forests, rice fields, marshes.

本州(FB), 佐渡(FB). 野生絶滅(北海道, 本州, 佐渡, 隠岐, 四国, 九州, 伊豆諸島, 琉球諸島).

森林, 水田, 湿原に生息していた.

THRESKIORNIS Gray クロトキ属

75. *Threskiornis melanocephalus* (Latham, 1790) クロトキ

Kuro-toki Oriental Ibis

Range : Asiatic. Breeds in Nepal, India, Sri Lanka, Indonesia, Java, and e

China in Hopeh and s Manchuria. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, s China, Philippines, and Borneo ; casual in Japan and Taiwan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Izu Is. (Mikura I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), IV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Marshes, rice fields.

北海道(AV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 御蔵島), 小笠原諸島(AV: 父島), 八重山諸島(IV: 石垣島, 西表島).

湿原や水田に生息する.

Order ANSERIFORMES カモ目

Family ANATIDAE カモ科

BRANTA Scopoli コクガン属

76. *Branta canadensis* (Linnaeus, 1758) シジュウカラガン

Shijūkara-gan Canada Goose

Range : Nearctic, locally Palearctic. Breeds in Alaska, Canada, n US, and w Greenland, west to the Aleutian Is., Commander Is., and n Kurile Is. Winters to temperate regions, south to the Gulf coasts and n Mexico ; casual from ne Siberia to Japan and recorded from Jamaica, Bahamas, and Hawaiian Is. Introduced in Britain, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Finland, and New Zealand.

76-1. *Branta canadensis leucopareia* (Brandt, 1836) シジュウカラガン

Range : Breeds in the Aleutian Is., Commander Is. (until about 1900), and n Kurile Is. (formerly on Ushishiru and Ekarma Is.). Winters to the Pacific coast of North America from British Columbia to California and Japan (very rare).

Status : Rare PV in Hokkaido. Rare WV in Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita, Fukushima, Gunma, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Niigata, Ishikawa, Hyogo, Shimane).

Habitat : Freshwater marshes, lakes, ricefields.

北海道(PV), 本州(WV: 青森, 宮城, 秋田, 福島, 群馬, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 新潟, 石川, 兵庫, 島根).

水田, 湿地などに飛来する.

76-2. *Branta canadensis minima* Ridgway, 1885 ヒメシジュウカラガン

Range: Breeds on the Alaskan coasts from the Mackenzie Delta to Bristol Bay and Alaskan Peninsula. Winters from s British Columbia to California; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Oct. 1979~Mar. 1980, Kanagawa, 1894).

本州(AV: 宮城, 1979年10月~1980年3月, 神奈川, 1894年). 2例の記録がある.

77. *Branta bernicla* (Linnaeus, 1758) コクガン

Koku-gan Brent Goose (Brit.), Brant (US)

Range: Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds in arctic tundras from n Scandinavia and coastal Siberia to n Alaska, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Winters to Europe, China, Korea, Japan, and coasts of North America.

77-1. *Branta bernicla orientalis* Tugarinov, 1941 コクガン

Range: Breeds in arctic tundras from e Siberia to w Canada. Winters to Japan, n China, Korea, and w North America.

Status: Locally common PV or WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu, Sado. IV in sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. AV in Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I.), Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat: Shallow bays, coasts, salt-water lakes, rarely inland lakes.

北海道(PV, WV), 南千島(PV), 本州北部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 本州南西部(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 大島, 八丈島), 沖縄諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島), 南大東島(AV).

冬鳥として海岸に渡来する.

ANSER Brisson マガン属

78. *Anser anser* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハイイロガン

Haiiro-gan Greylag Goose

Range: Palearctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, Scandinavia, and e Europe east across cold-temperate Eurasia to the Amur Basin, south to Iran. Winters to s Europe, n Africa, India, and s China.

78-1. *Anser anser rubrirostris* Swinhoe, 1871 ハイイロガン

Range: Breeds in Siberia south to the Caspian Sea and east to w China, n Mongolia, and Amur Basin. Winters to Asia Minor, India, Myanmar, n Indochina, and s China.

Status: AV or IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Saitama,

Chiba, Niigata, Ishikawa, Nagano, Yamanashi, Aichi, Shiga, Tottori, Shimane), Sado, Kyushu (Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Ōita, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Irabu I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Inland lakes, rivers, marshes, rice fields.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 埼玉, 千葉, 新潟, 石川, 長野, 山梨, 愛知, 滋賀, 鳥取, 島根), 佐渡(AV), 九州(IV: 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 大分, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 久米島, 伊良部島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島)。

水田, 湖沼, 河川に飛来する。

79. *Anser albifrons* (Scopoli, 1769) マガン

Ma-gan White-fronted Goose

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds in arctic tundras of n Eurasia and North America from Siberia to Alaska, Canada, and w Greenland. Winters to Europe, Iraq, s Caspian region, China, Korea, and Japan; also s US and Mexico.

79-1. *Anser albifrons frontalis* Baird, 1858 マガン

Range : Breeds in e Siberia, n Russian Far East, and w Alaska. Winters to China, Korea, Japan, and Pacific coast of the US south to Mexico. Recorded from Taiwan.

Status : Locally common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu (Aomori). Locally common WV in n and c Honshu, Sado. IV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Tokara Is. (Akuseki I.), Amami-Ōshima. AV on Iwo Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Inland marshes, lakes, rivers, rice fields, tidalflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州北・中部(PV: 青森. WV), 本州南西部(IV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 奄岐(IV), 五島列島(IV), 硫黄列島(AV), トカラ列島(IV: 悪石島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島)。

湿原, 湖沼, 河川, 水田, 干潟に生息する。

79-2. *Anser albifrons gambeli* Hartlaub, 1852 オオマガン

Range : Breeds probably in n Yukon Territory and adjacent n Alaska. Winters to California, Texas, and Mexico; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Miyagi, 1966, Chiba, 1925).

本州(AV: 宮城, 1966年, 千葉, 1925年)。

80. *Anser erythropus* (Linnaeus, 1758) カリガネ

Karigane Lesser White-fronted Goose

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds in arctic tundras from n Scandinavia through Siberia to Anadyrland. Winters to se Europe, Black Sea, Caspian Sea, n India, and China. Recorded from the Kurile Is., Sakhalin, Korea, Taiwan, and Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata, Ibaraki, Saitama, Chiba, Kanagawa, Niigata, Toyama, Ishikawa, Aichi, Tottori, Shimane). AV in Shikoku (Kochi), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga), Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat: Inland lakes, marshes, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 山形, 茨城, 埼玉, 千葉, 神奈川, 新潟, 富山, 石川, 愛知, 鳥取, 島根), 四国(AV: 高知), 九州(AV: 福岡, 佐賀), 伊豆諸島(AV: 八丈島).

湖沼, 湿原, 水田などに飛来し, 主にマガン群中に見られる.

81. *Anser fabalis* (Latham, 1787) ヒシクイ

Hishikui Bean Goose

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east across Siberia to Anadyrland, south to the Altai, Mongolia, and Amur Basin. Winters to temperate regions.

81-1. *Anser fabalis middendorffii* Severtzov, 1873 オオヒシクイ

Range: Breeds in the wooded regions of e Siberia and Russian Far East from the Khatanga to the Kolyma River and Anadyrland, south to the s Altai, nw Mongolia, Lake Baikal region, and n Amur Basin. Winters to China and Japan. Recorded from Sakhalin and Korea.

Status: Locally common PV in Hokkaido, n Honshu (Aomori). Locally common WV or IV in n and c Honshu (WV: Miyagi, Ibaraki, Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui, Shiga. IV: Chiba, Gifu), Sado.

Habitat: Inland lakes, marshes, rivers, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 本州北・中部(PV: 青森. WV: 宮城, 茨城, 新潟, 石川, 福井, 滋賀. IV: 千葉, 岐阜), 佐渡(WV).

湖沼, 湿原, 河川, 水田に生息.

81-2. *Anser fabalis curtus* Lönnerberg, 1923 ヒメヒシクイ

Range: Rare and breeding range little known; breeds probably from Novaya Zemlya to the Taimyr Peninsula. Winter range also poorly known.

Status: AV in Honshu (Fukui), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima).

本州(AV: 福井), 小笠原諸島(AV: 聳島). 2 例の記録がある.

81-3. *Anser fabalis serrirostris* Swinhoe, 1871 ヒシクイ

Range: Breeds in e Siberian and Russian Far East tundras from the Khatanga to Anadyrland and Koryakland. Winters to China, Korea, and Japan. Recorded from the Kurile Is., Sakhalin, and Taiwan.

Status: Locally common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Locally common WV in n Honshu, Sado. IV in sw Honshu, Hekura I., Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima.), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Ikema I., Okinawa I., Zamami I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat: Inland and saltwater lakes, marshes, rivers, rice fields, sea shores.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV, IV), 佐渡(WV), 舩倉島(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 壱岐(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 聳島, 父島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 池間島, 沖縄島, 座間味島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島).

湖沼, 湿原, 河川, 水田, 海岸に生息する.

82. *Anser caerulescens* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハクガン

Haku-gan Snow Goose

Range: n Nearctic, marginally Palearctic. Breeds in arctic North America, nw Greenland, and ne Siberia. Winters to the s US, and Mexico, occasionally Japan and Europe.

82-1. *Anser caerulescens caerulescens* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハクガン

Range: Breeds in ne Siberia east of the Indigirka River, n coast of Alaska, and Canadian arctic tundra. Winters south to California, Arizona, Texas, and n Mexico, rarely Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita, Fukushima, Tochigi, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Ishikawa, Nagano, Shiga). AV in Sado, Kyushu (Nagasaki, Miyazaki).

Habitat: Inland lakes, marshes, rivers, rice fields, bay coasts.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV: 青森, 宮城, 秋田, 福島, 栃木, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 石川, 長野, 滋賀), 佐渡(AV), 九州(AV: 長崎, 宮崎). 明治初期には東京湾に大群で渡来していた.

湖沼, 湿原, 河川, 水田などに渡来する.

83. *Anser canagicus* (Sevastianov, 1802) ミカドガン

Mikado-gan Emperor Goose

Range : N Pacific. Breeds on the arctic Bering Sea coasts in Russian Far East and nw Alaska ; also St. Lawrence I. Winters to the Aleutian Is., accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Nov. 1964~Feb. 1965).

本州(AV : 宮城, 1964年11月~1965年2月). 1例の記録がある.

84. *Anser cygnoides* (Linnaeus, 1758) サカツラガン

Sakatsura-gan Swan Goose

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds from the Altai east through Mongolia and Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin and Ussuriland ; formerly has bred in Kamchatka, Commander Is., Okhotsk coast, and Sakhalin. Winters to China and Japan (now very rare). Recorded from the Kurile Is., Korea, and Taiwan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata, Fukushima, Gunma, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Niigata, Ishikawa, Gifu, Kyoto, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane Yamaguchi), Sado, Oki, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kagoshima), Yakushima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Inland lakes, marshes, tidal flats, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV : 宮城, 秋田, 山形, 福島, 群馬, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 新潟, 石川, 岐阜, 京都, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根, 山口), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 九州(IV : 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 鹿児島), 屋久島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 西表島, 与那国島).

湖沼, 湿原, 河川, 水田などに渡来する. 1950年までは東京湾に定期的に渡来していた.

CYGNUS Bechstein コブハクチョウ属

85. *Cygnus olor* (Gmelin, 1789) コブハクチョウ

Kobu-hakuchō Mute Swan

Range : Palearctic. Breeds discontinuously from the British Isles, and c Europe to the Black Sea, Asia Minor, Caspian Sea, c Siberia, and Mongolia. Winters in Europe, Black Sea, nw India, China, and Korea. Recorded from Taiwan and Japan. Introduced to North America, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Japan.

Status : AV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I., Nov. 1933). IB in Hokkaido. WV in Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Ibaraki, figitive birds).

Habitat : Freshwater lakes, marshes, large rivers.

野生種の記録は伊豆諸島(AV : 八丈島, 1933年11月)の1例のみ. 北海道(IB),

本州(WV: 青森, 宮城, 茨城, 野生化個体).
湖沼, 河川に生息.

86. *Cygnus buccinator* Richardson, 1832 ナキハクチョウ

Naki-hakuchō Trumpeter Swan

Range: Nearctic. Breeds in c Alaska, w Canada, and nw US. Winters to the Pacific coasts of s Alaska and Canada; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in n Honshu (Iwate, Dec. 1991, Mar. ~ Apr. 1992, Dec. 1992 ~ Jan. 1993. Miyagi, Dec. 1991, Dec. 1992).

本州北部(AV: 岩手, 1991年12月, 1992年3 ~ 4月, 1992年12月 ~ 1993年1月, 宮城, 1991年12月, 1992年12月).

87. *Cygnus cygnus* (Linnaeus, 1758) オオハクチョウ

Ô-hakuchō Whooper Swan

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Iceland and Scandinavia east across Siberia to Kamchatka and Sakhalin, south to the Kirghiz Steppes, n Mongolia, and Amur Basin. Winters in the British Isles, Europe, Black Sea, Caspian Sea, China, Korea, and Japan. Recorded from the Kurile Is. and Taiwan.

Status: WV in Hokkaido. PV in s Kurile Is. Locally common WV in n Honshu, Sado. IV in sw Honshu, Oki, Kyushu. AV in Shikoku, Tsushima, Goto Is., Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Kohama I.).

Habitat: Fresh- and saltwater lakes, bays, large rivers, marshes, rice fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(PV), 本州北部(WV), 本州南西部(IV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(AV), 九州(IV), 対馬(AV), 五島列島(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV), 小笠原諸島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 小浜島).

湖沼, 河川, 水田, 湾内の海岸などに飛来する.

88. *Cygnus columbianus* (Ord, 1815) コハクチョウ

Ko-hakuchō Tundra Swan

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds on the arctic coasts of Eurasia and North America. Winters in temperate regions south to s Europe, c Asia, c China, and s US.

88-1. *Cygnus columbianus jankowskyi* Alphéraky, 1904 コハクチョウ

Range: Breeds in arctic e Siberia from the Lena River to Anadyrland. Winters in China, Korea, and Japan, occasionally south to Taiwan.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido. Rare PV in s Kurile Is. Locally

common WV in Honshu. IV in Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Izena I., Kohama I., Ishigaki I.). AV in Hekura I., Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I.).

Habitat : Freshwater lakes, marshes, rivers, bays, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(IV), 舩倉島(AV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(AV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 硫黄列島(AV : 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 伊是名島, 小浜島, 石垣島), 大東列島(AV : 北大東島).

湖沼, 河川, 水田, 湾内の海岸などに渡来する.

88-2. *Cygnus columbianus columbianus* (Ord, 1815) アメリカコハクチョウ

Range : Breeds in arctic Alaska and Canada. Winters south to c California, Utah, and Chesapeake Bay ; accidental in Japan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata, Fukushima, Chiba, Niigata, Ishikawa, Tottori).

Habitat : Fresh- and saltwater lakes, bays, large rivers, marshes, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 山形, 福島, 千葉, 新潟, 石川, 鳥取).

コハクチョウ *C. c. jankowskyi* に混じって, 湖沼, 河川, 湾内の海岸などに渡来する.

DENDROCYGNA Swainson リュウキュウガモ属

89. *Dendrocygna javanica* (Horsfield, 1821) リュウキュウガモ

Ryūkyū-gamo Lesser Whistling Duck

Range : Indomalayan. Breeds in tropical Asia from India to Java, north to s China and s Japan (Ryukyu Is.). Mainly sedentary.

Status : Scarce RB in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kuroshima), but no recent report. AV in c Honshu (Aichi), but it could be an escape from captivity.

Habitat : Marshes, freshwater pools, flooded rice fields, mangroves.

本州中部(AV : 愛知), 琉球諸島(RB : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島, 黒島). 本州の記録が1例あるが, 飼育個体の可能性がある.

湿地, 水田, マングローブ林などに生息する.

TADORNA von Oken ツクシガモ属

90. *Tadorna ferruginea* (Pallas, 1764) アカツクシガモ

Aka-tsukushigamo Ruddy Shelduck

Range : Palearctic. Breeds in s Spain, nw Africa, Balkans, and Asia Minor east to s Russia, Altai, Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, and Manchuria. Winters to n Africa, India, s China, and Korea, occasionally Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Rishiri I. AV or IV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Irabu I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Inland and coastal marshes, tidal flats, lakes, rivers, rice fields.

北海道(AV), 利尻島(AV), 本州(AV), 佐渡(AV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(AV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 五島列島(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 伊良部島, 与那国島).

湖沼, 河川, 干潟, 広い水田などに生息する.

91. *Tadorna tadorna* (Linnaeus, 1758) ツクシガモ

Tsukushi-gamo Shelduck (or Common Shelduck)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds in the British Isles, Scandinavia, s Europe and discontinuously from the Balkans east across c Eurasia to Mongolia and n China. Winters to sw Europe, n Africa, Asia Minor, India, s China, and Japan (rare). Recorded from Korea and Taiwan.

Status : Locally common WV in n Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki). IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, s Kyushu (Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ikema I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). AV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Muddy estuaries, tidal flats freshwater marshes, lakes, rivers.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(WV : 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, IV : 熊本, 大分, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(AV : 八丈島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 池間島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

河川河口部, 干潟, 湖沼などに渡来する.

92. *Tadorna cristata* (Kuroda, 1917) カンムリツクシガモ

Kanmuri-tsukushigamo Crested Shelduck

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds probably in Ussuriland, e China, and Korea. Rare with only three specimen records from Vladivostok, Fusan, and Kum River and several sight records in the Rimskii-Korsakov Is., sw of Vladivostok.

Status : Hokkaido(AV). A relict species in danger of extinction.

北海道(AV : 函館). 1822年10月函館市亀田で捕獲された雌雄の写生画にもとづく.

AIX Boie オシドリ属

93. *Aix galericulata* (Linnaeus, 1758) オシドリ

Oshidori Mandarin Duck

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from e China to Manchuria, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan. Winters south to s China and Taiwan. Mainly sedentary, but may migrate for short distance. Introduced in England.

Status: Locally common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu, Sado. Locally common WV or RB in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). IV in Oki, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Breeds in broad-leaved forests near mountain streams, lake sides. Wooded lakes, mountain streams, wintering frequently in ponds in city parks.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(MB), 本州中部以西(WV, RB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(IV), 四国(WV, RB), 九州(WV, RB), 対馬(IV), 壱岐(IV), 五島列島(IV), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV), 奄美諸島(RB, WV: 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB, WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 南大東島).

平地から山地にかけての森林で繁殖する。冬は森林で囲まれた湖沼, 溪流, 都市内の公園などにも生息する。

ANAS Linnaeus マガモ属

94. *Anas platyrhynchos* Linnaeus, 1758 マガモ

Ma-gamo Mallard

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in Eurasia from w Europe to Kamchatka and n Japan, south to the Mediterranean region, Asia Minor, Afghanistan, Tibet, and n China; also North America south to the US and Mexico, Hawaiian Is., and Laysan I. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and subtropical regions south to n Africa, c India, s China, s US, and n Mexico.

94-1. *Anas platyrhynchos platyrhynchos* Linnaeus, 1758 マガモ

Range: Range of the species except Greenland, se US, Mexico, Hawaiian Is., and Laysan I.

Status: Common RB or PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Locally common RB in n and c Honshu. Common WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu,

Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. Rare RB in Daito Is.

Habitat: Wet rice fields, marshes, ponds, rivers, lakes, also seashores. Breeds in northern and high altitude lakes, marshes.

北海道(RB, PV), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB, WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 宍岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(RB).

平野または山地の湖沼や湿原に渡来し, 湖沼, 河川, 水田に生息する.

95. *Anas poecilorhyncha* Forster, 1781 カルガモ

Karu-gamo Spot-billed Duck

Range: Asiatic. Breeds in temperate and tropical Asia from India and Sri Lanka to Myanmar, China, Korea, and Japan, north to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, and Sakhalin. Northern birds winter to warmer areas.

95-1. *Anas poecilorhyncha zonorhyncha* Swinhoe, 1866 カルガモ

Range: Breeds in ne Asia from Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, s Sakhalin, and Japan, south to s and w China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to s China.

Status: Rather common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.). Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima). Scarce RB or WV in Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is., IV in Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Inland lakes, rivers, marshes, seacoast, rice fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 宍岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島), 琉球諸島(WV. 一部 RB), 大東諸島(IV).

湖沼, 河川. 水田などに生息する.

96. *Anas crecca* Linnaeus, 1758 コガモ

Ko-gamo Teal (or Green-winged Teal)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in boreal and temperate regions of Eurasia and North America. Winters to temperate and subtropical regions.

96-1. *Anas crecca crecca* Linnaeus, 1758 コガモ

Range: Breeds from Iceland and Europe to the Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka,

Kurile Is., and Sakhalin, south to the Caucasus, Mongolia, Transbaikalia, n China, and n Japan. Winters to n Africa, Iran, India, s China, and Philippines. Recorded from Korea, Taiwan, and Marianas (Pagan).

Status: Rare RB or common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Inland and saltwater lakes, marshes, rivers, rice fields, coastal seas. Breeds in northern and high altitude lakes, marshes.

北海道(PV, 一部 RB), 南千島(RB, PV), 本州(WV, 一部 RB), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 宍岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(IV).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸に生息する.

96-2. *Anas crecca carolinensis* Gmelin, 1789 アメリカコガモ

Range: Breeds in North America south to California on the Pacific coast and Maine on the Atlantic coast. Winters to the s US, Mexico, West Indies, and Columbia in South America; casual in Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Okinawa I.

Habitat: Inland and saltwater lakes, marshes, rivers.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 佐渡(IV), 九州(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

湖沼や河川に生息する.

97. *Anas formosa* Georgi, 1775 トモエガモ

Tomoe-gamo Baikal Teal

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in e Siberia from the Enisei River to Anadyr-land south to Lake Baikal, Amur Basin, and Kamchatka. Winters to e and s China, Korea, and Japan. Recorded from the s Kurile Is. and Taiwan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Oki, Tsushima, Iki, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I.). Locally common WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat: Inland marshes, lakes, rivers, rice fields, sea coasts.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(IV), 宍岐(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島).

湖沼や河川に生息する.

98. *Anas falcata* Georgi, 1775 ヨシガモ

Yoshi-gamo Falcated Duck

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia from the Enisei River to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to Ussuriland, n China, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Hokkaido. Winters in se China, Korea, and Japan, south to n Vietnam; casual in Europe and North America.

Status: MB and PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Rather common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. IV in Iki, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Tokara Is. Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Inland marshes, lakes, sea coasts.

北海道(PV, 一部 MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(IV), 五島列島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 西表島, 与那国島).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸に渡来する.

99. *Anas strepera* Linnaeus, 1758 オカヨシガモ

Oka-yoshigamo Gadwall

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, Europe, Siberia to Kamchatka, and Sakhalin, south to the Caspian Sea and n Japan; also North America from Alaska to the c US. Winters to n Africa, Iran, India, s China, Korea, Japan, and s North America.

99-1. *Anas strepera strepera* Linnaeus, 1758 オカヨシガモ

Range: Range of the species except the Fanning Group in the Pacific (where it became extinct).

Status: Scarce MB or locally common PV in Hokkaido. IV in s Kurile Is., Hekura I., Iki, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.). Rather common WV in Honshu (MB in Chiba), Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. Rare WV in Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat: Inland marshes, rivers, lakes, sea coasts.

北海道(PV, MB), 南千島(IV), 本州(WV. MB: 千葉), 佐渡(WV), 舩倉島(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 壱岐(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 南大東島(WV).

湖沼, 河川などに生息する.

100. *Anas penelope* Linnaeus, 1758 ヒドリガモ

Hidori-gamo Wigeon (or Eurasian Wigeon)

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds in n Eurasia from Iceland, Scandinavia, and Siberia east to Kamchatka. Winter to warmer regions of Eurasia south to s Europe, n Africa, Caspian Sea, India, s China, and Japan. Recorded from Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Taiwan, and North America.

Status : Common PV or rare WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita Iwo I., Iwo I.), Amami Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Kohama I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Kita-Daito I. IV in Tokara Is.

Habitat : Inland and saltwater lakes, marshes, rivers, rice fields, sea shores.

北海道(PV, WV), 南千島(PV, WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 宍岐(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV : 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(WV : 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), トカラ列島(IV) 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 小浜島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 北大東島(WV).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸などに生息する.

101. *Anas americana* Gmelin, 1789 アメリカヒドリ

Amerika-hidori American Wigeon

Range : Nearctic. Breeds from Alaska to east of the Rockies. Winters to California, Middle America, West Indies, and Hawaiian Is. ; casual in Japan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Okinawa I.

Habitat : Inland lakes, rivers, sea shores.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸などに生息する.

102. *Anas acuta* Linnaeus, 1758 オナガガモ

Onaga-gamo Pintail (or Common Pintail)

Range : Holarctic, locally Subantarctic. Breeds from Iceland, Europe and Siberia to Kamchatka, south to Spain, Turkestan, Iran, Amur Basin, and Sakhalin ; also North America and Keruguelen and Crozet in the Subantarctic. Winter to n Africa, India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, s China, Japan, Philippines, and Americas south to Middle America, West Indies and Hawaiian Is.

102-1. *Anas acuta acuta* Linnaeus, 1758 オナガガモ

Range: Range of the species except the Subantarctic islands. Recorded from Korea, Kurile Is., and Taiwan.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. WV or IV in Oki, Iki, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Inland lakes, rivers, marshes, sea shores.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 奄岐(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(WV: 奄美大島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(WV, IV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 南大東島).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸などに生息する.

103. *Anas querquedula* Linnaeus, 1758 シマアジ

Shimaaji Garganey

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east across s Russia and c Asia to n China, Sakhalin, and Kamchatka south to n Japan. Winters to nw Africa, India, and se Asia, Recorded from Australia.

Status: Scarce MB or locally common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I.). Common PV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. Scarce PV or WV in Sado, Oki, Tsushima, Iki, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Tokara Is. (Tairajima, Nakanoshima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Kohama I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Inland lakes, rivers and marshes.

北海道(MB, PV), 南千島(MB: 択捉島, 国後島), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 奄岐(PV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島), トカラ列島(PV: 平島, 中之島), 奄美諸島(PV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(PV, WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 小浜島, 西表島, 与那国島).

湖沼, 河川, 湿原などに生息する.

104. *Anas clypeata* Linnaeus, 1758 ハシビロガモ

Hashibiro-gamo Shoveler (or Northern Shoveler)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from the British Isles, nw Europe and Siberia to

Kamchatka, south to the Caspian Sea, Mongolia, Amur Basin, and Sakhalin ; also North America from Alaska to California and North Carolina. Winters south to s Europe, n Africa, India, s China, Japan, Philippines, and Americas to the s US, Middle America, and West Indies.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minam-Dito I.).

Habitat : Inland lakes, rivers, sea shores.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 奄岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 奄美諸島(WV : 奄美大島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東列島(WV : 南大東島).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸などに生息する.

NETTA Kaup アカハシハジロ属

105. *Netta rufina* (Pallas, 1773) アカハシハジロ

Akahashi-hajiro Red-crested Pochard

Range : W and c Palearctic. Breeds locally from s Europe to the Caspian region and Turkestan across Mongolia to Transbaikalia. Winters to n Africa, Iran, India, and Myanmar. Recorded from China and Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Saitama, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Fukui, Shimane, Okayama), Kyushu (Kumamoto), Ryukyu Is. (Miyako I.).

本州(AV : 埼玉, 東京, 神奈川, 福井, 島根, 岡山), 九州(AV : 熊本), 琉球諸島(AV : 宮古島).

AYTHYA Boie スズガモ属

106. *Aythya ferina* (Linnaeus, 1758) ホシハジロ

Hoshi-hajiro Pochard (or Common Pochard)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds in the British Isles, continental Europe, and s Siberia east to Lake Baikal ; also Sakhalin and Hokkaido. Winters to s Europe, n Africa, Iran, India, s China, Korea, and Japan. Recorded from Taiwan.

Status : Rare MB in e Hokkaido (Kushiro). Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tokara Is.

(Akuseki I.). IV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Inland lakes, marshes, rivers, sea shores.

北海道(PV, MB : 釧路). 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), トカラ列島(WV : 悪石島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 南大東島(IV).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸などに生息する.

107. *Aythya americana* (Eyton, 1838) アメリカホシハジロ

Amerika-hoshihajiro Redhead

Range : Nearctic. Breeds in Alaska, w Canada, and w US, sporadically in e Canada and ne US. Winters south to Mexico and Florida ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Tokyo, Jan. 1985).

本州(AV : 東京, 1985年1月).

108. *Aythya valisineria* (Wilson, 1814) オオホシハジロ

Ô-hoshihajiro Canvasback

Range : Nearctic. Breeds in Alaska, w Canada, and nw US. Winters to s Canada, s US, and Mexico ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Akita, Ibaraki, Tochigi, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Nagano, Aichi), Shikoku (Kagawa, Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 宮城, 秋田, 茨城, 栃木, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 長野, 愛知), 四国(AV : 香川, 愛媛), 九州(AV : 福岡), 沖縄島(AV).

109. *Aythya collaris* (Donovan, 1809) クビワキンクロ

Kubiwa-kinkuro Ring-necked Duck

Range : Nearctic. Breeds in Alaska and Canada to the n US. Winters to the s US, Mexico, Panama, and West Indies ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Tokyo, Mar. 1977, Feb.~Apr. 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990).

本州(AV : 東京, 1977年3月, 1984年2~4月, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990年).

110. *Aythya nyroca* (Güldenstädt, 1770) メジロガモ

Mejiro-gamo Ferruginous Duck (or White-eyed Pochard)

Range : W and c Palearctic. Breeds in c and s Europe east through Asia Minor, Caspian Sea, and s Russia to w China. Winters to s Europe, n Africa,

India, and s China, rarely to Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Chiba, Dec. 1959), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Jan. 1990, Jan. 1991, Dec. 1992).

本州(AV:千葉, 1959年12月), 九州(AV:福岡, 1990年1月, 1991年1月, 1992年12月).

111. *Aythya baeri* (Radde, 1863) アカハジロ

Aka-hajiro Baer's Pochard

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, c Machuria, and Ussuri-land. Winters in e China, occasionally south to ne India, n Myanmar, and n Thailand. Recorded from England, Korea, Japan, Kamchatka, and North America.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Ryukyu Is. (Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Inland lakes, rivers.

北海道(IV), 本州(IS), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 琉球諸島(IV:与那国島).

湖沼, 河川に飛来する.

112. *Aythya fuligula* (Linnaeus, 1758) キンクロハジロ

Kinkuro-hajiro Tufted Duck

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Iceland, Europe, Siberia to Kamchatka, Kurile Is. Sakhalin, and n Japan, south to the Caspian Sea. Winters to n Africa, s Europe, Caspian Sea, India, s China, Korea, Japan, Taiwan, and Philippines.

Status: Common PV or MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I., Hateruma I.), Daito Is. IV in Izu Is. (Ōshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo I.

Habitat: Inland lakes, rivers, sea shores.

北海道(MB, PV), 南千島(MB, PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV:大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV:父島, 母島), 硫黄島(IV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV:沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島, 波照間島), 大東諸島(WV).

湖沼, 河川, 海岸に生息する.

113. *Aythya marila* (Linnaeus, 1761) スズガモ

Suzu-gamo Scaup (or Greater Scaup)

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, Europe to Siberia, Kamchatka, Aleutian Is. Alaska, and n Canada. Winters to temperate regions of Eurasia and North America.

113-1. *Aythya marila mariloides* (Vigors, 1839) スズガモ

Range : Eastern part of the species range from the Lena River eastward. Winters to Japan, Korea, and China, south to Taiwan and Philippines.

Status : Common PV or scarce WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). IV in Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima),

Habitat : Sea shores, lakes, rivers.

北海道(PV, WV), 南千島(PV, WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 奄岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 父島), 奄美諸島(WV : 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

海岸, 湖沼, 河川に生息する.

114. *Aythya affinis* (Eyton, 1838) コスズガモ

Ko-suzugamo Lesser Scaup

Range : Nearctic. Breeds in Alaska, Canada, and n US. Winters to the s US, Middle America, West Indies, Columbia in South America, and Hawaiian Is ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Mar. 1988, Ibaraki, Mar. 1988, Tokyo, Jan. 1990, Kanagawa, Nov. 1986,), Okinawa I. (Dec. 1983).

本州(AV : 宮城, 1988年3月, 茨城, 1988年3月, 東京, 1990年1月, 神奈川, 1986年11月), 沖縄島(AV, 1983年12月).

POLYSTICTA Eyton コケワタガモ属

115. *Polysticta stelleri* (Pallas, 1769) コケワタガモ

Ko-kewatagamo Steller's Eider

Range : E Palearctic and w Nearctic. Breeds on the coast of Siberia from Novaya Zemlya to the Chukot Peninsula, St. Lawrence I., and Alaskan coasts. Winters to the coast of Lapland, Kamchatka, Aleutian Is., Kurile Is., and Alaskan Peninsula.

Status : Rare WV in e Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in n Honshu (Miyagi).

Habitat : Open sea, sea coasts, rocky shores.

北海道東部(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(IV : 宮城).

海上, 海岸に生息する.

SOMATERIA Leach ケワタガモ属

116. *Somateria spectabilis* (Linnaeus, 1758) ケワタガモ

Kewata-gamo King Eider

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds on coasts and islands of the Arctic Ocean from Spitsbergen and Novaya Zemlya through the Siberian coast to n Alaska, n Canada, and Greenland. Winters in Iceland, n Scandinavia, Kamchatka, Kurile Is. Aleutian Is. Alaskan coast, and s Greenland, occasionally south to n California and New York.

Status : AV in e Hokkaido (Nemuro, Mar. 1970, Mar. 1981, Mar. 1983, Betsukai, May 1986.).

北海道東部(AV : 根室, 1970年3月, 1981年3月, 1983年3月, 別海, 1986年5月).

MELANITTA Boie ビロードキンクロ属

117. *Melanitta nigra* (Linnaeus, 1758) クロガモ

Kuro-gamo Common (Brit.) or Black (US) Scoter

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, n Sunda Isles, n Europe east to w and e Siberia, Kamchatka, Alaska, and Canada (locally). Winters south to temperate regions.

117-1. *Melanitta nigra americana* (Swainson, 1832) クロガモ

Range : Breeds in arctic e Siberia from the Lena Delta east to Kamchatka, Kurile Is. Commander Is., w Alaska, and Canada (locally). Winters to e China, Korea, Japan, and California in the Pacific and Newfoundland to Chesapeake Bay in the Atlantic coasts.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki. IV on Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Sea coasts, bays, estuaries.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島).

海岸, 沿岸に渡来する.

118. *Melanitta fusca* (Linnaeus, 1758) ビロードキンクロ

Birôdo-kinkuro Velvet Scoter

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds in Scandinavia, Siberia to Kamchatka, n Sakhalin, n Kurile Is., Alaska, and Canada. Winters south to the Iberian Peninsula, Caspian Sea, China, Japan, California, and South Carolina.

118-1. *Melanitta fusca stejnegeri* (Ridgway, 1887) ビロードキンクロ

Range: Breeds e Siberia from Anadyrland to Kamchatka and Commander Is., n Kurile Is., and n Sakhalin, south to the Altai. Winters to Sakhalin, Kurile Is. Japan, Korea, and China.

Status: Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku. Scarce WV in Kyushu. IV in Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I.).

Habitat: Sea coasts, bays, estuaries.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島, 八丈島).

海上, 海岸, 河川河口部に生息する.

119. *Melanitta perspicillata* (Linnaeus, 1758) アラナミキンクロ

Aranami-kinkuro Surf Scoter

Range: Nearctic. Breeds in Alaska and Canada east to Hudson Bay and Quebec. Winters to the Pacific and Atlantic coasts of North America, Aleutian Is., and Kamchatka; accidental in Europe and Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Nemuro, Mar. 1970), Honshu (Iwate, Jan. 1975, Ibaraki, Mar. 1975).

北海道(AV: 根室, 1970年3月), 本州(AV: 岩手, 1975年1月, 茨城, 1975年3月).

HISTRIONICUS Lesson シノリガモ属

120. *Histrionicus histrionicus* (Linnaeus, 1758) シノリガモ

Shinori-gamo Harlequin Duck

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in e Siberia from the Lena River to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Lake Baikal, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan; also Aleutian Is. Alaska, w Canada to n California, s Greenland, Iceland, Buffin I., and Labrador. Winters in the Okhotsk coast, China, Korea, Japan, Kurile Is., and Aleutian Is.; also coasts of North America south to California and New York.

120-1. *Histrionicus histrionicus pacificus* Brooks, 1915 シノリガモ

Range: Range of the species except Greenland, Iceland, Buffin I., and Labrador. Winters on the Pacific coasts of Asia and North America.

Status: Common WV or scarce RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), n Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita). WV in Sado. IV in Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.). AV in Zamami I.

Habitat: Rocky sea coasts. Breeds in northern mountain forests with rapid streams.

北海道(WV, RB), 南千島(WV. MB: 国後島), 本州(WV. RB: 青森, 宮城, 秋田), 佐渡(WV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 座間味島(AV).

北海道, 本州北部の山地溪流で少数が繁殖し, 岩礁の多い海岸に生息する.

CLANGULA Leach コオリガモ属**121. *Clangula hyemalis* (Linnaeus, 1758) コオリガモ**

Kôri-gamo Long-tailed Duck (Brit) or Oldsquaw (US)

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, Scandinavia, Siberia east to the Chukot Peninsula and Koryakland, Alaskan coast, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Winters in n Europe, Iceland, Kamchatka, Kurile Is. Sakhalin, n Japan, Aleutian Is., and coasts of North America south to Washington and South Calorina.

Status: Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu (Aomori). Rare WV or IV in c and sw Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Chiba, Tokyo, Toyama, Ishikawa, Shizuoka, Aichi, Kyoto, Shimane).

Habitat: Sea coasts, bays, rarely inland lakes.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV: 青森. IV: 岩手, 宮城, 茨城, 千葉, 東京, 富山, 石川, 静岡, 愛知, 京都, 島根).

海上, 海岸に生息する.

BUCEPHALA Baird ホオジロガモ属**122. *Bucephala clangula* (Linnaeus, 1758) ホオジロガモ**

Hôjiro-gamo Goldeneye (or Common Goldeneye)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in Scandinavia, Siberia east to Kamchatka, south to Germany, Lake Baikal, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and n Sakhalin; also Alaska and Canada south to the n US. Winters to temperate regions of Eurasia and North America.

122-1. *Bucephala clangula clangula* (Linnaeus, 1758) ホオジロガモ

Range : Range of the species except North America. Winters to Europe, Black Sea, Caspian Sea, e China coast south to Fukien, Korea, and Japan.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido. MB or PV in s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. IV in Goto Is., Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I.

Habitat : Sea coasts, bays, inland lakes, big rivers.

北海道(WV), 南千島(MB, PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 五島列島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 奄美大島(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

海岸や大きな湖沼, 大きな河川に渡来する。

123. *Bucephala albeola* (Linnaeus, 1758) ヒメハジロ

Hime-hajiro Bufflehead

Range : Nearctic. Breeds from Alaska to Canada and nw US. Winters to the Pacific coast from Alaska to the c and s US and Mexico ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Chiba, Niigata, Okayama).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 茨城, 千葉, 新潟, 岡山).

MERGUS Linnaeus アイサ属124. *Mergus albellus* Linnaeus, 1758 ミコアイサ

Miko-aisa Smew

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east across Siberia to Kamchatka, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido. Winters to c Europe, Black Sea, Caspian Sea, China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : MB in n Hokkaido. PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Iki. IV on Amami-Ōshima, Ishigaki I.

Habitat : Shallow bays, lakes, rivers. Breeds in freshwater lakes.

北海道(PV, MB: 北部), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 奄美大島(IV), 石垣島(IV).

湖沼, 河川下流部に生息す。

125. *Mergus serrator* Linnaeus, 1758 ウミアイサ

Umi-aisa Red-breasted Merganser

Range : Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, Sunda Isles, Scandinavia, Siberia east to Kamchatka, and Anadyrland, south to Germany, Mongolia, and Amur Basin ; also North America from Alaska to the n US and Greenland. Winters

to temperate regions of Eurasia and North America.

125-1. *Mergus serrator serrator* Linnaeus, 1758 ウミアイサ

Range : Range of the species except Greenland. Winters to Europe, Caspian Sea, China, Korea, Japan and s US.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. IV in Oki, Iki, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Yoron I., Okinawa I. AV in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima),

Habitat : Sea coasts, bays, occasionally inland lakes.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(IV), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(AV : 父島), 与論島(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

海岸, 海上, まれに湖沼に生息する.

126. *Mergus squamatus* Gould, 1864 コウライアイサ

Kōrai-aisa Chinese Merganser

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Ussuriland in the Sikhote-Alin Range and Khor River Basin and ne Manchuria, also probably in the Amur Basin. Rather sedentary, but recorded in winter in Vietnam, c and e China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Tokyo, Niigata, Toyama, Gifu, Shizuoka, Aichi, Wakayama, Tottori, Shimane, Okayama), Sado, Shikoku (Ehime), Kyushu (Miyazaki), Ryukyu Is. (Iriomote I.).

本州(AV : 東京, 新潟, 富山, 岐阜, 静岡, 愛知, 和歌山, 鳥取, 島根, 岡山), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV : 愛媛), 九州(AV : 宮崎), 琉球諸島(AV : 西表島). 岐阜県木曽川(1986年2月)が初記録.

127. *Mergus merganser* Linnaeus, 1758 カワアイサ

Kawa-aisa Goosander (Brit.), Common Merganser (US)

Range : Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, Sunda Isles, Europe east through Siberia to Koryakland and Kamchatka, south to n Germany, Pamir, Himalayas to Tibet and nw China, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido ; also North America from Alaska and Canada to the n US. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate regions.

127-1. *Mergus merganser merganser* Linnaeus, 1758 オオカワアイサ

Range : Breeds in n Eurasia from n Europe to Kamchatka and Commander Is., south to the Amur Basin and Ussuriland. Winters to the Mediterranean region, Black and Caspian seas, n India, Assam, and s China ; casual in Korea

and Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Kanagawa), Kyushu (Fukuoka).
北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 神奈川), 九州(AV: 福岡).

127-2. *Mergus merganser comatus* Salvadori, 1895 カワアイサ

Range : Breeds from ne Afghanistan and Pamir eastward through Tibet and adjacent Himalayas to Sikang, Tsinghai and w Kansu ; also Kurile Is. (Paramushiru I. to Etorofu I.), Sakhalin, and Hokkaido. Winters in the Himalayas, n Myanmar, w China in Szechwan and Yunnan, and Japan.

Status : RB or PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in n Honshu. WV or IV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I. AV on Izu Is. (Torishima).

Habitat : Lakes, rivers.

北海道(RB, PV), 南千島(RB), 本州北部(WV), 本州南西部(WV, IV), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(WV, IV), 九州(WV, IV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 鳥島), 奄美大島(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

湖沼, 河川, まれに海岸に生息する.

Order FALCONIFORMES タカ目

Family ACCIPITRIDAE タカ科

PANDION Savigny ミサゴ属

128. *Pandion haliaetus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミサゴ

Misago Osprey

Range : Old World and Nearctic. Breeds in cold-temperate to subtropical Eurasia from Scandinavia to Kamchatka, Japan, e China, and Taiwan, locally in c and s Asia, Arabia, and Africa, Philippines, and Java to Australia ; also greater part of North America. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

128-1. *Pandion haliaetus haliaetus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミサゴ

Range : Range of the species except the Philippines, Sunda Is. to Australia, North America, and West Indies. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to s Africa, India, Philippines, and Greater Sunda Is. ; Japanese birds are mainly resident.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku,

Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. IV in Izu Is. (Ōshima, Toshima, Miyake I., Utone I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Kita-Iwo I.

Habitat : Rocky coasts, inland lakes, islands.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB. IV : 大島, 利島, 三宅島, 鵜渡根島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 父島), 北硫黄島(IV), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美大島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB), 大東諸島(RB).

海岸, 島, 湖沼に生息する.

PERNIS Cuvier ハチクマ属

129. *Pernis apivorus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハチクマ

Hachikuma Honey Buzzard (or Eurasian Honey Buzzard)

Range : Palearctic and Indomalayan. Breeds in Europe generally north to s Scandinavia, east through Siberia to the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin, south to Iran, Manchuria, Korea, and Japan ; also India to Myanmar, Malay Peninsula, Greater Sunda Is., Philippines, and Borneo. Winters to subtropical and tropical regions.

129-1. *Pernis apivorus orientalis* Taczanowski, 1891 ハチクマ

Range : Breeds in s Siberia from the Enisei River to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Winters to se Asia, Sunda Is., and Philippines.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku. PV in Kyushu, Tsushima, Tokunoshima, Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I.).

Habitat : Mixed, evergreen and deciduous broad-leaved forests.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 徳之島(PV), 沖縄諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 座間味島).

森林に生息する.

MILVUS Lacépède トビ属

130. *Milvus migrans* (Boddaert, 1783) トビ

Tobi Black Kite

Range : Old World. Breeds in Eurasia from Europe east across s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, s Sakhalin, and Japan, south to Iran, India, Sri Lanka, and Malay Peninsula ; also Africa except the Sahara, Madagascar, Lesser Sunda Is., and Sulawesi to Australia. Migratory and

sedentary, wintering to warmer regions.

130-1. *Milvus migrans lineatus* (Gray, 1831) トビ

Range : Breeds from the Urals east to the Okhotsk coast and Japan, south to the Himalayas, Tibet, and s China. Winters to Iran, India, and se Asia ; Japanese birds are sedentary.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., MB in Izu Is. WV in Tanegashima. IV in Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Miyako I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Plains, sea coasts, fishing harbors, city areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 宍岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(MB), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 久米島, 宮古島), 南大東島(IV).

都市, 農耕地, 河川沿い, 海岸などに生息する.

HALIAEETUS Savigny オジロワシ属

131. *Haliaeetus albicilla* (Linnaeus, 1758) オジロワシ

Ojiro-washi White-tailed Eagle

Range : Palearctic. Breeds in the nearly whole Palearctic from Iceland and Scandinavia to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, Yangtze Basin in e China, and n Japan ; also sw Greenland. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to n Africa, nw India, China, and Korea.

131-1. *Haliaeetus albicilla albicilla* (Linnaeus, 1758) オジロワシ

Range : Range of the species except Greenland. Japanese birds may winter to s Japan.

Status : Scarce RB or common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in n Honshu, Sado. IV in c and sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Sea coasts coastal areas, inland lakes.

北海道(RB, WV), 南千島(RB, WV), 本州北部(WV), 本州中・南西部(IV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

海岸や内陸の湖沼沿岸で営巣する。冬には海岸, 河川や湖沼周辺に生息する.

132. *Haliaeetus pelagicus* (Pallas, 1811) オオワシ

Ô-washi Steller's Sea Eagle

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Koryakland to Kamchatka along the Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, n Korea, and Sakhalin. Winters south to Korea, Kurile Is., and n Japan.

132-1. *Haliaeetus pelagicus pelagicus* (Pallas, 1811) オオワシ

Range: Range of the species except Korea and probably Ussuriland.

Status: Locally common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Rare WV in n and c Honshu. IV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Izu Is., Amami Is., Okinawa I.

Habitat: Sea coasts, coastal areas, estuaries.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北・中部(WV), 本州南西部(IV), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 五島列島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

冬に海岸, 大きな河川下流部, 島に生息する.

ACCIPITER Brisson ハイタカ属**133. *Accipiter gentilis* (Linnaeus, 1758) オオタカ**

Ô-taka Goshawk (or Northern Goshawk)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in temperate Eurasia from Europe east across Siberia to Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan; also se Tibet to nw China and North America south to the nw US. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to warmer areas.

133-1. *Accipiter gentilis fujiyamae* (Swann & Hartert, 1923) オオタカ

Range: Breeds in Japan and Sakhalin. Mainly sedentary, but recorded from Taiwan.

Status: RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado. MB in s Kurile Is. WV in Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in Ogasawara Is.

Habitat: Woodlands, low mountains.

北海道(RB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(WV).

森林, 農耕地内の林に生息する.

134. *Accipiter soloensis* (Horsfield, 1821) アカハラダカ

Akahara-daka Grey Frog Hawk

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds in China from s Manchuria to Kwangtung,

Kwangsi and Yunnan, Korea, and Taiwan. Winters to Vietnam, Malay Peninsula, Indonesia, Philippines, Moluccas, and New Guinea.

Status: PV in Honshu, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. AV in e Hokkaido (Nemuro), Shikoku, Danjo Is., Izu Is. (Torishima), Ogasawara Is.

Habitat: Woodlands with paddies or wetlands.

北海道東部(AV:根室), 本州(PV), 四国(AV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV:鳥島), 小笠原諸島(AV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

水田や湿地に接する森林に生息する。

135. *Accipiter gularis* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1844) ツミ

Tsumi Japanese Sparrowhawk

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia from the Tomsk region to Transbaikalia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to Mongolia. Winters to Myanmar, Indochina, Malaya, s China, Sunda Is., Philippines, and Sulawesi.

135-1. *Accipiter gularis gularis* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1844) ツミ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin and Japan from the s Kurile Is. to Kyushu. Winters to s China, se Asia, and Philippines.

Status: RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Okinawa I. WV in Oki, Tsushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Amami Is., Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Daito Is. IV in Yakushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is.

Habitat: Forests in low mountain zones.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(WV), 四国(RB, WV), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(WV), 沖縄島(RB), 八重山諸島(WV:石垣島, 西表島), 大東諸島(WV).

森林に生息する。

135-2. *Accipiter gularis iwasakii* Mishima, 1962 リュウキュウツミ

Range: Breeds on Yoron I. and Ryukyu Is. Probably sedentary.

Status: Rare RB on Yoron I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.

Habitat: Forests.

与論島(RB), 石垣島(RB), 西表島(RB).

森林に生息する。留鳥と考えられ, 生息数は少ない。

136. *Accipiter nisus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハイタカ

Hai-taka Sparrowhawk (or Northern Sparrowhawk)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east across s Siberia to Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan, south to North Africa, Asia Minor, Mongolia, and Korea ; also Himalayas to w China. Northern birds migratory, wintering in warmer areas.

136-1. *Accipiter nisus nisosimilis* (Tickell, 1833) ハイタカ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia from the Enisei River to the Okhotsk coast and Korymmland, south to the Altai, Transbaikalia, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Winters south to India, se Asia, and s China.

Status : RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado. WV in Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in Yoron I., Daito Is.

Habitat : Forests in low mountain zones.

北海道(RB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 与論島(IV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(IV).

森林や平野部の林に生息する.

BUTEO Lacépède ノスリ属**137. *Buteo lagopus* (Pontoppidan, 1763) ケアシノスリ**

Keashi-nosuri Rough-legged Buzzard

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east across arctic Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Chukot Peninsula, and Kamchatka, south to the Kurile Is. ; also Alaska, n Canada, and Aleutian Is. Winters in c Europe, Turkestan, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan.

137-1. *Buteo lagopus menzbieri* Dementiev, 1951 ケアシノスリ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia and Russian Far East from the Enisei to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka. Winters south to China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : Scarce WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Kyushu, Tsushima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I.). IV in Shikoku (Kochi).

Habitat : Coastal barren hills, grasslands.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(IV : 高知), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島).

主に海岸沿いの草地に生息する.

138. *Buteo hemilasius* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 オオノスリ

Ô-nosuri Upland Buzzard

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds from the Tian Shan east through Mongolia to Transbaikalia and w Manchuria, south to Nepal and Tibet. Winters to c China and Korea; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Toyama, Ishikawa, Gifu, Tottori, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Okinawa I. IV on Yonaguni I.

本州(AV: 富山, 石川, 岐阜, 鳥取, 島根, 山口), 九州(AV: 福岡, 佐賀, 熊本, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 沖縄島(AV), 与那国島(IV).

139. *Buteo buteo* (Linnaeus, 1758) ノスリ

Nosuri Buzzard (or Common Buzzard)

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east across s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Manchuria, and Japan, south to Asia Minor, Himalayas, and w China. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate regions.

139-1. *Buteo buteo japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 ノスリ

Range: Breeds in s Siberia from the Enisei River to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, and Okhotsk coast, south to Tibet, Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to India, Indochina, Malay Peninsula, s China, Korea, and s Japan.

Status: RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. WV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is. Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Woodlands, open fields.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

森林に生息し, 開けた環境にも飛来する.

139-2. *Buteo buteo toyoshimai* Momiyama, 1927 オガサワラノスリ

Range: Breeds on the Ogasawara Is. Sedentary, but occasionally winters to Izu Is.

Status: Rare RB in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima). AV in Izu Is.

Habitat: Woodlands, open field.

小笠原諸島(RB: 父島, 母島), 伊豆諸島(AV).

森林に生息し, 開けた環境にも飛来する.

139-3. *Buteo buteo oshiroi* Kuroda, 1971 ダイトウノスリ

Range : Breeds on the Daito Is. Sedentary.

Status : Rare RB in Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Woodlands, open fields.

大東諸島(RB: 北大東島, 南大東島). 南大東島では絶滅の可能性がある。
森林に生息するが, 生態については不明の点が多い。

BUTASTUR Hodgson サシバ属**140. *Butastur indicus* (Gmelin, 1788) サシバ**

Sashiba Grey-faced Buzzard-eagle

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in the s Amur Basin, Ussuriland, China from Manchuria to Hopeh, Korea, and Japan. Winters to Tenasserim, Malay Peninsula, Indochina, Philippines, and Indonesia east to the Moluccas and New Guinea.

Status : MB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. PV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Daito Is. PV and WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Forests in low mountain zones.

本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(MB), 硫黄列島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV), 大東諸島(PV).

森林に生息する。

SPIZAETUS Vieillot クマタカ属**141. *Spizaetus nipalensis* (Hodgson, 1836) クマタカ**

Kuma-taka Hodgson's Hawk-eagle

Range : Asiatic. Breeds in temperate and tropical Asia from the Himalayas through Assam to n Thailand, s China, Hainan, and Taiwan, north to Japan, south to mountains of sw India and Sri Lanka. Mainly sedentary.

141-1. *Spizaetus nipalensis orientalis* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 クマタカ

Range : Breeds in Japan. Sedentary, but has wandered to Korea.

Status : RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), Sado, Oki, Tsushima.

Habitat : Mountain forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(IV: 国後島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(IV).

森林に生息する。

AQUILA Brisson イヌワシ属

142. *Aquila clanga* Pallas, 1811 カラフトワシ

Karafuto-washi Greater Spotted Eagle

Range : Palearctic. Breeds in temperate Eurasia from c Europe to the Amur Basin and Okhotsk coast, south to the Caspian Sea, Mongolia, Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters to s Europe, n Africa, India, se Asia, and s China. Recorded from Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Japan, Korea, and Taiwan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Shizuoka), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Irabu I., Yonaguni I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 青森, 宮城, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 静岡), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 伊良部島, 与那国島).

143. *Aquila heliaca* Savigny, 1809 カタシロワシ

Katashiro-washi Imperial Eagle

Range : W and c Palearctic. Breeds in the Iberian Peninsula and discontinuously from se Europe east through Asia Minor to the lower Volga, Turkestan, and Lake Baikal ; also nw and ne Africa. Winters to the Red Sea coast, Ethiopia, Iraq, n India, Mongolia, s China, and n Indochina.

143-1. *Aquila heliaca heliaca* Savigny, 1809 カタシロワシ

Range : Range of the species except the Iberian Peninsula and nw Africa ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Iwate, Niigata, Gifu, Shizuoka, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane), Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Iriomote I.

本州(AV: 岩手, 新潟, 岐阜, 静岡, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根), 四国(AV: 徳島, 愛媛), 九州(AV: 福岡, 長崎, 熊本, 鹿児島), 西表島(AV).

144. *Aquila chrysaetos* (Linnaeus, 1758) イヌワシ

Inu-washi Golden Eagle

Range : Holarctic. Breeds in greater part of the Palearctic from Europe and nw Africa to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the Caucasus, Iran, Himalayas, n China, Manchuria, Korea, and Japan ; also North America south to c Mexico. Mainly sedentary.

144-1. *Aquila chrysaetos japonica* Severtzov, 1888 イヌワシ

Range : Breeds in Korea and Japan. Sedentary.

Status : Rare RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in s Kurile Is. IV in Sado, Oki, Tsushima.

Habitat : Mountainous areas, mainly inland.

北海道(RB), 南千島(PV), 本州(RB), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(IV).

山地に生息する。

AEGYPIUS Savigny クロハゲワシ属**145. *Aegypius monachus* (Linnaeus, 1766) クロハゲワシ**

Kuro-hagewashi Cinereous Vulture

Range : Palearctic. Breeds in the s Iberian Peninsula, se Europe, Asia Minor, Caucasus, Transcaspia, Turkestan, Tibet, and Mongolia, east to nw China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to Sudan, n India, China, and Korea ; casual in Japan and Taiwan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Honshu (Fukushima, Ibaraki, Shizuoka, Hyogo, Shimane), Shikoku (Kagawa, Kochi), Kyushu (Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Iriomote I.).

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV : 択捉島), 本州(AV : 福島, 茨城, 静岡, 兵庫, 島根), 四国(AV : 香川, 高知), 九州(AV : 長崎, 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 先島諸島(AV : 宮古島, 西表島).

SPILORNIS Gray カンムリワシ属**146. *Spilornis cheela* (Latham, 1790) カンムリワシ**

Kanmuri-washi Crested Serpent Eagle

Range : Indomalayan. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to s China, Taiwan, and s Ryukyu Is., south to the Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Sulawesi. Sedentary.

146-1. *Spilornis cheela perplexus* Swann, 1922 カンムリワシ

Range : Resident in the s Ryukyu Is.

Status : Common RB on Ishigaki I., Iriomote I. Scarce RB on Yonaguni I. AV on Tarama I.

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

石垣島(RB), 西表島(RB), 与那国島(RB), 多良間島(AV).

湿地、水田などに近い常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

CIRCUS Lacépède チュウヒ属

147. *Circus cyaneus* (Linnaeus, 1766) ハイイロチュウヒ

Haiiro-chûhi Hen Harrier (Brit.), Marsh Hawk (US)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from Europe east across Eurasia to the Amur Basin and Okhotsk coast, north to arctic tundras, south to the Caucasus, n Mongolia, Manchuria, and s Ussuriland; also North America south to the s US. Winters to temperate regions.

147-1. *Circus cyaneus cyaneus* (Linnaeus, 1766) ハイイロチュウヒ

Range: Range of the species except the Americas. Winters to the Mediterranean region, Iran, n India, Myanmar, se Asia to the Malay Peninsula, s China, Korea, and Japan.

Status: WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). IV on Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima).

Habitat: Marshes, swamps, reedbeds, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 父島), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

湿原, アシ原, 農耕地に生息する。

148. *Circus melanoleucos* (Pennant, 1769) マダラチュウヒ

Madara-chûhi Pied Harrier

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from Lake Baikal east to the Amur Basin and Ussuriland, south to Mongolia, s Manchuria, and n Korea. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Malay Peninsula, s China, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Ibaraki, Tochigi, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Yamanashi, Aichi, Wakayama, Tottori), Hekura I., Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Kusagaki I., Izu Is. (Miyake I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Tokashiki I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 茨城, 栃木, 東京, 神奈川, 山梨, 愛知, 和歌山, 鳥取), 舩倉島(AV), 四国(AV: 徳島), 九州(AV: 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 草垣島(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 三宅島), 奄美諸島(AV: 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 久米島, 渡嘉敷島, 石垣島, 西表島).

149. *Circus spilonotus* Kaup, 1847 チュウヒ

Chûhi Eastern Marsh Harrier

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from the Baikal region to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, and Ussuriland, south to Mongolia and Japan; also New Guinea. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical Asia.

149-1. *Circus spilonotus spilonotus* Kaup, 1847 チュウヒ

Range: Range of the species except New Guinea. Winters to the Malay Peninsula, s China, Korea, Japan, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). RB in n and c Honshu. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Shikine I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Reedbeds, marshes, open fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島), 本州(WV, 一部 RB), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 式根島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

湿原, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

Family FALCONIDAE ハヤブサ科**FALCO Linnaeus ハヤブサ属****150. *Falco rusticolus* Linnaeus, 1758 シロハヤブサ**

Shiro-hayabusa Gyrfalcon

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds from Iceland, Scandinavia east across arctic Eurasia to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, and Commander Is.; also from Alaska to n Canada and Greenland. Mainly sedentary, but erratic and frequently wandering to warmer regions.

Status: Uncommon WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Niigata, Shimane), Tsushima.

Habitat: Coastal areas, river beds, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(IV: 青森, 宮城, 新潟, 島根), 対馬(IV). 海岸, 河川敷, 農耕地に飛来する.

151. *Falco peregrinus* Tunstall, 1771 ハヤブサ

Hayabusa Peregrine Falcon

Range: Cosmopolitan. All over the world except forested areas in the tropics, desert areas, New Zealand, and Antarctica. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to temperate regions.

151-1. *Falco peregrinus harterti* Buturlin, 1907 シベリアハヤブサ

Range: Breeds in ne Siberia from the Lena River to Anadyrland and Chukot Peninsula. Winters to Sakhalin and Korea; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Niigata, Toyama).

本州(AV: 新潟, 富山).

151-2. *Falco peregrinus japonensis* Gmelin, 1788 ハヤブサ

Range: Breeds in e Siberia south of the range of *F. p. harterti* from the Vilyui Basin to the Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Japan, and s Korea. Winters to China and Japan, occasionally to Taiwan, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status: RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Awashima, Sado, Kyushu. WV in Oki, Shikoku, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Toshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Rocky coasts, coastal areas, marshes, open fields.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 粟島(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 利島, 三宅島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

海岸の崖などに生息する。

151-3. *Falco peregrinus pealei* Ridgway, 1874 オオハヤブサ

Range: Breeds from the n Kurile Is. and Commander Is. east to the Aleutian Is., w coast of Alaska, and Canada south to Queen Charlotte Is. Winters occasionally south to Japan and w US.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Hakodate, Akkeshi), s Kurile Is., Honshu (Niigata), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Ishigaki I.

北海道(AV: 函館, 厚岸), 南千島(AV), 本州(AV: 新潟), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), 石垣島(AV).

151-4. *Falco peregrinus furuitii* Momiyama, 1927 シマハヤブサ

Range: Breeds on the Iwo Is. Sedentary, but recorded from the Izu Is.

Status : IV in Izu Is. (Torishima). Rare RB in Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.)

Habitat : Rocky coasts, islands.

伊豆諸島(IV : 鳥島), 硫黄列島(RB : 北硫黄島).

島に生息する.

152. *Falco subbuteo* Linnaeus, 1758 チゴハヤブサ

Chigo-hayabusa Hobby (or Northern Hobby)

Range : Palearctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds in temperate Eurasia from w Europe to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, Caucasus, Iran, n India, n Myanmar, and n Indonesia ; also nw Africa. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to tropical regions.

152-1. *Falco subbuteo subbuteo* Linnaeus, 1758 チゴハヤブサ

Range : Range of the species except w and s China to n Myanmar and n Indonesia. Winters to s Africa, India, se Asia, and Java.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I.), n Honshu. PV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Woodlands, forest edges, cultivated fields, occasionally cliffs.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB : 択捉島, 国後島), 本州北部(MB), 本州中・南西部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 久米島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 西表島).

林縁部, 農耕地, 草原などに生息する.

153. *Falco columbarius* Linnaeus, 1758 コチヨウゲンボウ

Ko-chōgenbō Merlin

Range : Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, Scandinavia, and Siberia east to Koryakland, south to the Altai, Sayans, Transbaikalia, and Okhotsk coast ; also Alaska and Canada to the n US.

153-1. *Falco columbarius insignis* (Clark, 1907) コチヨウゲンボウ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia from the Enisei River to the Kolyma, south to the Stanovoi Range. Winters to n Indonesia, China, and Japan.

Status : WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Woodlands, coastal sand dunes, sea cliffs.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 八丈島), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 渡

嘉敷島, 宮古島, 与那国島).

平野部の森林, 海岸の砂丘や崖のある環境に生息する.

153-2. *Falco columbarius pacificus* (Stegmann, 1929) ヒガシコチヨウゲンボウ

Range: Breeds in Russian Far East from the upper Omolon through s Anadyrland to Koryakland, south to the Okhotsk coast, Shantar Is., and Sakhalin. Winters to China; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in n Honshu.

本州北部(AV).

154. *Falco amurensis* Radde, 1863 アカアシチヨウゲンボウ

Akaashi-chôgenbô Eastern Red-footed Falcon

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin, south to nw China, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and n Korea. Winters to e and s Africa from Kenya to Zaire and Cape Province; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui, Aichi), Hekura I., Kyushu (Saga, Nagasaki, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Amami Is. (Okinoerabu I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 新潟, 石川, 福井, 愛知), 舩倉島(AV), 九州(AV: 佐賀, 長崎, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 奄美諸島(AV: 沖永良部島).

155. *Falco naumanni* Fleischer, 1818 ヒメチヨウゲンボウ

Hime-chôgenbô Lesser Kestrel

Range: Palearctic. Breeds in s Europe and nw Africa east through Asia Minor to the Caucasus, Iran, Kazakhstan, nw China, and Mongolia. Winters to Africa, India, and Myanmar; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Fukushima, Aichi), Tsushima (Apr. 1977), Iriomote I. (Mar. 1984).

本州(AV: 福島, 愛知), 対馬(AV, 1977年4月), 西表島(AV, 1984年3月).

156. *Falco tinnunculus* Linnaeus, 1758 チヨウゲンボウ

Chôgenbô Kestrel (or Eurasian Kestrel)

Range: Eurasian and Afrotropical. Breeds in temperate Eurasia from Europe to the Amur Basin and Okhotsk coast, south to India, n Myanmar, s China, Korea, and Japan; also Arabian Peninsula and Africa except the Sahara. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

156-1. *Falco tinnunculus interstinctus* McClelland, 1840 チョウゲンボウ

Range: Breeds in the Himalayas, China north probably to c Manchuria, Korea, and Japan, south to n Myanmar and n Indonesia. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to India, Malay Peninsula, s China, and Philippines.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.). RB in c Hokkaido, n and c Honshu. WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Toshima, Hachijo I., Torishima), Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Tokashiki I., Tonaki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Hatoma I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat: Open country, cultivated fields, coastal areas, rivers.

北海道(IV, RB:中部), 南千島(IV:色丹島), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV:大島, 利島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV:沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 渡嘉敷島, 渡名喜島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 鳩間島, 黒島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV).

崖に近い農耕地などに生息する。

Order GALLIFORMES キジ目

Family TETRAONIDAE ライチョウ科

LAGOPUS Brisson ライチョウ属

157. *Lagopus mutus* (Montin, 1776) ライチョウ

Raichô Ptarmigan (or Rock Ptarmigan)

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, Scotland, Scandinavia, and Siberia east to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka, south to the Pyrenees, Alps, Altai, Mongolia, c Japan, and Kurile Is.; also Commander Is., Aleutian Is., Alaska, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Sedentary.

157-1. *Lagopus mutus japonicus* Clark, 1907 ライチョウ

Range: Breeds on high mountains in c Honshu. Sedentary but winters to lower elevations.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Niigata, Toyama, Yamanashi, Nagano, Gifu, Shizuoka).

Habitat : Alpine zone above the timber line.

本州中部(RB) ; 新潟, 富山, 山梨, 長野, 岐阜, 静岡).

ハイマツ帯, 高山草原に生息する.

TETRASTES Keyserling & Blasius エゾライチョウ属

158. *Tetrastes bonasia* (Linnaeus, 1758) エゾライチョウ

Ezo-raichō Hazel Grouse (or Hazel Hen)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east through forested Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, south to the Urals, Altai, Mongolia, Manchuria, Korea, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido.

158-1. *Tetrastes bonasia vicinitas* Riley, 1915 エゾライチョウ

Range : Resident in Hokkaido.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido.

Habitat : Mixed and deciduous broad-leaved forests.

北海道(RB).

おもに針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林に生息する.

Family PHASIANIDAE キジ科

COTURNIX Bonnaterre ウズラ属

159. *Coturnix japonica* Temminck & Schlegel, 1849 ウズラ

Uzura Japanese Quail

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from n Mongolia and Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to Hopeh in e China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to Myanmar, Assam, se Asia, s China, Korea, and Japan, occasionally Taiwan and Philippines.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), n Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Akita). WV in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Amami-Ōshima, Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.). PV on Sado.

Habitat : Open country, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島), 本州北部(MB: 青森, 岩手, 秋田), 本州中・南西部(WV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 奄美大島(WV), 八重山諸島(WV: 石垣島, 与那国島).

草原や農耕地に生息する.

SYRMATICUS Wagler ヤマドリ属

160. *Syrmaticus soemmerringii* (Temminck, 1830) ヤマドリ

Yamadori Copper Pheasant

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to Japan. Sedentary.

160-1. *Syrmaticus soemmerringii scintillans* (Gould, 1866) ヤマドリ

Range: Resident in n and w Honshu.

Status: RB in n and w Honshu (north of about 35°20' N, n Shimane, n Hyogo).

Habitat: Forests.

本州(RB: 35°20' N, 島根北部, 兵庫北部以北).

森林に生息する.

160-2. *Syrmaticus soemmerringii subrufus* (Kuroda, 1919) ウスアカヤマドリ

Range: Resident on the Pacific side of Honshu and Shikoku.

Status: RB in c and sw Honshu (Chiba, Shizuoka, Mie, Wakayama, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (s Ehime).

Habitat: Forests.

本州(RB: 35°10' N 以南の太平洋側, 千葉, 静岡, 三重, 和歌山, 山口), 四国(RB: 愛媛南部).

森林に生息する.

160-3. *Syrmaticus soemmerringii intermedius* (Kuroda, 1919) シコクヤマドリ

Range: Resident in sw Honshu and Shikoku.

Status: RB in sw Honshu (s Hyogo, Tottori, s Shimane, Okayama, Hiroshima, e Yamaguchi), Shikoku.

Habitat: Forests.

本州西南部(RB: 兵庫南部, 鳥取, 島根南部, 岡山, 広島, 山口東部), 四国(RB).

森林に生息する.

160-4. *Syrmaticus soemmerringii soemmerringii* (Temminck, 1830) アカヤマドリ

Range: Resident in n and c Kyushu.

Status: RB in n and c Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Ōita, n Kumamoto, n Miyazaki).

Habitat: Forests.

九州北・中部(RB: 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 大分, 熊本北部, 宮崎北部).
森林に生息する.

160-5. *Syrmaticus soemmerringii ijimae* (Dresser, 1902) コシジロヤマドリ

Range: Resident in c and s Kyushu.

Status: RB in c and s Kyushu (s Kumamoto, s Miyazaki, Kagoshima).

Habitat: Forests.

九州中・南部(RB: 熊本南部, 宮崎南部, 鹿児島).

森林に生息する.

PHASIANUS Linnaeus キジ属

161. *Phasianus colchicus* Linnaeus, 1758 キジ

Kiji Pheasant (or Common Pheasant)

Range: C and e Palearctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from the Caucasus to Turkestan, Mongolia, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan, south to n Vietnam, s China, Hainan, and Taiwan. Introduced in Europe, North America, Hawaii, Japan (Hokkaido, Tsushima), and New Zealand. Sedentary.

161-1. *Phasianus colchicus robustipes* Kuroda, 1919 キジ

Range: Resident in n Honshu and Sado.

Status: RB in n Honshu (north of Niigata to Ibaraki), Sado.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields.

本州北部 (RB: 茨城と新潟を結ぶ線より北), 佐渡(RB).

林縁部, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

161-2. *Phasianus colchicus tohkaidi* Momiyama, 1922 トウカイキジ

Range: Resident in c and w Honshu and Shikoku.

Status: RB in c Honshu (south of Ibaraki, Tochigi, Gunma, Toyama, Nagano), Shikoku.

Habitat: Open woodland, cultivated fields.

本州中部(RB: 茨城, 栃木, 群馬, 富山, 長野以南), 四国(RB).

林縁部, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

161-3. *Phasianus colchicus tanensis* Kuroda, 1919 シマキジ

Range: Resident in the Pacific coast of c Honshu, Izu Is., Yakushima, and Tanegashima.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Izu, Miura and Kii peninsulas), Yakushima,

Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Niijima).

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated fields.

本州(RB: 伊豆半島, 三浦半島, 紀伊半島), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島, 新島).

林縁部, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

161-4. *Phasianus colchicus versicolor* Vieillot, 1825 キュウシュウキジ

Range : Resident in sw Honshu, Kyushu, and Goto Is.

Status : RB in sw Honshu (Yamaguchi), Kyushu, Goto Is.

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated fields.

本州南西部(RB: 山口), 九州(RB), 五島列島(RB).

林縁部, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

Order GRUIFORMES ツル目

Family TURNICIDAE ミフウズラ科

TURNIX Bonnaterre ミフウズラ属

162. *Turnix suscitator* (Gmelin, 1789) ミフウズラ

Mifu-uzura Barred Buttonquail

Range : Indomalayan. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Sulawesi, north to s China, Taiwan, and Ryukyu Is. Sedentary.

162-1. *Turnix suscitator okinavensis* Phillips, 1947 ミフウズラ

Range : Resident in the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is.

Status : AV in Honshu (Yamanashi), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Tanegashima, Mage I. RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Kikai I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Grasslands, cultivated fields.

本州(AV: 山梨, 人による持込みの可能性がある), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), 種子島(AV), 馬毛島(AV), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 喜界島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 伊江島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 小浜島, 黒島, 与那国島).

草原, 農耕地などに生息する.

Family GRUIDAE ツル科

GRUS Pallas タンチョウ属

163. *Grus grus* (Linnaeus, 1758) クロヅル

Kuro-zuru Crane (or Common Crane)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east across s Siberia to the Amur Basin, south to Ukraina, Transcaucasia, Kirghiz Steppes, Turkestan, Mongolia, and n Manchuria ; formerly bred in the British Isles and c and s Europe. Winters in temperate Eurasia and n Africa.

163-1. *Grus grus lilfordi* Sharpe, 1894 クロヅル

Range : Range of the species except Europe and w Russia. Winters to Asia Minor eastward to Indochina and s China, occasionally in Korea and Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Ibaraki, Saitama Shizuoka, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Sado, Shikoku (Tokushima, Kagawa), n Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto), Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I. IV in Kyushu (Kagoshima).

Habitat : Marshes, cultivated fields.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 茨城, 埼玉, 静岡, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根, 山口), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV: 徳島, 香川), 九州(AV: 福岡, 長崎, 熊本, IV: 鹿児島), 奄美大島(AV), 沖縄島(AV).

湿原, 農耕地に生息する.

164. *Grus japonensis* (Müller, 1776) タンチョウ

Tanchō Japanese Crane

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from ne Mongolia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland (Lake Khanka), e Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to e China, Korea, and sw Japan.

Status : RB in e Hokkaido. IV in n and w Hokkaido. MB in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shibotsu I., Yuri I.). AV in Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Fukushima, Ibaraki, Tochigi, Gunma, Saitama, Chiba, Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui, Nagano, Shiga, Kyoto, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Sado, Shikoku (Tokushima, Kochi), Kyushu (Nagasaki, Kagoshima).

Habitat : Marshes, cultivated fields, rivers.

北海道東部(RB), 北海道北・西部(IV), 南千島(MB: 国後島, 志丹島, 勇留島), 本州(AV: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 福島, 茨城, 栃木, 群馬, 埼玉, 千葉, 新潟, 石川, 福井, 長野, 滋賀, 京都, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根, 岡山, 山口), 佐渡(AV),

四国(AV: 徳島, 高知), 九州(AV: 長崎, 鹿児島).

湿原, 河川敷などで営巣し, 農耕地でも採餌する.

165. *Grus monacha* Temminck, 1835 ナベヅル

Nabe-zuru Hooded Crane

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in s Siberia from around the Tomsk region and upper Enisei River eastward to Transbaikalia and nw Manchuria. Winters to China, Korea, and Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata, Chiba, Tokyo, Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui, Aichi, Mie, Kyoto, Hyogo, Wakayama, Tottori, Shimane, Okayama), Sado, Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime, Kochi), Okinawa I., Ishigaki I. PV in Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Oita), Tsushima, WV in sw Honshu (Yamaguchi), s Kyushu (Kagoshima).

Habitat: Ricefields, cultivated fields.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 宮城, 秋田, 山形, 千葉, 東京, 新潟, 石川, 福井, 愛知, 三重, 京都, 兵庫, 和歌山, 鳥取, 島根, 岡山. WV: 山口), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV: 徳島, 愛媛, 高知), 九州(PV: 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 大分. WV: 鹿児島), 対馬(PV), 沖縄島(AV), 石垣島(AV).

水田, 畑に生息する.

166. *Grus canadensis* (Linnaeus, 1758) カナダヅル

Kanada-zuru Sandhill Crane

Range: Nearctic, marginally Palearctic. Breeds from Alaska to Canada and n US, south locally in Texas (formerly), Florida, and Cuba; also Aleutian Is. and ne Russian Far East. Northern birds winter to temperate regions.

166-1. *Grus canadensis canadensis* (Linnaeus, 1758) カナダヅル

Range: Breeds in n Russian Far East from the mouth of the Alazeya River and Anadyrland to the Chukot Peninsula, Wrangel I., St. Lawrence I., and n Alaska to Baffin I., south to the Mackenzie Basin and Southampton I. Winters to the US, c Mexico, and Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Chiba, Aichi, Mie, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Kochi), Kyushu (Kagoshima).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 千葉, 愛知, 三重, 山口), 四国(AV: 高知), 九州(AV: 鹿児島).

167. *Grus vipio* Pallas, 1811 マナヅル

Mana-zuru White-naped Crane

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from Transbaikalia east to the Amur Basin, n

Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters in e China to the Yangtze Basin, Korea, and sw Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Akita, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Niigata, Ishikawa, Nagano, Shizuoka, Kyoto, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Sado, Shikoku, Tanegashima, Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.). Common WV in s Kyushu (Kagoshima). PV in Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Oita), Tsushima. CB in c Hokkaido.

Habitat : Marshes, ricefields, cultivated fields.

北海道(AV. CB : 中部), 本州(AV : 青森, 秋田, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 新潟, 石川, 長野, 静岡, 京都, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根, 岡山, 山口), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV), 九州(PV : 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 大分. WV : 鹿児島), 対馬(PV), 種子島(AV), 奄美大島(AV), 沖縄島(AV), 大東諸島(AV : 南大東島).

農耕地, 湿地に飛来する.

168. *Grus leucogeranus* Pallas, 1773 ソデグロヅル

Sodeguro-zuru Siberian White Crane

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in the Konda and Sosva river basins of the lower Ob and discontinuously in ne Siberia from the lower Yana to the Indigirka River and Kolyma delta. Winters to the Caspian region, nw India, Mongolia, and China ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Akita, Ishikawa, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 秋田, 石川, 島根, 山口), 九州(AV : 鹿児島), 沖縄島(AV).

ANTHROPOIDES Vieillot アネハヅル属

169. *Anthropoides virgo* (Linnaeus, 1758) アネハヅル

Aneha-zuru Demoiselle Crane

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from s Russia east through c Asia to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and nw Manchuria ; also locally in s Spain, nw Africa, and se Europe. Winters to n Africa, Middle East, India, Assam to se Asia, and s China ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I., Etorofu I.), Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Ishikawa, Shizuoka, Kyoto, Wakayama, Tottori, Shimane, Hiroshima, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Ehime, Kochi), Kyushu (Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Hachijo I., Tokunoshima.

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV : 色丹島, 択捉島), 本州(AV : 青森, 岩手, 宮城,

茨城, 石川, 静岡, 京都, 和歌山, 鳥取, 島根, 広島, 山口), 四国(AV: 愛媛, 高知), 九州(AV: 熊本, 鹿児島), 八丈島(AV), 徳之島(AV).

Family RALLIDAE クイナ科

RALLUS Linnaeus クイナ属

170. *Rallus aquaticus* Linnaeus, 1758 クイナ

Kuina Water Rail

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Iceland, British Isles. and w Europe east to c Asia and Himalayas, south to n Africa, and discontinuously from the Baikal region to Sakha, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and n and c Japan. Winters south to the Mediterranean region, Caucasus, Caspian region, n India, Indochina, China, and Japan.

170-1. *Rallus aquaticus indicus* Blyth, 1849 クイナ

Range: Easternmost part of the species range from Lake Baikal eastward. Winters in China, Korea, and Japan.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Yamagata, Ibaraki, Tochigi, Niigata). WV in s Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat: Swamps, marshes, rice fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 山形, 茨城, 栃木, 新潟), 本州南部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島).

湿原, 水田など水辺に生息する.

GALLIRALLUS Lafresnaye ヤンバルクイナ属

171. *Gallirallus okinawae* (Yamashina & Mano, 1981) ヤンバルクイナ

Yanbaru-kuina Okinawa Rail

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to Okinawa I. Resident.

Status: Rare RB in Okinawa I.

Habitat: Evergreen forests, forest edges.

沖縄島(RB).

森林に生息する.

RALLINA Gray オオクイナ属

172. *Rallina eurizonoides* (Lafresnaye, 1845) オオクイナ

Ô-kuina Banded Crane

Range: Indomalayan. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to the Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Sulawesi, north to Taiwan and Ryukyu Is. Sedentary.

172-1. *Rallina eurizonoides sepiaria* (Stejneger, 1887) オオクイナ

Range: Resident in the Yaeyama Is.

Status: RB in Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.). IV in Okinawa I.

Habitat: Lowland woods.

沖縄島(IV), 八重山諸島(RB: 石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 小浜島, 黒島, 与那国島).

森林, 灌木林に生息する.

PORZANA Vieillot ヒメクイナ属

173. *Porzana paykullii* (Ljungh, 1813) コウライクイナ

Kôrai-kuina Band-bellied Crane

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and n Korea. Winters to s China, Malay Peninsula, and Greater Sunda Is; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Oshima-Ôshima (May 1993), Okinawa I. (Feb. 1999).

渡島大島(AV, 1993年5月), 沖縄島(AV, 1999年2月).

174. *Porzana pusilla* (Pallas, 1776) ヒメクイナ

Hime-kuina Baillon's Crane

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds from Europe east across temperate Eurasia to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan, south locally to the Himalayas, India, and Thailand; also e and s Africa, Madagascar, New Guinea, Australia, and New Zealand. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

174-1. *Porzana pusilla pusilla* (Pallas, 1776) ヒメクイナ

Range: Breeds in s Siberia from Ukraine east to Lake Baikal, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan, south to Hopeh in e China; also Thailand. Winters to se Asia, s China, and Philippines.

Status : Uncommon MB in Hokkaido, n Honshu. PV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Rice fields, wet grasslands.

北海道(MB), 本州北部(MB), 本州南西部(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 八丈島), 硫黄列島(PV : 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 伊江島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島).

水田, 水域に近い草地などに生息する.

175. *Porzana fusca* (Linnaeus, 1766) ヒクイナ

Hi-kuina Ruddy Crane

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to Myanmar, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Sulawesi, north to s Manchuria and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

175-1. *Porzana fusca erythrothorax* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1849) ヒクイナ

Range : Breeds in China from s Manchuria to Kwangtung and Kwangsi, Korea, and Japan south to Kyushu. Winters to Myanmar, Thailand, Indochina, and s China, Recorded from Tsushima, Yakushima, and Tanegashima.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). WV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Mikura I., Hachijo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Daito Is.

Habitat : Rice fields and grassy marshes, occasionally cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(IV : 国後島), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 御蔵島, 八丈島), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島), 大東諸島(WV).

水田, 水辺の草地に生息する.

175-2. *Porzana fusca phaeopyga* Stejneger, 1887 リュウキュウヒクイナ

Range : Breeds on the Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., and Daito Is. Recorded from Yakushima.

Status : RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kikai I., Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Kume I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.). MB in Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.). AV in Yakushima.

Habitat : Rice fields, grassy marshes, cultivated fields.

屋久島(AV), 奄美諸島(RB : 奄美大島, 喜界島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 久米島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(MB : 南大東島).

水田，水辺の草地に生息する。

COTURNICOPS Gray シマクイナ属

176. *Coturnicops noveboracensis* (Gmelin, 1789) シマクイナ

Shima-kuina Yellow Rail

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in Transbaikalia, Manchuria, and Ussuriland; also c and sw Canada south to the n US (formerly to California) and locally in Mexico. Northern birds migratory, wintering to warmer regions.

176-1. *Coturnicops noveboracensis exquisitus* (Swinhoe, 1873) シマクイナ

Range: Range of the species except North America. Winters to e China, Korea, and Japan.

Status: Uncommon PV in Hokkaido. Uncommon WV in Honshu (Aomori, Akita, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Shizuoka, Aichi), Shikoku (Kochi), Kyushu, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Marshes, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 本州(WV: 青森, 秋田, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 静岡, 愛知), 四国(WV: 高知), 九州(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

水田，湿地に生息する。

POLIOLIMNAS Sharpe マミジロクイナ属

177. *Poliolimnas cinereus* (Vieillot, 1819) マミジロクイナ

Mamijiro-kuina White-browed Crake

Range: Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds in the Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sunda Is., New Guinea, n Australia, and islands in the sw Pacific, north to the Iwo Is. Sedentary.

177-1. *Poliolimnas cinereus brevipes* (Ingram, 1911) マミジロクイナ

Range: Resident on the Iwo Is. (Iwo I.).

Status: FB in Iwo Is. (Iwo I.). Extinct since 1911.

Habitat: Sandy beaches.

硫黄列島(FB: 硫黄島). 絶滅したと考えられている。

砂浜に生息していた。

AMAURORNIS Reichenbach シロハラクイナ属**178. *Amaurornis phoenicurus* (Pennant, 1769) シロハラクイナ**

Shirohara-kuina White-breasted Waterhen

Range: Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to Myanmar, se Asia, s China, Hainan, Taiwan, Philippines, and Sunda Is. east to the Moluccas, north to s Japan. Mainly sedentary.

178-1. *Amaurornis phoenicurus chinensis* (Boddaert, 1783) シロハラクイナ

Range: Breeds in India (except Travancore), Myanmar to s China, Indochina, Malay Peninsula, Hainan, Taiwan, and s Japan. Sedentary but somewhat erratic.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime, Kochi), Kyushu, Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima). Uncommon MB in s Kyushu (Kumamoto, Kagoshima). RB in Tokara Is., Amami Is., Okinawa I, Miyako I. Uncommon WV in Yonaguni I.

Habitat: Rice fields, marshes, swamps.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV), 四国(AV: 徳島, 愛媛, 高知), 九州(AV. MB: 熊本 鹿兒島), 小笠原諸島(AV: 父島, 母島), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 沖縄島(RB), 宮古島(RB), 与那国島(WV).

水田, 湿潤な草地に生息する。

GALLINULA Brisson バン属**179. *Gallinula chloropus* (Linnaeus, 1758) バン**

Ban Moorhen (or Common Moorhen)

Range: Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds in temperate and tropical Eurasia from Europe to India, e China, and Japan, south to the Malay Peninsula, whole Africa except the Sahara, Madagascar, and from temperate North America to c South America; also Philippines, Sunda Is., and Marianas. Mainly sedentary.

179-1. *Gallinula chloropus indica* Blyth, 1842 バン

Range: Breeds from India and Sri Lanka east to Indochina, north to e China, Manchuria, Korea, and Japan. Northern birds winter to se Asia and s China.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Yuri I.), n Honshu, Sado. RB in c and sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Nijima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is.

(Chichijima, Hahajima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kohama I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Rice fields, marshes, rivers, ponds.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島, 勇留島), 本州北部(MB), 本州中・南西部(RB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島, 新島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(RB: 父島, 母島), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 伊江島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 小浜島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(RB: 北大東島, 南大東島)。

水田, 湿潤な草地に生息する。

GALLICREX Blyth ツルクイナ属

180. *Gallix cinerea* (Gmelin, 1789) ツルクイナ

Tsuru-kuina Watercock

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Sulawesi, north to e China, Manchuria, Korea, s Japan, and probably Ussuriland. Northern birds migratory, wintering to se Asia, Philippines, and Indonesia.

Status : AV or IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Shizuoka, Aichi, Kyoto, Hyogo, Shimane), Oki, Shikoku (Kochi), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Miyazaki), Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Kohama I.). CB in Kyushu (Saga), Ishigaki I.

Habitat : Rice fields, marshes, occasionally cultivated fields.

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV: 択捉島), 本州(AV または IV: 宮城, 茨城, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 静岡, 愛知, 京都, 兵庫, 島根), 隠岐(AV), 四国(AV: 高知), 九州(IV: 福岡, 長崎, 宮崎. CB: 佐賀), 伊豆諸島(AV: 八丈島), 硫黄列島(AV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV または IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 小浜島. CB: 石垣島)。

水田, 湿原に生息する。

FULICA Linnaeus オオバン属

181. *Fulica atra* Linnaeus, 1758 オオバン

Ô-ban Coot (or Common Coot)

Range : Mainly Eurasian and Australasian. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles,

w Europe to the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and n and c Japan, south to nw Africa, Iran, n Mongolia, and n China ; also New Guinea, Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

181-1. *Fulica atra atra* Linnaeus, 1758 オオバン

Range : Range of the species except Indonesia to Australia and New Zealand. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to tropical Africa, Arabia, se Asia, and Philippines.

Status : MB in Hokkaido. RB in n Honshu. WV or rare RB in c and sw Honshu, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Oita). WV in Oki, Shikoku, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Marshes, lakes, rivers, ponds.

北海道(MB). 本州(RB, WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV. RB : 福岡, 大分), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV : 母島), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 南大東島(WV).

湿原, 湖沼, 河川に生息する.

Family OTIDIDAE ノガン科

OTIS Linnaeus ノガン属

182. *Otis tarda* Linnaeus, 1758 ノガン

Nogan Great Bustard

Range : Palearctic. Breeds sporadically in the Iberian Peninsula, nw Africa, and from c Europe through s Russia and Kirghiz Steppes to Russian Turkistan, Mongolia, Manchuria, and s Ussuriland. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to temperate regions.

182-1. *Otis tarda dybowskii* Taczanowski, 1874 ノガン

Range : Breeds from east of the Altai to Transbaikalia. Mongolia, Manchuria, and s Ussuriland. Winters in Manchuria and n China, rarely Korea and Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Ishikawa, Fukui, Yamanashi, Nagano, Gifu, Mie, Shiga, Hyogo, Tottori), Kyushu (Nagasaki), Goto Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 青森, 石川, 福井, 山梨, 長野, 岐阜, 三重, 滋賀, 兵庫, 鳥取), 九州(AV : 長崎), 五島列島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 石垣島).

TETRAX Forster ヒメノガン属**183. *Tetrax tetrax* (Linnaeus, 1758) ヒメノガン**

Hime-nogan Little Bustard

Range: W and c Palearctic. Breeds sporadically from w Europe and nw Africa east across s Russia and Kirghiz Steppes to the Tarbagatai and Altai, south to s Italy (locally) and n Caucasus. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to temperate regions.

183-1. *Tetrax tetrax orientalis* (Hartert, 1916) ヒメノガン

Range: Eastern part of the species range from Poland and Ukraina eastward. Winters to the Middle East, nw India, and Chinese Turkestan; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Kyushu (Fukuoka, Apr. 1940).

九州(AV: 福岡, 1940年4月). 1例の記録がある.

Order CHARADRIIFORMES チドリ目**Family JACANIDAE レンカク科****HYDROPHASIANUS Wagler レンカク属****184. *Hydrophasianus chirurgus* (Scopoli, 1786) レンカク**

Renkaku Pheasant-tailed Jacana

Range: Indomalayan. Breeds in tropical Asia from India and Sri Lanka to se Asia, s China, Philippines, and Greater Sunda Is., north to Nepal and Taiwan. Mainly sedentary.

Status: AV in Honshu (Aomori, Ibaraki, Tokyo, Shizuoka, Aichi, Shiga, Wakayama, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Kagawa, Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Tanegashima, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.).

本州(AV: 青森, 茨城, 東京, 静岡, 愛知, 滋賀, 和歌山, 岡山, 山口); 四国(AV: 香川, 愛媛), 九州(AV: 福岡, 長崎, 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 種子島(AV), 奄美諸島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

Family ROSTRATULIDAE タマシギ科

ROSTRATULA Vieillot タマシギ属

185. *Rostratula benghalensis* (Linnaeus, 1758) タマシギ

Tama-shigi Painted Snipe (or Greater Painted Snipe)

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds from Asia Minor east through India and Sri Lanka to se Asia, e China, Korea, and Japan, south to the Greater Sunda Is. and Philippines; also Africa, Madagascar, and Australia. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in warmer areas.

185-1. *Rostratula benghalensis benghalensis* (Linnaeus, 1758) タマシギ

Range: Range of the species except Australia and Tasmania. Winters to se Asia, s China, and Japan; casual in Borneo.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.), Sado. Rare RB in n Honshu. Rather common RB in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Rice fields, marshes, swamps, grassfields.

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV: 色丹島), 本州中・南西部(RB), 佐渡(AV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 種子島(RB), 奄美大島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 西表島, 与那国島).

水田, 湿地, 休耕地などに生息する.

Family HAEMATOPODIDAE ミヤコドリ科

HAEMATOPUS Linnaeus ミヤコドリ属

186. *Haematopus ostralegus* Linnaeus, 1758 ミヤコドリ

Miyakodori Oystercatcher (or Common Oystercatcher)

Range: Nearly cosmopolitan, but mainly coastal. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, coastal Europe east to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka; also coasts of s Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Americas. Northern birds migratory, wintering to warmer regions.

186-1. *Haematopus ostralegus osculans* Swinhoe, 1871 ミヤコドリ

Range: Breeds in Kamchatka, Commander Is., coasts of the n Okhotsk Sea, se Manchuria, and n Korea. Winters on the s China coast, Taiwan, and w and s Myanmar, occasionally Japan.

Status: IV or locally common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Kikai I., Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.). AV in Daito Is., (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Chiefly rocky and sandy shores, estuaries.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(IV), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 聳島), 奄美諸島(IV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 喜界島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島), 大東諸島(AV: 南大東島).

干潟, 砂浜, 河口域などに生息する.

Family CHARADRIIDAE チドリ科

CHARADRIUS Linnaeus コチドリ属

187. *Charadrius hiaticula* Linnaeus, 1758 ハジロコチドリ

Hajiro-kochidori Ringed Plover

Range: N Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and n Europe east through n Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula; also coastal Greenland, Ellesmere I., and Baffin I. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

187-1. *Charadrius hiaticula tundrae* (Lowe, 1915) ハジロコチドリ

Range: Breeds in Siberian tundras from Novaya Zemlya and n Russia eastward. Winters to the Mediterranean region, c Asia, and nw India, occasionally China and Japan.

Status: Rare PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. Rare WV in Honshu (Miyagi, Akita, Chiba, Tokyo, Aichi), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Okinawa I. AV in Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ōshima.

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, reclaimed lands.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV. WV: 宮城, 秋田, 千葉, 東京, 愛知), 四国(PV), 九州(PV. WV: 鹿児島), 硫黄列島(AV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(AV), 沖縄島(WV).

全国の干潟, 河口域, 干拓地に渡来する.

188. *Charadrius dubius* Scopoli, 1786 コチドリ

Ko-chidori Little Ringed Plover

Range: Eurasian, marginally African and Australasian. Breeds in Eurasia

except arctic tundras and e China, south to nw Africa, India, Sri Lanka, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and New Guinea. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

188-1. *Charadrius dubius curonicus* Gmelin, 1789 コチドリ

Range : Range of the species except the Indian continent, s China, se Asia to the Philippines, and New Guinea. Asian birds winter to s Asia, Philippines, and Sunda Is.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common MB and locally WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Amami Is. Common WV in Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. CB in Aka I.

Habitat : Sea coasts, riverbeds, estuaries, reclaimed lands, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB, 一部 WV), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB, 一部 WV), 九州(MB, 一部 WV), 対馬(RB), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), 奄美諸島(PV, 一部 WV), 琉球諸島(WV). CB: 阿嘉島), 大東諸島(WV).

河川, 農耕地, 干拓地に生息する.

189. *Charadrius placidus* J. E. & G. R. Gray, 1863 イカルチドリ

Ikaru-chidori Long-billed Plover

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Manchuria south through e China to Szechwan and Yangtze Basin, Korea and Japan. Winters in Nepal to se Asia, s China, and Japan.

189-1. *Charadrius placidus japonicus* Mishima, 1956 イカルチドリ

Range : Breeds in Japan. Winters in s Japan southward.

Status : MB or RB in Hokkaido. RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. PV in Amami Is. Scarce WV in Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : River beds, ricefields, reclaimed lands. Breeds on upstream river beds, lake sides.

北海道(MB, RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(RB), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV).

河川, 湖沼, 中州などに生息する.

190. *Charadrius alexandrinus* Linnaeus, 1758 シロチドリ

Shiro-chidori Kentish (Brit.) or Snowy (US) Plover

Range : Nearly cosmopolitan, but mainly coastal. Breeds from w Europe

east across c Asia to e China, Manchuria, Korea, and Japan, south to the Mediterranean region, Arabian Peninsula, nw India, Sri Lanka, and coasts of Indochina ; also coasts of Africa, Madagascar, Australia, Americas, and West Indies. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

190-1. *Charadrius alexandrinus alexandrinus* Linnaeus, 1758 ハシボソシロチドリ

Range : Breeds from w Europe to Transbaikalia, south to n Africa and w India. Winters in the Mediterranean region, tropical Africa, India, and Sri Lanka.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata), Izu Is. (Ôshima), Okinawa Is. (Kume I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 東京, 神奈川, 新潟), 伊豆諸島(AV : 大島), 沖縄諸島(AV : 久米島).

190-2. *Charadrius alexandrinus japonensis* Deignan, 1941 シロチドリ

Range : Breeds in Japan. Recorded from Sakhalin, Korea, Palau Is., Taiwan, and Pescadore Is.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Iki, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Cultivated fields, river beds, sandy beaches, mudflats, estuaries. Breeds in sandy beaches, reclaimed lands, pebbly shorelines.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 奄岐(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), 小笠原諸島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB), 南大東島(RB).

海岸や河口域の砂州, 埋立地などで繁殖し, 干潟, 干拓地などにも生息する.

191. *Charadrius mongolus* Pallas, 1776 メダイチドリ

Medai-chidori Mongolian Plover

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Pamir, Tibet to c China, and discontinuously in e Siberia from the Stanovoi Range to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka. Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

191-1. *Charadrius mongolus mongolus* Pallas, 1776 モウコメダイチドリ

Range : Breeds in the Stanovoi and Verhoyansk ranges in Russian Far East. Winters from Taiwan to Australia.

Status : AV in Honshu (Chiba, Aug. 1957).

本州(AV : 千葉, 1957年8月).

191-2. *Charadrius mongolus stegmanni* Portenko, 1939 メダイチドリ

Range: Breeds in the Chukot Peninsula, Kamchatka, and Commander Is. Winters to tropical Asia, Micronesia, and Australia.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Sado, Tsushima, Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.). Common PV or WV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Miyake I.), Ogasawara Is., Amami Is. Rather common WV in Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Mudflats, sandy beaches, estuaries, reclaimed lands, occasionally coastal cultivated lands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV: 三宅島), 小笠原諸島(PV, WV), 硫黄列島 (PV: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).

干潟, 砂質海岸, 河口域などに渡来する.

192. *Charadrius leschenaultii* Lesson, 1826 オオメダイチドリ

Ô-medaichidori Greater Sand Plover

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds from Armenia to the Altai and Mongolia, south to Asia Minor and Transcaspia. Winters in s Africa, Persian Gulf, se Asia, Philippines, and s Pacific islands south to Australia.

Status: Scarce PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Danjo Is., Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is., Daito Is. Scarce PV or WV in Kyushu (Saga), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Mudflats, sandy beaches, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, WV: 佐賀), 男女諸島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV: 沖縄島, 久米島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 黒島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV).

干潟, 砂質海岸, 河口域などに渡来する.

193. *Charadrius asiaticus* Pallas, 1773 オオチドリ

Ô-chidori Caspian Plover

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds from Transcaucasia and s Russia east to the Aral Sea and discontinuously from Mongolia to nw Manchuria. Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

193-1. *Charadrius asiaticus veredus* Gould, 1848 オオチドリ

Range: Breeds from Mongolia east to Transbaikalia and nw Manchuria. Winters to the Sunda Is. and Australia; casual in Japan and New Zealand.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Ibaraki, Kanagawa, Niigata, Yamana-shi, Aichi, Kyoto, Hyogo, Shimane), Kyushu (Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kago-shima), Yakushima, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Miyako I., Yonaguni I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 茨城, 神奈川, 新潟, 山梨, 愛知, 京都, 兵庫, 島根), 九州(AV: 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 屋久島(AV), 奄美諸島(AV: 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 伊江島, 宮古島, 与那国島).

EUDROMIAS Brehm コバシチドリ属

194. *Eudromias morinellus* (Linnaeus, 1758) コバシチドリ

Kobashi-chidori Dotterel (or Eurasian Dotterel)

Range: Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds in arctic tundras from n Scandinavia to the Chukot Peninsula and w coast of Alaska, south to s Siberia and nw Mongolia; also sporadically in c Europe and Italy. Winters to s Europe, n Africa, Arabian Peninsula, and Iran; casual in Japan and w US.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Ibaraki, Tochigi, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Shizuoka, Aichi, Mie, Nara, Wakayama, Hiroshima), Shikoku (Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka), Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 青森, 宮城, 茨城, 栃木, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 静岡, 愛知, 三重, 奈良, 和歌山, 広島), 四国(AV: 愛媛), 九州(AV: 福岡), 奄美大島(AV), 沖縄島(AV).

PLUVIALIS Brisson ムナグロ属

195. *Pluvialis fulva* (Gmelin, 1789) ムナグロ

Munaguro Pacific Golden Plover.

Range: N Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds in Siberian tundras from the Yamal Peninsula to the Bering Sea Is. and w coast of Alaska. Winters from India to se Asia, China, Australia, New Zealand, and Pacific islands from Hawaii to Polynesia.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado, Oki, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Kozu I., Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.). PV or WV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is. Common WV in Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I., Oki-Daito I.).

Habitat: Grassy fields, rice fields, river beds, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV),

WV), 九州(PV, WV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 大島, 神津島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 聶島, 父島, 母島,), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島, 沖大東島).

低地の草原, 干拓地, 水田, 河口域などに普通に渡来する.

196. *Pluvialis squatarola* (Linnaeus, 1758) **ダイゼン**

Daizen Grey (Brit.) or Black-bellied (US) Plover

Range: Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds in arctic tundras from n Russia to the Chukot Peninsula, Alaska, and arctic Canada south to Southampton Is. Winters south to s Africa, Madagascar, India, Sri Lanka, Australia, islands in the sw Pacific, South America, and Galapagos Is.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common PV or WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima). Rather common WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Sandy beaches, mudflats, estuaries, reclaimed lands, rice fields, riverbeds.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV, WV), 九州(PV, WV), 五島列島(PV, WV), 種子島(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島), 奄美諸島(PV, WV: 奄美大島, 徳之島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 小浜島, 黒島, 与那国島).

海岸, 干潟, 河口域, 干拓地などに普通に渡来する.

VANELLUS Brisson **タゲリ属**

197. *Vanellus cinereus* (Blyth, 1842) **ケリ**

Keri Grey-headed Lapwing

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in se Manchuria and Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in Japan, China, se Asia, and India.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. Rather common MB in n Honshu. Locally MB or WV in c Honshu. Scarce WV or PV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Ryukyu Is. AV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, riverbeds, dried rice fields, grasslands.

北海道(AV), 本州北部(MB), 本州中部(MB, WV), 本州南西部(WV, PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(WV, PV), 九州(WV, PV), 対馬(PV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(AV), 琉球諸島(WV).

水田, 河原, 草原などで繁殖する.

198. *Vanellus vanellus* (Linnaeus, 1758) タゲリ

Ta-geri Lapwing (or Northern Lapwing)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east across c Asia and s Siberia to Ussuriland, south to the Caspian region, n China, and Japan. Winters in the Mediterranean region, nw India, Indochina, e China, and Japan.

Status : Common IV in Hokkaido, Senkaku Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). CB in Honshu (Ibaraki, Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui).

Habitat : Rice fields, riverbeds, meadows, grasslands, occasionally estuaries, mudflats.

北海道(IV), 本州(WV. CB : 茨城, 新潟, 石川, 福井), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV : 父島), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 尖閣列島(IV), 大東諸島(WV : 北大東島, 南大東島).

休耕田, 湿地, 草原などに普通に渡来する.

Family SCOLOPACIDAE シギ科

ARENARIA Brisson キョウジョシギ属

199. *Arenaria interpres* (Linnaeus, 1758) キョウジョシギ

Kyôjo-shigi Turnstone (or Ruddy Turnstone)

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds from Scandinavia east across arctic Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

199-1. *Arenaria interpres interpres* (Linnaeus, 1758) キョウジョシギ

Range : Range of the species except North America from ne Alaska to Southampton I. and Baffin I, Winters south to s Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and South America.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. PV or WV in Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.). IV in Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.)

Habitat : Rocky shores, mudflats, estuaries, occasionally cultivated lands, marshes.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV,

WV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(PV), 硫黄列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 黒島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

岩礁海岸, 干潟, 河口部などに渡来する.

CALIDRIS Merrem オバシギ属

200. *Calidris mauri* (Cabanis, 1857) ヒメハマシギ

Hime-hamashigi Western Sandpiper

Range: W Nearctic, marginally Palearctic. Breeds on the w and n coasts of Alaska, islands in the Bering Sea, and ne coast of the Chukot Peninsula. Winters from the coast of California and Gulf of Mexico to n South America, occasionally c South America; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Chiba, Tokyo, Toyama, Aichi, Osaka), Okinawa I.

本州(AV: 青森, 宮城, 千葉, 東京, 富山, 愛知, 大阪), 沖縄島(AV).

201. *Calidris minuta* (Leisler, 1812) ヨーロッパトウネン

Yōroppa-tōnen Little Stint

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds from n Norway east through arctic coasts of Siberia to the New Siberian Archipelago, sporadically in the Chukot Peninsula. Winters to Africa, Arabia, and India; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Chiba, Kanagawa, Toyama, Shizuoka, Aichi, Shiga, Osaka, Hyogo, Wakayama), Kyushu (Saga, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 千葉, 神奈川, 富山, 静岡, 愛知, 滋賀, 大阪, 兵庫, 和歌山), 九州(AV: 佐賀, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 沖縄島(AV). 愛知で越冬記録がある.

202. *Calidris ruficollis* (Pallas, 1776) トウネン

Tōnen Rufous-necked Stint

Range: E Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds in arctic tundras in n Russian Far East and locally nw Alaska. Winters to se Asia, s China, Philippines, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Danjo Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. (Iwo I.), PV or WV in Honshu, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. Rather common WV in Daito Is.

Habitat: Mudflats, sandy beaches, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV),

九州(PV, WV). 男女諸島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV), 硫黄列島(PV: 硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV), 大東諸島(WV).

全国の干潟, 河口部, 海岸などに普通に渡来する。

203. *Calidris subminuta* (Middendorff, 1851) ヒバリシギ

Hibari-shigi Long-toed Stint

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the Ob River to Anadyr-land, Kamchatka, and Commander Is., south to Transbaikalia, n Sakhalin, and n Kurile Is. Winters to India, se Asia, Sunda Is., and Philippines, occasionally Australia.

Status: Locally common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is. Scarcely WV in Honshu, Kyushu. Locally common WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat: Cultivated lands, grassy marshes.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 母島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV).

農耕地, 湿地などに春秋渡来する。

204. *Calidris temminckii* (Leisler, 1812) オジロトウネン

Ojira-tōnen Temminck's Stint

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds in tundras from n Scandinavia across n Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula. Winters to c Africa, Arabia, India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, s China, and Borneo.

Status: Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is. Locally WV in Honshu (Ibaraki, Tochigi, Chiba, Tokyo, Shizuoka, Aichi, Osaka, Hyogo), Shikoku (Kagawa, Ehime), Kyushu (Saga, Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki, Kagoshima). Scarce WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Kume I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Coastal cultivated lands, marshes, coastal and inland wetlands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV: 茨城, 栃木, 千葉, 東京, 静岡, 愛知, 大阪, 兵庫), 四国(PV, WV: 香川, 愛媛), 九州(PV, WV: 佐賀, 熊本, 大分, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 久米島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

農耕地, 湿地などに渡来する。

205. *Calidris bairdii* (Coues, 1861) ヒメウズラシギ

Hime-uzurashigi Baird's Sandpiper

Range: N Nearctic, marginally Palearctic. Breeds on arctic coasts of Alaska and Canada, west to the Chukot Peninsula. Winters to s South America; casual in Japan.

Status: Rare PV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Yamagata, Ibaraki, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Ishikawa, Shizuoka, Aichi, Mie, Osaka, Wakayama), Shikoku (Ehime), Ryukyu Is. (Ishigaki I.).

Habitat: Grassy marshes, sandy beaches, cultivated lands, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV: 宮城, 山形, 茨城, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 石川, 静岡, 愛知, 三重, 大阪, 和歌山), 四国(PV: 愛媛), 琉球諸島(PV: 石垣島).
海岸, 農耕地などに渡来する。

206. *Calidris melanotos* (Vieillot, 1819) アメリカウズラシギ

Amerika-uzurashigi Pectoral Sandpiper

Range: Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds in arctic coastal tundras from the Taimyr Peninsula east to n Alaska and n Canada. Winters to South America, islands in the c Pacific, Australia, and New Zealand; casual in Japan.

Status: Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I.).

Habitat: Rice fields, grassy marshes, riverbeds.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV: 択捉島), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 宮古島).
農耕地, 湿地, 河川敷などに渡来する。

207. *Calidris acuminata* (Horsfield, 1821) ウズラシギ

Uzura-shigi Sharp-tailed Sandpiper

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in arctic Siberia from the Indigirka River to Kolymaland. Winters to se Asia, New Guinea, Australia, New Zealand, and islands in the sw Pacific.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I. Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat: Rice fields, reclaimed lands, grassy marshes, mudflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 父島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄

美諸島(PV:奄美大島, 徳之島), 琉球諸島(PV:沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV).

休耕田, 干拓地などに普通に渡来する。まれに干潟にも出現する。

208. *Calidris ptilocnemis* (Coues, 1873) チシマシギ

Chishima-shigi Rock Sandpiper

Range: N Pacific. Breeds in the Chukot Peninsula and w coast of Alaska, south to the Aleutian Is., Commander Is., and n Kurile Is. Winters along the Pacific coast of North America and to the s Kurile Is.; casual in Hokkaido and Honshu.

208-1. *Calidris ptilocnemis kurilensis* (Yamashina, 1929) チシマシギ

Range: Breeds on the n Kurile Is. Rather sedentary, casual south to c Japan.

Status: Rare WV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Chiba). Rare PV in s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.).

Habitat: Rocky shores.

北海道(WV), 南千島(PV:色丹島), 本州(WV:千葉).

海岸の岩礁地を好む。

209. *Calidris alpina* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハマシギ

Hama-shigi Dunlin

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and n Europe east through arctic Siberia to the arctic coast of Alaska, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

209-1. *Calidris alpina sakhalina* (Vieillot, 1816) ハマシギ

Range: Breeds in ne Siberia from the Kolyma to the Chukot Peninsula and islands in the Bering Sea, south to the n Okhotsk coast and n Kurile Is. Winters to e China south to Hainan and Japan.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado. Common PV or WV in Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Amami Is. Common WV in Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Mudflats, sandy beaches, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV, WV), 四国(PV, WV), 九州(PV, WV), 屋久島(PV, WV), 種子島(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV:八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV, WV:父島, 母島), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).

干潟, 河口部などに普通に渡来する。本州以南では多数越冬する。

210. *Calidris ferruginea* (Pontoppidan, 1763) サルハマシギ

Saru-hamashigi Curlew Sandpiper

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in arctic Siberia from the Taimyr Peninsula to Kolymaland. Winters to Africa, India, se Asia, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status : Locally common PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. Minami-Torishima. Scarce WV in Honshu (Ibaraki).

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries, sandy beaches.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV: 茨城), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 南鳥島(PV). 干潟, 河口部などに渡来する.

211. *Calidris canutus* (Linnaeus, 1758) コオバシギ

Ko-obashigi Knot (or Red Knot)

Range : Holarctic, discontinuously circumpolar. Breeds in arctic e Siberia, islands in arctic Canada, and Greenland. Winters to temperate and tropical regions, south to the Southern Hemisphere.

211-1. *Calidris canutus rogersi* (Mathews, 1913) コオバシギ

Range : Breeds on Wrangel I. and n Alaska. Winters to China, se Asia, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I.).

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries, sandy beaches.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 宮古島).

干潟, 河口部などに渡来する.

212. *Calidris tenuirostris* (Horsfield, 1821) オバシギ

Oba-shigi Great Knot

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Russian Far East east to Anadyrland and south to the Okhotsk coast. Winters from the Persian Gulf to India, se Asia, and Sunda Is. to Australia.

Status : Rather common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島).

干潟、河口部などに渡来する。

CROCETHIA Billberg ミユビシギ属

213. *Crocethia alba* (Pallas, 1764) ミユビシギ

Miyubi-shigi Sanderling

Range: Holarctic, discontinuously circumpolar. Breeds in Spitzbergen, New Siberian Is., arctic Siberian tundras, n Alaska, arctic Canada, and w Greenland. Winters from temperate regions, south to the Southern Hemisphere.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common PV or locally common WV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Miyako I., Yonaguni I.), IV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat: Chiefly sandy beaches, rarely mudflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 四国(PV, WV), 九州(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV: 沖縄島, 久米島, 宮古島, 与那国島).

砂質の海岸に渡来する。

MICROPALAMA Baird アシナガシギ属

214. *Micropalama himantopus* (Bonaparte, 1826) アシナガシギ

Ashinaga-shigi Stilt Sandpiper

Range: N Nearctic. Breeds in n Alaska and n Canada south to w Hudson Bay. Winters to South America; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (July~Aug.1993), Honshu (Tokyo, Aug. 1987, Aichi, July 1977), Ogasawara Is. (Minamijima, Sep. 1983).

北海道(AV, 1993年7~8月), 本州(AV: 東京, 1987年8月, 愛知 1977年7月), 小笠原諸島(南島, 1983年9月). 4例の記録がある。

EURYNORHYNCHUS Nilsson ヘラシギ属

215. *Eurynorhynchus pygmeus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ヘラシギ

Hera-shigi Spoon-billed Sandpiper

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds on coastal tundras of Russian Far East from the Chukot Peninsula south to n Kamchatka. Winters to the coast of China south to Hainan and Indochina; rare in Japan on migration.

Status: Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries, sandy beaches.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

干潟, 河口部, 砂質海岸などに渡来する。秋期の記録が多い。

PHILOMACHUS Merrem エリマキシギ属

216. *Philomachus pugnax* (Linnaeus, 1758) エリマキシギ

Erimaki-shigi Ruff

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds in n Europe east across Siberia to Anadyrland, south to n Germany, s Russia, and Altai. Winters in Europe, Mediterranean region to s Africa, Asia Minor, India, se Asia, se China, and Borneo.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.), Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Yonaguni I.). Locally scarce WV in Honshu (Chiba, Aichi), Kyushu (Kumamoto), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Paddy fields, marshes, reclaimed lands, occasionally mudflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV : 色丹島), 本州(PV. 一部 WV : 千葉, 愛知), 四国(PV), 九州(PV. 一部 WV : 熊本), 小笠原諸島(WV : 父島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV. 一部 WV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 与那国島).

休耕田, 干拓地などに渡来する。秋の記録が多い。

TRYNGITES Cabanis コモンシギ属

217. *Tryngites subruficollis* (Vieillot, 1819) コモンシギ

Komon-shigi Buff-breasted Sandpiper

Range : N Nearctic. Breeds on coastal tundras of Alaska and Canada south to the Mackenzie Basin. Winters to South America ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Shizuoka, Aichi, Osaka, Wakayama), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Miyazaki), Amami Is.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 宮城, 茨城, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 静岡, 愛知, 大阪, 和歌山), 九州(AV : 福岡, 宮崎), 奄美諸島(AV).

LIMICOLA Koch キリアイ属

218. *Limicola falcinellus* (Pontoppidan, 1763) キリアイ

Kiriai Broad-billed Sandpiper

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia through n Siberia to the

Kolyma delta. Winters to temperate and tropical regions, south to the Southern Hemisphere.

218-1. *Limicola falcinellus sibirica* Dresser, 1876 キリアイ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia east of the Enisei River to the Kolyma delta. Winters from tropical Asia to Australia.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. Locally scarce WV in Shikoku (Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka).

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries, reclaimed lands.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV. WV : 愛媛), 九州(PV. WV : 福岡), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

干潟, 河口部などに渡来する。秋の記録が多い。

LIMNODROMUS Wied オオハシシギ属

219. *Limnodromus griseus* (Gmelin, 1789) アメリカオオハシシギ

Amerika-ôhashishigi Short-billed Dowitcher

Range : N Nearctic. Breeds from s Alaska south locally to British Columbia and east to n Quebec in Canada. Winters from Middle America south to c Peru and Brazil ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Kanagawa, Sep. 1982, Shizuoka, Aug. 1987), Shikoku (Tokushima, Aug. 1987), Okinawa I. (Aug. 1981).

本州(AV : 神奈川, 1982年9月, 静岡, 1987年8月), 四国(AV : 徳島, 1987年8月), 沖縄島(AV, 1981年8月). 4例の記録がある。

220. *Limnodromus scolopaceus* (Say, 1823) オオハシシギ

Ôhashi-shigi Long-billed Dowitcher

Range : E Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds in ne Siberia east of the Lena River to the Chukot Peninsula, w coast of Alaska, and locally the Mackenzie Basin. Winters to California, Mexico, and Guatemala ; accidental in Japan.

Status : Rare PV or WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I.).

Habitat : Marshes, shallow ponds, occasionally mudflats, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, WV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島).

湿地, 湖沼などに渡来し, ときどき干潟に出る。

221. *Limnodromus semipalmatus* (Blyth, 1848) シベリアオオハシシギ

Shiberia-ôhashishigi Asiatic Dowitcher

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds sporadically from the Omsk region to Transbaikalia, Mongolia, and Amur Basin, south to c Manchuria and Ussuriland. Winters to e India, Malay Peninsula, Indochina, and se China ; casual in Japan on migration.

Status: Rare PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat: Coastal paddy fields, grassy marshes, mudflats.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 石垣島).

まれな旅鳥として, 干拓地, 湿地, 干潟などに渡来する.

TRINGA Linnaeus クサシギ属**222. *Tringa erythropus* (Pallas, 1764) ツルシギ**

Tsuru-shigi Spotted Redshank

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia east across n Siberia to Anadyrland. Winters to the Mediterranean region, c Africa, India, and s China to Indochina.

Status: Rather common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is. Scarce PV in Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. Scarce WV in Honshu (Ibaraki, Shizuoka, Shimane), Shikoku (Kagawa), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

Habitat: Coastal rice fields, marshes, estuaries, mudflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV. WV: 茨城, 静岡, 島根), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV. WV: 香川), 九州(PV. WV: 鹿児島), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV. WV: 沖縄島), 琉球諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

休耕田, 干拓地, 干潟などに普通に渡来する.

223. *Tringa totanus* (Linnaeus, 1758) アカアシシギ

Akaashi-shigi Redshank (or Common Redshank)

Range: Palearctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, sw Europe locally, and from c Europe east across s Russia to Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and n Japan, south to n Iran, Himalayas, and Tibet. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

223-1. *Tringa totanus ussuriensis* Buturlin, 1934 アカアシシギ

Range : Breeds in c and e Asia from the Altai to Mongolia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido, south to n Tibet. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, se Asia, Philippines, and Indonesia to the Moluccas.

Status : Common PV or scarce MB in e Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Ôshima), Ogasawara Is. (Minamijima), Tokara Is., Amami Is., Minami-Daito I. Scarce WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Coastal marshes, estuaries, mudflats, rice fields.

北海道(PV. MB : 東部), 南千島(PV. MB : 国後島), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 大島), 小笠原諸島(PV : 南島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 南大東島(PV).

湿地, 干潟, 河口部, 干拓地, 水田などに渡来する.

224. *Tringa stagnatilis* (Bechstein, 1803) コアアシシギ

Ko-aoashishigi Marsh Sandpiper

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds from se Europe east across the Kirghiz Steppes to Zaisan Nor and discontinuously from Transbaikalia to nw Manchuria. Winters to s Africa and Australia.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, Sado, Shikoku, Amami Is. Scarce PV or WV in Honshu (Chiba, Shizuoka, Hiroshima), Kyushu (Fukuoka), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I.), Kita-Daito I.

Habitat : Rice fields, marshes, reclaimed lands, occasionally mudflats, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV. WV : 千葉, 静岡, 広島), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV. WV : 福岡), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV. WV : 沖縄島, 宮古島), 北大東島(PV).

干拓地, 湿地, 干潟, 河口域部などに渡来する.

225. *Tringa nebularia* (Gunnerus, 1767) アオアシシギ

Aoashi-shigi Greenshank (or Common Greenshank)

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds in tundras from n Europe east to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to n Lake Baikal and Amur Basin. Winters from the Mediterranean region to s Africa, India to Indochina, Philippines, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Tokara Is. Common PV or

WV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.). Rather common WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kohama I., Kuroshima), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, marshes, shallow ponds, reclaimed lands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, 一部 WV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV, 一部 WV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV. WV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV. WV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 小浜島, 黒島), 大東諸島(WV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

干潟, 河口部, 湿地, 湖沼, 干拓地などに渡来する.

226. *Tringa melanoleuca* (Gmelin, 1789) オオキアシシギ

Ō-kiashishigi Greater Yellowlegs

Range: Nearctic. Breeds from nw Alaska to the interior regions of n Canada, south to c British Columbia, Newfoundland, and Nova Scotia. Winters from s Canada to South America; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Saitama, Ishikawa, Aichi, Hiroshima), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 宮城, 埼玉, 石川, 愛知, 広島), 沖縄島(AV).

227. *Tringa flavipes* (Gmelin, 1789) コキアシシギ

Ko-kiashishigi Lesser Yellowlegs

Range: Nearctic. Breeds from c Alaska and Yukon south to c British Columbia, c Saskatchewan and se Manitoba in Canada. Winters to the Gulf coast, Middle America, West Indies, and South America; straggles to Europe, Azores, Zambia, Aleutian Is., Pribilof Is., Japan, and New Zealand.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Shizuoka, Aichi, Osaka, Wakayama),

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 宮城, 茨城, 東京, 神奈川, 静岡, 愛知, 大阪, 和歌山).

228. *Tringa guttifer* (Nordmann, 1835) カラフトアオアシシギ

Karafuto-aoashishigi Spotted Greenshank

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Sakhalin, possibly also in Kamchatka, Bering Sea Is., and Okhotsk coast. Winters in ne India, Myanmar, and s China; rare in Japan on migration.

Status: Rare PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Okinawa I. Rare

PV or WV in Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Estuaries, mudflats, coastal rice fields.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 沖縄島(PV), 八重山諸島(PV, WV :石垣島, 西表島).

河口部, 干潟, 水田などに渡来する.

229. *Tringa ochropus* Linnaeus, 1758 クサシギ

Kusa-shigi Green Sandpiper

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia and c Europe to the Amur Basin, south to the Altai. Winters to the Mediterranean region, Africa, India, se Asia, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Common PV or WV in c and sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Tokara Is., Amami Is. Rather common WV in Sado, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya., Kerama I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat : Cultivated lands, marshes, rivers, occasionally estuaries, mudflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(PV, WV), 四国(PV, WV), 九州(PV, WV), 対馬(PV, WV), 種子島(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV, WV : 父島), トカラ列島(PV, WV), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 慶良間島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV).

農耕地, 湿地, 河口部, 河川などに渡来する.

230. *Tringa glareola* Linnaeus, 1758 タカブシギ

Takabu-shigi Wood Sandpiper

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east across Siberia to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, Commander Is., and n Kurile Is. Winters to the Mediterranean region, s Africa, India, s China to se Asia, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Australia.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu, Sado. PV or WV in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.). Rather common WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kerama I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Rice fields, grass fields, reclaimed land, marshes, estuaries, rarely mudflats.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, 一部 WV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV, 一

部WV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV), 対馬(PV, WV), 男女諸島(PV, WV), 屋久島(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV, WV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV, WV: 北硫黄島), トカラ列島(PV, WV), 奄美諸島(PV, 一部 WV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 慶良間島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

干拓地, 湿地, 農耕地, 河川, 河口部などに渡来する.

HETEROSCELUS Baird キアシシギ属

231. *Heteroscelus incanus* (Gmelin, 1789) メリケンキアシシギ

Meriken-kiashishigi Wandering Tattler

Range: N Nearctic. Breeds in Alaska and w Canada from Yukon to nw British Columbia. Winters to w coasts of the Americas, Micronesian Is., and Polynesian Is., south to Australia and New Zealand.

Status: Rare PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.), Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Shizuoka, Aichi, Osaka), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Saga), Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.), Amami Is. (Yoron I.), Okinawa I., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I., Oki-Daito I.). Minami-Torishima.

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, sandy beaches, rocky shores.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV: 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(PV: 宮城, 茨城, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 静岡, 愛知, 大阪), 四国(PV: 徳島), 九州(PV: 佐賀), 伊豆諸島(PV: 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV: 与論島), 沖縄島(PV), 大東諸島(PV: 南大東島, 沖大東島), 南鳥島(PV).

干潟, 河口部, 砂質海岸, 岩礁海岸などに渡来する.

232. *Heteroscelus brevipes* (Vieillot, 1816) キアシシギ

Kiashi-shigi Grey-tailed Tattler

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in e Siberia and n Russian Far East, south to Lake Baikal and Kamchatka. Winters in s China, Taiwan, Indonesia, Philippines to New Guinea, Australia, and New Zealand; straggles to the British Isle.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima, Meijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.), Tokara Is., Amami Is., Daito Is. PV or scarce WV in Honshu, Kyushu, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries, rocky shores, occasionally grasslands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, 一部 WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV : 父島, 母島, 姪島), 硫黄列島(PV : 北硫黄島, 硫黄島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV, 一部 WV), 大東諸島(PV).

干潟, 河口部, 岩礁海岸などに普通に渡来する.

ACTITIS Illiger イソシギ属

233. *Actitis hypoleucos* (Linnaeus, 1758) イソシギ

Iso-shigi Common Sandpiper

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east through Siberia to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to the Caspian Sea, Mongolia, Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters from s Europe to s Africa, India, se Asia, s China, and Japan, south to Australia.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common RB or MB in n Honshu. Locally common RB or PV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., (Shikine I., Miyake I., Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). Common WV in Tokara Is., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.). Common WV or RB in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Rocky shores, inland lakes, marshes, river beds, grassfields. Breeds in pebbly river beds, lake shores.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(RB, MB), 本州中・南西部(RB, PV), 佐渡(RB, PV), 隠岐(RB, PV), 四国(RB, PV), 九州(RB, PV), 対馬(RB, PV), 五島列島(RB, PV), 男女諸島(RB, PV), 屋久島(RB, PV), 種子島(RB, PV), 伊豆諸島(RB, PV : 式根島, 三宅島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(RB, PV : 父島), 硫黄列島(RB, PV : 北硫黄島), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(RB, WV), 琉球諸島(RB, WV), 大東諸島(WV : 南大東島).

湖沼, 海岸, 河川敷などに生息する.

XENUS Kaup ソリハシシギ属

234. *Xenus cinereus* (Güldenstädt, 1775) ソリハシシギ

Sorihashi-shigi Terek Sandpiper

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds from n Russia across e Siberia to Anadyrland, south to Lake Baikal and Amur Basin. Winters to the Persian Gulf, s Africa, India, and se Asia to Australia.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu, Shikoku, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Tokara Is., Amami Is. PV or scarce WV in sw Honshu, Kyushu, Ogasawara Is. (Minamishima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, sandy beaches.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州北部(PV), 本州南西部(PV, WV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, WV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV, WV: 南島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 西表島, 与那国島).

干潟, 河口域, 砂質海浜などに普通に渡来する.

LIMOSA Brisson オグロシギ属

235. *Limosa limosa* (Linnaeus, 1758) オグロシギ

Oguro-shigi Black-tailed Godwit

Range: Palearctic. Breeds in Iceland, s Scandinavia, and from nw Russia across Siberia and Kirghiz Steppes to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Mongolia. Winters to temperate and tropical regions south to the Southern Hemisphere.

235-1. *Limosa limosa melanuroides* Gould, 1846 オグロシギ

Range: Breeds from Mongolia to Anadyrland and Kamchatka. Winters to India, se Asia, and Philippines to Australia.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I.). PV or scarce WV in Kyushu (Nagasaki), Okinawa I.

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, reclaimed lands, coastal rice fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, WV: 長崎), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 宮古島, 石垣島, WV: 沖縄島).

干潟, 河口域, 干拓地, 海岸沿いの水田などに渡来する.

236. *Limosa lapponica* (Linnaeus, 1758) オオソリハシシギ

Ô-sorihashishigi Bar-tailed Godwit

Range: N Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia east across n Siberia to n Russian Far East and s coast of Alaska. Winters to temperate and tropical regions south to the Southern Hemisphere.

236-1. *Limosa lapponica menzbieri* Portenko, 1936 コシジロオオソリハシシギ

Range: Breeds probably in the Indigirka delta in Russian Far East. Recorded from Korea, Japan, and Taiwan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Tokyo, 1945, Kanagawa, Oct. 1954), Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Dec. 1921, Ishigaki I. Nov. 1921).

本州(AV: 東京, 1945年, 神奈川, 1954年10月), 先島諸島(AV: 宮古島, 1921年12月 石垣島, 1921年11月).

236-2. *Limosa lapponica baueri* Naumann, 1836 オオソリハシシギ

Range: Breeds in ne Siberia and Russian Far East to nw Alaskan coasts. Winters to se Asia, Australia, New Zealand, Hawaiian Is., and islands in the sw Pacific.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I.). Scarce WV in c Honshu (Chiba), Okinawa I., Miyako I. IV in Minami-Daito I.

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, reclaimed lands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV. WV: 千葉), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 父島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 石垣島. PV, WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島), 南大東島(IV).

干潟, 河口部, 干拓地などに渡来する.

NUMENIUS Brisson ダイシャクシギ属

237. *Numenius arquata* (Linnaeus, 1758) ダイシャクシギ

Dai-shakushigi Curlew (or Eurasian Curlew)

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from the British Isles and n and c Europe to Lake Baikal, Transbaikalia, and n Manchuria, south to the Caspian Sea. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

237-1. *Numenius arquata orientalis* Brehm, 1831 ダイシャクシギ

Range: Breeds from se Russia east to Transbaikalia and n Manchuria. Winters to tropical Africa, s Caspian Sea, India, s China, s Japan, and Sunda Is.

Status: Locally common PV in Hokkaido, n Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku. PV or WV in c and sw Honshu, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.),. Scarce WV in Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kerama I.,

Miyako I., Kohama I., Kuroshima), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, wetty grassfield, cultivated fields.

北海道(PV), 本州北部(PV), 本州中・南西部(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, WV), 対馬(PV, WV), 伊豆諸島(PV, WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV, WV: 母島), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(PV, WV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 慶良間島, 宮古島, 小浜島, 黒島), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

干潟, 河口部, 農耕地などに渡来する.

238. *Numenius madagascariensis* (Linnaeus, 1766) ホウロクシギ

Hôroku-shigi

Far Eastern Curlew

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Kamchatka, Okhotsk coast, n Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters from the Philippines to New Guinea and Australia.

Status: Locally common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.). Scarce WV in sw Honshu (Yamaguchi), Kyushu (Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat: Mudflats, estuaries, grass fields cultivated fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV: 山口), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV: 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 母島), 奄美諸島(PV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(PV, 一部 WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 黒島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 南大東島).

干潟, 河口域部, 農耕地などに渡来する.

239. *Numenius tenuirostris* Vieillot, 1817 シロハラチュウシャクシギ

Shirohara-chûshakushigi

Slender-billed Curlew

Range: C Palearctic. Breeds in steppes of sw Siberia and n Kazakhstan east to n Lake Balkhash. Winters to the Mediterranean region, nw Africa, and Iraq; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (2 specimens).

本州(AV: 2 標本, 確実な産地, 年月は不明).

240. *Numenius phaeopus* (Linnaeus, 1758) チュウシャクシギ

Chûshaku-shigi

Whimbrel

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds in tundra and mountainous areas in Europe, Siberia, n Russian Far East, and North America from Alaska to Hudson Bay.

Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

240-1. *Numenius phaeopus variegatus* (Scopoli, 1786) チュウシャクシギ

Range : Breeds in ne Siberia and n Russian Far East from Verkhoyansk to Anadyrland. Winters to India, se Asia, se China, Philippines, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. (Mimani-Daito I., Oki-Daito I.). Scarce WV in Kyushu, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Mudflats, estuaries, reclaimed lands, marshes, grasslands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV, 一部 WV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV : 鴎島, 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV : 北硫黄島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV, 一部 WV), 大東諸島(PV : 南大東島, 沖大東島).

干潟, 河口部, 岩礁海岸, 干拓地, 湿地などに渡来する.

241. *Numenius tahitiensis* (Gmelin, 1789) ハリモモチュウシャク

Harimomo-chûshaku Bristle-thighed Curlew

Range : N Nearctic. Breeds in w Alaska near the mouth of the Yukon River. Winters to islands of the sw Pacific.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Yamagata, Chiba, Tokyo, Niigata, Aichi, Mie, Shiga, Kyoto), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 青森, 山形, 千葉, 東京, 新潟, 愛知, 三重, 滋賀, 京都), 小笠原諸島(AV : 父島), 沖縄島(AV).

242. *Numenius minutus* Gould, 1841 コシャクシギ

Ko-shakushigi Little Curlew

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in the Indigirka Basin, south probably to Lake Baikal and Amur Basin. Winters from the Moluccas east to New Guinea and Australia.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Coastal rice fields, grassy marshes, reclaimed lands, sandy beaches, estuaries.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV : 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(PV :

沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島).

海岸沿いの水田, 湿地, 干拓地, 砂浜, 河口域などに渡来する.

SCOLOPAX Linnaeus ヤマシギ属

243. *Scolopax rusticola* Linnaeus, 1758 ヤマシギ

Yama-shigi Woodcock (or Eurasian Woodcock)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Europe east through s Siberia to Sakhalin and Japan ; also from the Caucasus to w China. Winters to the Mediterranean region, n Africa, India, s China to se Asia, and s Japan.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Common RB or WV in c Honshu, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Nijima, Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I., Torishima). Common WV in s Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. CB in sw Honshu (Wakayama, Tottori).

Habitat : Woodlands, abandoned cultivated lands, meadows.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(MB), 本州中部(RB, WV), 本州西南部(WV. CB : 和歌山, 鳥取), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB, WV : 大島, 新島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 硫黄列島(WV : 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林, 常緑広葉樹林などに生息する.

244. *Scolopax mira* Hartert, 1916 アマミヤマシギ

Amami-yamashigi Amami Woodcock

Range : E Palearctic. Endemic to the Amami Is. and Okinawa Is. Sedentary.

Status : Common RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kakeroma I., Uke I., Yoro I., Tokunoshima). Probably RB in Okinawa Is. (n Okinawa I.). IV in Okinawa Is. (Kume I., Tokashiki I., Aka I.). Scarce WV in Amami Is. (Kikai I., Okinoerabu I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broadleaved woods, cultivated fields.

奄美諸島(RB : 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 請島, 与路島, 徳之島. WV : 喜界島, 沖永良部島), 沖縄諸島(RB : 沖縄島北部. IV : 久米島, 渡嘉敷島, 阿嘉島).

常緑照葉樹林や農耕地に生息する.

GALLINAGO Brisson タシギ属

245. *Gallinago gallinago* (Linnaeus, 1758) タシギ

Ta-shigi Snipe (or Common Snipe)

Range : Palearctic and New World. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and sw Europe east to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, and Commander Is., south to the Kirghiz Steppes, Turkestan, Manchuria, and Ussuriland; also North and South Americas. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

245-1. *Gallinago gallinago gallinago* (Linnaeus, 1758) タシギ

Range : Range of the species except Iceland, Faeroes, and New World. Winters to tropical Africa, India, se Asia, Marianas, and Sunda Is.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common PV or WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. WV or IV in Oki, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I., Aogashima), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima. WV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kohama I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat : Lake, shores, marshes, rivers, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV, WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(PV, WV), 九州(PV, WV), 対馬(PV, WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV, IV : 八丈島, 青ヶ島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 鴛島, 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 小浜島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV).

湖沼, 河川, 水田, 湿地などに生息する.

246. *Gallinago stenura* (Bonaparte, 1830) ハリオシギ

Hario-shigi Pintail Snipe

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in e Siberia from the Lena River to the Okhotsk coast and Anadyrland, south to the Altai, Amur Basin, and Manchuria. Winters from India to se Asia and s China, Philippines, and Sunda Is.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (Fukushima, Gunma, Chiba, Tokyo, Shizuoka, Aichi, Kyoto, Yamaguchi), Oki, Kyushu (Kagoshima), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). IV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima), Daito Is.

Habitat : Fresh- and saltwater lakes, shores, marshes, rivers, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV : 福島, 群馬, 千葉, 東京, 静岡, 愛知, 京都, 山口), 隠岐(PV), 九州(PV : 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸

島(IV: 鯉島, 父島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖繩島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV).

湖沼, 河川, 水田, 湿地などに生息する.

247. *Gallinago megala* Swinhoe, 1861 チュウジシギ

Chû-jishigi Swinhoe's Snipe

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia from the upper Enisei and Altai to n Mongolia, Lake Baikal, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin and Ussuriland. Winters from India to se Asia and se China, Philippines, and Sunda Is. to Australia.

Status: Locally common PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. IV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I., Torishima), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima).

Habitat: Fresh- and saltwater lakes, shores, marshes, rivers, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 父島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖繩島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV).

湖沼, 河川, 水田, 湿地などに生息する.

248. *Gallinago hardwickii* (Gray, 1831) オオジシギ

Ôji-shigi Latham's Snipe

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in se Ussuriland, s Sakhalin, and Japan south to c Honshu. Winters in New Guinea, Australia, and Tasmania. Recorded from Taiwan and New Zealand.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.). Locally common MB in n Honshu. Scarce MB in c and sw Honshu (Saitama, Nagano, Hiroshima), Shikoku (Ehime), Kyushu (Kumamoto, Oita). PV in c and sw Honshu. IV in Sado, Oki, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Inland marshes, lake shores, grasslands, river beds, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島), 本州北部(MB), 本州中・南西部(PV. MB: 埼玉, 長野, 広島), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(MB: 愛媛), 九州(MB: 熊本, 大分), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), トカラ列島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖繩島, 伊江島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 南大東島).

草地, 農耕地, 河川敷, 湿原などに生息する.

249. *Gallinago solitaria* Hodgson, 1831 アオシギ

Ao-shigi Solitary Snipe

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in the Altai, Tian Shan, nw Mongolia, Turkestan, and Lake Baikal; also Himalayas, Tibet, and w China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to temperate Asia.

249-1. *Gallinago solitaria japonica* (Bonaparte, 1856) アオシギ

Range: Range of the species except the Himalayas to Tibet and w China. Winters from the Amur Basin and Kamchatka to China, Korea, and Japan.

Status: Scarce WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.), Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat: Mountain streams, mountain marshes, lake shores.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV: 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 西表島).

山間部の溪流, 湿原, 水田, 湖沼畔などに生息する.

LYMNOCRYPTES Kaup コシギ属**250. *Limnocryptes minimus* (Brünnich, 1764) コシギ**

Ko-shigi Jack Snipe

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east across Siberia to the Kolyma Basin, south to the Baltic states and n Kazakhstan. Winters to s Europe, tropical Africa, and India to se Asia, occasionally in e China, Korea, and Taiwan.

Status: Rare PV or IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita, Fukushima, Ibaraki, Gunma, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Shizuoka, Aichi, Kyoto, Osaka, Hyogo, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Hekura I., Mishima, Shikoku (Kochi), Yonaguni I.

Habitat: Inland marshes, lake shores, rice fields, rivers, grasslands.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV: 択捉島), 本州(PV, IV: 青森, 宮城, 秋田, 福島, 茨城, 群馬, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 静岡, 愛知, 京都, 大阪, 兵庫, 島根, 山口), 舩倉島(IV), 見島(IV), 四国(IV: 高知), 与那国島(IV).

湿原, 湖沼畔, 水田, 河川沿い, 草地に生息する.

Family RECURVIROSTRIDAE セイタカシギ科

HIMANTOPUS Brisson セイタカシギ属

251. *Himantopus himantopus* (Linnaeus, 1758) セイタカシギ

Seitaka-shigi Black-winged Stilt

Range : Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds discontinuously from s Europe to n China, Japan, India, se Asia, New Guinea, Australia, and New Zealand ; also tropical and s Africa, Madagascar, Americas from the US to s South America, West Indies, and Hawaii Is. Mainly sedentary.

251-1. *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* (Linnaeus, 1758) セイタカシギ

Range : Breeds in s Eurasia, Japan in Honshu, e and tropical w Africa, and Madagascar. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to tropical Africa, India, se Asia, and se China, occasionally in Japan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Iwo I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). RB in c Honshu (Chiba, Aichi). PV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Shallow marshes, rice fields.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV. RB : 千葉, 愛知), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV : 父島), 硫黄列島(IV : 硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV : 北大東島, 南大東島).

水田, 河口部, 湖沼畔, 湿地に渡来する.

251-2. *Himantopus himantopus leucocephalus* Gould, 1837 オーストラリアセイタカシギ

Range : Breeds in the Philippines, Borneo, Java to New Guinea, Australia, and New Zealand. Sedentary but occasionally erratic ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (May 1994), c Honshu (Ibaraki, Oct. 1986), Okinawa I. (May, June 1987).

北海道(AV, 1994年5月), 本州中部(AV : 茨城, 1986年10月), 沖縄島(AV, 1987年5, 6月).

RECURVIROSTRA Linnaeus ソリハシセイタカシギ属

252. *Recurvirostra avosetta* Linnaeus, 1758 ソリハシセイタカシギ

Sorihashi-seitakashigi Avocet (or Pied Avocet)

Range : Palearctic, locally Afrotropical. Breeds discontinuously and locally

from Europe and nw Africa across w and c Asia to Mongolia ; also locally in e and s Africa. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to the Mediterranean region, Africa, and India to s China ; occasional in Japan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Chiba, Tokyo, Aichi, Osaka, Nara, Shimane, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Kyushu (Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Miyazaki), Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.

Habitat : Estuaries, brackish and salt lagoons, shallow inland pools.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 青森, 宮城, 千葉, 東京, 愛知, 大阪, 奈良, 島根, 岡山, 山口), 九州(IV : 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 宮崎), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 父島), 沖縄島(IV), 石垣島(IV).

河口部, 干潟, 内陸湿地に渡来する.

Family PHALAROPODIDAE ヒレアシシギ科

PHALAROPUS Brisson ヒレアシシギ属

253. *Phalaropus fulicarius* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハイイロヒレアシシギ

Haiiro-hireashishigi Grey (Brit.) or Red (US) Phalarope

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds from Iceland and Spitzbergen to the Chukot Peninsula, n Alaska, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Winters at sea in the s Pacific and s Atlantic.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Pelagic, rarely inland waters.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 八丈島).

沿岸海域, まれに内陸の水域に飛来する.

254. *Phalaropus lobatus* (Linnaeus, 1758) アカエリヒレアシシギ

Akaeri-hireashishigi Red-necked Phalarope

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds from Iceland and n Scandinavia to the Chukot Peninsula, n Alaska, n Canada, and s Greenland. Winters at sea in the e Pacific, Atlantic coasts of Africa, and Pacific coasts of South America.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Nijima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kikai I.), Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Pelagic, also sandy beaches, coastal wetlands.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 大島, 新島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV : 奄美大島, 喜界島), 琉球諸島(PV).

沿岸海域に飛来するが、内陸の水域に飛来することがある。

255. *Phalaropus tricolor* (Vieillot, 1819) アメリカヒレアシシギ

Amerika-hireashishigi

Wilson's Phalarope

Range : Nearctic. Breeds in w and c North America from s Yukon and n Alberta south to California, Utah, and Colorado, east locally to s Ontario and sw Quebec. Winters in s South America and Falkland Is. ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in c Honshu (Aichi, May 1985, July 1986).

本州中部(AV : 愛知, 1985年5月, 1986年7月). 2例の記録がある。

Family GLAREOLIDAE ツバメチドリ科

GLAREOLA Brisson ツバメチドリ属

256. *Glareola maldivarum* Forster, 1795 ツバメチドリ

Tsubame-chidori

Indian Pratincole

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka east through Assam to n Thailand, Tibet, and China, north to c Mongolia and se Transbaikalia, occasionally Japan ; also Philippines. Winters to s China, Malay Peninsula, Java, and Borneo, south to Australia.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Sado, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. IV or rare PV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Minami-Daito I. Rare MB in Honshu (Ibaraki, Tochigi, Saitama, Aichi, Osaka), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Kohama I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : River beds, salt beaches, cultivated fields, reclaimed lands.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV : 択捉島), 本州(IV, PV. MB : 茨城, 栃木, 埼玉, 愛知, 大阪), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV, PV. MB : 徳島), 九州(IV, PV. MB : 福岡, 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), 硫黄列島(IV : 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV. MB : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 小浜島, 与那国島), 南大東島(IV).

草地, 乾燥した農耕地, 埋立地などに飛来する。

Family STERCORARIIDAE トウゾクカモメ科

CATHARACTA Brünnich オオトウゾクカモメ属

257. *Catharacta maccormicki* (Saunders, 1893) オオトウゾクカモメ

Ō-tōzokukamome

South Polar Skua

Range : Oceanic, migrating north to the n Pacific, n Indian, and n Atlantic oceans. Breeds on the Antarctic Continent.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Izu Is.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州北・中部(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV).

海上に生息する。

STERCORARIUS Brisson トウゾクカモメ属

258. *Stercorarius pomarinus* (Temminck, 1815) トウゾクカモメ

Tôzoku-kamome Pomarine Skua (Brit.) or Jaeger (US)

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans, migrating south to the Southern Hemisphere. Breeds on arctic coasts from the Kanin Peninsula and Novaya Zemlya to arctic Canada and w Greenland.

Status : Scarce PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 西表島).

海上に生息する。

259. *Stercorarius parasiticus* (Linnaeus, 1758) クロトウゾクカモメ

Kuro-tôzokukamome Arctic Skua (Brit.), Parasitic Jaeger (US)

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans, migrating south to the Southern Hemisphere. Breeds on arctic coasts from Iceland, Scotland, and Scandinavia to arctic Canada and Greenland, south to Kamchatka, Commander Is., and n Quebec.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Kyushu, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is.

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 小笠原諸島(PV).

海上に生息する。

260. *Stercorarius longicaudus* Vieillot, 1819 シロハラトウゾクカモメ

Shirohara-tôzokukamome Long-tailed Skua (Brit.) or Jaeger (US)

Range : Oceanic in the Pacific and Atlantic oceans (rarely in the Indian Ocean), migrating south to the Southern Hemisphere. Breeds on arctic coasts

from n Scandinavia to arctic Canada and Greenland, south to Kamchatka.

Status: Uncommon PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.), Honshu, Kyushu, Izu Is., Okinawa I.

Habitat: Pelagic.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV: 択捉島), 本州(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 沖縄島(PV).

海上に生息する.

Family LARIDAE カモメ科

LARUS Linnaeus カモメ属

261. *Larus ichthyæetus* Pallas, 1773 オオズグロカモメ

Ô-zugurokamome Great Black-headed Gull

Range: C Palearctic. Breeds from the Black and Caspian seas east to the Aral Sea and on freshwater lakes of se Russia, Kazakhstan, and Mongolia. Winters to the e Mediterranean region, coasts of the Arabian Peninsula, and Indian coasts, occasionally east to the Sea of Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Osaka), Kyushu (Saga, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

本州(AV: 大阪), 九州(AV: 佐賀, 熊本, 鹿児島), 沖縄島(AV).

262. *Larus ridibundus* Linnaeus, 1766 ユリカモメ

Yuri-kamome Black-headed Gull (or Common Black-headed Gull)

Range: Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and w Europe across s Siberia to the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Kamchatka; also sporadically Newfoundland. Winters south to the Mediterranean region, tropical Africa, and se Asia.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima, Nishinoshima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Okinawa I., Minami-Torishima.

Habitat: Sea coasts, rivers, inland lakes.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島, 母島, 西之島), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(WV), 沖縄島(WV), 南鳥島(WV).

海岸, 河川中・下流部, 湖沼に生息する.

263. *Larus genei* Brème, 1840 ハシボソカモメ

Hashiboso-kamome Slender-billed Gull

Range: W and c Palearctic. Breeds in s Europe locally, and from Asia Minor through the Black and Caspian seas to the lakes in Kazakhstan and along the coast of the Persian Gulf east to Pakistan. Winters to the Mediterranean region, ne Africa, Persian Gulf, and Arabian Sea; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in n Kyushu (Fukuoka, Feb.-Mar. 1984, Jan.-Mar. 1985, Dec. 1986, Jan.-Mar. 1988).

九州(AV: 福岡1984年2～3月, 1985年1～3月, 1986年12月, 1988年1～3月).

264. *Larus argentatus* Pontoppidan, 1763 セグロカモメ

Seguro-kamome Herring Gull

Range: Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and n Europe across Siberia to North America south to Montana and New York; also nw Africa and from the Black and Caspian seas east to Lake Baikal, Mongolia, and Manchuria. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to temperate and tropical regions.

264-1. *Larus argentatus vegae* Palmén, 1887 セグロカモメ

Range: Breeds in ne Siberia from the Olenok and Lena rivers east to the Chukot Peninsula. Winters in Japan and China, occasionally south to Taiwan, Indochina, and Philippines.

Status: Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima, Nishinoshima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Minami-Torishima. IV in Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Sea coasts, rivers, lakes.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島, 母島, 西之島), 硫黄列島(WV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 南大東島), 南鳥島(WV).

海岸, 海上に飛来する.

265. *Larus schistisagus* Stejneger, 1884 オオセグロカモメ

Ô-segurokamome Slaty-backed Gull

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds along the coast of the n Pacific and Okhotsk

Sea from the Chukot Peninsula south to Kamchatka, Kurile Is. Sakhalin, and Hokkaido in n Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in n China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : Common RB in e Hokkaido, Teuri I., s Kurile Is. CB in n Honshu. Common WV in Hokkaido, n Honshu. WV in Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in Tsushima, Izu Is.(Ôshima, Torishima, Hachijo I.), Iwo Is.(Kita-Iwo I.), Okinoerabu I., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat : Sea coasts, pelagic, rivers. Breeds on rock stacks, slopes on islands.

北海道(WV. RB: 東部), 天売島(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(WV. CB: 北部), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV). 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島, 鳥島, 八丈島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島), 沖永良部島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

266. *Larus glaucescens* Naumann, 1840 ワシカモメ

Washi-kamome Glaucous-winged Gull

Range : N Pacific. Breeds from the Commander Is. and Aleutian Is. east through the Alaskan coast to nw Washington. Mainly sedentary, wintering south to Japan and Baja California.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Pacific coasts of n Honshu. IV in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami-Ôshima.

Habitat : Sea coasts.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(WV), 本州中・南西部(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 奄美大島(IV).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

267. *Larus hyperboreus* Gunnerus, 1767 シロカモメ

Shiro-kamome Glaucous Gull

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds in Iceland and from n Scandinavia east through arctic Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula, coast of Alaska, arctic Canada, and Greenland. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to temperate regions.

267-1. *Larus hyperboreus pallidissimus* Portenko, 1939 シロカモメ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia from the Tymir Peninsula to the Chukot Peninsula and coasts of Anadyrland, New Siberian Is., St Matthew I., and Pribilof Is. Winters south to Japan.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. IV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Izu Is.(Hachijo I.), Ogasawara

Is.(Chichijima), Kikai I., Iriomote I.

Habitat : Sea coasts, pelagic, rivers.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(WV), 本州中・南西部(IV), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV : 父島), 喜界島(IV), 西表島(IV).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

268. *Larus canus* Linnaeus, 1758 カモメ

Kamome Common (Brit.) or Mew (US) Gull

Range : Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and from nw Europe east across Siberia to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, and Sakhalin, south to the Kirghiz Steppes and Lake Baikal ; also Alaska and nw Canada. Winters to temperate regions.

268-1. *Larus canus kamtschatschensis* (Bonaparte, 1857) カモメ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia and n Russian Far East from the Indigirka River to the Kolyma, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the n Okhotsk coast, Kurile Is., and Sakhalin. Winters to Japan, Korea, and China ; casual in Taiwan and Hawaiian Is.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is., (Kita-Iwo I.), Okinawa I.

Habitat : Sea coasts, pelagic, rivers.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 八丈島), 硫黄列島(WV : 北硫黄島), 沖縄島(WV).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

269. *Larus crassirostris* Vieillot, 1818 ウミネコ

Umineko Black-tailed Gull

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds on coasts and islands of Japan and coasts from Ussuriland to Korea and e China south to Fukien. Sedentary and erratic, wintering north to Sakhalin and south regularly to the se Chinese coast.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., Teuri I., Matsumae-Kojima, Yururi I., Moyururi I., Daikokujima, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I., Habomai Is.). Kabujima, Sanganjima, Tobishima, Tsubaki I., Kutsujima, Okihebishima, Koshiki Is. Common RB in Honshu, Awashima, Oki, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Nijima, Kozu I., Miyake I., Hachijo I.). WV in Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (

Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.). PV in Sado.

Habitat : Sea coasts, rivers, lakes, rice fields, meadows, marshlands. Breeds on rocky and grassy slopes of islands.

北海道(MB), 利尻島(MB), 天売島(MB), 松前小島(MB), ユルリ島(MB), モユルリ島(MB), 大黒島(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島, 色丹島, 齒舞諸島), 本州(RB: 三陸海岸, 男鹿半島), 佐渡(PV), 粟島(MB), 隠岐(RB), 燕島(MB), 三貫島(MB), 飛島(MB), 椿島(MB), 杓島(MB), 沖蛇島(MB), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 甌島(MB), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島, 新島, 神津島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV: 父島), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

270. *Larus saundersi* (Swinhoe, 1871) **ズグロカモメ**

Zuguro-kamome

Saunders's Gull

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in inland lakes of nw China. Winters to the coast of Russian Far East, Korea, and China, occasionally Japan and Taiwan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Tsunoshima, Shikoku, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.). Amami-Ōshima. WV in Kyushu, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Coastal beaches.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 佐渡(IV), 角島(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(WV).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

271. *Larus relictus* Lönnberg, 1931 **ゴビズキンカモメ**

Gobi-zukinkamome

Relict Gull

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in inland lakes from nw Kazakhstan to Mongolia and Transbaikalia. Wintering area unknown, but a specimen taken in n Vietnam in autumn ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Kanagawa, Jan. 1985, Osaka, Sep.~Oct. 1984).

本州(AV: 神奈川, 1985年1月, 大阪, 1984年9~10月).

XEMA Leach **クビワカモメ属**

272. *Xema sabini* (Sabine, 1819) **クビワカモメ**

Kubiwa-kamome

Sabine's Gull

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds from the Taimyr Peninsula east along arctic Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula ; also arctic coasts of North America and Greenland. Winters south to sw Africa and coast of c South America ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Miyagi, 1909, Aichi).

Habitat : Sea coasts.

本州(AV : 宮城, 1909年, 愛知). 2例の記録がある.

海岸, 海上に生息する.

RISSA Stephens ミツユビカモメ属

273. *Rissa tridactyla* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミツユビカモメ

Mitsuyubi-kamome Kittiwake (or Black-legged Kittiwake)

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds in Iceland, British Isles, and from Scandinavia east to the coast of Russian Far East, Kamchatka, Commander Is., Aleutian Is., w coast of Alaska, ne Canada, and Greenland. Winters to temperate regions.

273-1. *Rissa tridactyla pollicaris* Ridgway, 1884 ミツユビカモメ

Range : Breeds in ne Russian Far East south to Kamchatka and Commander Is., east to the Aleutian Is. Winters south to Japan.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Sado. IV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Pelagic, sea coasts.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北・中部(WV), 本州南西部(IV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

274. *Rissa brevirostris* (Bruch, 1853) アカアシミツユビカモメ

Akaashi-mitsuyubikamome Red-legged Kittiwake

Range : N Pacific. Breeds on the Bering Sea coasts and islands from the Commander Is. to the Aleutian Is. and Pribilof Is. Winters in the n Pacific Ocean ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (Ibaraki, Chiba).

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV), 本州(AV : 茨城, 千葉).

RHODOSTETHIA MacGillivray ヒメクビワカモメ属

275. *Rhodostethia rosea* (MacGillivray, 1824) ヒメクビワカモメ

Hime-kubiwakamome Ross's Gull

Range : Holarctic, discontinuously circumpolar. Breeds in ne Siberia from

Spitzbergen and Khatanga River to the Kolyma delta; also locally in n Canada and Greenland. Mainly sedentary, occasionally wintering south to Europe and Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu (Aomori, Akita).

Habitat: Sea coasts, lakes.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州北部(IV: 青森, 秋田).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

PAGOPHILA Kaup ソウゲカモメ属

276. *Pagophila eburnea* (Phipps, 1774) ソウゲカモメ

Zôge-kamome Ivory Gull

Range: Holarctic, discontinuously circumpolar. Breeds on Spitsbergen, Franz Josef Land, Novaya Zemlya, islands of nw Canada, and coast of Greenland. Winters mainly in the Arctic Ocean, sporadically south to Europe, Japan, and North America.

Status: IV in Hokkaido (Nemuro, Feb. 1934, Monbetsu, Dec. 1986), s Kurile Is., Honshu (Chiba, Mar.~Apr., 1981).

Habitat: Sea coasts, rivers.

北海道(IV: 根室, 1934年2月, 紋別, 1986年12月), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV: 千葉, 1981年3~4月).

海岸, 海上に生息する.

CHLIDONIAS Rafinesque クロハラアジサシ属

277. *Chlidonias leucopterus* (Temminck, 1815) ハジロクロハラアジサシ

Hajiro-kuroharaajisashi White-winged Black Tern

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from se Europe and Balkans east through Ukraina to the Caucasus, Caspian region, and w Altai, then with a distributional gap from ne Mongolia and Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, and s Sakhalin; also breeds irregularly in w Europe. Winters in tropical Africa and tropical Asia to Australia.

Status: Uncommon PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Sea coasts, lakes, rivers, marshlands, rice fields.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

海岸, 湖沼, 河川, 湿原などに生息する.

278. *Chlidonias hybridus* (Pallas, 1811) クロハラアジサシ

Kurohara-ajisashi Whiskered Tern

Range : Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds from sw Europe and nw Africa east across s Eurasia to e China, Australia, and New Zealand, north to Manchuria ; also se Africa and Madagascar. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

278-1. *Chlidonias hybridus javanicus* (Horsfield, 1821) クロハラアジサシ

Range : Breeds in India and China to se Asia, north to Manchuria. Winters to se Asia, Philippines, Greater Sunda Is., and Sulawesi.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Sea coasts, lakes, marshlands.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).
海岸, 湖沼, 湿原に生息する。

279. *Chlidonias niger* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハシグロクロハラアジサシ

Hashiguro-kuroharaajisashi Black Tern

Range : Holarctic. Breeds from w Europe across Asia Minor and s Russia to the upper Enisei and Altai ; also North America from n Canada south locally to California and New York. Winters mainly to tropical Africa and South America.

279-1. *Chlidonias niger niger* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハシグロクロハラアジサシ

Range : Range of the species except the Americas ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Ibaraki, Kanagawa, Toyama, Aichi, Mie, Tottori, Shimane), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 茨城, 神奈川, 富山, 愛知, 三重, 鳥取, 島根), 沖縄島(AV).

HYDROPROGNE Kaup オニアジサシ属

280. *Hydroprogne caspia* (Pallas, 1770) オニアジサシ

Oni-ajisashi Caspian Tern

Range : Old World and Nearctic, but breeding locally. In Eurasia breeds locally and discontinuously on the Baltic coast, Asia Minor, Black and Caspian seas, Kirghiz and w Siberian steppes, coasts of the Arabian Sea, Mongolia, and e China coast, north to s Manchuria and Ussuriland ; also North America, Africa locally, and Australia to New Zealand. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

280-1. *Hydroprogne caspia caspia* (Pallas, 1770) オニアジサシ

Range: Range of the species except Australia and New Zealand. Winters to the Mediterranean region, Africa, coasts of India to se Asia, and West Indies.

Status: AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Kanagawa, Toyama, Aichi, Mie, Hyogo, Shimane), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kumamoto), Izu Is. (Miyake I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Okinawa I., Yaeyama Is.

本州(AV, 宮城, 茨城, 神奈川, 富山, 愛知, 三重, 兵庫, 島根), 四国(AV: 徳島), 九州(AV: 福岡, 佐賀, 熊本), 伊豆諸島(AV: 三宅島), 奄美諸島(AV: 奄美大島, 与論島), 沖縄島(AV), 八重山諸島(AV).

THALASSEUS Boie オオアジサシ属281. *Thalasseus bergii* (Lichtenstein, 1823) オオアジサシ

Ō-ajisashi

Greater Crested Tern

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds on coasts and islands of the Indian Ocean from s Africa and Madagascar eastward to Australia and islands in the sw Pacific, north to the Ryukyu Is. and Ogasawara Is. More or less sedentary but winters at sea.

281-1. *Thalasseus bergii cristatus* (Stephens, 1826) オオアジサシ

Range: Breeds from coasts of s China eastward to Australia, Tasmania, and Polynesia to the Tuamotus, north to the Amami Is. (Tokunoshima) and Ogasawara Is. Recorded from Korea and Taiwan.

Status: IV in Honshu (Miyagi, Chiba, Tokyo, Toyama, Shizuoka, Mie, Hyogo), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Nakanoganjima, Miyako I., Ishigaki I.), Senkaku Is, Minami-Torishima. MB in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Mukushima, Chichijima, Nishinoshima), Amami Is. (Tokunoshima), Minami-Daito Is.

Habitat: Pelagic, sea coasts, lakes. Breeds on sandy and rocky beaches, rocky islets.

本州(IV: 宮城, 千葉, 東京, 富山, 静岡, 三重, 兵庫), 四国(IV: 徳島), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(MB: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(MB: 聟島, 父島, 西之島), 奄美諸島(MB: 徳之島), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 仲之神島, 宮古島, 石垣島), 尖閣列島(IV), 南大東島(MB), 南鳥島(IV).

海岸, 湖沼に生息する.

GELOCHELIDON Brehm ハシブトアジサシ属**282. *Gelochelidon nilotica* (Gmelin, 1789) ハシブトアジサシ**

Hashibuto-ajisashi Gull-billed Tern

Range : Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds from Europe across Asia Minor and c Asia to nw India, s China, and Transbaikalia ; also nw Africa, Australia, s North America to n South America, and West Indies. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

282-1. *Gelochelidon nilotica nilotica* (Gmelin, 1789) ハシブトアジサシ

Range : Range of the species except s China to se Asia, Australia, and New World. Winters to the Mediterranean region, tropical Africa, Arabian and Indian coasts, se Asia, and Sunda Is. ; casual in Japan.

Status : Rare PV in Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Aichi, Osaka, Hyogo), Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I.

Habitat : Sea coasts, beaches, rivers.

本州(PV : 宮城, 茨城, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 愛知, 大阪, 兵庫), 四国(PV : 徳島, 愛媛), 九州(PV : 福岡, 佐賀, 熊本, 鹿児島), 奄美大島(PV) 沖縄島(PV).
海岸, 河川に生息する.

STERNA Linnaeus アジサシ属**283. *Sterna hirundo* Linnaeus, 1758 アジサシ**

Ajisashi Common Tern

Range : Holarctic. Breeds in temperate Eurasia from Europe to the Amur Basin, Kamchatka, and Sakhalin, south to Iran and Tibet ; also n and w Africa, ne North America, and Caribbean Sea. Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

283-1. *Sterna hirundo minussensis* Sushkin, 1925 アカアシアジサシ

Range : Breeds in c and s Siberia from the Ob to the Lena delta, south to the Altai and Mongolia. Winters probably in China and se Asia.

Status : Rare PV in Honshu (Miyagi, Fukushima, Chiba, Niigata, Ishikawa, Shizuoka, Osaka), Kyushu (Fukuoka), Okinawa I.

Habitat : Sea coasts, rivers, lakes.

本州(PV : 宮城, 福島, 千葉, 新潟, 石川, 静岡, 大阪), 九州(PV : 福岡), 沖縄島(PV).

河川, 湖沼, 海岸に生息する.

283-2. *Sterna hirundo longipennis* Nordmann, 1835 アジサシ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia, s Russian Far East, and Kamchatka, south to Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Kurile Is. Winters from e India and Sri Lanka to the Solomon Is.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.), Minami-Torishima. CB in c Honshu (Toyama, May~July 1993).

Habitat : Sea coasts rivers, lakes.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV. CB : 富山, 1993年5~7月), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 八丈島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 石垣島), 南鳥島(PV).

河川, 湖沼, 海岸に生息する.

284. *Sterna dougallii* Montagu, 1813 ベニアジサシ

Beni-ajisashi Roseate Tern

Range : Nearly cosmopolitan, temperate and tropical. Breeds in the British Isles and w Europe locally, east coast of Africa, Madagascar, coasts and islands of the Indian Ocean to Australia, and Chinese coast north to the Ryukyu Is.; also coasts of the e US to the Caribbean Sea and n South America. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to tropical regions.

284-1. *Sterna dougallii bangsi* Mathews, 1912 ベニアジサシ

Range : Breeds on coasts of se China north to Amami-Ōshima, w Malaysia to the Philippines, and Solomon Is. Northern birds migratory, wintering to the Philippines and islands of Indonesia.

Status : IV in Honshu (Miyagi, Ibaraki, Kanagawa, Aichi), Kyushu (Kumamoto, Miyazaki). MB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Yoron I.), Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Yagachi I., Zamami I.), Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Sea coasts, rivers. Breeds on islands.

本州(IV : 宮城, 茨城, 神奈川, 愛知), 九州(IV : 熊本, 宮崎), 奄美諸島(MB : 奄美大島, 徳之島, 与論島), 沖縄諸島(MB : 沖縄島, 屋我地島, 座間味島), 八重山諸島(MB : 石垣島, 西表島).

海岸, 河川に生息し, 小島, 岩浜で繁殖する.

285. *Sterna sumatrana* Raffles, 1822 エリグロアジサシ

Eriguro-ajisasi Black-naped Tern

Range : Tropical Old World. Breeds from the Aldabra Is. to n Australia,

New Caledonia, and Loyalty Is., north to the e Chinese coast, Ryukyu Is., and Ogasawara Is. Northern birds migratory, wintering probably from the Philippines to Indonesia.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. PV in Honshu (Chiba, Aichi, Wakayama), Kyushu (Kumamoto, Miyazaki), Yoron I., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Taketomi I., Nakanoganjima.). MB in Ōsumi Is. (Mage I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima), Iriomote I., Minami-Torishima.

Habitat: Sea coasts, rivers. Breeds on rocky and shrubby islets.

北海道(AV), 本州(PV: 千葉, 愛知, 和歌山), 九州(PV: 熊本, 宮崎), 大隅諸島(MB: 馬毛島), 奄美諸島(MB: 奄美大島, 徳之島, PV: 与論島), 琉球諸島(MB: 西表島. PV: 沖繩島, 座間味島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 竹富島, 仲ノ神島), 南鳥島(MB).

小島で繁殖し, 渡り時期には海岸や河川で見られる.

286. *Sterna aleutica* Baird, 1869 コシジロアジサシ

Koshijiro-ajisashi Aleutian Tern

Range: N Pacific. Breeds on coasts of Russian Far East south to Kamchatka and Sakhalin, Aleutian Is., and w Alaskan coasts. Mainly sedentary, wintering at sea in n Pacific; casual in Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Chiba, Kanagawa, Shizuoka, Hyogo).

Habitat: Sea coasts.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV: 宮城, 千葉, 神奈川, 静岡, 兵庫).

海岸に生息する.

287. *Sterna lunata* Peale, 1848 ナンヨウマミジロアジサシ

Nanyô-mamijiroajisashi Grey-backed Tern

Range: Australasian. Breeds on islands of the c Pacific Ocean from Fiji and Phoenix Is. to the Tuamotus, north to the Iwo and Hawaiian Is. Mainly sedentary but winters at sea.

Status: AV in Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Minami-Torishima (Oct. 1910).

硫黄列島(AV: 北硫黄島), 南鳥島(AV: 1910年10月). 2例の記録がある.

288. *Sterna anaethetus* Scopoli, 1786 マミジロアジサシ

Mamijiro-ajisashi Bridled Tern

Range: Pantropical. Breeds from the coasts of the Perusian Gulf and Red Sea eastward to Australia, north to the s Ryukyu Is.; also nw Africa, coasts of Middle America, and Caribbean Sea. Mainly sedentary but winters at sea.

288-1. *Sterna anaethetus anaethetus* Scopoli, 1786 マミジロアジサシ

Range: Breeds from the Great Sunda Is. to w Australia, north to the Philippines, islands in the South China Sea, and s Ryukyu Is.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. PV in Honshu (Kanagawa, Shizuoka), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). MB in Miyako I., Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima, Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.). IV in Minami-Torishima.

Habitat: Sea coasts. Breeds in grassy slopes on islets.

北海道(AV), 本州(PV: 神奈川, 静岡), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 宮古島(MB), 八重山諸島(MB: 仲ノ神島, 石垣島, 西表島), 南鳥島(IV).

海岸に生息し, 小島で繁殖する.

289. *Sterna fuscata* Linnaeus, 1766 セグロアジサシ

Seguro-ajisashi Sooty Tern

Range: Pantropical. Breeds in the tropical and subtropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans mainly between 30°N and 34°S. Sedentary but winters at sea.

289-1. *Sterna fuscata nubilosa* Sparrman, 1788 セグロアジサシ

Range: Breeds from the Red Sea, Persian Gulf, and Indian Ocean eastward to the Greater Sunda Is., Philippines, and Ryukyu Is.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. IV in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Aogashima), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima, Yomejima, Higashijima, Nishinoshima), Amami Is. (Tokunoshima), Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.), Minami-Torishima. MB in Okinawa I., Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima), Senkaku Is.

Habitat: Sea coasts, pelagic. Breeds on rocky islets.

北海道(AV), 本州中・南西部(IV: 千葉, 新潟以南), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 青ヶ島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 父島, 母島, 嫁島, 東島, 西之島), 奄美諸島(IV: 徳之島), 沖縄島(MB), 八重山諸島(MB: 仲ノ神島. IV: 石垣島, 西表島), 尖閣列島(MB), 大東諸島(IV: 南大東島), 南鳥島(IV).

海岸, 海上に生息し, 小島で繁殖する.

290. *Sterna albifrons* Pallas, 1764 コアジサシ

Ko-ajisashi Little Tern

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World and Nearctic. Breeds widely but discontinuously in temperate and tropical regions of Eurasia, Africa, and North America; also coasts of Australia. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

290-1. *Sterna albifrons sinensis* Gmelin, 1789 コアジサシ

Range: Breeds from e India and Sri Lanka east across se Asia to the Philippines, Moluccas, New Guinea, and Australia, north through China to Korea, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering to se Asia and Philippines.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. Common MB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is. (Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. IV in Yakushima. PV in Ogasawara Is.

Habitat: Sea coasts, rivers, marshlands. Breeds in sandy beaches, river beds, lake shores.

北海道(AV), 本州(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 屋久島(IV), 小笠原諸島(PV), 奄美諸島(MB: 与論島), 琉球諸島(MB).

海岸, 河川沿い, 湖沼に生息する.

PROCELSTERNA Lafresnaye ハイイロアジサシ属**291. *Procelsterna cerulea* (Bennett, 1840) ハイイロアジサシ**

Haiiro-ajisashi Blue Noddy

Range: Australasian. Breeds on islands of the subtropical and tropical Pacific Ocean from the Hawaiian Is., Phoenix Is., and Samoa Is. to the San Ambrosio and San Felix Is. off Chile. Sedentary but winters at sea.

291-1. *Procelsterna cerulea saxatilis* Fisher, 1903 ハイイロアジサシ

Range: Breeds on the Hawaiian Is.; casual in Japan.

Status: AV on Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Minami-Torishima (Oct. 1910).

硫黄列島(AV: 北硫黄島), 南鳥島(AV, 1910年10月), 2例の記録がある.

ANOUS Stephens クロアジサシ属**292. *Anous stolidus* (Linnaeus, 1758) クロアジサシ**

Kuro-ajisashi Brown Noddy

Range: Pantropical. Breeds on subtropical and tropical islands in the Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Sedentary but winters at sea.

292-1. *Anous stolidus pileatus* (Scopoli, 1786) クロアジサシ

Range: Breeds on islands in the Red Sea, Indian Ocean and subtropical and tropical Pacific Ocean, north to the Ogasawara Is. and south to islands off Australia.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. PV in Honshu (Miyagi, Tokyo, Shizuoka, Aichi, Osaka, Wakayama), Kyushu (Saga, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Izu Is. (Hachi-

jo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima). MB in Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima, Nishino-shima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Minami-Torishima.

Habitat : Sea coast, pelagic. Breeds on rocky islets.

北海道(AV), 本州(PV : 宮城, 東京, 静岡, 愛知, 大阪, 和歌山), 九州(PV : 佐賀, 熊本, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(PV : 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(MB : 母島, 西之島. PV : 父島), 硫黄列島(MB : 北硫黄島), 南鳥島(MB).

海岸, 海上に生息し, 小島で繁殖する.

292-2. *Anous stolidus pullus* Bangs, 1901 リュウキュウクロアジサシ

Range : Breeds on the s Ryukyu Is.

Status : MB on Yaeyama Is. (Nakanoganjima).

Habitat : Sea coast, pelagic. Breeds on rocky islets.

八重山諸島(MB : 仲ノ神島).

海岸, 海上に生息し, 小島で繁殖する.

293. *Anous minutus* Boie, 1844 ヒメクロアジサシ

Hime-kuroajisashi Black Noddy

Range : Nearly pantropical. Breeds on islands in the tropical Pacific and Atlantic oceans. Sedentary but winters at sea.

293-1. *Anous minutus marcusii* (Bryan, 1903) ヒメクロアジサシ

Range : Breeds on Marcus I., Wake I., and Micronesia Is. ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Iwo Is. (Iwo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.), Minami-Torishima, .

硫黄列島(AV : 硫黄島), 琉球諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 石垣島), 南鳥島(AV).

GYGIS Wagler シロアジサシ属

294. *Gygis alba* (Sparrman, 1786) シロアジサシ

Shiro-ajisashi White Noddy (or Fairy Tern)

Range : Pantropical. Breeds on islands in the subtropical and tropical Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans. Sedentary but winters at sea.

294-1. *Gygis alba candida* (Gmelin, 1789) シロアジサシ

Range : Breeds on islands of the sw Pacific from the Hawaiian Is. to the Galapagos ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Saitama, Chiba, Ishikawa, Aichi, Shiga, Osaka, Shimane), Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Ōshima), Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Okinawa I., Minami-Torishima.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 埼玉, 千葉, 石川, 愛知, 滋賀, 大阪, 島根), 四国(AV), 九州(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 大島), 小笠原諸島(AV), 硫黄列島(AV), 沖縄島(AV), 南鳥島(AV).

Family ALCIDAE ウミスズメ科

URIA Brisson ウミガラス属

295. *Uria aalge* (Pontoppidan, 1763) ウミガラス

Umi-garasu Guillemot (Brit.), Common Murre (US)

Range : Holarctic. Breeds on coasts and islands of the n Atlantic, w Arctic and n Pacific oceans, south to the Portuguese coast, Hokkaido, California, and Newfoundland. Winters at sea, south to temperate regions.

295-1. *Uria aalge inornata* Salomonsen, 1932 ウミガラス

Range : Breeds on the ne Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka, Kurile Is. Commander Is., Aleutian Is, and coast of the Bering Sea to w Alaska, south to Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and ne Korea. Winters south to n Honshu.

Status : MB in Teuri I. FB in Yururi I., Moyurui I., Matsumae-Kojima. WV in Hokkaido, n Honshu. RB in s Kurile Is. IV in Oki.

Habitat : Coastal waters, bays, pelagic. Breeds on cliff ledges.

北海道(WV), 天売島(MB), ユルリ島(FB), モユルリ島(FB), 松前小島(FB), 南千島(RB), 本州北部(WV), 隠岐(IV).

海上に生息し, 海岸の崖で繁殖する.

296. *Uria lomvia* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハシブトウミガラス

Hashibuto-umigarasu Brünnich's Guillemot (Brit.), Thick-billed Murre (US)

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds on Iceland, Spitzbergen, Novaya Zemlya, coasts of the Bering Sea, islands of ne Arctic Canada, and Greenland, south to Kamchatka, Kurile Is., and Sakhalin. Mainly sedentary, wintering at northern sea.

296-1. *Uria lomvia arra* (Pallas, 1811) ハシブトウミガラス

Range : Breeds on coasts and islands of the Bering Sea, south to the Commander Is., Kurile Is., and Kodiak I. Winters south to n Honshu.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Scarce WV in n Honshu. IV in c Honshu (Shizuoka).

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(WV), 本州中部(IV). 駿河湾で4, 6月の記録がある.

海上に生息する.

CEPPHUS Pallas ウミバト属

297. *Cepphus columba* Pallas, 1811 ウミバト

Umibato Pigeon Guillemot

Range: E Palearctic and w Nearctic. Breeds in the n Pacific from coasts and islands of the Bering Sea, Aleutian Is., and w Alaska, south to Kamchatka, Kurile Is., and Santa Barbara I. in California. Winters south to e Hokkaido and c California.

297-1. *Cepphus columba snowi* Stejneger, 1897 ウミバト

Range: Breeds on the Kurile Is. from Paramushiru I. to Etorofu I. Winters south to Hokkaido.

Status: Scarce WV in e Hokkaido. RB or WV in s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Coastal waters, pelagic.

北海道東部(WV), 南千島(WV. RB: 択捉島).

海上に生息する.

297-2. *Cepphus columba kaiurka* Portenko, 1937 アリュウシャンウミバト

Range: Breeds on the Commander Is. and w Aleutian Is. east to Kiska I. Rather sedentary, but wintering at sea. Recorded from the n Kurile Is. and e Hokkaido.

Status: Scarce WV in e Hokkaido

Habitat: Coastal waters, pelagic.

北海道東部(WV).

海上に生息する.

298. *Cepphus carbo* Pallas, 1811 ケイマフリ

Keimafuri Spectacled Guillemot

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds on coasts of the Okhotsk Sea and Sea of Japan from the Taigonos Peninsula south to Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan. Rather sedentary, wintering south to c Honshu.

Status: Locally common RB in Hokkaido, Teuri I., Yururi I., Moyururi I., Daikoku I., s Kurile Is., Benten I., Sanganjima. WV in n and c Honshu.

Habitat: Coastal waters. Breeds in rock crevices and among boulders.

北海道(RB), 天売島(RB), ユルリ島(RB), モユルリ島(RB), 大黒島(RB),

南千島(RB), 本州北部・中部(WV), 弁天島(RB), 三貫島(RB).
海上に生息し, 崖の隙間などに営巣する.

BRACHYRAMPHUS Brandt マダラウミスズメ属

299. *Brachyramphus marmoratus* (Gmelin, 1789) マダラウミスズメ

Madara-umisuzume Marbled Murrelet

Range: N Pacific. Breeds on the Okhotsk coast, sw Alaska, and California, also possibly in e Kamchatka, Commander Is., and Aleutian Is. Winters to Japan, Korea, and s California.

299-1. *Brachyramphus marmoratus perdix* (Pallas, 1811) マダラウミスズメ

Range: Western part of the species range east to Kamchatka and w Bering Sea. Winters to Honshu.

Status: FB in e Hokkaido. WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu. IV in Kyushu (Fukuoka), Izu Is. (Ôshima), Amami-Ôshima, Okinawa Is. (Kume I.).

Habitat: Breeds on conifer trees or ground. Pelagic, sea coasts, rivers.

北海道(WV. FB; 東部), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 九州(IV: 福岡), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島), 奄美大島(IV), 沖縄諸島(IV: 久米島).

海上に生息する.

SYNTHLIBORAMPHUS Brandt ウミスズメ属

300. *Synthliboramphus antiquus* (Gmelin, 1789) ウミスズメ

Umisuzume Ancient Murrelet

Range: N Pacific. Breeds on coasts and islands of the n Pacific from Kamchatka east through the Aleutian Is. to w Alaska and Pacific coast of North America south to British Columbia, also south to the Kurile Is., Sakhalin, Japan, and Korea. Winters to Japan, Korea, and c California.

Status: Scarce RB in Teuri I., Tomoshiri I., s Kurile Is. FB in Sanganjima. WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Nijima, Hachijo I., Torishima), Iwo Is., Amami-Ôshima. IV in Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat: Coastal waters, bays. Breeds in rock crevices.

北海道(WV), 天売島(RB), 友知島(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(WV), 三貫島(FB), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 新島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 硫黄列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 先島諸島(IV: 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島).

海上に生息し、北海道沿岸の島で繁殖する。

301. *Synthliboramphus wumizusume* (Temminck, 1835) カンムリウミスズメ

Kanmuri-umisuzume Japanese Murrelet

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from the Izu Is. to islands off Kyushu and s Korea. Mainly sedentary but winters at sea, ranging north to warm current periphery in se Hokkaido and south to the Ryukyu Is. Recorded from Sakhalin.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.), Tsushima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.). Common RB in Mimianajima, Kutsujima, Kyushu (Miyazaki), Chikuzen-Okinoshima, Izu Is. (Shikine I., Miyake I., Utone I.). WV in Honshu, Kyushu.

Habitat : Coastal waters. Breeds in rock crevices on islands.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV: 色丹島), 本州(WV), 耳穴島(RB), 沓島(RB), 九州(WV. RB: 宮崎), 筑前沖ノ島(RB), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(RB: 式根島, 三宅島, 鵜渡根島), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島).

海上に生息し、島で繁殖する。

AETHIA Merrem エトロフウミスズメ属

302. *Aethia cristatella* (Pallas, 1769) エトロフウミスズメ

Etorofu-umisuzume Crested Auklet

Range : N Pacific. Breeds on coasts and islands of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Is., east to Shumagin Is. in Alaska and south to the c Kurile Is. and Sakhalin. Winters at sea south to n Japan and Kodiak I.

Status : WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in n Honshu. AV in c Honshu (Nagano).

Habitat : Pelagic, coastal waters.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(IV), 本州中部(AV: 長野).

海上に生息する。

303. *Aethia pygmaea* (Gmelin, 1789) シラヒゲウミスズメ

Shirahige-umisuzume Whiskered Auklet

Range : N Pacific. Breeds on the Aleutian Is. ; also possibly on the Commander Is. and Kurile Is. Mainly sedentary but winters at sea ; casual in n Japan.

Status : Rare WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in n Honshu (Miyagi).

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(IV: 宮城).
海上に生息する.

304. *Aethia pusilla* (Pallas, 1811) コウミスズメ

Ko-umisuzume Least Auklet

Range: N Pacific. Breeds on coasts of the Chukot Peninsula and w Alaska south to the Pribiuf Is., Aleutian Is., and Shumagin I. and Semidi I. in the Gulf of Alaska. Winters at sea south to n Japan.

Status: Rather common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Scarce WV in n Honshu. IV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Kyushu, Tanegashima.

Habitat: Pelagic.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北部(WV), 本州中・南西部(IV), 佐渡(IV), 九州(IV), 種子島(IV).

海上に生息する.

305. *Aethia psittacula* (Pallas, 1769) ウミオウム

Umi-ômu Parakeet Auklet

Range: N Pacific. Breeds on coasts of Anadyr Bay and islands of the Bering Sea, south to the Commander Is. and Aleutian Is. Winters at sea south to Japan and California.

Status: Rare WV in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita, Ibaraki, Chiba, Niigata, Ishikawa). PV or WV in s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Pelagic.

北海道(WV), 南千島(PV, WV), 本州北・中部(WV: 青森, 宮城, 秋田, 茨城, 千葉, 新潟, 石川).

海上に生息する.

CERORHINCA Bonaparte ウトウ属

306. *Cerorhinca monocerata* (Pallas, 1811) ウトウ

Utou Rhinoceros Auklet

Range: N Pacific. Breeds in n Asia from s Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Japan, and Korea and in North America from the Aleutian Is. to w Alaska south to n California. Mainly sedentary, but winters at sea south to Japan, Korea, and Baja California.

Status: Common MB in Teuri I., Daikoku I., Yururi I., Moyururi I., Matsumae-Kojima, s Kurile Is., Tsubaki I., Miyagi-Enoshima. WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto), Tsushima. IV in Izu Is. (Ôshima).

Habitat : Pelagic. Breeds in burrows on grassy slopes on islands.

北海道(WV), 天売島(MB), 大黒島(MB), ユルリ島(MB), モユルリ島(MB), 松前小島(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(WV): 樺島(MB), 宮城江の島(MB), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV: 福岡, 長崎, 熊本), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島).

海上に生息し, 島の斜面草地に営巣する.

FRATERCULA Brisson ツノメドリ属

307. *Fratercula corniculata* (Naumann, 1821) ツノメドリ

Tsunomedori Horned Puffin

Range : N Pacific. Breeds on coasts of Russian Far East from Kolychin I. to Kamchatka, n Kurile Is., Sakhalin, Commander Is., Aleutian Is., and Bering coast of Alaska south to British Columbia. Winters at sea south to n Japan, Hawaiian Is., and s California.

Status : Rare WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Chiba, Niigata, Shizuoka).

Habitat : Pelagic.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北・中部(WV: 岩手, 宮城, 千葉, 新潟, 静岡). 北海道東部では夏にもまれに見られる.

海上に生息する.

LUNDA Pallas エトピリカ属

308. *Lunda cirrhata* (Pallas, 1769) エトピリカ

Etopirika Tufted Puffin

Range : N Pacific. Breeds on coasts and islands of the n Pacific from n Russian Far East to Kamchatka, Commander Is., Aleutian Is., and Alaskan coast, south to Sakhalin, e Hokkaido, and c California. Winters at sea south to n Japan and California.

Status : Scarce RB in e Hokkaido. Common RB in s Kurile Is. WV in Hokkaido, n Honshu.

Habitat : Pelagic, coastal waters. Breeds in burrows on grassy or rock crevices.

北海道(WV. RB: 東部), 南千島(RB), 本州北部(WV).

海上に生息し, 海岸の草地, 岩の隙間に営巣する.

Order COLUMBIFORMES ハト目

Family PTEROCLIDIDAE サケイ科

SYRRHAPTES Illiger サケイ属

309. *Syrrhaptes paradoxus* (Pallas, 1773) サケイ

Sakei Pallas's Sandgrouse

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in deserts and steppes of c Asia from the n Caspian Sea to nw China, Mongolia, and nw Manchuria. Mainly sedentary but irruptive, migrating to w Europe, Asia Minor, India, China, and Korea ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Miyagi, Yamagata, Tokyo, Niigata, Aichi, Shiga), Kyushu (Nagasaki), Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I.).

本州(AV : 宮城, 山形, 東京, 新潟, 愛知, 滋賀), 九州(AV : 長崎), 八重山諸島(AV : 石垣島).

Family COLUMBIDAE ハト科

COLUMBA Linnaeus カワラバト属

310. *Columba janthina* Temminck, 1830 カラスバト

Karasu-bato Japanese Wood Pigeon

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan from c Honshu south to the Ryukyu Is., Ogasawara Is., and Iwo Is. ; also Dagelet I. in Korea. Sedentary but somewhat erratic.

310-1. *Columba janthina janthina* Temminck, 1830 カラスバト

Range : Resident on adjacent islands of c Honshu and Kyushu, south to the Izu Is., Amami Is., and Okinawa Is.

Status : RB in Oki, Chikuzen-Okinoshima, Miyazaki-Ôshima, Tsushima, Goto Is., Izu Is.(Ôshima, Toshima, Kozu I., Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I., Aogashima), Tokara Is., Amami Is., Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I.). IV in Honshu (Chiba, Kanagawa, Shizuoka, Mie), Sado, Awashima, Shikoku (Ehime), Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Kuchinoerabu I.

Habitat : Dense evergreen forests.

本州(IV : 千葉, 神奈川, 静岡, 三重), 佐渡(IV), 粟島(IV), 四国(IV : 愛媛), 隠岐(RB), 筑前沖ノ島(RB), 宮崎大島(RB), 対馬(RB), 五島列島(RB), 男女諸島(IV), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 口永良部島(IV), 伊豆諸島(RB : 大島, 利

島, 神津島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島, 青ヶ島), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 沖縄諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 座間味島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

310-2. *Columba janthina nitens* (Stejneger, 1887) アカガシラカラスバト

Range: Resident on the Ogasawara Is. and Iwo Is.

Status: RB on Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima, Anejima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.).

Habitat: Dense evergreen forests.

小笠原諸島(RB: 父島, 母島, 姉島), 硫黄列島(RB: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島). 最近の硫黄列島での生息状況は明らかではない.

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

310-3. *Columba janthina stejnegeri* (Kuroda, 1923) ヨナクニカラスバト

Range: Resident on the Yaeyama Is.

Status: RB on Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I, Iriomote I, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Dense evergreen forests.

八重山諸島(RB: 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

311. *Columba jousi* (Stejneger, 1887) リュキュウカラスバト

Ryûkyû-karasubato

Ryukyu Wood Pigeon

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to the Okinawa Is. and Daito Is. Sedentary.

Status: FB on Okinawa Is. (Iheya I., Izena I., Okinawa I., Yagachi I., Zamami I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). Extinct since 1904 on Okinawa Is. and 1936 on Daito Is.

Habitat: Dense evergreen forests.

沖縄諸島(FB: 伊平屋, 伊是名, 沖縄島, 屋我地島, 座間味島), 大東諸島(FB: 北大東島, 南大東島). 絶滅.

森林に生息していた.

312. *Columba versicolor* Kittlitz, 1832 オガサワラカラスバト

Ogasawara-karasubato

Ogasawara Islands Wood Pigeon

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to the Ogasawara Is. Sedentary.

Status: FB in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Nakôdojima). Extinct in 1889.

Habitat: Dense evergreen forests.

小笠原諸島(FB: 父島, 媒島). Beechey が父島で1827年に1羽, Kittlitz が父島で2羽, Holst が媒島で1889年に雄1羽を採集した. その後の記録はなく絶滅.

森林に生息していた.

STREPTOPELIA Bonaparte キジバト属

313. *Streptopelia decaocto* (Frivaldszky, 1838) シラコバト

Shirako-bato Collared Turtle Dove

Range: Temperate and tropical Eurasian. Breeds in Eurasia from the British Isles and s Scandinavia east across the Balkans and Asia Minor to India, Sri Lanka, and Myanmar, and from Turkestan to Hopeh, Korea, and Japan. Mainly sedentary.

313-1. *Streptopelia decaocto decaocto* (Frivaldszky, 1838) シラコバト

Range: Range of the species except Chinese Turkestan and Irrawaddy Valley of Myanmar.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Ibaraki, Gunma, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo). IV in Honshu (Fukushima, Wakayama), Kyushu (Kagoshima). AV in Okinawa Is. (Kume I.).

Habitat: Woodlands, farmlands, cultivated fields.

本州中部(RB: 茨城, 群馬, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京. IV: 福島, 和歌山), 九州(IV: 鹿児島), 沖縄諸島(AV: 久米島).

林のある農耕地に生息する.

314. *Streptopelia tranquebarica* (Hermann, 1804) ベニバト

Beni-bato Red Turtle Dove

Range: Asiatic. Breeds in e and se Asia from nw India east to n China and Taiwan, south to s India, Myanmar, Thailand, Indochina, and n Philippines. Mainly sedentary.

314-1. *Streptopelia tranquebarica humilis* (Temminck, 1824) ベニバト

Range: Breeds in Tibet, China, and Taiwan, south to the Andamans, Myanmar, Thailand, Indochina, and n Philippines. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to warmer areas, occasionally in Japan.

Status: AV in Rishiri I., Honshu (Saitama, Kanagawa, Mie, Shimane), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Oita, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Danjo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

利尻島(AV), 本州(AV: 埼玉, 神奈川, 三重, 島根), 九州(AV: 福岡, 長崎, 大分, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 男女諸島(AV), トカラ列島(AV), 奄美諸島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(AV).

315. *Streptopelia orientalis* (Latham, 1790) キジバト

Kiji-bato Oriental Turtle Dove

Range: Asiatic. Breeds in e Asia from the Urals eastward to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, and Japan, north to n Lake Baikal and s Russian Far East, south to s India, Myanmar, and Indochina. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to warmer areas.

315-1. *Streptopelia orientalis orientalis* (Latham, 1790) キジバト

Range: Breeds in s Siberia, Sakhalin, Japan south to Yakushima, Korea, China, and Himalayas. Recorded from the Kurile Is. Mainly sedentary.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima~Hachijo I., Torishima). IV in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Forests, woodlands, cultivated fields, near human habitations, parks.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島~八丈島, 鳥島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 父島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

森林, 農耕地, 村落, 公園などに生息する。

315-2. *Streptopelia orientalis stimpsoni* (Stejneger, 1887) リュウキュウキジバト

Range: Resident on the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is.

Status: AV in Yakushima. RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Kakeroma I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I., Kume I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Hatoma I., Taketomi I., Kuroshima, Nakanoganjima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Forests, woodlands, cultivated fields, near human habitations.

屋久島(AV), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 座間味島, 久米島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 鳩間島, 竹富島, 黒島, 仲ノ神島, 与那国島).

森林, 農耕地, 村落に生息する。

CHALCOPHAPS Gould キンバト属

316. *Chalcophaps indica* (Linnaeus, 1758) キンバト

Kin-bato Emerald Dove

Range : Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from nw India eastward to se Asia, s Ryukyu Is., Philippines, Moluccas, and Australia, south to s India, Andamans, and Sunda Is. Sedentary.

316-1. *Chalcophaps indica yamashinai* Hachisuka, 1939 キンバト

Range : Resident on Miyako I. and Yaeyama Is.

Status : RB in Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Hatoma I., Taketomi I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

先島諸島(RB: 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 鳩間島, 竹富島, 小浜島, 黒島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

SPHENURUS Swainson アオバト属

317. *Sphenurus sieboldii* (Temminck, 1835) アオバト

Ao-bato Japanese Green Pigeon

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds from Japan to Taiwan, Hainan, and n Vietnam, locally in sw China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in Japan and e China.

317-1. *Sphenurus sieboldii sieboldii* (Temminck, 1835) アオバト

Range : Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. to Kyushu. Winters in s Japan.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Rather common RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in Sado, Oki, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Nijima, Hachijo I., Aogashima), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.).

Habitat : Forests.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(IV), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島, 新島, 八丈島, 青ヶ島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 父島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林. 常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

318. *Sphenurus formosae* (Swinhoe, 1863) ズアカアオバト

Zuaka-aobato Whistling Green Pigeon

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds from Yakushima and Ryukyu Is., south to Taiwan, Lan Yu I., and n Philippines. Sedentary.

318-1. *Sphenurus formosae permagnus* (Stejneger, 1887) ズアカアオバト

Range: Resident on Yakushima to the Okinawa Is.

Status: IV in Kyushu (Kagoshima), Tanegashima. RB in Yakushima, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I.).

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests, cultivated fields.

九州(IV: 鹿児島), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(IV). 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 沖縄諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 久米島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する

318-2. *Sphenurus formosae medioximus* (Bangs, 1901) チュウダイズアカアオバト

Range: Resident on Miyako I. and Yaeyama Is.

Status: RB in Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Hatoma I., Taketomi I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests, cultivated fields.

先島諸島(RB: 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 鳩間島, 竹富島, 黒島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

Order CUCULIFORMES カッコウ目

Family CUCULIDAE カッコウ科

CUCULUS Linnaeus カッコウ属

319. *Cuculus fugax* Horsfield, 1821 ジュウイチ

Jūichi Horsfield's Hawk Cuckoo

Range: Asiatic. Breeds in e Asia from the Himalayas north through China to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan, south to Myanmar, se Asia, Philippines, and Sunda Is. Northern birds migratory, wintering to subtropical and tropical regions.

319-2. *Cuculus fugax hyperythrus* Gould, 1856 ジュウイチ

Range: Breeds in the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, s Manchuria, n Hopeh, and Japan. Winters to e China and Indochina.

Status: Uncommon MB in Hokkaido. Rather common MB in Honshu, Shikoku. IV in Sado, Oki, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.). AV in Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito

I.).

Habitat : Broad-leaved forests, woodlands.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(MB), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 八重山諸島(AV : 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(AV : 南大東島).

森林に生息する.

320. *Cuculus micropterus* Gould, 1838 セグロカッコウ

Seguro-kakkô Indian Cuckoo

Range : Asiatic. Breeds in e and s Asia from the Himalayas north through China to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, s Ussuriland, and Korea, and from India to Sri Lanka, Myanmar, se Asia, Sunda Is., and Borneo. Northern birds migratory, wintering to subtropical and tropical regions south to the Sunda Is.

320-1. *Cuculus micropterus micropterus* Gould, 1838 セグロカッコウ

Range : Range of the species except the Sunda Is. Winters south to Sri Lanka, s China, Philippines, and Sunda Is.

Status : AV in Honshu (Yamagata, Tottori, May 1977, Shimane, June 1985), Hekura I., Kyushu (Saga, Nagasaki).

本州(AV : 山形, 鳥取, 1977年5月, 島根, 1985年6月), 舩倉島(AV), 九州(AV, 佐賀, 長崎).

321. *Cuculus canorus* Linnaeus, 1758 カッコウ

Kakkô Cuckoo (or Common Cuckoo)

Range : Eurasian. Breeds in temperate Eurasia from the British Isles and w Europe east to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, and Japan, south to the Himalayas and s China. Winters to tropical Africa and s Asia.

321-1. *Cuculus canorus telephonus* Heine, 1863 カッコウ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia east to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Winters to s China and se Asia.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. PV in Oki, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Forest edge, woodlands, grasslands, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 伊豆諸島(PV : 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV :

父島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

林縁部, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

322. *Cuculus saturatus* Blyth, 1843 ツツドリ

Tsutsudori Oriental Cuckoo

Range: Palearctic and marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from the Urals to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to e China, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan; also Himalayas eastward to s China, Taiwan, Malay Peninsula, Sunda Is., and Borneo. Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

322-1. *Cuculus saturatus horsfieldi* Moore, 1857 ツツドリ

Range: Breeds in c Russia, Siberia east to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Winters to s China, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Sunda Is. to Australia.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in Oki, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Izu Is. (Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Broad-leaved forests, woodlands.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 南大東島).

森林に生息する.

323. *Cuculus poliocephalus* Latham, 1790 ホトトギス

Hototogisu Little Cuckoo

Range: Asiatic and marginally Afrotropical. Breeds in e Asia from the Himalayas east through n China to s Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan; also Madagascar. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

323-1. *Cuculus poliocephalus poliocephalus* Latham, 1790 ホトトギス

Range: Range of the species except Madagascar. Winters to e Africa, India, se Asia, and s China.

Status: IV in c and e Hokkaido. MB in s Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is. PV in Oki, Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima,

Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is., Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I.). MB or PV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I., Tokashiki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Forests, second growth, woodlands.

北海道中・東部(IV), 北海道南部(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 屋久島(MB), 伊豆諸島(MB), 小笠原諸島(PV: 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(MB, PV: 沖縄島, 座間味島, 渡嘉敷島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 北大東島).

森林に生息する。

CLAMATOR Kaup カンムリカッコウ属

324. *Clamator coromandus* (Linnaeus, 1766) カンムリカッコウ

Kanmuri-kakkō Chestnut-winged Crested Cuckoo

Range : Indomalayan. Breeds in se Asia from the Himalayas eastward through Assam to s China and n Thailand. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to s India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Borneo ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Hekura I.(1988, 1993), Tokara Is. (Takara I., May 1974), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., 1994, Iriomote I., 1990).

触倉島(AV : 1988, 1993年), トカラ列島(AV : 宝島, 1974年 5 月), 琉球諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 1994年, 西表島, 1990年).

Order STRIGIFORMES フクロウ目

Family STRIGIDAE フクロウ科

NYCTEA Stephens シロフクロウ属

325. *Nyctea scandiaca* (Linnaeus, 1758) シロフクロウ

Shiro-fukurō Snowy Owl

Range : Holarctic, circumpolar. Breeds in arctic tundras from n Scandinavia east through arctic Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula and Anadyrland, arctic North America, and Greenland. Sedentary but irruptive, wintering south to c Europe, n China, and s US, occasionally n Japan.

Status : Rare WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. AV in Honshu. (Akita, Chiba, Ishikawa, Gifu, Tottori, Hiroshima).

Habitat: Sea coasts, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(AV: 秋田, 千葉, 石川, 岐阜, 鳥取, 広島).
海岸, 農耕地に飛来する.

BUBO Duméril ワシミミズク属

326. *Bubo bubo* (Linnaeus, 1758) ワシミミズク

Washi-mimizuku Eagle Owl (or Eurasian Eagle Owl)

Range: Eurasian and partly African. Breeds in greater part of Eurasia except arctic regions; also Africa south to the s Sahara. Mainly sedentary.

326-1. *Bubo bubo kiautschensis* Reichenow, 1903 タイリクワシミミズク

Range: Resident in Korea and e China west to Kansu and Szechwan, south to Kwantung and s Yunnan; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Izu Is. (Miyake I.), Goto Is., Amami-Ōshima.

伊豆諸島(AV: 三宅島), 五島列島(AV), 奄美大島(AV).

326-2. *Bubo bubo borissowi* Hesse, 1915 ワシミミズク

Range: Resident in Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is.

Status: Rare RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I.)

Habitat: Forests, cultivated fields.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB: 択捉島, 国後島).

崖のある森林や農耕地に生息する.

KETUPA Lesson シマフクロウ属

327. *Ketupa blakistoni* (Seeböhm, 1884) シマフクロウ

Shima-fukurō Blakiston's Fish Owl

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in ne Asia along the Okhotsk coast north to Magadan, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is. Sedentary.

327-1. *Ketupa blakistoni blakistoni* (Seeböhm, 1884) シマフクロウ

Range: Resident in Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is.

Status: Rare RB in c and e Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.).

Habitat: Forests along rivers and lakes.

北海道中・東部(RB), 南千島(RB: 国後島).

川沿いや湖沼周辺の森林に生息する.

ASIO Brisson トラフズク属

328. *Asio otus* (Linnaeus, 1758) トラフズク

Torafu-zuku Long-eared Owl

Range : Holarctic. Breeds from the British Isles, w Europe and sw Africa east across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Ussuriland, and n Japan, south to Asia Minor, s Transcaspia, n China, and Manchuria ; also Canada and n US. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in temperate regions.

328-1. *Asio otus otus* (Linnaeus, 1758) トラフズク

Range : Range of the species except the Canary Is. and North America. Winters to n Africa, Arabia, n India, China, and Japan.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.), n Honshu. WV in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Aogashima, Torishima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Coniferous forests, sparse woodlands, farmlands.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島, 色丹島), 本州北部(MB), 本州中・南西部(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島, 三宅島, 青ヶ島, 鳥島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島).

針葉樹林, 疎林, 農耕地や海岸の防風林に生息する。

329. *Asio flammeus* (Pontoppidan, 1763) コミミズク

Komimi-zuku Short-eared Owl

Range : Holarctic, Neotropical and c Pacific. Breeds from Iceland, British Isles, and most parts of Europe eastward across n Eurasia to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka, south to the Caucasus, Kirghiz Steppes, n Mongolia, Manchuria, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin ; also North America south to the n US, Greater Antilles, South America, Falklands, and islands in the c Pacific. Northern birds migratory, wintering to temperate and tropical regions.

329-1. *Asio flammeus flammeus* (Pontoppidan, 1763) コミミズク

Range : Range of the species except the Greater Antillars, South America, Falklands, and islands in the c Pacific. Winters to n Africa, Arabia, India to se Asia, s China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in Izu Is. (Ôshima, Hachijo I., Torishima), Amami-Ôshima,

Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Riverbeds, marshes, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 大島, 八丈島, 鳥島), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 久米島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

河川敷, 湿原, 農耕地など開けた環境に渡来する.

OTUS Pennant コノハズク属

330. *Otus scops* (Linnaeus, 1758) コノハズク

Konoha-zuku Scops Owl (or Common Scops Owl)

Range : Temperate and tropical Eurasia. Breeds from sw Europe and nw Africa eastward through Asia Minor to n Mongolia, India to se Asia, China north to Manchuria, Korea, and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical Africa, s China, and se Asia.

330-1. *Otus scops japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 コノハズク

Range : Breeds on the main islands of Japan. Winters in s Japan and possibly in Taiwan.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). PV in Sado, Oki, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Tori-shima), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I.).

Habitat : Dense forests.

北海道(MB), 南千島(IV : 国後島), 本州(MB), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV : 鳥島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 西表島, 竹富島).

森林に生息する.

331. *Otus elegans* (Cassin, 1852) リュウキュウコノハズク

Ryūkyū-konohazuku Elegant Scops Owl

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds from the Amami Is. south to the Ryukyu Is., Daito Is., Lan Yu I., and Babuyan Is. (off Luzon). Mainly sedentary.

331-1. *Otus elegans interpositus* Kuroda, 1923 ダイトウコノハズク

Range : Resident on the Daito Is.

Status : RB on Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I., Kita-Daito I.).

Habitat : Dense forests.

大東諸島(RB : 南大東島, 北大東島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

331-2. *Otus elegans elegans* (Cassin, 1852) リュウキュウコノハズク

Range : Resident on the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is. south to Yonaguni I.

Status : IV in Kyushu (Nagasaki). RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kakeroma I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Dense forests

九州(IV : 長崎), 奄美諸島(RB : 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(RB : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 小浜島, 黒島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

332. *Otus lempiji* (Horsfield, 1821) オオコノハズク

Ō-konohazuku Collared Scops Owl

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds from s Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin, southward through e China and Japan to n Vietnam, Malay Peninsula, Greater Sunda Is., and Borneo. Mainly sedentary, but northern birds are short-distance migrants.

332-1. *Otus lempiji ussuriensis* (Buturlin, 1910) サメイロオオコノハズク

Range : Breeds in Ussuriland, s Manchuria, Sakhalin, and Korea. Winters to s Korea and n China ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Niigata).

本州(AV : 新潟).

332-2. *Otus lempiji semitorques* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 オオコノハズク

Range : Breeds in Japan and Kurile Is. north to Uruppu I. Recorded from Sakhalin and Korea. Mainly sedentary.

Status : RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Izu Is. WV in Yakushima. AV in Amami Is. (Yoron I.).

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, forest edge.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB : 国後島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB), 奄美諸島(AV : 与論島)

森林, 林縁などに生息する.

332-3. *Otus lempiji pryeri* (Gurney, 1889) リュウキュウオオコノハズク

Range : Resident on the Ryukyu Is.

Status : RB in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yagachi I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Forests, forest edge.

琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 屋我地島, 西表島).
森林, 林縁に生息する.

ÆGOLIUS Kaup キンメフクロウ属

333. *Aegolius funereus* (Linnaeus, 1758) キンメフクロウ

Kinme-fukurō Tengmalm's (Brit.) or Boreal (US) Owl

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from mountains of c and e Europe and Scandinavia eastward through Siberia to c Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, n Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin, and isolated populations in the Caucasus and w Himalayas; also North America from Alaska to Ontario and Maine. Mainly sedentary.

333-1. *Aegolius funereus magnus* (Buturlin, 1907) キンメフクロウ

Range: Breeds in e Siberia from the Enisei east to c Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido. Sedentary.

Status: Rare RB in c Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). Rare WV in Honshu (Iwate, Niigata, Ishikawa).

Habitat: Light coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB: 国後島), 本州(WV: 岩手, 新潟, 石川).
森林に生息する.

NINOX Hodgson アオバズク属

334. *Ninox scutulata* (Raffles, 1822) アオバズク

Aoba-zuku Brown Hawk Owl

Range: Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka east through Assam to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Greater Sunda Is., and Borneo, north through e China to Korea, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering in tropical Asia.

334-1. *Ninox scutulata macroptera* Blasius, 1888 チョウセンアオバズク

Range: Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, e Manchuria, and n Korea. Winters probably to se Asia. Recorded from Quelpart I.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, n Honshu (Toyama), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Oct. 1922, Minami-Daito I.).

北海道(AV), 本州北部(AV: 富山), 大東諸島(AV: 北大東島, 1922年10月, 南大東島).

334-2. *Ninox scutulata japonica* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1845) アオバズク

Range: Breeds in Japan and s Korea. Winters to the Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Greater Sunda Is., and Sulawesi.

Status: MB in Hokkaido. IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). Common MB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Tanegashima. MB or PV in Izu Is. (Ôshima, Toshima, Nijima, Koju I., Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I.). IV in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima), Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Lowland forests, woodlands.

北海道(MB), 南千島(IV: 国後島), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 男女諸島(MB), 種子島(MB), 伊豆諸島(MB, PV: 大島, 利島, 新島, 神津島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(IV: 父島), 硫黄列島(IV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(IV: 奄美大島), 八重山諸島(IV: 石垣島, 西表島), 大東諸島(IV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

森林, 社寺林, 公園などに生息する.

334-3. *Ninox scutulata totoyo* Momiyama, 1931 リュウキュウアオバズク

Range: Breeds on the Ryukyu Is., Taiwan, Lan Yu I., and Lau Tao I. Sedentary.

Status: RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Oshima, Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Lowland forests.

奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 座間味島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 黒島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

STRIX Linnaeus フクロウ属**335. *Strix uralensis* Pallas, 1771 フクロウ**

Fukurô Ural Owl

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia and e Europe east across s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, south to Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan. Mainly sedentary.

335-1. *Strix uralensis japonica* (Clark, 1907) エゾフクロウ

Range: Resident in Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. Recorded from Korea.

Status: RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, cultivated fields.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林などに生息する.

335-2. *Strix uralensis hondoensis* (Clark, 1907) フクロウ

Range : Resident in n Honshu.

Status : RB in n Honshu (Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Fukushima, Tochigi, n and c Niigata).

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, cultivated fields.

本州北部(RB: 青森, 岩手, 宮城, 福島, 栃木, 新潟北・中部).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 農耕地などに生息する.

335-3. *Strix uralensis momiyamae* Taka-Tsukasa, 1931 モミヤマフクロウ

Range : Resident in c Honshu.

Status : RB in n and c Honshu (Yamagata, n Chiba, w Niigata, Toyama, Fukui, Nagano, Shizuoka, Aichi, Kyoto, Tottori).

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, cultivated fields.

本州北・中部(RB: 山形, 千葉北部, 新潟西部, 富山, 福井, 長野, 静岡, 愛知, 京都, 鳥取).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, 農耕地などに生息する.

335-4. *Strix uralensis fuscescens* Temminck & Schlegel, 1847 キュウシュウフクロウ

Range : Resident in s Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, and Izu Is.

Status : RB in c and sw Honshu (s Chiba, se Shizuoka, Mie, Nara, Wakayama, s Hiroshima), Awaji I., Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in Izu Is. (Torishima).

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, cultivated fields.

本州中・南西部(RB: 千葉南部, 静岡東南部, 三重, 奈良, 和歌山, 広島南部), 淡路島(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 伊豆諸島(IV: 鳥島).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, 農耕地などに生息する.

Order CAPRIMULGIFORMES ヨタカ目

Family CAPRIMULGIDAE ヨタカ科

CAPRIMULGUS Linnaeus ヨタカ属

336. *Caprimulgus indicus* Latham, 1790 ヨタカ

Yotaka Jungle Nightjar

Range: Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka east through Assam to Indochina, north through e China to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering in tropical Asia.

336-1. *Caprimulgus indicus jotaka* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 ヨタカ

Range: Breeds from Transbaikalia and Amur Basin south through e China to Kwangtung, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Winters to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, and Greater Sunda Is. Recorded from Sakhalin and Korea.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in Oki, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima, Hahajima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.). IV in Yakushima, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Open woodlands, light woods.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 大島, 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(PV: 鴎島, 父島, 母島), 硫黄列島(PV: 北硫黄島), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(IV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

疎林, 農耕地内の残存林などに生息する.

Order APODIFORMES アマツバメ目

Family APODIDAE アマツバメ科

HIRUNDAPUS Hodgson ハリオアマツバメ属

337. *Hirundapus caudacutus* (Latham, 1801) ハリオアマツバメ

Hario-amatsubame

White-throated Needltailed Swift

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in s Siberia from the Altai to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan, south to Korea, n China and Himalayas to Assam. Northern birds migratory, wintering to the Southern Hemisphere.

337-1. *Hirundapus caudacutus caudacutus* (Latham, 1801) ハリオアマツバメ

Range: Range of the species except the Himalayas to Assam. Winters to New Guinea, Australia, and Tasmania.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. PV in s Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Oshima, Tokunoshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Mountain forests, woodlands.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(MB), 本州南部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 三宅島, 八丈島), 奄美諸島(PV: 奄美大島, 徳之島), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 南大東島).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林に生息する.

APUS Scopoli アマツバメ属

338. *Apus affinis* (Gray, 1830) ヒメアマツバメ

Hime-amatsubame

House Swift

Range: Mainly Indomalayan and Afrotropical. Breeds from the Near East eastward to India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, s China, Taiwan, Philippines, Sunda Is., and Borneo, north in the warmer part of Japan; also Africa. Mainly sedentary.

338-1. *Apus affinis subfurcatus* (Blyth, 1849) ヒメアマツバメ

Range: Breeds in tropical e Asia from Assam and Myanmar to s China, se Asia, Sumatra, Java, Philippines, and Borneo, north to Taiwan and c Japan.

Status: RB in c and sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Iriomote I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). IV in Hekura I., Danjo Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Miyake I.).

Habitat: Cities, open lowlands.

本州中・南西部(RB: 埼玉・茨城以南), 舩倉島(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 男女諸島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 三宅島), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 西表島), 大東諸島(RB: 北大東島, 南大東島).

住宅地平野部に生息し, 市街地の建造物に営巣する.

339. *Apus pacificus* (Latham, 1801) アマツバメ

Ama-tsubame White-rumped Swift

Range: Asiatic. Breeds from Minusinsk and w Altai through s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the Himalayas, s Tibet, s China, n Indochina, Korea, Japan, and Taiwan. Winters south to the Southern Hemisphere.

339-1. *Apus pacificus pacificus* (Latham, 1801) キタアマツバメ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia, s Russian Far East, and Kamchatka, south to n China, Korea, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido. Winters to the Malay Peninsula, Indonesia, New Guinea, Australia, and Tasmania.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Sea coasts to mountains, cliffs, caves.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB).

海岸や山地に生息し, 崖に営巣する.

339-2. *Apus pacificus kurodae* (Domaniewski, 1933) アマツバメ

Range: Breeds in Japan from Honshu to the Amami Is. Winters possibly to Indonesia and Australia. Recorded from Taiwan.

Status: MB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is., Amami Is., (Tokunoshima). PV in Oki, Tanegashima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I.).

Habitat: Sea coasts to mountains, cliffs, caves.

本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(MB), 奄美諸島(MB: 徳之島), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 北大東島).

海岸や山地に生息し, 崖に営巣する.

Order CORACIIFORMES ブッポウソウ目

Family ALCEDINIDAE カワセミ科

CERYLE Boie ヤマセミ属

340. *Ceryle lugubris* (Temminck, 1834) ヤマセミ

Yama-semi Greater Pied Kingfisher

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from the Himalayas east through Assam and Myanmar to n Indochina, China from Yunnan to Chihli, and Hainan, north to Japan. Mainly sedentary.

340-1. *Ceryle lugubris pallida* Momiyama, 1927 エゾヤマセミ

Range : Resident in Hokkaido. Recorded from the s Kurile Is.

Status : RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.).

Habitat : Rivers, mountain lakes, streams.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB: 国後島, 色丹島).

山地の溪流沿いや河川中流部に生息する.

340-2. *Ceryle lugubris lugubris* (Temminck, 1834) ヤマセミ

Range : Resident in Honshu, Shikoku, and Kyushu south to Yakushima.

Status : RB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima. Tanegashima, IV in Oki, Tsushima.

Habitat : Rivers, mountain lakes,

本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(IV), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB).

溪流沿いに生息する.

HALCYON Swainson アカショウビン属

341. *Halcyon pileata* (Boddaert, 1783) ヤマショウビン

Yama-shōbin Black-capped Kingfisher

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka east to se Asia, s China, and Hainan, north to se Manchuria and Korea. Northern birds migratory, wintering south to the Greater Sunda Is. and Philippines.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Niigata, Ishikawa, Shizuoka, Aichi, Kyoto, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane, Hiroshima), Hekura I., Shikoku, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tokara Is., Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.),

Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Kume I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Coastal forests, lowland light woods, rivers.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 宮城, 新潟, 石川, 静岡, 愛知, 京都, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根, 広島), 舩倉島(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV : 福岡, 佐賀, 鹿児島), 対馬(IV), 男女諸島(IV), 屋久島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島), 奄美諸島(IV : 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 久米島, 西表島).

山地の河川, 海岸沿いの森林に生息する.

342. *Halcyon coromanda* (Latham, 1790) アカショウビン

Aka-shōbin Ruddy Kingfisher

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from the Himalayas east through Assam to Indochina, south to the Andaman Is., Malay Peninsula, Greater Sunda Is., and Palawan, and in ne Asia from n Manchuria to Korea and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

342-1. *Halcyon coromanda major* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) アカショウビン

Range : Breeds in Manchuria, Korea, and Japan south to Yakushima. Winters to the Philippines and Sulawesi. Recorded from Sakhalin and Taiwan.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tanegashima, Yakushima. PV in Sado, Oki, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Miyake I., Aogashima). IV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I.).

Habitat : Mixed, deciduous and evergreen forests, mountain streams.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 種子島(MB), 屋久島(MB), 伊豆諸島 (PV : 三宅島, 青ヶ島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島).

山地の溪流のある針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

342-2. *Halcyon coromanda bangsi* (Oberholser, 1915) リュウキュウアカショウビン

Range : Breeds on the Tokara Is., Amami Is., and Ryukyu Is. Winters to the Philippines and Sulawesi.

Status : MB on Tokara Is. (Akuseki I.), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kakeroma I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ie I., Iheya I., Izena I., Zamami I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Evergreen forests, coastal woods, village groves.

トカラ列島(MB : 悪石島), 奄美諸島(MB : 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 徳之島,

沖永良部島，与論島），琉球諸島（MB：沖縄島，伊江島，伊平屋島，伊是名島，座間味島，渡嘉敷島，宮古島，石垣島，西表島，黒島，与那国島）。

常緑広葉樹林，海岸林，村落周辺の林に生息する。

343. *Halcyon miyakoensis* Kuroda, 1919 ミヤコショウビン

Miyako-shōbin Miyako Island Kingfisher

Range: E Palearctic. Known by a single specimen from Miyako I.

Status: Miyako I. Considered to be extinct. Recorded on 5 Feb. 1887.

宮古島。1887年2月5日の記録があるだけで，絶滅とされている。

344. *Halcyon chloris* (Boddaert, 1783) ナンヨウショウビン

Nanyō-shōbin Collared Kingfisher

Range: Mainly Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds on the Red Sea coast, w India, Andamans, Nicobars, and ne Bengal, east across Myanmar and se Asia to the Malay Peninsula, Sunda Is., Philippines, Mariana Is., New Guinea, and further to Fiji and Solomon Is. Sedentary.

344-1. *Halcyon chloris collaris* (Scopoli, 1786) ナンヨウショウビン

Range: Breeds in the Philippines; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

八重山諸島（AV：石垣島，西表島）。

ALCEDO Linnaeus カワセミ属

345. *Alcedo atthis* (Linnaeus, 1758) カワセミ

Kawa-semi Kingfisher (or Common Kingfisher)

Range: Temperate and tropical Old World. Breeds from the British Isles. and w Europe east to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to s India, Sri Lanka, and Malay Peninsula: also Sunda Is. to the Solomon Is. and Africa. Northern birds migratory, wintering south to Africa, Indonesia, and Philippines.

345-1. *Alcedo atthis bengalensis* Gmelin, 1788 カワセミ

Range: Breeds in Asia from n India to Indochina and Malay Peninsula, north through China and Taiwan to Transbaikalia, Manchuria, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Japan. Mainly sedentary.

Status: MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kikai I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu

Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.). WV in Izu Is. (Miyake I., Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Rivers, streams, ponds, marshes, water courses in cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 男女諸島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(WV : 三宅島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(WV : 父島), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB : 奄美大島, 喜界島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(RB : 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 小浜島, 黒島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV : 北大東島, 南大東島).

川, 湖沼, 池, 水路などに生息する.

Family MEROPIDAE ハチクイ科

MEROPS Linnaeus ハチクイ属

346. *Merops ornatus* Latham, 1801 ハチクイ

Hachikui Australian Bee-eater (or Rainbow Bird)

Range : Australasian. Breeds in Australia. Sedentary, but also winters to the Solomon Is., New Guinea, and Lesser Sunda Is. ; straggles to Japan.

Status : AV in Miyako I. (July 1904).

宮古島 (AV : 1904年 7月).

Family CORACIIDAE ブッポウソウ科

EURYSTOMUS Vieillot ブッポウソウ属

347. *Eurystomus orientalis* (Linnaeus, 1766) ブッポウソウ

Buppôsô Broad-billed Roller (or Doller Bird)

Range : Asiatic and Australasian. Breeds from India and Sri Lanka east to China and se Asia, north to Manchuria, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Japan, and from the Malay Peninsula and Philippines to Australia. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions south to Indonesia.

347-1. *Eurystomus orientalis calonyx* Sharpe, 1890 ブッポウソウ

Range : Breeds from the Himalayas east through Assam and China to Manchuria, Amur Basin, Korea, and Japan. Winters to India, se Asia, and Sumatra.

Status : IV in e Hokkaido, Rishiri I., Yagishiri I., s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.).

MB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in Oki, Tsushima, Iwo Is. (Iwo I.), Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I., Hateruma I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Low montane forests, open woodland, tall trees in precincts of temples and shrines.

北海道(IV), 利尻島(IV), 焼尻島(IV), 南千島(IV: 国後島), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 硫黄列島(PV: 硫黄島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 西表島, 波照間島, 与那国島).

低山帯の森林, 神社や寺の境内林などに生息する.

Family UPUPIDAE ヤツガシラ科

UPUPA Linnaeus ヤツガシラ属

348. *Upupa epops* Linnaeus, 1758 ヤツガシラ

Yatsugashira

Hoopoe

Range: Eurasian and African. Breeds from sw Europe east across Eurasia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, and Ussuriland, south to s India, Sri Lanka, and Sumatra; also nw and tropical Africa and Madagascar. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

348-1. *Upupa epops saturata* Lönnerberg, 1909 ヤツガシラ

Range: Breeds in s Siberia from the Enisei to the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan (has bred twice in Honshu), south through China to Tibet and e Himalayas. Winters to s China, n Myanmar, and Assam.

Status: IV in s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.). Scarce PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Hekura I., Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Tanegashima, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima), Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Zamami I., Tokashiki I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.). CB in n and c Honshu (Iwate, Nagano).

Habitat: Open woodland, pastures, cultivated fields, gardens.

北海道(PV), 南千島(IV: 色丹島), 本州(PV. CB: 岩手, 長野), 佐渡(PV), 舩倉島(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 種子島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 大島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV: 奄美大島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(PV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 座間味島, 渡嘉敷島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

林縁, 草原, 農耕地などに生息する.

Order PICIFORMES キツキ目

Family PICIDAE キツキ科

JYNX Linnaeus アリスイ属

349. *Jynx torquilla* Linnaeus, 1758 アリスイ

Arisui Wryneck (or Eurasian Wryneck)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from the s British Isles, w Europe and nw Africa east through s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and n Japan, south to the Caucasus, n Iran, n Mongolia, Mauchuria, and Korea ; also Himalayas and w China. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical Africa and s Asia.

349-1. *Jynx torquilla chinensis* Hesse, 1911 シベリアアリスイ

Range : Breeds in s Siberia from the Enisei to Transbaikalia, Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Manchuria, and Ussuriland, south to ne Korea, n Mongolia, and w China. Winters to India, Assam, and se Asia.

Status : AV in s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.).

南千島(AV : 択捉島).

349-2. *Jynx torquilla japonica* (Bonaparte, 1850) アリスイ

Range : Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. to n Honshu. Winters to s Japan.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.). MB in n Honshu (Aomori, Iwate). WV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Ōshima, Kozu I., Hachijo I.). IV in Tsushima, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Tokara Is. AV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Open forests, forest edge, grasslands, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB : 国後島, 色丹島), 本州北部(MB : 青森, 岩手), 本州中・南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(IV), 五島列島(IV), 種子島(IV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 大島, 神津島, 八丈島), トカラ列島(IV), 琉球諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 与那国島).

開けた森林, 林縁, 草原, 農耕地に生息する.

PICUS Linnaeus アオゲラ属

350. *Picus awokera* Temminck, 1835 アオゲラ

Ao-gera Japanese Green Woodpecker

Range : E Palearctic. Endemic to Japan from Honshu to Yakushima and Tanegashima. Sedentary.

350-1. *Picus awokera awokera* Temminck, 1835 アオゲラ

Range : Resident in Honshu.

Status : Common RB in Honshu. IV in Tobishima, Awashima, Sado, Oki.

Habitat : Deciduous, evergreen and mixed forests, occasionally city areas in winter.

本州(RB), 飛鳥(IV), 粟島(IV), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV).

森林に生息するが, 住宅地などにも出現する.

350-2. *Picus awokera horii* Taka-Tsukasa, 1918 カゴシマアオゲラ

Range : Resident in Shikoku and Kyushu.

Status : RB in Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat : Deciduous and evergreen forests.

四国(RB), 九州(RB).

森林に生息する.

350-3. *Picus awokera takatsukasae* Kuroda, 1921 タネアオゲラ

Range : Resident on Yakushima and Tanegashima.

Status : RB in Yakushima, Tanegashima.

Habitat : Evergreen forests.

屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB).

森林に生息する.

351. *Picus canus* Gmelin, 1788 ヤマゲラ

Yama-gera Grey-headed Woodpecker

Range : Palearctic and Indomalayan. Breeds from w Europe and s Scandinavia east through s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido, and from the Himalayas to China, se Asia, and Sumatra. Sedentary.

351-1. *Picus canus jessoensis* Stejneger, 1886 ヤマゲラ

Range : Resident from the Amur Basin eastward to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido. AV in s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.), n Honshu (Aomori, Tochigi, Niigata).

Habitat : Deciduous, coniferous and mixed forests

北海道(RB), 南千島(AV : 色丹島), 本州北部(AV : 青森, 栃木, 新潟).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林, 針葉樹林に生息する。

SAPHEOPIPO Hargitt ノグチゲラ属

352. *Sapheopipo noguchii* (Seebohm, 1887) ノグチゲラ

Noguchi-gera Okinawa Woodpecker

Range : E Palearctic. Endemic to n Okinawa I. Sedentary.

Status : Rare RB in n Okinawa I.

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests, forest edge.

沖縄島北部(RB)

常緑広葉樹林, 林縁に生息する。

DRYOCOPUS Boie クマゲラ属

353. *Dryocopus martius* (Linnaeus, 1758) クマゲラ

Kuma-gera Black Woodpecker

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia and c Europe across Eurasia to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, w China, Ussuriland to c Korea, Sakhalin, and n Japan. Sedentary.

353-1. *Dryocopus martius martius* (Linnaeus, 1758) クマゲラ

Range : Range of the species except w China.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, Rishiri I. s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.).

Locally common RB in n Honshu (Aomori, Akita). AV in n and c Honshu (Iwate, Tochigi.).

Habitat : Dense coniferous, mixed and deciduous forests.

北海道(RB), 利尻島(RB), 南千島(RB: 国後島), 本州北部(RB: 青森, 秋田.

AV: 岩手, 栃木).

針葉樹林, 針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林に生息する。

354. *Dryocopus javensis* (Horsfield, 1821) キタタキ

Kitataki White-bellied Woodpecker

Range : Asiatic. Breeds from w India eastward through n and se Myanmar to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, and Philippines, north to Yunnan and Szechwan in w China, c Korea, and Tsushima in Japan. Sedentary.

354-1. *Dryocopus javensis richardsi* Tristram, 1879 キタタキ

Range : Resident in c Korea and Tsushima.

Status : FB in Tsushima. Extinct (last specimens taken in 1920).

Habitat : Forests.

対馬(FB). 1920年の記録を最後に絶滅したとおもわれる。
森林に生息していた。

DENDROCOPOS Koch アカゲラ属

355. *Dendrocopos major* (Linnaeus, 1758) アカゲラ

Aka-gera Great Spotted Woodpecker

Range : Palearctic and marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from the British Isles. and w Europe across s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan, south to the s Caspian Sea in the west and s China and n Indochina in Asia. Mainly sedentary.

355-1. *Dendrocopos major brevirostris* (Reichenbach, 1854) ハシブトアカゲラ

Range : Breeds in s Siberia from the Urals and Altai to Transbaikalia, n Mongolia, ne Manchuria, Amur Basin, and Okhotsk coast. Mainly sedentary.

Statu : AV in Mishima (Mar. 1978)

見島(AV, 1978年3月).

355-2. *Dendrocopos major japonicus* (Seeböhm, 1883) エゾアカゲラ

Range : Resident in ne and c Korea, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is. from Uruppu I. to Kunashiri I.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.).

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, open woods, near human habitations.

北海道(RB), 利尻島(RB), 南千島(RB: 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島).

落葉広葉樹林, 針葉樹林, 針広混交林, また住宅地近くに生息する。

355-3. *Dendrocopos major hondoensis* (Kuroda, 1921) アカゲラ

Range : Resident in Honshu, Tsushima, and c and s Korea.

Status : Common RB in Honshu, Tsushima. IV on Oki.

Habitat : Forests, woodlands, open woods, near human habitations.

本州(RB), 隠岐(IV), 対馬(RB).

落葉広葉樹林, 針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する。

356. *Dendrocopos leucotos* (Bechstein, 1803) オオアカゲラ

Ô-akagera White-backed Woodpecker

Range : Palearctic and marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from Scandinavia

and c Europe east across s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to Asia Minor, Caspian region, Mongolia, and se China ; also Kamchatka and Taiwan. Sedentary.

356-1. *Dendrocopos leucotos subcirris* (Stejneger, 1886) エゾオオアカゲラ

Range : Resident in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., and s Kurile Is.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.). IV in Rishiri I.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 利尻島(IV), 南千島(RB: 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

356-2. *Dendrocopos leucotos stejnegeri* (Kuroda, 1921) オオアカゲラ

Range : Resident in n and c Honshu and Sado.

Status : RB in n and c Honshu (Aomori, Yamagata, Tochigi, Gunma, Chiba, Kanagawa, Niigata, Ishikawa, Yamanashi, Nagano), Sado.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed forests.

本州北・中部(RB: 青森, 山形, 栃木, 群馬, 千葉, 神奈川, 新潟, 石川, 山梨, 長野), 佐渡(RB).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

356-3. *Dendrocopos leucotos namiyei* (Stejneger, 1886) ナミエオオアカゲラ

Range : Resident in c and sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, and Kyushu.

Status : RB in c and sw Honshu (Shizuoka, Kyoto, Nara, Wakayama), Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat : Deciduous and evergreen broad-leaved forests, mixed forests.

本州中・南西部(RB: 静岡, 京都, 奈良, 和歌山), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

356-4. *Dendrocopos leucotos owstoni* (Ogawa, 1905) オーストンオオアカゲラ

Range : Resident on Amami-Ōshima.

Status : RB in Amami-Ōshima.

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

奄美大島(RB).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

357. *Dendrocopos minor* (Linnaeus, 1758) コアカゲラ

Ko-akagera Lesser Spotted Woodpecker

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from the British Isles and w Europe east across s Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido, south to Asia Minor, Caspian region, n Mongolia, and n Korea; also Kamchatka. Sedentary.

357-1. *Dendrocopos minor amurensis* (Buturlin, 1909) コアカゲラ

Range: Resident from the Amur Basin south to Ussuriland, Manchuria, and n Korea; also Sakhalin and Hokkaido.

Status: Locally common RB in Hokkaido. IV in Rishiri I., s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.). AV in Tobishima.

Habitat: Deciduous broad-leaved and mixed forests.

北海道(RB: 主に東部), 利尻島(IV), 南千島(IV: 色丹島), 飛島(AV).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

358. *Dendrocopos kizuki* (Temminck, 1835) コゲラ

Ko-gera Japanese Pygmy Woodpecker

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from Ussuriland and Sakhalin southward to sw Manchuria, Hopeh in n China, and Japan from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. to the Ryukyu Is. Sedentary.

358-1. *Dendrocopos kizuki ijimae* (Taka-Tsukasa, 1922) エゾコゲラ

Range: Resident in Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is., possibly also se Manchuria and ne Korea.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Deciduous broad-leaved and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林に生息する.

358-2. *Dendrocopos kizuki seebohmi* (Hargitt, 1884) コゲラ

Range: Resident in n and c Honshu.

Status: Common RB in n and c Honshu. AV in Sado.

Habitat: Deciduous and evergreen broad-leaved forests, mixed forests, open woodlands, near human habitations.

本州中・北部(RB: 滋賀, 福井, 京都以東), 佐渡(AV).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, また住宅地近くにも生息する.

358-3. *Dendrocopos kizuki matsudairai* (Kuroda, 1921) ミヤケコゲラ

Range: Resident on the Izu Is. and Yakushima.

Status: RB in Yakushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I.).

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests, near human habitations.

屋久島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島).

常緑広葉樹林, 住宅地近くにも生息する.

358-4. *Dendrocopos kizuki shikokuensis* (Kuroda, 1922) シコクコゲラ

Range: Resident in w Honshu and Shikoku.

Status: RB in w Honshu (Mie, Nara, Hyogo, Tottori), Shikoku.

Habitat: Deciduous broad-leaved and evergreen forests, mixed forests, open woodland, near human habitations.

本州西部(RB: 三重, 奈良, 兵庫, 鳥取), 四国(RB).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, 住宅地近くにも生息する.

358-5. *Dendrocopos kizuki kotataki* (Kuroda, 1922) ツシマコゲラ

Range: Resident on Oki and Tsushima.

Status: RB on Oki, Tsushima.

Habitat: Deciduous broad-leaved and mixed forests, near human habitations.

隠岐(RB), 対馬(RB).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 住宅地近くに生息する.

358-6. *Dendrocopos kizuki kizuki* (Temminck, 1835) キュウシュウコゲラ

Range: Resident in Kyushu.

Status: RB in Kyushu.

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests, cultivated land, near human habitations.

九州(RB).

常緑広葉樹林, 疎林, 住宅地近くに生息する.

358-7. *Dendrocopos kizuki amamii* (Kuroda, 1922) アマミコゲラ

Range: Resident on the Amami Is.

Status: RB on Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Kakeroma I., Uke I., Yoro I. Tokunoshima).

Habitat: Forests, near human habitations.

奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 請島, 与路島, 徳之島).

常緑広葉樹林, 疎林, 住宅地近くに生息する.

358-8. *Dendrocopos kizuki nigrescens* (Seeböhm, 1887) リュウキュウコゲラ

Range: Resident on the Okinawa Is.

Status: RB on Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Yagachi I.).

Habitat: Forests, near human habitations.

沖縄諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 屋我地島).

常緑広葉樹林, 住宅地近くに生息する.

358-9. *Dendrocopos kizuki orii* (Kuroda, 1923) オリイコゲラ

Range: Resident on Iriomote I.

Status: RB on Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I.).

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

八重山諸島(RB: 西表島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

PICOIDES Lacépède ミユビゲラ属359. *Picoides tridactylus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミユビゲラ

Miyubi-gera Three-toed Woodpecker

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from Scandinavia and c Europe east across the Siberian forests to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, w China, n Mongolia, n Korea, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido; also North America from Alaska to the n US. Sedentary.

359-1. *Picoides tridactylus inouyei* Yamashina, 1943 ミユビゲラ

Range: Resident in Hokkaido.

Status: Rare RB in Hokkaido.

Habitat: Evergreen coniferous, mixed and deciduous broad-leaved forests.

北海道(RB).

常緑針葉樹林, 針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林に生息する.

Order PASSERIFORMES スズメ目**Family PITTIDAE ヤイロチヨウ科****PITTA Vieillot ヤイロチヨウ属**360. *Pitta sordida* (Müller, 1776) ズグロヤイロチヨウ

Zuguro-yairochô

Hooded Pitta

Range : Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from the Himalayas and nw India east through se Asia to the Philippines, Greater Sunda Is., Borneo, and New Guinea. Northern birds migratory, wintering in tropical regions.

360-1. *Pitta sordida cucullata* Hartlaub, 1843 ズグロヤイロチョウ

Range : Breeds from the Himalayas and nw India to Indonesia, north to se Yunnan. Winters to the Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Java ; straggles to the Ryukyu Is. (Ishigaki I.).

Status : AV on Ishigaki I. (June 1984).

石垣島(AV, 1984年6月). 1例の記録がある.

361. *Pitta brachyura* (Linnaeus, 1766) ヤイロチョウ

Yairochō Fairy Pitta

Range : Temperate and tropical Asiatic. Breeds from the Himalayas and n India east to Vietnam, Malay Peninsula, and Sumatra, north through s China to e China, Korea, and sw Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering in tropical regions.

361-1. *Pitta brachyura nympha* Temminck & Schlegel, 1850 ヤイロチョウ

Range : Breeds in e China, s Korea (incl. Quelpart I.), sw Japan, and possibly Taiwan. Recorded on migration and in winter from s China, Indochina, and Borneo.

Status : Locally common MB in c and sw Honshu (Yamanashi, Nagano, Mie, Tottori, Hiroshima), Shikoku, Kyushu. AV in Hokkaido, n Honshu (Akita). IV in c and w Honshu, Hekura I., Oki. PV on Tsushima, Yakushima, Tokara Is., Okinawa I.

Habitat : Deciduous and evergreen forests along or near streams.

北海道(AV), 本州北部(AV : 秋田), 本州中・南西部(IV. MB : 山梨, 長野, 三重, 鳥取, 広島), 舩倉島(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 沖縄島(PV).

溪流沿いの落葉広葉樹林や常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

Family ALAUDIDAE ヒバリ科

MELANOCORYPHA Boie クビワコウテンシ属

362. *Melanocorypha bimaculata* (Ménétrières, 1832) クビワコウテンシ

Kubiwa-kôtenshi Bimaculated Lark

Range : C Palearctic. Breeds from Asia Minor and Lebanon eastward to

Afghanistan and Russian Turkestan, north to the Kirghiz Steppes and Zaisan Nor. Winters to ne Africa, Arabia, Pakistan, and nw India.

362-1. *Melanocorypha bimaculata torquata* Blyth, 1847 クビワコウテンシ

Range : Breeds in Transcaspia, e Iran, Afghanistan, and Russian Turkestan. Winters in s Afghanistan, Pakistan, and ne India ; straggles to Japan.

Status : AV in Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.).
伊豆諸島(AV : 八丈島), 琉球諸島(AV : 沖縄島, 与那国島).

CALANDRELLA Kaup ヒメコウテンシ属

363. *Calandrella cinerea* (Gmelin, 1789) ヒメコウテンシ

Hime-kōtenshi Short-toed Lark

Range : S Palearctic and Afrotropical. Breeds from s Europe eastward through w and c Asia to Mongolia and Manchuria ; also Arabia and non-forested regions of Africa. Eurasian birds winter to Africa, Afghanistan, and India to e China.

363-1. *Calandrella cinerea longipennis* (Eversmann, 1848) ヒメコウテンシ

Range : Breeds from the s Altai to Transbaikalia and Manchuria. Winters mainly to Afghanistan, Pakistan, and nw India ; casual in Sakhalin, Korea, and Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Yamagata, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Ishikawa, Nagano, Wakayama, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Sado, Shikoku (Kagawa), Kyushu (Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Izu Is. (Torishima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima., Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 山形, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 石川, 長野, 和歌山, 島根 山口), 佐渡(AV), 四国(AV : 香川), 九州(AV : 熊本, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(AV : 鳥島), 硫黄列島(AV : 北硫黄島), トカラ列島(AV), 奄美大島(AV), 沖縄島(AV).

364. *Calandrella cheleensis* (Swinhoe, 1871) コヒバリ

Ko-hibari Mongolian Short-toed Lark

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds from Russian Turkestan to Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and Manchuria. Sedentary and migratory, Manchurian birds wintering to n China.

364-1. *Calandrella cheleensis cheleensis* (Swinhoe, 1871) コヒバリ

Range : Breeds in ne Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and Manchuria. Winters to

s Manchuria and n China ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Fukushima, Chiba, Tokyo, Niigata, Toyama, Shizuoka, Shiga, Osaka, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Tokushima, Kagawa), Kyushu (Saga, Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 福島, 千葉, 東京, 新潟, 富山, 静岡, 滋賀, 大阪, 島根, 山口), 四国(AV: 徳島, 香川), 九州(AV: 佐賀, 鹿児島), 沖縄島(AV).

ALAUDA Linnaeus ヒバリ属

365. *Alauda arvensis* Linnaeus, 1758 ヒバリ

Hibari Skylark (or Common Skylark)

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa eastward across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to Iran, Russian Turkestan, n China, Korea, and Japan. Mainly migratory, e Asian birds wintering to s China.

365-1. *Alauda arvensis pekinensis* Swinhoe, 1863 オオヒバリ

Range : Breeds in ne Siberia from the middle Lena to the lower Kolyma, Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka, and Kurile Is. Winters to the lower Amur Basin, s Manchuria to Shantung, Ussuriland, Korea, s Sakhalin, and Japan.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu. IV in Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Cultivated fields, barren and sandy places with scattered short grasses, other arid areas in open country.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島).

農耕地, 草原, 湿原, 砂浜に渡来する.

365-2. *Alauda arvensis lonnbergi* Hachisuka, 1926 カラフトチュウヒバリ

Range : Breeds in Sakhalin, Shantar Is., and possibly the lower Amur Basin. Winters to e China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu. IV in Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Cultivated fields, barren and sandy places with scattered short grasses, other arid areas in open country.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV: 八丈島).

農耕地, 草原, 湿原に渡来する.

365-3. *Alauda arvensis japonica* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 ヒバリ

Range: Resident in Japan from Hokkaido to Kyushu. Recorded from the s Kurile Is.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. RB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Goto Is. WV or IV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, barren grasslands, meadows, sandy and arid sea coasts.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

農耕地, 草原, 牧草地, 海岸の草原に生息する.

EREMOPHILA Boie ハマヒバリ属

366. *Eremophila alpestris* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハマヒバリ

Hama-hibari Shore (Brit.) or Horned (US) Lark

Range: Holarctic, locally Neotropical. Breeds in arctic and subarctic regions of Eurasia, and from the Balkans, Asia Minor, and Near East to Tibet and Himalayas, north to the Altai, Mongolia, and Manchuria; also in nw Africa, North America south to Mexico, and Columbia in South America. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering in warmer areas.

366-1. *Eremophila alpestris flava* (Gmelin, 1789) ハマヒバリ

Range: Breeds from Scandinavia to Anadyrland, south to the Stanovoi Range and Lake Baikal. Winters to the British Isles, c and s Europe, c Asia, n China, and Amur Basin, occasionally Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan.

Status: Rare WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Tsushima. AV in Tokara Is.

Habitat: Barren fields, cultivated fields, arid and sandy sea coasts.

北海道(WV), 本州(WV), 対馬(WV), トカラ列島(AV).

荒地, 農耕地, 海岸などの開けた環境に渡来する.

Family HIRUNDINIDAE ツバメ科

RIPARIA Forster ショウドウツバメ属

367. *Riparia riparia* (Linnaeus, 1758) ショウドウツバメ

Shôdô-tsubame Sand Martin

Range: Holarctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from Europe to

Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to n Africa, Asia Minor, n India, and se China; also North America south to the s US. Winters to tropical regions.

367-1. *Riparia riparia ijimae* (Lönnberg, 1908) ショウドウツバメ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, Kurile Is. and Hokkaido. Winters to s China, Assam to Indochina, and Borneo.

Status: Common or rather common MB in Hokkaido, n Honshu (Aomori, Yamagata). Rare MB in s Kurile Is. PV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open fields near lakes, rivers, sea coasts.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(PV. MB: 青森, 山形), 四国(PV), 佐渡(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

河川, 湖近くの土手に営巣する。渡りの時期には本州以南でも海岸沿いの平野部で見られる。

HIRUNDO Linnaeus ツバメ属

368. *Hirundo rustica* Linnaeus, 1758 ツバメ

Tsubame House Swallow (or Barn Swallow)

Range: Holarctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from Europe and n Africa across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to Iran, Himalayas, s China, and Taiwan; also North America south to Mexico. Winters to tropical regions and Southern Hemisphere.

368-1. *Hirundo rustica saturata* Ridgway, 1883 アカハラツバメ

Range: Breeds in Kamchatka, coasts of the Okhotsk Sea, lower Amur Basin, and Manchuria. Specimens referable to this subspecies were collected in Korea, Japan, and Taiwan in winter.

Status: MB in sw Honshu (Yamaguchi). IV in Honshu (Aomori), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kagoshima), Danjo Is., Izu Is., Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州(IV: 青森. MB: 山口), 九州(IV: 福岡, 鹿児島), 男女諸島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

農耕地や居住地に生息する。

368-2. *Hirundo rustica gutturalis* Scopoli, 1786 ツバメ

Range: Breeds from the Himalayas to n Myanmar, China, and Taiwan, north to Korea, Ussuriland, middle Amur Basin, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Winters south to s India, Sri Lanka, Indonesia, New Guinea, Australia,

and islands in the sw Pacific.

Status : MB in sw Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is. MB or PV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. Rare MB in e Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Rare WV in Honshu, Daito Is. IV in Tsushima, Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is.

Habitat : Cultivated lands, residential areas.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB, 一部 WV), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(IV), 五島列島(MB), 屋久島(MB), 種子島(MB), 伊豆諸島(MB), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(MB), 奄美諸島(MB, PV), 琉球諸島(MB, PV), 大東諸島(WV).

農耕地や住宅地に生息する。

369. *Hirundo tahitica* Gmelin, 1789 リュウキュウツバメ

Ryūkyū-tsubame

Pacific Swallow

Range : Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from s India and Sri Lanka eastward to Indonesia, New Guinea, Australia, Tasmania, and islands in the sw Pacific, north to the Philippines, Taiwan, and Ryukyu Is. Sedentary.

369-1. *Hirundo tahitica namiyei* (Stejneger, 1887) リュウキュウツバメ

Range : Resident on the Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., and Taiwan.

Status : Locally common RB in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. PV in Daito Is.

Habitat : Open places, residential areas.

奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB), 大東諸島(PV).

住宅地に生息する。

370. *Hirundo daurica* Linnaeus, 1771 コシアカツバメ

Koshiaka-tsubame

Red-rumped Swallow

Range : Temperate and tropical Eurasian and Afrotropical. Breeds from the Balkans and Asia Minor across w and c Asia to China, Korea, Ussuriland, lower Amur Basin, and Japan, south to India and Sri Lanka ; also Iberian Peninsula and tropical Africa. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to Africa, India, se Asia, and s China.

370-1. *Hirundo daurica japonica* Temminck & Schlegel, 1844 コシアカツバメ

Range : Breeds in China, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Winters to India, se Asia, and s China.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. PV or IV in Yakushima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Cultivated lands, residential areas.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

農耕地, 住宅地に生息する.

DELICHON Horsfield & Moore イワツバメ属

371. *Delichon urbica* (Linnaeus, 1758) イワツバメ

Iwa-tsubame House Martin

Range : Palearctic, locally Indomalayan. Breeds from Europe across Eurasia to Anadyrland, south to nw Africa, Iran, Himalayas, s China, and Taiwan. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

371-1. *Delichon urbica dasyopus* (Bonaparte, 1850) イワツバメ

Range : Breeds in Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Korea, and Japan (incl. s Kurile Is.). Winters to s China, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Borneo, and Java.

Status : Locally common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is., Minami-Daito I. Rare WV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat : Open areas.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB, WV), 佐渡(MB), 四国(MB, WV), 九州(MB, WV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 南大東島(PV).

山地や海岸の崖, 建造物に営巣し, また低地や市街地でも繁殖する.

Family MOTACILLIDAE セキレイ科

DENDRONANTHUS Blyth イワミセキレイ属

372. *Dendronanthus indicus* (Gmelin, 1789) イワミセキレイ

Iwami-sekirei Forest Wagtail

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from c and w China to Manchuria, Korea, s Ussuriland, s Sakhalin, and sw Japan. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, s China, Sumatra, Java, and Borneo.

Status : AV in Hokkaido. IV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima), Ryukyu Is. CB in Honshu (Tottori, Shimane), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga).

Habitat : Deciduous and evergreen forests, cultivated fields, open wood-

lands.

北海道(AV), 本州(IV. CB: 鳥取, 島根), 四国(IV), 九州(IV. CB: 福岡, 佐賀), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV: 奄美大島, 徳之島), 琉球諸島(IV).

落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, 農耕地などに生息する.

MOTACILLA Linnaeus ハクセキレイ属

373. *Motacilla flava* Linnaeus, 1758 ツメナガセキレイ

Tsumenaga-sekirei Yellow Wagtail

Range: Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa east across Eurasia to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, and w coasts of Alaska, south to Asia Minor, Iran, Altai, Mongolia, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin. Winters to tropical regions.

373-1. *Motacilla flava simillima* Hartert, 1905 マミジロツメナガセキレイ

Range: Breeds on the Shelekhova Gulf coast, Kamchatka, Commander Is, and n Kurile Is. Winter to Myanmar, Andamans, se Asia, Philippines, and Indonesia.

Status: Uncommon PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. Common WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in Iwo Is.

Habitat: Open cultivated lands, grasslands, sea coasts.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 硫黄列島(IV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

農耕地, 草原に生息する. 渡りの時期は海岸にも現れる.

373-2. *Motacilla flava taivana* (Swinhoe, 1863) ツメナガセキレイ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia, w coast of the Okhotsk Sea, Shantar Is., lower Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and n Japan. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, s China, Taiwan, Philippines, and Indonesia.

Status: MB in n Hokkaido. IV in Honshu, Kyushu, Danjo Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open cultivated lands, marshes, grasslands, sea coast.

北海道北部(MB), 本州(IV), 九州(IV), 男女諸島(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

農耕地, 草原, 海岸に生息する.

373-3. *Motacilla flava macronyx* (Stresemann, 1920) キタツメナガセキレイ

Range: Breeds from se Transbaikalia to the s Amur Basin and Ussuriland, south to ne Mongolia and c Manchuria. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula,

se China, and Sumatra.

Status: IV in Honshu (Shizuoka, Yamaguchi), Kyushu, Amami-Ôshima, Yonaguni I.

本州(IV: 静岡, 山口), 九州(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 与那国島(IV).

374. *Motacilla citreola* Pallas, 1776 キガシラセキレイ

Kigashira-sekirei Citrine Wagtail

Range: C Palearctic. Breeds in w Siberia, sw Russia, and from e Iran across c Asia and Tibet to Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and nw Manchuria. Winters to India, se Asia, and s China.

374-1. *Motacilla citreola citreola* Pallas, 1776 キガシラセキレイ

Range: Breeds from nw Russia to Transbaikalia, upper Amur Basin, and nw Manchuria, south to the Altai and Mongolia. Winters to Baluchistan, India, se Asia, and s China; casual in Japan and w Europe.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Akita, Saitama, Niigata, Aichi, Wakayama, Hyogo, Shimane), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kagoshima), Danjo Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 秋田, 埼玉, 新潟, 愛知, 和歌山, 兵庫, 島根), 四国(AV: 徳島), 九州(AV: 福岡, 鹿児島), 男女諸島, 奄美諸島(AV: 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

375. *Motacilla cinerea* Tunstall, 1771 キセキレイ

Ki-sekirei Grey Wagtail

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa east to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, Iran, Himalayas, n China, and Japan. Winters south to tropical regions.

375-1. *Motacilla cinerea robusta* (Brehm, 1857) キセキレイ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia east to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to Manchuria, Hopeh in e China, Korea, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Winters to s China, se Asia, Philippines, and Indonesia.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado. Common RB in Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. WV in Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Mountain streams, cultivated lands, seashores, near human habitations.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 宍岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

繁殖期には, 山地の水辺に生息し, 冬には低地の農耕地, 水田跡, 住宅地にも生息する.

376. *Motacilla alba* Linnaeus, 1758 ハクセキレイ

Haku-sekirei White Wagtail

Range: Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa east through Eurasia to the coast of the Bering Sea and Japan, south to Iran and Himalayas; also w Alaska from Cape Lisburne south to St. Lawrence I. Mainly migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

376-1. *Motacilla alba ocularis* Swinhoe, 1860 タイワンハクセキレイ

Range: Breeds in ne Siberia from the Enisei River to the Chukot Peninsula, south to about 60°N. Winters to Assam, s China, Taiwan, and Philippines.

Status: AV in Honshu (Ishikawa, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.).

本州(AV: 石川, 島根, 山口), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 与那国島).

376-2. *Motacilla alba lugens* Gloger, 1829 ハクセキレイ

Range: Breeds on the Okhotsk coast north to Ayan, lower Amur Basin, coast of Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kamchatka, Commander Is., Kurile Is., and n Japan. Winters to se China, Taiwan and Japan.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Sado. WV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Sea coasts, marshes, cultivated fields, residential areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 宍岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 男女諸島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).

海岸, 湿地, 草原, 農耕地, 市街地などの開けた場所に生息する.

376-3. *Motacilla alba leucopsis* Gould, 1838 ホオジロハクセキレイ

Range: Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, w Ussuriland, Korea, s Mongolia, China from Manchuria and ne Sikang south to Kwangsi and Kwangtung, sw

Honshu, and Taiwan. Winters to the Himalayas, se Tibet, Assam, s China, and Taiwan.

Status: Scarce WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Goto Is., Izu Is., Ryukyu Is. AV in s Kurile Is. Scarce RB in Honshu, Kyushu. IV in Sado, Oki.

Habitat: Sea coasts, marshes, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(AV), 本州(WV, RB), 佐渡(IV), 隠岐(IV), 九州(WV, RB), 対馬(WV), 男女諸島(WV), 五島列島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV). 本州, 九州で繁殖記録がある。

海岸, 湿地, 草原, 農耕地などの開けた場所に生息する。

377. *Motacilla grandis* Sharpe, 1885 セグロセキレイ

Seguro-sekirei Japanese Wagtail

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido southward to Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, and Oki I. Sedentary but also winters to the Izu Is., Okinawa I., and Korea; straggles to s Sakhalin, Taiwan, and Hopeh in n China.

Status: Uncommon RB in Hokkaido. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu. Rare WV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is., Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I.

Habitat: River beds, lake shores, cultivated fields, residential areas.

北海道(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 沖縄島(WV).

河原, 湖畔, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する。

ANTHUS Bechstein タヒバリ属

378. *Anthus novaeseelandiae* (Gmelin, 1789) マミジロタヒバリ

Mamijiro-tahibari Richard's Pipit

Range: Old World. Breeds in w Siberia and e Russian Turkestan east to the Okhotsk coast, south through China to se Asia and India; also Africa, Indonesia to Australia, and New Zealand. Northern birds migratory, wintering to tropical regions.

378-1. *Anthus novaeseelandiae sinensis* (Bonaparte, 1850) マミジロタヒバリ

Range: Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and China from Hopeh to Fukien, Kiangsi and Szechwan. Winters to s China, Taiwan, and se Asia south to the Malay Peninsula and Sumatra; rare in Japan and Korea on

migration.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Fukushima), Shikoku. IV in Kyushu, Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, paddy fields, marshes.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 福島), 四国(AV), 九州(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

農耕地, 水田, 湿地など開けた場所に飛来する.

379. *Anthus godlewskii* (Taczanowski, 1876) コマミジロタヒバリ

Ko-mamijirotabari Godlewski's Pipit

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from Transbaikalia and nw Manchuria southward through Mongolia and Ala Shan to Tibet. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, and Nepal to Assam; casual in Korea and Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Oct. 1987), Honshu (Yamaguchi), Hekura I., Kyushu (Kagoshima), Tsushima, Yonaguni I.

北海道(AV, 1987年10月), 本州(AV: 山口), 舩倉島(AV), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 与那国島(AV).

380. *Anthus trivialis* (Linnaeus, 1758) ヨーロッパビンズイ

Yōroppa-binzui Tree Pipit

Range: W and c Palearctic. Breeds from Europe eastward to Lake Baikal and middle Lena, south to the Mediterranean regions, Asia Minor, n Iran, and nw Himalayas. Winters to tropical Africa and India.

380-1. *Anthus trivialis trivialis* (Linnaeus, 1758) ヨーロッパビンズイ

Range: Range of the species except Turkey and c Asia to the Himalayas and n India. Winters to the Mediterranean regions, Africa, s Iran, Afghanistan, and India; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Niigata), Kyushu (Kagoshima), Okinawa I.

本州(AV: 新潟), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), 沖縄島(AV).

381. *Anthus hodgsoni* Richmond, 1907 ビンズイ

Binzui Olive-backed Pipit

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds from sw Siberia eastward to the Okhotsk coast, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kamchatka, and Kurile Is., south to the Himalayas, w China, Korea, and Japan. Winters to India, se Asia, s China, Taiwan, and Philippines.

381-1. *Anthus hodgsoni yunnanensis* Uchida & Kuroda, 1916 カラフトビンズイ

Range : Range of the species except from the Himalayas to w China, Korea, and Japan.

Status : Rare WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Kyushu (Saga).

Habitat : Grasslands, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 本州(WV), 九州(WV: 佐賀).

草原, 農耕地などに飛来する.

381-2. *Anthus hodgsoni hodgsoni* Richmond, 1907 ビンズイ

Range : Breeds from the Himalayas to w China, Korea, and Japan. Both *A. h. yunnanensis* and *A. h. hodgsoni* winter in the same area.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Shikoku. Common WV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Coniferous and deciduous woods, forest edge, grasslands, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南西部(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(MB, WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).

森林, 草原, 農耕地などに生息する.

382. *Anthus gustavi* Swinhoe, 1863 セジロタヒバリ

Sejiro-tahibari

Pechora Pipit

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds from w Siberia east through n Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula, Kamchatka, and Commander Is. ; also s Ussuriland. Winters south to the Philippines, Lesser Sunda Is., Borneo, Sulawesi, and Moluccas.

382-1. *Anthus gustavi gustavi* Swinhoe, 1863 セジロタヒバリ

Range : Range of the species except the Commander Is. and s Ussuriland ; rare in Japan on migration.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Niigata, Shizuoka, Yamaguchi), Hoku-
ra I., Kyushu (Kagoshima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 新潟, 静岡, 山口), 舩倉島(AV), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), 硫黄列島(AV: 北硫黄島), トカラ列島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV).

383. *Anthus cervinus* (Pallas, 1811) ムネアカタヒバリ

Muneaka-tahibari Red-throated Pipit

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia east through Siberian tundras to the Chukot Peninsula, also possibly in Kamchatka and n Kurile Is. Winters to n India, se Asia, Philippines, Borneo, and Sulawesi; straggles to Baja California.

Status: Uncommon but regular PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. Common PV or WV in Yakushima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. IV on Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I.).

Habitat: Cultivated lands, wet grasslands, swampy areas, sea coasts.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 屋久島(WV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV), 大東諸島(IV: 北大東島).

農耕地, 草原, 水田, 湿地, 河口部, 海岸などに生息する.

384. *Anthus spinoletta* (Linnaeus, 1758) タヒバリ

Tahibari Water Pipit

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from Europe east across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the Mediterranean regions, Caucasus, Turkistan, lower Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Kurile Is.; also w Greenland and North America. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

384-1. *Anthus spinoletta japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1847 タヒバリ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia east of Lake Baikal, lower Amur Basin, Sakhalin, Kamchatka, and Kurile Is. Winters to n India, se Asia, and s China; straggles to Alaska.

Status: Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Cultivated lands, rice fields, swampy areas, sea coasts.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

農耕地, 湿地, 海岸, 草原などの開けた場所に生息する.

Family CAMPEPHAGIDAE サンショウクイ科

CORACINA Vieillot アサクラサンショウクイ属

385. *Coracina melaschistos* (Hodgson, 1836) アサクラサンショウクイ Asakura-sanshōkui Black-winged Cuckoo-shrike

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds from the Himalayas east through Assam and n Myanmar to n Thailand, n Indochina, Hainan, and mainland China north to n Hopeh. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to Myanmar, se Asia, and s China.

385-1. *Coracina melaschistos intermedia* (Hume, 1877) アサクラサンショウクイ

Range: Breeds in e China from Hopeh and Shensi south to Kwangtung. Winters to Myanmar, Thailand, and Indochina; accidental in Taiwan and Japan.

Status: AV in Kyushu (Miyazaki, Jan. 1971), Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I., Mar. 1975).

九州(AV: 宮崎, 1971年1月), 八重山諸島(AV: 西表島, 1975年3月).

PERICROCOTUS Boie サンショウクイ属

386. *Pericrocotus divaricatus* (Raffles, 1822) サンショウクイ Sanshōkui Ashy Minivet

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from the lower Amur Basin to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Mainly migratory, wintering to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Borneo.

386-1. *Pericrocotus divaricatus divaricatus* (Raffles, 1822) サンショウクイ

Range: Range of the species except the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is. Recorded from Taiwan and Pescadore Is.

Status: Common MB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. PV in Tanegashima, Tokara Is. AV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), Tsushima, Izu Is., Yaeyama Is.

Habitat: Deciduous and evergreen forests, open woodlands, near human habitations.

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV: 国後島), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(AV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(AV), トカラ列島(PV), 八重山諸島(AV).

落葉広葉樹林, 針葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する。

386-2. *Pericrocotus divaricatus tegimae* Stejneger, 1887 リュウキュウサンショウクイ

Range: Resident on the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is., south to Iriomote I. Have bred in Kyusyu and recorded from Yakushima, Tanegashima, Korea, and Taiwan.

Status: RB on Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in s Kyushu (Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Yakushima, Tanegashima, Kita-Daito I.

Habitat: Evergreen forests, open woodlands.

九州南部(IV: 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 屋久島(IV), 種子島(IV), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB), 北大東島(IV).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

Family PYCNONOTIDAE ヒヨドリ科

PYCNONOTUS Boie シロガシラ属

387. *Pycnonotus sinensis* (Gmelin, 1789) シロガシラ

Shirogashira Light-vented Bulbul

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds in s China north to the lower Yangtze Basin and west to Szechwan, Hainan, n Indochina, Taiwan, and s Japan. Sedentary.

387-1. *Pycnonotus sinensis orii* Kuroda, 1923 シロガシラ

Range: Resident on Okinawa I. and s Ryukyu Is. (Yaeyama Is.)

Status: RB in Okinawa I., Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Kohama I., Kuroshima, Taketomi I., Yonaguni I., Hateruma I.) AV in Honshu (Hiroshima).

Habitat: Open woodlands, forest edge, cultivated fields.

本州(AV: 広島), 沖縄島(RB), 八重山諸島(RB: 石垣島, 小浜島, 黒島, 竹富島, 与那国島, 波照間島).

林縁, 農耕地, 草原に生息する。沖縄島で1976年に初めて確認された。

HYPSIPETES Vigors ヒヨドリ属

388. *Hypsipetes amaurotis* (Temminck, 1830) ヒヨドリ

Hiyodori Brown-eared Bulbul

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds in s Sakhalin, Japan, Quelpart I., Dagelet I., Taiwan (very local), Lu Tao I., Lan Yu I., and small islets off n Luzon. Mainly sedentary, but northern birds winter in warmer regions.

388-1. *Hypsipetes amaurotis amaurotis* (Temminck, 1830) ヒヨドリ

Range: Breeds from s Sakhalin and Hokkaido southward to Yakushima and Tanegashima, Izu Is., small islands in the Sea of Japan and off Kyushu, Quelpart I., and Dagelet I. Sedentary, but wanders to plains and warmer areas. Recorded from the Ryukyu Is., Korea, and Yangtze Basin in e China.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.). WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open woods, forest edge, cultivated lands, residential areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(IV: 国後島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

疎林, 林縁, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する.

388-2. *Hypsipetes amaurotis squameiceps* (Kittlitz, 1831) オガサワラヒヨドリ

Range: Resident on the Ogasawara Is.

Status: Common RB on Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Chichijima, Hahajima).

Habitat: Open woods, residential areas.

小笠原諸島(RB: 聳島, 父島, 母島).

森林, 住宅地に生息する.

388-3. *Hypsipetes amaurotis magnirostris* Hartert, 1905 ハシブトヒヨドリ

Range: Resident on the Iwo Is.

Status: RB on Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.).

Habitat: Open woods, cultivated fields.

硫黄列島(RB: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島).

疎林, 林縁に生息する.

388-4. *Hypsipetes amaurotis borodinonis* (Kuroda, 1923) ダイトウヒヨドリ

Range: Resident on the Daito Is.

Status: Common RB on Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat: Open woods, cultivated fields.

大東諸島(RB: 北大東島, 南大東島).

森林に生息する.

388-5. *Hypsipetes amaurotis ogawae* Hartert, 1907 アマミヒヨドリ

Range: Resident on the Tokara Is. and Amami Is.

Status: Common RB on Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kake-

roma I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I.).

Habitat : Open woods, cultivated lands, residential areas.

トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島).
疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する.

388-6. *Hypsipetes amaurotis pryori* Stejneger, 1887 リュウキュウヒヨドリ

Range : Resident on the Okinawa Is. and Miyako Is.

Status : Common RB on Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Zamami I., Kume I.), Miyako Is.

Habitat : Open woods, cultivated lands, residential areas.

沖縄諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 座間味島, 久米島), 宮古諸島(RB).
疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する.

388-7. *Hypsipetes amaurotis stejnegeri* Hartert, 1907 イシガキヒヨドリ

Range : Resident on the Yaeyama Is. (except Yonaguni I.)

Status : Common RB on Yaeyama Is. (except Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Open woods, cultivated lands, residential areas.

八重山諸島(RB: 与那国島を除く石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 黒島).
疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する.

388-8. *Hypsipetes amaurotis nagamichii* Deignan, 1960 タイワンヒヨドリ

Range : Resident on Yonaguni I., e and s Taiwan, Kizanto I., Lu Tao I., and Lan Yu I..

Status : Common RB on Yonaguni I.

Habitat : Various types of forest, cultivated lands, residential areas.

与那国島(RB).

疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地に生息する.

Family LANIIDAE モズ科

LANIUS Linnaeus モズ属

389. *Lanius tigrinus* Drapiez, 1828 チゴモズ

Chigo-mozu Thick-billed Shrike

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, n and c Japan, and e China south to the Yangtze Basin and west to Szechwan. Winters to the Malay Peninsula and Greater Sunda Is.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Yagishiri I. Locally common MB in n and c Honshu (south to Gifu). CB in s Honshu (Okayama). IV in s Honshu,

Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed woods, open woodlands.

北海道(AV), 焼尻島(AV), 本州北・中部(MB). 本州南部(IV. CB : 岡山), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 屋久島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

低地の広葉樹林, 混交林, 灌木林に生息する。

390. *Lanius bucephalus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1845 モズ

Mozu Bull-headed Shrike

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in e China from s Manchuria to Hopeh and Shantung, s Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan, occasionally s Sakhalin; also sw Kansu in n China. Partially migratory, wintering in s Korea, Japan, and e China.

390-1. *Lanius bucephalus bucephalus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1845 モズ

Range : Range of the species except Kansu in China.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Iki, Goto Is., Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Tokara Is., Daito Is. WV on Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed woods, forest edges, clearings, open country.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB), 小笠原諸島(RB), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(RB).

低地の疎な広葉樹林, 混交林, 林縁, 農耕地, 灌木草原, 住宅地などに生息する。

391. *Lanius cristatus* Linnaeus, 1758 アカモズ

Aka-mozu Brown Shrike

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds from the Altai east to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to w and s China, Korea, Ussuriland, and Japan. Winters to India, se Asia, s China, Philippines, and Lesser Sunda Is. to the Moluccas.

390-1. *Lanius cristatus lucionensis* Linnaeus, 1766 シマアカモズ

Range : Breeds in s Ussuriland, Korea, sw Japan, and China from s Manchuria west to Shensi and Szechwan, south to the Yangtze Basin and locally in Kwangtung. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Sumatra, Borneo, and Moluccas.

Status : IV in Honshu (Yamagata, Ishikawa, Wakayama, Yamaguchi), Kyushu (Saga, Oita, Miyazaki). Common PV in Amami-Ōshima, Daito Is.

Local MB in Kyushu (Kumamoto, Kagoshima). PV or scarce WV in Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Cultivated lands, edges of woods, dry grasslands.

本州(IV : 山形, 石川, 和歌山, 山口), 九州(IV : 佐賀, 大分, 宮崎. MB : 熊本, 鹿児島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV), 大東諸島(PV).

農耕地, 林縁に生息する。渡りの時期には草原にも生息する。

391-2. *Lanius cristatus superciliosus* Latham, 1801 アカモズ

Range : Breeds in Sakhalin and n Japan. Winters to s China, Hainan, Indochina, Malay Peninsula, and Sunda Is.

Status : Rather common MB in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu, Sado. Uncommon MB in sw Honshu (Kyoto, Tottori). PV in s Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. Uncommon WV in Yaeyama Is.

Habitat : Open woods, forest edge, clearings, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 佐渡(MB), 本州南西部(PV. MB : 京都, 鳥取), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 八重山諸島(WV).

開けた林, 木が疎生する草原, 林縁に生息する。北海道, 本州北部では低地にも生息する。

392. *Lanius schach* Linnaeus, 1758 タカサゴモズ

Takasago-mozu Rufous-backed Shrike

Range : Indomalayan and Australasian, marginally Palearctic. Breeds from e Iran and Turkestan east across India and Sri Lanka to se Asia, s China, Taiwan, Philippines, Sunda Is., and New Guinea. Mainly sedentary, northern birds wintering in warmer areas and plains.

392-1. *Lanius schach schach* Linnaeus, 1758 タカサゴモズ

Range : Breeds in s China north to the Yangtze Basin and Shensi, west to Szechwan and south to n Indochina. Winters in plains ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Kyushu (Kagoshima, Mar. 1987), Iriomote I. (Mar. 1985).

九州(AV : 鹿児島, 1987年3月), 西表島(AV, 1985年3月).

393. *Lanius excubitor* Linnaeus, 1758 オオモズ

Ô-mozu Great Grey (Brit.) or Northern (US) Shrike

Range : Holarctic, partly Indomalayan. Breeds in n Eurasia from Europe to the Chukot Peninsula and c Asia, south to Arabia and India ; also n Africa and n North America. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to ne Africa, temperate Asia, and s North America.

393-1. *Lanius excubitor mollis* Eversmann, 1853 シベリアオオモズ

Range: Breeds in the Altai, Sayans, and nw Mongolia. Winters occasionally to n China (Hopeh); straggles to Japan.

Status: AV in Kyushu (1899).

九州(AV, 1899年).

393-2. *Lanius excubitor bianchii* Hartert, 1907 オオモズ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin and possibly in the s Kurile Is. Winters south to Hokkaido.

Status: Scarce WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in Honshu, Oki, Kyushu.

Habitat: Sparse woodlands, open country, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(IV), 隠岐(IV), 九州(IV).

疎林, 農耕地などに生息する.

394. *Lanius sphenocercus* Cabanis, 1873 オオカラモズ

Ô-karamozu Chinese Great-grey Shrike

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from e Tian Shan and e Tsinghai eastward to Manchuria, s Ussuriland, and n Korea, south to s Szechwan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to se China and Korea.

394-1. *Lanius sphenocercus sphenocercus* Cabanis, 1873 オオカラモズ

Range: Range of the species except e Tsinghai to s Szechwan. Winters occasionally to Fukien and Kwangtung; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu, Sado, Hekura I., Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima.

本州(AV), 佐渡(AV), 舩倉島(AV), 四国(AV), 九州(AV), 対馬(AV).

Family BOMBYCILLIDAE レンジャク科

BOMBYCILLA Vieillot レンジャク属

395. *Bombycilla garrulus* (Linnaeus, 1758) キレンジャク

Ki-renjaku Waxwing (or Bohemian Waxwing)

Range: N Holarctic. Breeds in n Eurasia from Scandinavia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, Lake Baikal, and Stanovoi Range; also n North America. Winters to temperate regions.

395-1. *Bombycilla garrulus centralasiae* Poljakov, 1915 キレンジャク

Range: Breeds in e Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, Lake Baikal, Stanovoi Range, and lower Amur Basin. Winters in

Mongolia, e China from s Manchuria to the Yangtze Basin, s Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan.

Status: Common WV or PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. IV on Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Light deciduous and mixed woods, cultivated lands, near human habitations.

北海道(WV, PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV, PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(WV, PV), 九州(WV, PV), 対馬(WV, PV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

平野部の疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地などに飛来する.

396. *Bombycilla japonica* (Siebold, 1824) ヒレンジャク

Hi-renjaku Japanese Waxwing

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from se Siberia to the lower Amur Basin, ne Manchuria, and n Ussuriland. Winters in e China south to the Yangtze Basin, Manchuria, Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan, occasionally Fukien and Taiwan.

Status: Common but sporadic WV and PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. IV on Izu Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Light deciduous and mixed woods, cultivated lands, near human habitations.

北海道(WV, PV), 本州(WV, PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(WV, PV), 九州(WV, PV), 対馬(WV, PV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

平野部の疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地などに飛来する.

Family CINCLIDAE カワガラス科

CINCLUS Borkhausen カワガラス属

397. *Cinclus pallasii* Temminck, 1820 カワガラス

Kawa-garasu Brown Dipper

Range: E Asiatic, locally c Palearctic. Breeds from n Afghanistan and Himalayas eastward to China, n Indochina, and Taiwan, north to Korea, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Amur Basin, Okhotsk coast, Kamchatka, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Sedentary.

397-1. *Cinclus pallasii pallasii* Temminck, 1820 カワガラス

Range: Range of the species except Afghanistan and from the Himalayas to n Thailand.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima.

Habitat: Streams in mountainous areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 屋久島(RB).

溪流に生息する。

Family TROGLODYTIDAE ミソサザイ科

TROGLODYTES Vieillot ミソサザイ属

398. *Troglodytes troglodytes* (Linnaeus, 1758) ミソサザイ

Misosazai Wren (Brit.) or Winter Wren (US)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa eastward across Eurasia to se Siberia, Kamchatka, and Commander Is., south to the Himalayas, w and n China, Korea, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Japan, and Taiwan; also Aleutian Is. and North America south to the n US. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in warmer areas.

398-1. *Troglodytes troglodytes fumigatus* Temminck, 1835 ミソサザイ

Range: Resident in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, and Ōshima in the Izu Is. in Japan and Quelpart I. in Korea.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Izu Is. (Ōshima). IV in Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Dense deciduous and mixed woods, forest edge.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島), 琉球諸島(IV).

おもに山地森林の溪流沿いに生息する。冬期は低地へ移動する。

398-2. *Troglodytes troglodytes mosukei* Momiyama, 1923 モスケミソサザイ

Range: Resident on the Izu Is. (except Ōshima).

Status: RB on Izu Is. (Kozu I., Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I.).

Habitat: Woods, forest edge.

伊豆諸島(RB: 神津島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島).

森林に生息する。

398-3. *Troglodytes troglodytes orii* Yamashina, 1939 ダイトウミソサザイ

Range: Resident on the Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Status: FB on Minami-Daito I. (probably extinct).

大東諸島(FB: 南大東島)。現在の生息状況は不明で、おそらく絶滅したものと見られている。

398-4. *Troglodytes troglodytes ogawae* Hartert, 1910 オガワミソサザイ

Range: Resident on Yakushima and Tanegashima.

Status: Rare RB on Yakushima, Tanegashima.

Habitat: Forests.

屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB).

森林に生息する。

Family PRUNELLIDAE イワヒバリ科

PRUNELLA Vieillot カヤクグリ属

399. *Prunella collaris* (Scopoli, 1769) イワヒバリ

Iwa-hibari Alpine Accentor

Range: Palearctic. Discrete montane distribution from c and s Europe and nw Africa eastward through the Caucasus, Iran, and Himalayas to China and Taiwan, north to s Siberia, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Japan. Sedentary, but winters to lower elevations and warmer areas.

399-1. *Prunella collaris erythropigia* (Swinhoe, 1870) イワヒバリ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia, Mongolia, Amur Basin, China from Manchuria to Hopeh and n Szechwan, Ussuriland, n Korea, and Japan (c Honshu).

Status: Common RB in the alpine zone of high mountains (winters at lower elevations) in c and n Honshu. WV or AV in sw Honshu (Nara, Hyogo), Kyushu (Saga).

Habitat: Bare stony ground, barren slopes, alpine meadows.

本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV: 奈良. AV: 兵庫), 九州(AV: 佐賀).

本州の高山で繁殖し、冬期はやや低い所へ漂行する。

400. *Prunella montanella* (Pallas, 1776) ヤマヒバリ

Yama-hibari Siberian Accentor

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds from w Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Chukot Peninsula, south to the Altai, Stanovoi Range, and Amur Basin. Winters to Mongolia, s Manchuria, n China, Korea, Sakhalin, and rarely

Japan ; straggles to Europe and Alaska.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu. AV in s Honshu, Kyushu.

Habitat : Open woodlands, hillsides.

北海道(IV), 本州北・中部(IV), 本州南部(AV), 九州(AV).

疎林, 低木林に生息する.

401. *Prunella rubida* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) カヤクグリ

Kayakuguri Japanese Accentor

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. to c Honshu. Sedentary, but winters to lower elevations and warmer areas.

Status : Common RB in the alpine and subalpine zones in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. WV in sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. IV in Oki.

Habitat : Thickets and undergrowth of subalpine deciduous and mixed woods.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV).

本州中部以北の高山低木林, 冬には山麓や暖地の低木林, 林縁に生息する.

Family TURDIDAE ツグミ科

ERITHACUS Cuvier コマドリ属

402. *Erithacus akahige* (Temminck, 1835) コマドリ

Komadori Japanese Robin

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in s Sakhalin and Japan. Mainly migratory, wintering south to se China.

402-1. *Erithacus akahige akahige* (Temminck, 1835) コマドリ

Range : Breeds in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, and Kyushu. Winters to se China. Recorded from the Izu Is., Yakushima, Hopeh and Kiangsu in China, and Taiwan.

Status : Locally common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. IV in Oki. AV in Yakushima, Izu Is.

Habitat : Damp evergreen, mixed or deciduous forests.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB), 隠岐(IV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 屋久島(AV), 伊豆諸島(AV).

おもに針広混交林に生息する.

402-2. *Erithacus akahige tanensis* Kuroda, 1923 タネコマドリ

Range : Breeds on the s Izu Is. and Yakushima. Recorded from Tanegashima.

Status : Common MB on Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Kozu I., Miyake I., Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Mixed and broad-leaved evergreen forests of Izu Is., *Cryptomeria* forests in Yakushima.

屋久島(MB), 種子島(MB), 伊豆諸島(MB: 神津島, 三宅島, 八丈島).

伊豆諸島で常緑広葉樹林に, 屋久島では1,000 m 以上のスギ林に生息する.

403. *Erithacus komadori* (Temminck, 1835) アカヒゲ

Akahige Ryukyu Robin

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from the Danjo Is., Yakushima, and Tanegashima south through the Tokara Is. and Amami Is. to the Ryukyu Is. Sedentary, but northern birds also winter to the s Ryukyu Is.

403-1. *Erithacus komadori komadori* (Temminck, 1835) アカヒゲ

Range : Breeds on the Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is. and Amami Is. Partly migratory to winter in the s Ryukyu Is.

Status : Common MB on Tokara Is. RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kakeroma I., Tokunoshima). Scarcely MB on Yakushima, Tanegashima, Danjo Is. IV on Okinoerabu I., Okinawa I., Miyako I. Scarce WV in Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Damp evergreen forests with thick undergrowth.

男女諸島(MB), 屋久島(MB), 種子島(MB), トカラ列島(MB), 奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 徳之島. IV: 沖永良部島), 沖縄島(IV), 宮古島(IV), 八重山諸島(WV: 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

リュウキュウチク林や常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

403-2. *Erithacus komadori namiyei* (Stejneger, 1887) ホントウアカヒゲ

Range : Resident on the Okinawa Is.

Status : Locally common RB on Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Kerama Is.).

Habitat : Damp evergreen forests with thick undergrowth

沖縄諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 慶良間諸島). 慶良間諸島では近年の記録がない.
常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

403-3. *Erithacus komadori subrufus* (Kuroda, 1923) ウスアカヒゲ

Range : Known from a single type specimen from Yonaguni I.

Status : IV on Yaeyama Is. (Yonaguni I., Oct. 1921).

八重山諸島(IV: 与那国島, 1921年10月). わずか1羽の標本があるだけである.

LUSCINIA Forster ノゴマ属

404. *Luscinia sibilans* (Swinhoe, 1863) シマゴマ

Shima-goma Rufous-tailed Robin

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in c and se Siberia from the Altai and upper Enisei to the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin, south to Transbaikalia and Manchuria; also Kamchatka. Winters to se Asia, s China, and Hainan. Recorded from Korea, s Kurile Is., Japan, and e China on migration.

Status: Rare PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I., Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.), Honshu (Yamagata, Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui, Nagano, Osaka, Shimane), Sado. AV in Shikoku, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kumamoto, Oita).

Habitat: Open woodlands, lowland plains.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV: 択捉島, 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(PV: 山形, 新潟, 石川, 福井, 長野, 大阪, 島根), 佐渡(PV), 四国(AV), 九州(AV: 福岡, 佐賀, 熊本, 大分).

少数が主に日本海側の平地林, 海岸林等を通過する.

405. *Luscinia calliope* (Pallas, 1776) ノゴマ

No-goma Siberian Rubythroat

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds from w Siberia to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan; also w China in Szechwan and Kansu. Winters to India, se Asia, s China, Taiwan, and Philippines; straggles to w Europe.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Uncommon PV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Shrubby grasslands, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(MB), 本州中・南西部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 硫黄列島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV), 大東諸島(PV).

草原や低木林に生息する.

406. *Luscinia svecica* (Linnaeus, 1758) オガワコマドリ

OGawa-komadori Bluethroat

Range: Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds from n and c Europe east across n Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Chukot Peninsula, and Kamchatka,

south to c Asia, nw Himalayas, Mongolia, nw China, and Manchuria ; also locally in w Alaska. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

406-1. *Luscinia svecica svecica* (Linnaeus, 1758) オガワコマドリ

Range : Breeds in n Eurasia from n and c Europe to the Chukot Peninsula and locally w Alaska, south to n Kamchatka, w coast of the Okhotsk Sea, and Manchuria (but absent in se Siberia, Transbaikalia, and Amur Basin). E Siberian birds winter in Assam, se Asia, and s China ; straggles to Japan and Korea.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Shizuoka, Kyoto, Hyogo, Wakayama, Shimane, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Sado, Hekura I., Shikoku (Kagawa), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kumamoto, Kagoshima), Kusagaki I., Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I.).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 静岡, 京都, 兵庫, 和歌山, 島根, 岡山, 山口), 佐渡(AV), 舩倉島(AV), 四国(AV: 香川), 九州(AV: 福岡, 熊本, 鹿児島), 草垣島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 西表島).

407. *Luscinia cyane* (Pallas, 1776) コルリ

Ko-ruri Siberian Blue Robin

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia from the Altai to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea (rare), Sakhalin, and Japan. Winters to Assam, se Asia, s China, Philippines, Sumatra, and Borneo.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. Uncommon PV in s Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Izu Is. (Aogashima), Tokara Is.

Habitat : Mountain forest with dense undergrowth, forest edge.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南部(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV: 青ヶ島), トカラ列島(PV).

山地の針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林などに生息する.

TARSIGER Hodgson ルリビタキ属

408. *Tarsiger cyanurus* (Pallas, 1773) ルリビタキ

Ruri-bitaki Red-flanked Bushrobin

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds from n Lapland and Urals east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, and Kamchatka, south to Manchuria, n Mongolia, Ussuriland, and Japan ; also Himalayas to se Tibet, Assam, and w China. Winters to temperate regions.

408-1. *Tarsiger cyanurus cyanurus* (Pallas, 1773) ルリビタキ

Range: Range of the species except nw India and Himalayas to Tibet, Assam, and w China. Winters from Japan and s Korea to s China, Taiwan, Hainan, and se Asia.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. RB in Honshu, Shikoku. WV in Sado, Oki, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Subalpine deciduous and coniferous forests.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(RB), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

ダケカンバ林や針広混交林に生息する。

PHOENICURUS Forster ジョウビタキ属409. *Phoenicurus ochruros* (Gmelin, 1774) クロジョウビタキ

Kuro-jôbitaki Black Redstart

Range: S Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east across Eurasia to n China, north to se Siberia and south to the Caucasus, Himalayas, and w China. Winters to temperate and tropical regions.

409-1. *Phoenicurus ochruros rufiventris* (Vieillot, 1818) クロジョウビタキ

Range: Breeds in nw and w China and se Tibet. Winters to n India, Himalayas, and Assam to n Myanmar; straggles to Korea and Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Apr. 1984, June 1999), Honshu (Saitama, winters in 1987, 1988), Hekura I. (Apr. 1984), Mishima (Apr. 1985).

北海道(AV, 1984年4月, 1999年6月), 本州(AV: 埼玉, 1987年, 1988年冬), 舩倉島(AV, 1984年4月), 見島(AV, 1985年4月).

410. *Phoenicurus aureus* (Pallas, 1776) ジョウビタキ

Jô-bitaki Daurian Redstart

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from se Tibet and w China northeast to Mongolia, Lake Baikal, lower Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and n Korea. Winters in temperate regions.

410-1. *Phoenicurus aureus aureus* (Pallas, 1776) ジョウビタキ

Range: Breeds in se Siberia from the west of Lake Baikal to the lower Amur Basin, Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, and n China in

Hopeh and Shansi ; has bred in Hokkaido once. Winters in s Japan, s Korea, e and s China, Taiwan, Hainan, and n Indochina.

Status : Rare WV in Hokkaido. IV in s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is. CB in c Hokkaido.

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated lands.

北海道(WV. CB : 中部), 南千島(IV : 国後島), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 宍岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV), 大東諸島(IV).

農耕地, 疎林, 住宅地などに生息する.

SAXICOLA Bechstein ノビタキ属

411. *Saxicola torquata* (Linnaeus, 1766) ノビタキ

No-bitaki Stonechat

Range : Palearctic and Afrotropical. Breeds from w Europe eastward across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to c Asia, Himalayas, and w China ; also Africa (except the Sahara), Madagascar, and Comoros. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering in temperate and tropical regions.

411-1. *Saxicola torquata stejnegeri* (Parrot, 1908) ノビタキ

Range : Breeds in c and e Siberia east to the Kolyma Basin and the Okhotsk coast, south to n Mongolia, Amur Basin, Manchuria to n Hopeh, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan. Winters to Assam, se Asia, s China, Taiwan, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. CB in Kyushu (Fukuoka). PV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. PV or WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open grasslands, meadows with scattered shrubs.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南西部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV. CB : 福岡), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV).

草原に生息する.

412. *Saxicola ferrea* Gray, 1846 ヤマザキヒタキ

Yamazaki-hitaki Grey Bushchat

Range: S Asiatic. Breeds from e Afghanistan, nw India, and Himalayas eastward to se Tibet, Assam to n Vietnam, and w and s China north to the Yangtze Basin. Winters to w Pakistan, India, and se Asia.

412-1. *Saxicola ferrea haringtoni* (Hartert, 1910) ヤマザキヒタキ

Range: Range of the species except e Afghanistan, nw India, and Himalayas east to Sikkim. Winters from Assam to se Asia and s China; straggles to Taiwan and Japan.

Status: AV in Kyushu (Saga, Apr. 1986), Yakushima (Mar.~Apr. 1979), Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I., Apr. 1983, Yonaguni I., Mar. 1984, Mar. 1988).

九州(AV: 佐賀, 1986年4月), 屋久島(AV, 1979年3~4月), 八重山諸島(AV: 西表島, 1983年4月, 与那国島, 1984年3月, 1988年3月).

OENANTHE Vieillot サバクヒタキ属

413. *Oenanthe isabellina* (Temminck, 1829) イナバヒタキ

Inaba-hitaki Isabelline Wheatear

Range: Mainly c Palearctic. Breeds from Asia Minor, Near East, and Caucasus eastward through c Asia to nw China, Mongolia, and Transbaikalia. Winters to tropical Africa, Arabia, Iran, and India; straggles to w Europe and Japan.

Status: AV in s Kurile Is. (Shikotan I.), Honshu (Aichi, Osaka, Tottori, between 1905 and 1910), Tsushima (Apr. 1983).

南千島(AV: 色丹島), 本州(AV: 愛知, 大阪, 鳥取, 1905~1910の間), 対馬(AV, 1983年4月).

414. *Oenanthe oenanthe* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハシグロヒタキ

Hashiguro-hitaki Wheatear (or Northern Wheatear)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east across Eurasia to the Chukot Peninsula, south to Iran, nw China, Mongolia, and nw Manchuria; also Somaliland in ne Africa, arctic North America, and Greenland. Winters to tropical Africa, Arabia, India, n China, and temperate North America.

414-1. *Oenanthe oenanthe oenanthe* (Linnaeus, 1758) ハシグロヒタキ

Range: Range of the species except the Iberian Peninsula, nw and ne Africa, ne Canada, and Greenland. E Palearctic birds winter mainly in Mongolia and n China; straggles to e China, Japan, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Sep. 1986, May 1998), Honshu (Yamagata, Sep.

1994, Tokyo, Nov. 1969, Kyoto, Oct. 1972, Shimane, May 1996), Tsushima (May 1992), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima, Oct. 1988), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Apr. 1936).

北海道(AV, 1986年9月, 1998年5月), 本州(AV: 山形, 1994年9月, 東京, 1969年11月, 京都, 1972年10月, 島根, 1996年5月), 対馬(AV, 1992年5月), 小笠原諸島(AV: 父島, 1988年10月), 硫黄列島(AV: 北硫黄島, 1936年4月).

415. *Oenanthe pleschanka* (Lepechin, 1770) セグロサバクヒタキ

Seguro-sabakuhitaki Pied Wheatear

Range: S Palearctic. Breeds from Romania and s Russia east to c Asia, nw Himalayas, n China, Mongolia, and Transbaikalia; also Cyprus. Winters to tropical Africa and Arabia.

415-1. *Oenanthe pleschanka pleschanka* (Lepechin, 1770) セグロサバクヒタキ

Range: Range of the species except Cyprus; straggles to the British Isles, w Europe, and Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Apr. 1991), Honshu (Miyagi, Apr. 1978, Ibaraki, Chiba, Sep. 1990, Ishikawa, Apr. 1976), Hekura I. (May 1977, May 1978, Oct. 1981, Nov. 1987), Tsushima.

北海道(AV, 1991年4月), 本州(AV: 宮城, 1978年4月 茨城, 千葉, 1990年9月, 石川, 1976年4月), 舩倉島(AV, 1977年5月, 1978年5月, 1981年10月, 1987年11月), 対馬(AV).

416. *Oenanthe deserti* (Temminck, 1825) サバクヒタキ

Sabaku-hitaki Desert Wheatear

Range: S Palearctic. Breeds from the s Caucasus eastward through Iran and c Asia to the Himalayas, Tibet, w and nw China, and Mongolia; also n Sahara and nw Arabia. Mainly migratory, wintering in ne Africa, Arabia, Iran, Pakistan, and nw India.

416-1. *Oenanthe deserti oreophila* (Oberholser, 1900) サバクヒタキ

Range: Breeds from Pamir and Tibet to the Himalayas, w and nw China, and Mongolia. Winters to s Iran and Arabia; straggles to the Kurile Is. (Shimushiru I.) and Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Iwate, Saitama, Nov. 1980, Tokyo, Jan.~Feb. 1968, Aichi, Mie, Oct. 1983, Nara, Dec. 1988~Mar. 1989), Hekura I. (Nov. 1981), Shikoku (Kochi), Ogasawara Is. (Hahajima, Sep. 1981), Amami Is. (Yoron I.).

本州(AV: 岩手, 埼玉, 1980年11月, 東京, 1968年1~2月, 愛知, 三重, 1983

年10月, 奈良, 1988年12月~1989年3月), 舩倉島(AV, 1981年11月), 四国(AV : 高知), 小笠原諸島(AV : 母島, 1981年9月), 奄美諸島(AV : 与論島).

MONTICOLA Boie イソヒヨドリ属

417. *Monticola solitarius* (Linnaeus, 1758) イソヒヨドリ

Iso-hiyodori Blue Rockthrush

Range : S Palearctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from s Europe and nw Africa east through Asia Minor and Iran to Turkestan, Himalayas, China, Manchuria, Korea, and Japan ; also Taiwan and Malay Peninsula. Partially migratory, wintering in temperate and tropical regions.

417-1. *Monticola solitarius pandoo* (Sykes, 1832) アオハライソヒヨドリ

Range : Breeds from Pamir and Himalayas east to Assam, s Tibet, and w and s China north to Tian Shan and s Shensi. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, se Asia, s China, Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Borneo ; straggles to the Tokara Is. and Taiwan.

Status : AV in Tokara Is. (May 1988), Yonaguni I. (Mar. 1990).

トカラ列島(AV : 1988年5月), 与那国島(AV : 1990年3月). 2例の記録がある.

417-2. *Monticola solitarius philippensis* (Müller, 1776) イソヒヨドリ

Range : Breeds in Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan, south to Shantung in e China and Taiwan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to e China south of the Yangtze Basin, Hainan, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Moluccas.

Status : Not common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I., Shikotan I.). Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Rocky places on sea coasts, occasionally cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB : 国後島, 色丹島), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 男女諸島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), 小笠原諸島(RB), 硫黄列島(RB), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB), 大東諸島(RB).

海岸や島の岩石地に生息する.

418. *Monticola gularis* (Swinhoe, 1863) ヒメイソヒヨ

Hime-isohiyo White-throated Rockthrush

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds on s Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, and Ussuriland, south to n Korea and Hopeh in e China. Winters to c China, Vietnam, n Thailand, and c Myanmar. Straggles to Japan and Malay Peninsula.

Satus : AV in Teuri I., (May 1986), n Honshu (Akita, May 1969), Hekura I. (May 1993, May 1994, May 1996, May 1998), Kyushu (Fukuoka, May 1993), Iriomote I. (Feb. 1986)

天売島(AV, 1986年5月), 本州(AV: 秋田, 1969年5月), 舩倉島(AV, 1993年5月, 1994年5月, 1996年5月, 1998年5月), 九州(AV: 福岡, 1993年5月), 西表島(AV, 1986年2月).

ZOOTHERA Vigors トラツグミ属

419. *Zoothera dauma* (Latham, 1790) トラツグミ

Tora-tsugumi White's Thrush

Range : Asiatic and Australasian. Breeds in s Siberia from the Enisei to the Okhotsk coast, south to Lake Baikal, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan ; also Himalayas to sw China, India, Sri Lanka, and Greater Sunda Is. to New Guinea, Australia and Tasmania. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in temperate and tropical regions.

419-1. *Zoothera dauma aurea* (Holandre, 1825) トラツグミ

Range : Breeds in s Siberia east of the Enisei, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Winters in s Japan, Taiwan, se China, and possibly se Asia and Philippines ; straggles to w Europe.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado, Oki. RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. Locally common WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Forests with dense undergrowth.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(RB), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV: 南大東島).

林床の密な森林に生息する.

419-2. *Zoothera dauma major* (Ogawa, 1905) オオトラツグミ

Range : Resident on Amami-Ôshima.

Status : Scarce RB on Amami-Ôshima.

Habitat : Forests with dense undergrowth.

奄美大島(RB). 数は少ない.
林床の密な森林に生息する.

419-3. *Zoothera dauma horsfieldi* (Bonaparte, 1857) コトラッグミ

Range: Resident on the Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I.), Taiwan, Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Java.

Status: Scarce RB on Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I.).

Habitat: Forests

西表島(RB). 数は少ない.
森林に生息する.

CICHLOPASSER Bonaparte オガサワラガビチヨウ属

420. *Cichlopasser terrestris* (Kittlitz, 1831) オガサワラガビチヨウ

Ogasawara-gabichō Ogasawara Islands Thrush

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to the Ogasawara Is.

Status: FB in Chichijima (extinct since 1828).

小笠原諸島(FB: 父島). 1828年5月に4羽採集. 絶滅.

TURDUS Linnaeus ツグミ属

421. *Turdus sibiricus* Pallas, 1776 マミジロ

Mamijiro Siberian Thrush

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in c and e Siberia east of the Enisei, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan. Winters to se Asia, s China, Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Java.

421-1. *Turdus sibiricus davisoni* (Hume, 1877) マミジロ

Range: Breeds in s Sakhalin and Japan. Winters in Myanmar, Indochina, Malay Peninsula, and Sumatra.

Status: Locally common MB in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu. Rare MB in s Kurile Is. PV in sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tokara Is., Iriomote I.

Habitat: Dense deciduous, mixed or coniferous forests with thick undergrowth.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南西部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 西表島(PV).

山地の森林に生息する.

422. *Turdus hortulorum* Slater, 1863 カラアカハラ

Kara-akahara Grey-backed Thrush

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia south of Sakha, middle and lower Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and possibly n Korea. Winters to se China and n Indochina. Recorded from Korea on migration ; casual in Japan and Taiwan.

Status : IV in Honshu (Akita, Niigata, Ishikawa, Nagano, Tottori, Shimane), Tobishima, Hekura I., Tsunoshima, Kyushu (Kagoshima), Tokara Is., Iriomote I.

本州(IV : 秋田, 新潟, 石川, 長野, 鳥取, 島根), 飛島(IV), 舩倉島(IV), 角島(IV), 九州(IV : 鹿児島), トカラ列島(IV), 西表島(IV).

423. *Turdus cardis* Temminck, 1831 クロツグミ

Kuro-tsugumi Grey Thrush

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in n and c Japan and c China in the Yangtze Basin. Winters in s China, Hainan, and n Indochina, occasionally in sw Japan. Recorded from Sakhalin, Moneron I., Izu Is., and Korea.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu. Less common MB in sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu (Kumamoto, Oita). Common PV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima. IV in Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Tokunoshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Hatoma I., Yonaguni I.), Kita-Daito I.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed woods, forest edge.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB, PV), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB, PV), 九州(MB : 熊本, 大分. PV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV : 徳之島), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島, 鳩間島, 与那国島), 北大東島(IV).

針広混交林, 広葉樹林に生息する.

424. *Turdus merula* Linnaeus, 1758 クロウタドリ

Kuro-utadori Blackbird (or Eurasian Blackbird)

Range : W and c Palearctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east through Asia Minor and Iran to s China north to the Yangtze Basin. Sedentary but winters in warmer areas.

424-1. *Turdus merula mandarinus* Bonaparte, 1850 クロウタドリ

Range : Breeds in s and w China south of the Yangtze Basin, west to Szechwan and w Yunnan. Mainly sedentary, but winters to Hainan ; casual in Japan.

Status: AV in Hokkaido. IV on Hekura I., Goto Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa Is. (Izena I.), Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat: Open woodlands.

北海道(AV), 舩倉島(IV), 五島列島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 沖縄諸島(IV: 伊是名島), 八重山諸島(IV: 西表島, 与那国島).

疎林に生息する.

425. *Turdus chrysolaus* Temminck, 1831 アカハラ

Akahara Brown Thrush

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n and c Japan. Winters in sw Japan, Taiwan, and e China south to Kwangtung and Hainan. Recorded casually from the lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Manchuria, Korea, and Philippines.

425-1. *Turdus chrysolaus orii* Yamashina, 1929 オオアカハラ

Range: Breeds on c and s Kurile Is. Winters to Japan.

Status: MB in s Kurile Is. (Etorofu I.).

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed woods.

南千島(MB: 択捉島).

森林に生息する.

425-2. *Turdus chrysolaus chrysolaus* Temminck, 1831 アカハラ

Range: Range of the species except the Kurile Is.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. (Kunashiri I.), n and c Honshu. Uncommon or scarce MB in sw Honshu (Aichi, Nara, Tottori), Shikoku (Kagawa). Common PV or WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed woods, forest edge.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB: 国後島), 本州(MB: 新潟, 長野, 山梨, 岐阜以北, 愛知, 奈良, 鳥取. PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(WV. MB: 香川), 九州(WV), 対馬(PV), 壱岐(PV), 五島列島(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 硫黄列島(PV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

低地(北海道)から山地の森林に生息する.

426. *Turdus celanops* Stejneger, 1887 アカコッコ

Akakokko Izu Islands Thrush

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the Izu Is. from Ōshima to Aogashima,

Yakushima, and Tokara Is. Sedentary, but straggles to Honshu southward.

Status: Common RB on Izu Is. (Ōshima, Toshima, Nijima, Shikine I., Kozu I., Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I., Aogashima). Common MB on Tokara Is. AV in Honshu (Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Nagano, Shizuoka, Mie, Wakayama), Shikoku (Ehime), Kyushu (Miyazaki), IV in Yakushima.

Habitat: Evergreen and mixed woods, camellia orchards, near human habitations.

本州(AV: 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 長野, 静岡, 三重, 和歌山), 四国(AV: 愛媛), 九州(AV: 宮崎), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島, 利島, 新島, 式根島, 神津島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島, 青ヶ島), トカラ列島(MB).

やや開けた常緑広葉樹林, 混交林に生息する(伊豆諸島, トカラ列島). 屋久島における状況は不明である.

427. *Turdus pallidus* Gmelin, 1789 シロハラ

Shirohara Pale Thrush

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and sw Japan. Winters in c and sw Japan, Taiwan, s Korea, and e China south to Fukien and Kwangtung.

Status: Uncommon PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV or PV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Danjo Is. CB in sw Honshu (Hiroshima), Tsushima. WV in Iki, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu I., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated lands, urban and suburban areas.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV. CB: 広島), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV, CB), 奄岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 男女諸島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

やや開けた森林に生息する.

428. *Turdus obscurus* Gmelin, 1789 マミチャジナイ

Mamichajinai Eye-browed Thrush

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in c and e Siberia from the Enisei to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to Transbaikalia and Amur Basin. Winters to China, Taiwan, Hainan, se Asia, Philippines, and Greater Sunda Is. Recorded from Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Manchuria, n China, Korea, and Japan on migration; straggles to w Europe.

Status: Common PV or WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., c Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is. Scarce WV on Tanegashima, Izu Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open woodlands, shrubs.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV, PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(WV, PV), 九州(WV, PV), 対馬(PV), 宍岐(PV), 五島列島(PV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

森林, 灌木林などに生息する。

429. *Turdus ruficollis* Pallas, 1776 ノドグロツグミ

Nodoguro-tsugumi Black-throated Thrush

Range : C Palearctic. Breeds in w and c Siberia from e Russia to Transbaikalia, south to the Altai and n Mongolia. Winters to Iran, n India, Himalayas to n Myanmar, and w China.

429-1. *Turdus ruficollis atrogularis* Jarocki, 1819 ノドグロツグミ

Range : Breeds in w Siberia from e Russia and Urals east to the Enisei, south to the n Altai. Winters to Iran, Himalayas, Assam, Myanmar, and Yunnan; occasionally recorded from w Europe and n China (Hopeh) and straggles to Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido. IV in Kyushu (Fukuoka), Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I.).

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivation.

北海道(AV), 九州(IV : 福岡), 八重山諸島(IV : 石垣島).

農耕地近くの開けた森林に生息する。

430. *Turdus naumanni* Temminck, 1820 ツグミ

Tsugumi Dusky Thrush

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in c and e Siberia from the Enisei to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to Lake Baikal and Stanovoi Range. Winters to se China, s Korea, and sw Japan, occasionally n Myanmar and Assam.

430-1. *Turdus naumanni eunomus* Temminck, 1831 ツグミ

Range : Breeds in n Siberia from the Taz and Enisei rivers east to Anadyrland, Kamchatka, Commander Is., and probably n Sakhalin. Winters in Japan, Taiwan, and e China, south occasionally to n Myanmar and Assam; rare on the Kurile Is. and casual in w Europe.

Status : Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated fields, near human habitations.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 奄岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 男女諸島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

開けた森林, 農耕地, 住宅地周辺に生息する.

430-2. *Turdus naumanni naumanni* Temminck, 1820 ハチジョウツグミ

Range: Breeds in c and se Siberia south of the range of *T. n. eunomus* from the Enisei east through Sakha to the Okhotsk coast, south to Transbaikalia and Stanovoi Range. Winters in Manchuria, e China to the Yangtze Basin, Korea, and Japan, south occasionally to Taiwan, Fukien, and Yunnan; straggles to w Europe and Singapore.

Status: Rather uncommon WV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open woodlands, open fields, cultivated lands.

北海道(WV), 本州(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

開けた森林, 農耕地に生息する. 渡来数は前亜種より少ない.

431. *Turdus pilaris* Linnaeus, 1758 ノハラツグミ

Nohara-tsugumi Fieldfare

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia and c Europe eastward through Siberia to the upper Lena and Aldan rivers, south to the Altai, Sayan, and Lake Baikal. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering south to Europe, Asia Minor, Caucasus, and Iran; straggles to Japan and North America.

Status: AV in Hokkaido (Feb. 1993), Honshu (Kanagawa, Feb. 1988, Nagano, Jan. 1960).

北海道(AV, 1993年2月), 本州(AV: 神奈川, 1988年2月, 長野, 1960年1月).

432. *Turdus iliacus* Linnaeus, 1766 ワキアカツグミ

Wakiaka-tsugumi Redwing

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from n Europe eastward through Siberia to the Altai, Kolya Basin, and Lake Baikal; also Iceland and Faeroes. Winters to the British Isles, c and s Europe, Asia Minor, Caucasus, Iran, and Russian Turkestan, occasionally south to n Africa, Canaries, and Near East.

432-1. *Turdus iliacus iliacus* Linnaeus, 1766 ワキアカツグミ

Range: Range of the species except Iceland and Faeroes. Straggles to

Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (Oct. 1996), Honshu (Yamagata, Chiba, 1993, Ishikawa, Yamaguchi, Feb. 1978, Apr. 1979), Okinawa I. (Nov. 1983).

北海道(AV, 1996年10月), 本州(AV : 山形, 千葉, 1933年, 石川, 山口, 1978年2月, 1979年4月), 沖縄島(AV, 1983年11月).

Family TIMALIIDAE チメドリ科

PANURUS Koch ヒゲガラ属

433. *Panurus biarmicus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ヒゲガラ

Higegara Bearded Tit

Range : S Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe eastward through Asia Minor and c Asia to Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Mainly sedentary, but winters in warmer areas and occasionally to e China (Hopeh) and Japan.

433-1. *Panurus biarmicus russicus* (Brehm, 1831) ヒゲガラ

Range : Range of the species except Europe to the Balkans.

Status : AV in Honshu (Yamagata, Oct. 1920, Niigata, Nov. 1969, Oct. 1991).

本州(AV : 山形, 1920年10月, 新潟, 1969年11月, 1991年10月). 3例の記録がある.

Family SYLVIIDAE ウグイス科

UROSPHENA Swinhoe ヤブサメ属

434. *Urosphena squameiceps* (Swinhoe, 1863) ヤブサメ

Yabusame Short-tailed Bush Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in se Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Winters in e Myanmar to Indochina, se China, Hainan, and Taiwan.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima. Rare MB in s Kurile Is. PV or WV in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in Tanegashima, Ogasawara Is.

Habitat : Dense forest thickets and undergrowth.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 男女諸島(MB), 屋久島(MB), 種子島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 奄美諸島(PV, WV), 琉球諸島(PV, WV).

森林に生息する。

CETTIA Bonaparte ウグイス属

435. *Cettia diphone* (Kittlitz, 1831) ウグイス

Uguisu Bush Warbler (or Japanese Bush Warbler)

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in e Manchuria to the Yangtze Basin in China, s Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Japan, and Philippines. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to Japan, s China, Thailand, Taiwan, and Philippines.

435-1. *Cettia diphone sakhalinensis* (Yamashina, 1927) カラフトウグイス

Range : Breeds in Sakhalin and s Kurile Is. Winters from c Honshu to Kyushu.

Status : MB in s Kurile Is. PV in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., n Honshu, Sado, Kyushu. PV or WV in c and sw Honshu.

Habitat : Dense thickets and undergrowth in wood-edges and woodlands, shrubby grasslands, garden thickets in resident on migration.

北海道(PV), 利尻島(PV), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(PV), 本州中・南西部(PV, WV), 佐渡(PV), 九州(PV).

林縁や林内空き地の密生した藪, またはササ藪に生息する。

435-2. *Cettia diphone cantans* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847) ウグイス

Range : Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido south to Kyushu, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., and Tsushima ; also Quelpart I. in Korea. Mainly sedentary, wintering to warmer regions and lower elevations.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tsushima.

Habitat : Dense bamboo thickets, forest undergrowth, edge of cultivation, shrubby grasslands.

北海道(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 男女諸島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB).

低山帯から亜高山帯までの林縁, 林内空き地の密生した藪, またはササ藪に生息する。

435-3. *Cettia diphone diphone* (Kittlitz, 1831) ハシナガウグイス

Range : Resident on the Ogasawara Is. and Iwo Is.

Status : Common RB on Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is.

Habitat : Dense thickets and undergrowth in wood-edges and woodlands, shrubby grasslands.

小笠原諸島(RB), 硫黄列島(RB).

林縁や林内空き地の密生した藪などに生息する。

435-4. *Cettia diphone restricta* (Kuroda, 1923) ダイトウウグイス

Range : Resident on the Daito Is. (Mimami-Daito I.).

Status : Extinct. FB on Minami-Daito I. (extinct since 1920).

大東諸島(FB : 南大東島). 1920年代まで見られたが、現在では絶滅。

435-5. *Cettia dophone riukuensis* (Kuroda, 1925) リュウキュウウグイス

Range : Resident from the Tokara Is. south through the Ryukyu Is.

Status : Rather common RB in Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Kikai I., Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I., introduced). PV in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima).

Habitat : Dense thickets and undergrowth in wood-edges and woodlands, shrubby grasslands.

トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB : 喜界島, 沖永良部島, 与論島. PV : 奄美大島, 徳之島), 琉球諸島(RB), 大東諸島(RB : 南大東島, 導入).

林縁や林内空き地の密生した藪などに生息する。

LOCUSTELLA Kaup センニュウ属

436. *Locustella pryeri* (Seeböhm, 1884) オオセッカ

Ō-sekka Japanese Marsh Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in sw Manchuria, Hopeh in n China, and Honshu in Japan, also possibly in s Ussuriland. Migratory and sedentary, Chinese birds wintering to the Yangtze Basin.

436-1. *Locustella pryeri pryeri* (Seeböhm, 1884) オオセッカ

Range : Breeds in c and n Honshu. Sedentary, but winters to warmer areas in Honshu.

Status : Scarce MB or IV in n Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata). RB or IV in c Honshu (Ibaraki, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Shizuoka, Aichi, Wakayama). IV in c and sw Honshu (Okayama), Shikoku (Tokushima).

Habitat : Swampy areas and marshes, reedbeds.

本州北部(MB : 青森, 宮城, 秋田, IV : 山形), 本州中・南西部(RB : 茨城,

千葉. IV : 埼玉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 静岡, 愛知, 和歌山, 岡山), 四国(IV : 徳島).

湖沼や河川敷の湿地, 草原などに生息する.

437. *Locustella fasciolata* (Gray, 1860) エソセンニュウ

Ezo-sennyû Gray's Grasshopper Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in s Siberia from the Novosibirsk region to the lower Amur Basin, n Manchuria, coastal Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Hokkaido. Winters to the Philippines, Sulawesi, Moluccas, and New Guinea ; straggles to w Europe.

437-1. *Locustella fasciolata amnicola* Stepanyan, 1972 エソセンニュウ

Range : Breeds in Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Hokkaido. Winters probably to the Philippines, Sulawesi, and Moluccas.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido. Uncommon PV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Dense thickets, forest edge, edge of cultivation.

北海道(MB), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

平地の藪, 特に湿原縁, 川辺の低木林に生息する.

438. *Locustella certhiola* (Pallas, 1811) シベリアセンニュウ

Shiberia-sennyû Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the Irtysh River to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to c Asia, Altai, e Tian Shan, Transbaikalia, Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters to India, n Myanmar to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, and Greater Sunda Is.

438-1. *Locustella certhiola rubescens* Blyth, 1845 シベリアセンニュウ

Range : Breeds in Siberia from the Irtysh River eastward to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the Amur Basin and possibly n Manchuria. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, and Myanmar ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (Sep. 1985), Hekura I. (May 1987), Kyushu (Kagoshima, Nov. 1987).

北海道(AV, 1985年9月), 舩倉島(AV, 1987年5月), 九州(AV : 鹿児島, 1987年11月). 3例の記録がある.

439. *Locustella ochotensis* (Middendorff, 1853) シマセンニュウ

Shima-sennyû Middendorff's Grasshopper Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from the Okhotsk coast to Kamchatka, Commander Is., Shantar Is., Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Hokkaido. Winters to the Philippines, Borneo, and Sulawesi ; straggles to Alaska.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. PV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Grasslands with scattered shrubs, costal meadows.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

草原や灌木草原に生息する。

440. *Locustella pleskei* Taczanowski, 1889 ウチャマセンニュー

Uchiyama-sennyū Taczanowski's Grasshopper Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds on small islets off Honshu and Kyushu, Izu Is., islets off Korea, Dagelet I., and Quelpart I. Winters to se China south to Fukien and Kwangtung.

Status : Locally common MB on Izu Is. (Toshima, Nijijima, Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I., Aogashima), small islets off Honshu (Mie, Wakayama), Kyushu (Miyazaki), Tsukue I., Hashira I., Shikano I. PV in Honshu (Fukushima, Chiba, Shimane, Hiroshima), Goto Is., Danjo Is.

Habitat : Grasslands with shrubs, bamboo thickets.

本州(MB : 三重, 和歌山. PV : 福島, 千葉, 島根, 広島), 九州(MB : 宮崎), 五島列島(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 机島(MB), 柱島(MB), 志賀島(MB), 伊豆諸島(MB : 利島, 新島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島, 青ヶ島).

島の草原, 笹藪, 低木林に生息する。

441. *Locustella lanceolata* (Temminck, 1840) マキノセンニュー

Makino-sennyū Lanceolated Grasshopper Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the w Urals eastward to the lower Kolyma, Okhotsk coast, and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan south to c Honshu. Winters to e India, Myanmar to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, Greater Sunda Is., and Borneo.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Locally common MB in Honshu (Gunma, Shizuoka). Common PV in Honshu.

Habitat : Open grasslands with scattered shrubs, swampy meadows.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB : 群馬, 静岡. PV).

草原に生息する。

ACROCEPHALUS Naumann ヨシキリ属**442. *Acrocephalus bistrigiceps* Swinhoe, 1860 コヨシキリ**

Ko-yoshikiri Black-browed Reed Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from ne Mongolia and Transbaikalia east to the lower Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to Korea and e China to the lower Yangtze Basin. Winters from Myanmar to Indochina and se China, occasionally Assam.

442-1. *Acrocephalus bistrigiceps bistrigiceps* Swinhoe, 1860 コヨシキリ

Range : Range of the species except n Manchuria ; straggles to Taiwan.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, c and n Honshu, Kyushu (Kumamoto, Oita). Locally common PV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open grasslands, tall grasses, reedbeds, river beds, swampy and marshy areas.

北海道(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南西部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(MB: 熊本, 大分. PV), 対馬(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

草原, アシ原, 河川敷, 湖沼周辺の草原に生息する.

443. *Acrocephalus arundinaceus* (Linnaeus, 1758) オオヨシキリ

Ô-yoshikiri Great Reed Warbler

Range : S Palearctic. Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from w Europe eastward across Eurasia to Mongolia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Japan, south to Iran, India, Sri Lanka, Assam, se Asia, and s China ; also n Africa, Philippines, Indonesian islands to New Guinea, and Australia. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to tropical regions.

443-1. *Acrocephalus arundinaceus orientalis* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847) オオヨシキリ

Range : Breeds in e Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Japan, and e China south to Fukien. Winters to Assam, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Sumatra to the Moluccas.

Status : Common MB in w Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. Common PV on Oki, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Reedbeds, riverbed thickets, cultivated lands.

北海道西部(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(PV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB),

対馬(PV), 奄岐(PV), 五島列島(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 小笠原諸島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

アシ原に生息する。

444. *Acrocephalus aedon* (Pallas, 1776) ハシブトオオヨシキリ

Hashibuto-ôyoshikiri Thick-billed Reed Warbler

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in c and e Siberia from the Novosibirsk region east to Transbaikalia, lower Amur Basin, n Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and possibly Korea. Winters to India, Himalayas, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, and se China; straggles to Japan and w Europe.

444-1. *Acrocephalus aedon stegmanni* Watson, 1985 ハシブトオオヨシキリ

Range: Eastern part of the species range from Transbaikalia and upper Amur Basin eastward.

Status: AV in Honshu (Nagano, May 1927, Shizuoka, Feb.~Apr. 1997).

本州(AV: 長野, 1927年5月, 静岡, 1997年2~4月).

PHYLLOSCOPUS Boie メボソムシクイ属

445. *Phylloscopus trochilus* (Linnaeus, 1758) キタヤナギムシクイ

Kita-yanagimushikui Willow Warbler

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe eastward across Siberia to the Kolyma Basin and Anadyrland, south to the s Urals in w Russia and Vilyui River in Russian Far East. Winters to tropical Africa.

445-1. *Phylloscopus trochilus yakutensis* Ticehurst, 1935 キタヤナギムシクイ

Range: Breeds in c and e Siberia from the Taimyr Peninsula to the Kolyma Basin and Anadyrland, south to the Kansk region in c Russia and Vilyui River in the east. Winters probably to e Africa in Kenya and Uganda; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Kyushu (Fukuoka, Oct. 1981).

九州(AV: 福岡, 1981年10月). 記録が1例ある。

446. *Phylloscopus collybita* (Vieillot, 1817) チフチャフ

Chifuchafu Chiffchaff

Range: Mainly w and c Palearctic. Breeds from the British Isles, w Europe and nw Africa east to the upper Kolyma in ne Siberia, south to the s Caspian Sea, w Himalayas, Altai, and nw Mongolia. Winters to tropical Africa, Arabia, w Asia, and c India.

446-1. *Phylloscopus collybita tristis* Blyth, 1843 チフチャフ

Range : Breeds in se Siberia from the upper Enisei to Lake Baikal, north to the upper Kolyma. Winters to the Himalayan region, c India, and Bengal ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in c Honshu (Toyama, Nov. 1996, Osaka, Nov. 1997), Hekura I. (Nov. 1997).

本州(AV : 富山, 1996年11月, 大阪, 1997年11月), 舩倉島(AV, 1997年11月). 渡来記録が数例ある.

447. *Phylloscopus sibilatrix* (Bechstein, 1793) モリムシクイ

Mori-mushikui Wood Warbler

Range : W Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east to the s Urals, south to the Pyrenees, Balkans, and Caucasus. Winters to tropical Africa ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (Oct. 1991), Hekura I. (Oct. 1984).

北海道(AV, 1991年10月), 舩倉島(AV : 1984年10月).

448. *Phylloscopus fuscatus* (Blyth, 1842) ムジセッカ

Muji-sekka Dusky Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the Novosibirsk region and Altai to the Okhotsk coast and Anadyrland, south to the e Himalayas, w Swzechwan in w China, Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin. Winters to e and n India, se Asia, and s China south of the Yangtze Basin ; casual in w Europe and Japan.

448-1. *Phylloscopus fuscatus fuscatus* (Blyth, 1842) ムジセッカ

Range : Range of the species except w China, Sikang, and e Himalayas.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., Honshu (Shizuoka, Aichi, Shimane, Hiroshima), Hekura I., Mishima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Minami-Daito I.

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivaed fields.

北海道(IV), 利尻島(IV), 本州(IV : 静岡, 愛知, 島根, 広島), 舩倉島(IV), 見島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 南大東島(IV). 疎林, マングローブ林, 農耕地に生息する.

449. *Phylloscopus schwarzi* (Radde, 1863) カラフトムジセッカ

Karafuto-mujisekka Radde's Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the Novosibirsk region and Altai eastward to Transbaikalia, lower Amur Basin, and Sakhalin, south

to nw Manchuria, Ussuriland, and n Korea. Winters from s Myanmar to Indochina ; casual in Japan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Hiroshima), Tobishima, Hekura I., Iriomote I.

Habitat : Dense thickets, undergrowth.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 広島), 飛島(IV), 舩倉島(IV), 西表島(IV).

密な低木林に生息する.

450. *Phylloscopus inornatus* (Blyth, 1842) キマユムシクイ

Kimayu-mushikui Yellow-browed Leaf Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Siberia from the n Urals to the Okhotsk coast and Anadyrland, south to n Afghanistan, nw Himalayas, w China, n Mongolia, Amur Basin, n Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters to the Himalayas, India, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, and s China.

450-1. *Phylloscopus inornatus inornatus* (Blyth, 1842) キマユムシクイ

Range : Range of the species except c Asia and w China. Rare in Japan on migration.

Status : Uncommon PV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Miyagi, Akita, Ishikawa, Fukui, Shizuoka, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Kagoshima). IV in Oki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Ogasawara Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Yoron I.). IV or WV in Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Coniferous and mixed woods.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV : 宮城, 秋田, 石川, 福井, 静岡, 山口), 隠岐(IV), 四国(PV : 徳島), 九州(PV : 福岡, 長崎, 熊本, 鹿児島), 五島列島(IV), 男女諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV : 与論島), 琉球諸島(IV, WV).

針葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

451. *Phylloscopus proregulus* (Pallas, 1811) カラフトムシクイ

Karafuto-mushikui Pallas's Leaf Warbler

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia from the Altai to n Mongolia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin ; also Himalayas to w China and Assam. Winters from Assam to se Asia and s China.

451-1. *Phylloscopus proregulus proregulus* (Pallas, 1811) カラフトムシクイ

Range : Range of the species except the Himalayas to w China and Assam ; straggles to w Europe and Japan.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Yamagata, Aichi, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Yonaguni I.

Habitat : Light coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 山形, 愛知, 島根, 山口), 与那国島(IV).

針葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

452. *Phylloscopus borealis* (Blasius, 1858) メボソムシクイ

Meboso-mushikui

Arctic Warbler

Range : Palearctic, marginally Nearctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia east across Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan south to c Honshu ; also w Alaska. Winters to tropical Asia and Indonesian islands.

452-1. *Phylloscopus borealis borealis* (Blasius, 1858) コメボソムシクイ

Range : Breeds in n Siberia from the Lena River to the Chukot Peninsula, Okhotsk coast, lower Amur Basin, and Sakhalin. Winters to se Myanmar, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, s China, Philippines, and Indonesian islands.

Status : PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Oki, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tanegashima, Okinawa I., Yaeyama Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Deciduous, coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 隠岐(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 種子島(PV), 沖縄島(PV), 八重山諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

針葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

452-2. *Phylloscopus borealis xanthodryas* (Swinhoe, 1863) メボソムシクイ

Range : Breeds in n Japan from the s Kurile Is. to c Honshu. Winters to se China, Taiwan, Philippines, and possibly Indonesian islands.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (north of Saitama, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Toyama, Ishikawa, Yamanashi, Nagano, Gifu, Nara, Tottori), Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime), Kyushu (Oita). Common PV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Okinawa I., Yaeyama Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Deciduous, coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB : 埼玉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 富山, 石川, 山梨, 長野, 岐阜以北, 奈良, 鳥取. PV : それ以外の地域), 佐渡(PV), 四国(MB : 徳島, 愛媛. PV : それ以外の地域), 九州(MB : 大分. PV : それ以外の地域), 伊豆諸島(PV : 八丈島), 沖縄島(PV), 八重山諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

森林に生息し, 亜高山帯の針葉樹林・落葉広葉樹林で繁殖する.

453. *Phylloscopus borealoides* Portenko, 1950 エゾムシクイ

Ezo-mushikui Eastern Pale-legged Leaf Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Sakhalin and n Japan from the s Kurile Is. to c Honshu. Winters probably from se China to Thailand and Indochina.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, c and n Honshu, Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime). PV in sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.

Habitat : Coniferous, deciduous and mixed forests in mountain area.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB : 中部以北, 奈良. PV : それ以外の地域), 四国(MB : 徳島, 愛媛. PV : それ以外の地域), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 五島列島(PV), 沖縄島(PV), 与那国島(PV).

山地の落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

454. *Phylloscopus coronatus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847) センダイムシクイ

Sendai-mushikui Eastern Crowned Leaf Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in se Transbaikalia, lower Amur Basin, se Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan ; also c and sw Szechwan. Winters to Assam, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Java ; straggles to Taiwan and Germany.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. Common PV in Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is., Yakushima, Ryukyu Is. IV in Oki.

Habitat : Open deciduous or mixed woods.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐 (IV), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 宍岐(PV), 五島列島(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

低山帯の森林に生息する.

455. *Phylloscopus ijimae* (Stejneger, 1892) イジマムシクイ

Iijima-musikui Ijima's Leaf Warbler

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds on the Izu Is. and Tokara Is. Winters to the Philippines (Luzon). Recorded from Honshu, Shikoku, Yakushima, and Ryukyu Is. on migration.

Status : AV in Honshu (Shizuoka, 1972, 1973, Wakayama, 1936), Kyushu (Oita, 1960, 1961, 1962). Locally common MB on Izu Is. (Ōshima, Toshima, Niiijima, Kozu I., Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I., Aogashima), Tokara Is. (Nakanoshima). PV on Yakushima, Okinawa I., Miyako I., Yaeyama Is.

Habitat : Light broad-leaved woods, tangled scrubs and bushes, backyard

thickets.

本州(AV: 静岡, 1972, 1973年, 和歌山, 1936年), 九州(AV: 大分, 1960, 1961, 1962年), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(MB: 大島, 利島, 新島, 神津島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島, 青ヶ島), トカラ列島(MB: 中之島), 沖縄島(PV), 宮古島(PV), 八重山諸島(PV).

疎林に生息する.

REGULUS Cuvier キクイタダキ属

456. *Regulus regulus* (Linnaeus, 1758) キクイタダキ

Kiku-itadaki Goldcrest

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa eastward to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan; also Himalayas to w China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to warmer regions.

456-1. *Regulus regulus japonensis* Blakiston, 1862 キクイタダキ

Range: Breeds in the Amur Basin, n Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan from the s Kurile Is. to c Honshu. Migratory and sedentary, Japanese birds wintering mainly in Japan. Recorded from the Ryukyu Is., Quelpart I., and Taiwan.

Status: Locally common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Shikoku (Ehime). Common WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Kozu I., Hachijo I.), Tokara Is., Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is., Minami-Daito I.

Habitat: Coniferous and mixed forests, subalpine birch forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(RB: 愛媛. WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 壱岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 神津島, 八丈島), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 南大東島(WV).

本州以北の亜高山針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

CISTICOLA Kaup セッカ属

457. *Cisticola juncidis* (Rafinesque, 1810) セッカ

Sekka Fan-tailed Warbler

Range: Mainly tropical Old World. Breeds from s Europe and Mediterranean region eastward to India, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Greater Sunda Is. to n Australia, north to the Yangtze Basin in China, Taiwan, and Honshu in Japan; also Africa and Arabia. Sedentary, but

winters to warmer areas.

457-1. *Cisticola juncidis brunniceps* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1850) セッカ

Range : Breeds in Japan from Honshu south to the Izu Is. and Ryukyu Is. ; also Quelpart I.

Status : Locally common RB in Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. Common RB on Tsushima, Tokara Is., Amami Is. Ryukyu Is. Locally common MB in n Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata).

Habitat : Open grassy fields, cultivated fields, tall grasses.

本州北部(MB: 岩手, 宮城, 秋田, 山形), 本州中・南部(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 奄岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB).

草原, 農耕地に生息する.

Family MUSCICAPIDAE ヒタキ科

FICEDULA Brisson キビタキ属

458. *Ficedula hypoleuca* (Pallas, 1764) マダラヒタキ

Madara-hitaki Pied Flycatcher

Range : W and c Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east through the Balkans, s Russia, and w Siberia to the Enisei River. Winters to tropical Africa.

458-1. *Ficedula hypoleuca tomensis* (Johansen, 1916) マダラヒタキ

Range : Breeds in w Siberia from the Urals to the Krasnoyarsk region on the Enisei. Winters possibly to tropical Africa ; straggles to Japan.

Status : AV on Hekura I. (Oct. 1991).

船倉島(AV: 1991年10月). 渡来記録が1例だけある.

459. *Ficedula zanthopygia* (Hay, 1845) マミジロキビタキ

Mamijiro-kibitaki Tricolored Flycatcher

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from e Mongolia and s Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Korea, south in e China to the lower Yangtze Basin. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Java ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Aomori, Akita, Kanagawa, Niigata, Toyama, Ishikawa, Yamanashi, Nagano, Aichi, Kyoto, Tottori, Shimane, Okayama,

Yamaguchi), Awashima, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Danjo Is., Tokara Is., Yaeyama Is.

本州(AV:青森, 秋田, 神奈川, 新潟, 富山, 石川, 山梨, 長野, 愛知, 京都, 鳥取, 島根, 岡山, 山口), 粟島(AV), 九州(AV:福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 男女諸島(AV), トカラ列島(AV), 八重山諸島(AV).

460. *Ficedula narcissina* (Temminck, 1835) キビタキ

Ki-bitaki Narcissus Flycatcher

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in Sakhalin, Japan south to the Ryukyu Is., n China in Hopeh, and occasionally Ussuriland. Winters to tropical Asia.

460-1. *Ficedula narcissina narcissina* (Temminck, 1835) キビタキ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin and Japan from the s Kurile Is. to Kyushu and Tsushima, occasionally Ussuriland. Winters to se Asia, s China, Hainan, Philippines, and Borneo; straggles to France.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima. PV in Danjo Is., Izu Is., Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), Iwo Is., Amami Is., Yaeyama Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Lowland forests, forest edge.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 男女諸島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), 小笠原諸島(PV:父島), 硫黄列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 八重山諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

主として低山帯の森林に生息する。

460-2. *Ficedula narcissina owstoni* (Bangs, 1901) リュウキュウキビタキ

Range: Breeds from Yakushima and Tanegashima south to the s Ryukyu Is. Probably sedentary in the Ryukyu Is.

Status: MB in Yakushima, Tanegashima. RB in Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. IV on Tokara Is.

Habitat: Evergreen, mixed and mangrove forests.

屋久島(MB), 種子島(MB), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB). 常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

461. *Ficedula mugimaki* (Temminck, 1835) ムギマキ

Mugimaki Mugimaki Flycatcher

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia from the ne Altai east to the Okhotsk coast, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, s China, Sumatra, Java, and Borneo.

Status: Rather or locally common PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Lowland forests, forest edge, suburban areas.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 五島列島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

低地の森林, 林縁などに生息する.

462. *Ficedula parva* (Bechstein, 1792) オジロビタキ

Ojiro-bitaki Red-breasted Flycatcher

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from c Europe east across Siberia to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to the Caucasus, Altai, n Mongolia, and Transbaikalia; also nw Himalayas. Winters to India, Sri Lanka, and se Asia.

462-1. *Ficedula parva albicilla* (Pallas, 1811) オジロビタキ

Range: Breeds from the Urals east to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and occasionally Ussuriland. Winters to India, Indochina, s China (Kwangtung), Hainan, and Malay Peninsula.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Akita, Yamagata, Ibaraki, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Toyama, Ishikawa, Gifu, Kyoto, Shimane, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open mixed woodlands.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV: 秋田, 山形, 茨城, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 富山, 石川, 岐阜, 京都, 島根, 岡山, 山口), 四国(IV: 徳島), 九州(IV: 福岡, 佐賀, 鹿児島), 対馬(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

疎林に生息する.

CYANOPTILA Blyth オオルリ属

463. *Cyanoptila cyanomelana* (Temminck, 1829) オオルリ

Ô-ruri Blue-and-white Flycatcher

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan, south to Hopeh in e China. Winters to tropical Asia.

463-1. *Cyanoptila cyanomelana cyanomelana* (Temminck, 1829) オオルリ

Range: Breeds in Japan and Korea. Winters to Indochina, e China to

Kwangtung, Taiwan, Philippines, and Borneo.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. Common PV in Yakushima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. IV in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is.

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests.

北海道(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(MB), 小笠原諸島(IV), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する。

MUSCICAPA Brisson サメビタキ属

464. *Muscicapa sibirica* Gmelin, 1789 サメビタキ

Same-bitaki Sooty Flycatcher

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds in s Siberia from the Altai eastward to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Japan, and locally Kamchatka; also e Afghanistan to Assam, n Myanmar, se Tibet, and w China. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering se Asia, Malay Peninsula, se China, Taiwan, Philippines, and Greater Sunda Is.

464-1. *Muscicapa sibirica sibirica* Gmelin, 1789 サメビタキ

Range: Range of the species except the Himalayan region, Tibet, and w China.

Status: Locally common MB in Hokkaido, n and c Honshu. PV in sw Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is. CB in c Honshu (Nara). IV on Izu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Chiefly in coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(MB), 本州北・中部(MB: 岐阜, 長野以北. CB: 奈良), 本州南西部(PV), 隠岐(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 男女諸島(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(IV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 大東諸島(IV).

亜高山の針葉樹林で繁殖する。

465. *Muscicapa griseisticta* (Swinhoe, 1861) エゾビタキ

Ezo-bitaki Grey-spotted Flycatcher

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, e Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kamchatka, and Kurile Is. Winters to the Philippines, Sulawesi, Moluccas, and nw New Guinea.

Status : Locally common PV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. IV on Izu Is.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed woods.

北海道(PV), 本州(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 種子島(PV), 伊豆諸島(IV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

森林, 公園の緑地などに生息する.

466. *Muscicapa dauurica* Pallas, 1811 コサメビタキ

Ko-samebitaki Brown Flycatcher

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds in se Siberia from the Enisei to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan ; also n India and Himalayas to w China, Philippines, Sabah, and Sumba. Northern birds migratory, wintering to India, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, Philippines, and Greater Sunda Is.

466-1. *Muscicapa dauurica dauurica* Pallas, 1811 コサメビタキ

Range : Range of the species except the mountains of n Thailand and Vietnam, Philippines (Luzon, Negros), Sabah, and Sumba. Casual in w Europe.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is. PV in Izu Is. (Kozu I., Miyake I., Hachijo I.). Tokara Is., Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat : Light deciduous, mixed or coniferous woods in lowlands, occasionally suburban and urban areas.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(MB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 奄岐(MB), 五島列島(MB), 男女諸島(MB). 伊豆諸島(PV : 神津島, 三宅島, 八丈島), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美諸島(PV : 奄美大島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(PV : 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 石垣島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(PV).

低山帯の森林に生息する.

Family MONARCHIDAE カササギヒタキ科

TERPSIPHONE Gloger サンコウチョウ属

467. *Terpsiphone atrocaudata* (Eyton, 1839) サンコウチョウ

Sankōchō Black Paradise Flycatcher

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan from Honshu south to the s Ryukyu Is., Quelpart I., Lu Tao I. and Lan Yu I. off Taiwan, and Batan Is. north of Luzon. Recorded from Korea and Taiwan. Japanese birds migratory, wintering in tropical Asia.

467-1. *Terpsiphone atrocaudata atrocaudata* (Eyton, 1839) サンコウチョウ

Range : Breeds in Japan from Honshu to Kyushu, Tsushima, and Yakushima. Winters to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, se China, and occasionally Sumatra. Recorded from Korea and Ussuriland ; casual in Hokkaido.

Status : AV in Hokkaido. Scarce MB or CB in n Honshu. Common MB in c Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima. IV on Danjo Is., Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Deciduous or evergreen woods, as well as shady afforested areas.

北海道(AV), 本州(MB, CB), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(MB), 四国(MB), 九州(MB), 対馬(MB), 壱岐(MB), 五島列島(MB), 男女諸島(IV), 屋久島(MB), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島).

低山帯の落葉広葉樹林や常緑広葉樹林に繁殖する.

467-2. *Terpsiphone atrocaudata illex* Bangs, 1901 リュウキュウサンコウチョウ

Range : Breeds from the Amami Is. to the s Ryukyu Is. Winters possibly to se Asia, se China, and Taiwan.

Status : Common RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kikai I., Tokunoshima, Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iheya I., Izena I., Ie I., Zamami I., Kume I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Kuroshima, Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Evergreen woods, mangrove.

奄美諸島(RB : 奄美大島, 喜界島, 徳之島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB : 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 伊是名島, 伊江島, 座間味島, 久米島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 黒島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

Family AEGITHALIDAE エナガ科

AEGITHALOS Hermann エナガ属

468. *Aegithalos caudatus* (Linnaeus, 1758) エナガ

Enaga Long-tailed Tit

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, and Kamchatka, south to the Caucasus, Iran, n

Mongolia, China to the Yangtze Basin and Yunnan, Korea, Ussuriland, and Japan. Mainly sedentary.

468-1. *Aegithalos caudatus japonicus* Prazák, 1897 シマエナガ

Range: Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, n Korea, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is. Sedentary, but winters to warmer areas; casual in Honshu and s Korea.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido. AV in Honshu (Aomori, Tochigi, Chiba, Niigata, Nagano).

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed woods.

北海道(RB), 本州(AV: 青森, 栃木, 千葉, 新潟, 長野).

平野部や低山帯の落葉広葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

468-2. *Aegithalos caudatus magnus* (Clark, 1907) チョウセンエナガ

Range: Resident in s Korea and Tsushima.

Status: Common RB on Tsushima.

Habitat: Deciduous woods.

対馬(RB).

山地の落葉広葉樹林に生息する.

468-3. *Aegithalos caudatus trivirgatus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) エナガ

Range: Resident in Honshu, Sado, and Oki; also Quelpart I.

Status: Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki.

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed woods.

本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB).

平野部や低山帯の落葉広葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

468-4. *Aegithalos caudatus kiuisiensis* Kuroda, 1923 キュウシュウエナガ

Range: Resident in Shikoku and Kyushu.

Status: Common RB in Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat: Deciduous, evergreen, pine and mixed woods.

四国(RB), 九州(RB).

落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, マツ林, 針広混交林に生息する.

Family REMIZIDAE ツリスガラ科

REMIZ Jarocki ツリスガラ属

469. *Remiz pendulinus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ツリスガラ

Tsurisu-gara Penduline Tit

Range : S Palearctic. Breeds from s and c Europe east through c Asia to Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, and n Manchuria, south to n China in Hopeh. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to Iraq, Iranian region, nw India, Turkestan, and e China south to the Yangtze Basin.

469-1. *Remiz pendulinus consobrinus* (Swinhoe, 1870) ツリスガラ

Range : Breeds from the middle Amur Basin to n Manchuria, Inner Mongolia, and Hopeh. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to China south to the Yangtze Basin, Korea, and sw Japan, occasionally reaching Yunnan.

Status : IV in n and c Honshu (Miyagi, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Toyama, Ishikawa, Shizuoka, Mie, Shiga, Kyoto, Nara, Wakayama, Shimane, Okayama, Hiroshima). Scarce WV in sw Honshu (Osaka, Tottori, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Tokushima, Kagawa, Ehime, Kochi), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima). IV on Amami-Ōshima, Okinawa I.

Habitat : Reedbeds, marshes.

本州(WV : 大阪, 鳥取, 山口. IV : 宮城, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 富山, 石川, 静岡, 三重, 滋賀, 京都, 奈良, 和歌山, 鳥根, 岡山, 広島), 四国(WV : 徳島, 香川, 愛媛, 高知), 九州(WV : 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 奄美大島(IV), 沖縄島(IV).

ヨシ原に生息する.

Family PARIDAE シジュウカラ科

PARUS Linnaeus シジュウカラ属

470. *Parus palustris* Linnaeus, 1758 ハシブトガラ

Hashibuto-gara Marsh Tit

Range : Palearctic. Two widely separated populations in w and e Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east to the Urals, Asia Minor, and Caucasus and, with a wide gap in w and c Asia, from the Altai eastward through s Siberia and n Mongolia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is., south to Szechwan and Yunnan. Sedentary.

470-1. *Parus palustris hensoni* Stejneger, 1892 ハシブトガラ

Range: Resident in Hokkaido and s Kurile Is.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB).

低地の落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

471. *Parus montanus* Conrad von Baldenstein, 1827 コガラ

Ko-gara Willow Tit

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the Alps, Altai, n Mongolia, China from Manchuria to Sikang and n Yunnan, and Japan. Sedentary.

471-1. *Parus montanus sachalinensis* Lönnberg, 1908 カラフトコガラ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin. Sedentary, but probably partially migratory, occasionally recorded from Hokkaido, Honshu, and Korea.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Niigata).

北海道(AV), 本州(AV: 新潟).

471-2. *Parus montanus restrictus* Hellmayr, 1900 コガラ

Range: Resident in Japan from Hokkaido to Kyushu. Recorded from Tobishima, Awashima, and Sado.

Status: Uncommon RB in Hokkaido. Locally common RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu (Kumamoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima). IV in Sado, Tobishima, Awashima, Oki.

Habitat: Mountain mixed and coniferous forests.

北海道(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(IV), 飛島(IV), 粟島(IV), 隠岐(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB: 熊本, 宮崎, 鹿児島).

山地の針広混交林や常緑針葉樹林に生息する.

472. *Parus ater* Linnaeus, 1758 ヒガラ

Hi-gara Coal Tit

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, Caucasus, Iran, Tian Shan, China to the Yangtze Basin, Taiwan, Korea, and Japan; also Himalayas to n Myanmar, Szechwan, and mountains in Fukien and Anhwei. Mainly sedentary.

472-1. *Parus ater insularis* Hellmayr, 1902 ヒガラ

Range : Breeds in Japan from the s Kurile Is. to Kyushu, Tsushima, and Yakushima ; casual in the Izu Is. and Okinawa Is.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu (Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Yakushima. AV in Izu Is. (Ôshima), Okinawa Is.

Habitat : Coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB : 熊本, 大分, 宮崎, 鹿児島), 対馬(RB), 屋久島(RB), 伊豆諸島(AV : 大島), 沖縄諸島(AV).

常緑針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

473. *Parus varius* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 ヤマガラ

Yama-gara Varied Tit

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan from the s Kurile Is. to the s Ryukyu Is., s Korea, Quelpart I., Dagelet I., and Taiwan. Sedentary.

473-1. *Parus varius varius* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 ヤマガラ

Range : Breeds from the s Kurile Is. to Kyushu, c and s Korea, Quelpart I., and Dagelet I. Sedentary, occasionally wandering to the Izu Is., Sakhalin, and ne China.

Status : Common RB in sw Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu. MB in s Kurile Is. AV in Izu Is. (Ôshima).

Habitat : Deciduous, mixed and evergreen broad-leaved forests.

北海道南西部(RB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 伊豆諸島(AV : 大島).

主として暖温帯広葉樹林を好むが, 混交林にも生息する.

473-2. *Parus varius namiyei* Kuroda, 1918 ナミエヤマガラ

Range : Resident on the n Izu Is.

Status : Common RB in Izu Is. (Toshima, Nijima, Kozu I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

伊豆諸島(RB : 利島, 新島, 神津島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

473-3. *Parus varius owstoni* Ijima, 1893 オーストンヤマガラ

Range : Resident on the s Izu Is. from Miyake I. to Hachijo I.

Status : Common RB on Izu Is. (Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved woods.

伊豆諸島南部(RB: 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島).
常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

473-4. *Parus varius orii* (Kuroda, 1923) ダイトウヤマガラ

Range: Resident on the Daito Is.

Status: Scarce RB (probably extinct since 1930s) on Daito Is. (Mimani-Daito I., Kita-Daito I.).

大東諸島(RB: 南大東島, 北大東島). かつて北大東島, 南大東島に生息していたが, 絶滅したとみられる。

473-5. *Parus varius sunsunpi* Kuroda, 1919 タネヤマガラ

Range: Resident on Tanegashima.

Status: Scarce RB on Tanegashima.

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

種子島(RB).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

473-6. *Parus varius yakushimensis* Kuroda, 1919 ヤクシヤマガラ

Range: Resident on Yakushima; straggles to Amami-Ōshima.

Status: Common RB in Yakushima. AV in Amami-Ōshima.

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

屋久島(RB), 奄美大島(AV).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

473-7. *Parus varius amamii* (Kuroda, 1922) アマミヤマガラ

Range: Resident from Amami-Ōshima to Okinawa I.

Status: Common RB in Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Tokunoshima), Okinawa I.

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 徳之島), 沖縄島(RB).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

473-8. *Parus varius olivaceus* (Kuroda, 1923) オリヤマガラ

Range: Resident on the Yaeyama Is. (Iriomote I.).

Status: Common RB on Iriomote I.

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

西表島(RB).

山地の常緑広葉樹林に生息する。

474. *Parus cyanus* Pallas, 1770 ルリガラ

Ruri-gara Azure Tit

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from s Russia east through s Siberia to Lake Baikal, n Manchuria, and Ussuriland, south to Turkestan, n Mongolia, and locally Tsinghai. Mainly sedentary.

474-1. *Parus cyanus tianschanicus* (Menzbier, 1884) ルリガラ

Range : Breeds from the Altai to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and Amur Basin, south to Manchuria and Ussuriland ; accidental in Japan.

Status : AV in Rishiri I. (Nov. 1987).

利尻島(AV, 1987年11月). 一度だけ記録された.

475. *Parus major* Linnaeus, 1758 シジュウカラ

Shijû-kara Great Tit

Range : Mainly Eurasian. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to the Near East, Iranian region, India, Sri Lanka, China to Myanmar, and Malay Peninsula ; also Greater and Lesser Sunda Is. Mainly sedentary.

475-1. *Parus major minor* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 シジュウカラ

Range : Resident in the middle Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan, south in China to the Yangtze Basin and Szechwan.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Izu Is.

Habitat : Deciduous, mixed and coniferous forests, forest edge, gardens.

北海道(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB).

針広混交林, 落葉広葉樹林, 常緑広葉樹林, 公園などに生息する.

475-2. *Parus major amamiensis* Kleinschmidt, 1922 アマミシジュウカラ

Range : Resident on the Amami Is.

Status : Common RB on Amami Is.

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

奄美諸島(RB).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

475-3. *Parus major okinawae* Hartert, 1905 オキナワシジュウカラ

Range : Resident on the Okinawa Is.

Status : Common RB on Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Yagachi I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests on mountain region, light woods on suburban area.

沖縄諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 屋我地島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

475-4. *Parus major nigriloris* Hellmayr, 1900 イシガキシジュウカラ

Range : Resident on the Yaeyama Is.

Status : Common RB on Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

八重山諸島(RB: 石垣島, 西表島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

Family SITTIDAE ゴジュウカラ科

SITTA Linnaeus ゴジュウカラ属

476. *Sitta europaea* Linnaeus, 1758 ゴジュウカラ

Gōjūkara Nuthatch (or Eurasian Nuthatch)

Range : Palearctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to Iran, nw India, Altai, n Mongolia, China to Fukien and Szechwan, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Japan, and Taiwan. Sedentary.

476-1. *Sitta europaea asiatica* Gould, 1837 シロハラゴジュウカラ

Range : Resident in s Siberia from the Urals to Lake Baikal, n Mongolia, Stanovoi Range, lower Amur Basin, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat : Deciduous, mixed and coniferous forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB).

低地から山地にかけて落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林, 常緑針葉樹林に生息する.

476-2. *Sitta europaea amurensis* Swinhoe, 1871 ゴジュウカラ

Range : Resident in Transbaikalia, s Amur Basin north to the middle Zeya and Komsomolsk, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan from Honshu to Kyushu.

Status : Locally common RB in Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, n Kyushu.

Habitat : Deciduous, mixed and coniferous forests.

本州(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州北部(RB).

山地の落葉広葉樹林, 亜高山帯の針葉樹林に生息する.

476-3. *Sitta europaea roseilia* Bonaparte, 1850 キュウシュウゴジュウカラ

Range: Resident in s Kyushu in Miyazaki and Kagoshima prefs.

Status: Common RB in s Kyushu (Miyazaki, Kagoshima).

Habitat: Deciduous broad-leaved and mixed forests.

九州南部(RB: 宮崎, 鹿児島).

山地の落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

Family CETHIIDAE キバシリ科

CERTHIA Linnaeus キバシリ属

477. *Certhia familiaris* Linnaeus, 1758 キバシリ

Kibashiri Tree Creeper (or Common Treecreeper)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from the British Isles and c Europe across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast and Sakhalin, south to the Altai, n Mongolia, Manchuria to Hopeh, n Korea, Ussuriland, and Japan; also discrete populations in the Iranian region, Tian Shan, Tibet, w China, and North America south to Nicaragua. Mainly sedentary.

477-1. *Certhia familiaris daurica* Domaniewski, 1922 キタキバシリ

Range: Breeds in s Siberia from the Enisei and Altai to Transbaikalia, n Mongolia, Amur Basin, Stanovoi Range, and Okhotsk coast, south through Manchuria to Hopeh, Ussuriland, n Korea, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is. Recorded from s Korea. Mainly sedentary.

Status: Locally common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Mixed, coniferous and deciduous broad-leaved forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB).

針広混交林, 常緑針葉樹林, 落葉広葉樹林に生息する.

477-2. *Certhia familiaris japonica* Hartert, 1897 キバシリ

Range: Resident in Honshu, Shikoku, and Kyushu.

Status: Locally common RB in c and n Honshu (north of Nara and Wakayama), Shikoku (Tokushima, Ehime), Kyushu (Miyazaki).

Habitat: Deciduous, coniferous and mixed forests.

本州(RB: 奈良, 和歌山以北), 四国(RB: 徳島, 愛媛), 九州(RB: 宮崎).

山地の針葉樹林, 落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

Family ZOSTEROPIDAE メジロ科

ZOSTEROPS Vigors & Horsfield メジロ属

478. *Zosterops japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1847 メジロ

Mejiro Japanese White-eye

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds from Japan from Hokkaido southward, s Korea, Taiwan, China from Hopeh and Shantung southward, Hainan, and n Indochina. Mainly sedentary.

478-1. *Zosterops japonicus japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1847 メジロ

Range: Breeds from s Hokkaido to Kyushu, Tsushima, and Iki; also s Korea, Quelpart I., and Dagelet I. Sedentary, but frequently migrating to the Izu Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Amami Is., and Okinawa Is. Also recorded (possibly breeds) from Oki, Goto Is., and Danjo Is.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Danjo Is. AV in s Kurile Is. WV in Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Amami Is., Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I., Kume I.).

Habitat: Thickets and undergrowth in deciduous or mixed woods, near human habitations.

北海道(RB), 南千島(AV), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 杤岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 男女諸島(RB), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 沖縄諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 座間味島, 久米島).

常緑広葉樹林, 住宅地などに生息する.

478-2. *Zosterops japonicus stejnegeri* Seebohm, 1891 シチトウメジロ

Range: Resident on the Izu Is.

Status: Common RB on Izu Is. (Ôshima, Toshima, Nijima, Shikine I., Kozu I., Miyake I., Mikura I., Hachijo I., Aogashima, Torishima).

Habitat: Dense broad-leaved and mixed woods, tall tangled bushes.

伊豆諸島(RB: 大島, 利島, 新島, 式根島, 神津島, 三宅島, 御蔵島, 八丈島, 青ヶ島, 鳥島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

478-3. *Zosterops japonicus alani* Hartert, 1905 イオウジマメジロ

Range: Resident on the Ogasawara Is. and Iwo Is.

Status: Common RB on Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is.

Habitat : Dense evergreen broad-leaved woods.

小笠原諸島(RB), 硫黄列島(RB). 本来は硫黄列島に分布する. 小笠原諸島のものは, 人為的に硫黄島より導入されたといわれる.

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

478-4. *Zosterops japonicus daitoensis* Kuroda, 1923 ダイトウメジロ

Range : Resident on the Daito Is.

Status : Common RB on Daito Is.

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

大東諸島(RB).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

478-5. *Zosterops japonicus insularis* Ogawa, 1905 シマメジロ

Range : Resident on Yakushima and Tanegashima ; straggleds to Okinawa Is.

Status : Common RB on Yakushima, Tanegashima. AV on Okinawa Is. (Kume I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 沖縄諸島(AV : 久米島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

478-6. *Zosterops japonicus loochooensis* Tristram, 1889 リュウキュウメジロ

Range : Resident on the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is. south to Yonaguni I.

Status : Common RB on Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kikai I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I., Yoron I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yagachi I., Iheya I., Ie I., Zamami I., Kume I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Evergreen broad-leaved forests.

奄美諸島(RB : 奄美大島, 喜界島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島, 与論島), 琉球諸島(RB : 沖縄島, 屋我地島, 伊平屋島, 伊江島, 座間味島, 久米島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

Family MELIPHAGIDAE ミツスイ科

APALOPTERON Bonaparte メグロ属

479. *Apalopteron familiare* (Kittlitz, 1831) メグロ

Meguro Ogasawara Islands Honeyeater

Range : E Palearctic. Endemic to the Ogasawara Is.

479-1. *Apalopteron familiare familiare* (Kittlitz, 1831) ムコジマメグロ

Range : Resident on the Mukojima Is., also possibly occurred on Chichijima I. formerly (two specimens from a dealer).

Status : FB on Mukojima Is. (Mukojima, Nakodojima) (extinct in recent years). Specimen records from Chichijima.

Habitat : Subtropical virgin and secondary woods, tall bushes.

小笠原諸島(FB: 髯島, 媒島, 父島). 絶滅.

常緑広葉樹林に生息していた.

479-2. *Apalopteron familiare hahasima* Yamashina, 1930 ハハジマメグロ

Range : Resident on the Hahajima Is.

Status : Common RB on Hahajima Is. (Hahajima, Mukôjima, Imôtojima, Meijima).

Habitat : Subtropical virgin and secondary woods, tall bushes.

小笠原諸島(RB: 母島, 向島, 妹島, 姪島).

常緑広葉樹林に生息する.

Family EMBERIZIDAE ホオジロ科

EMBERIZA Linnaeus ホオジロ属

480. *Emberiza citrinella* Linnaeus, 1758 キアオジ

Ki-aoji Yellowhammer

Range : W and c Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe and nw Russia eastward to the Vilyui and Chona rivers in w Russian Far East, south to the Kirghiz Steppes, Altai, and Sayans ; also Caucasus and n Iran. Winters to n Africa, w and c Asia, and n Mongolia.

480-1. *Emberiza citrinella erythrogenys* Brehm, 1855 キアオジ

Range : Range of the species except the British Isles, Europe, and n Russia west of the Urals. Straggles to n China and Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Ishikawa, Oct. 1950, Oct. 1954, Nagano, Dec. 1935, Aichi, Feb. 1975).

本州(AV: 石川, 1950年10月, 1954年10月, 長野, 1935年12月, 愛知, 1975年2月).

481. *Emberiza leucocephalos* Gmelin, 1771 シラガホオジロ

Shiraga-hôjirô Pine Bunting

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the Urals east to the

Okhotsk coast, Amur Basin, and Sakhalin, south to the Tian Shan, n Mongolia, and Transbaikalia. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to the Iranian region, Turkestan, China from Manchuria to the Yangtze Basin, and rarely Japan.

481-1. *Emberiza leucocephalos leucocephalos* Gmelin, 1771 シラガホオジロ

Range: Range of the species except ne Tsinghai and Kansu.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (Iwate, Miyagi, Yamagata, Tochigi, Tokyo, Nagano, Shizuoka, Hyogo, Tottori, Shimane, Hiroshima), Awashima, Hekura I., Mishima, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Oita, Kagoshima), Izu Is.

北海道(AV), 南千島(AV), 本州(AV: 岩手, 宮城, 山形, 栃木, 東京, 長野, 静岡, 兵庫, 鳥取, 島根, 広島), 粟島(AV), 舩倉島(AV), 見島(AV), 九州(AV: 福岡, 大分, 鹿児島), 伊豆諸島(AV).

482. *Emberiza cioides* Brandt, 1843 ホオジロ

Hôjîro Siberian Meadow Bunting

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in Turkestan, Mongolia, and s Siberia from the Altai to the Amur Basin, south to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, e China to Kwangtung, and Japan. Mainly sedentary.

482-1. *Emberiza cioides ciopsis* Bonaparte, 1850 ホオジロ

Range: Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. south to Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, and Izu Is.; also Quelpart I. and Dagelet I. in Korea. Sedentary, but northern birds winter south to c Honshu. Recorded from c Kurile Is.; straggles to Moneron I. off Sakhalin.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. AV in Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated lands, grasslands, meadows.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), トカラ列島(AV), 奄美諸島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV).

疎林, 農耕地, 草原, 牧草地, 伐開地等に生息する.

483. *Emberiza hortulana* Linnaeus, 1758 ズアオホオジロ

Zuao-hôjîro Ortolan Bunting

Range: W and c Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east across w Siberia to the Altai and nw Mongolia, south to Asia Minor, Iran, and Kirghiz Steppes. Winters to e Africa and s Arabia; straggles to Japan.

Status: AV on Hekura I. (Oct. 1986).

舢倉島(AV: 1986年10月). 1例だけ記録がある.

484. *Emberiza yessoensis* (Swinhoe, 1874) コジュリン

Ko-jurin Japanese Reed Bunting

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in se Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in e China from Hopeh and Shantung to the lower Yangtze Basin (occasionally to Fukien), s Korea, and Japan.

484-1. *Emberiza yessoensis yessoensis* (Swinhoe, 1874) コジュリン

Range: Breeds in n and c Honshu and Kyushu. Recorded from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. Winters in warmer areas on the Pacific coast.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Sado. Uncommon and local RB (or MB) in n and c Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Akita, Ibaraki, Gunma, Chiba, Niigata, Toyama, Yamanashi, Nagano, Shizuoka), Kyushu (Kumamoto). WV in sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu.

Habitat: Grasslands, marshes, reedbeds.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州北・中部(RB, MB: 青森, 宮城, 秋田, 茨城, 群馬, 千葉, 新潟, 富山, 山梨, 長野, 静岡), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(MB: 熊本. WV).

草原など開けた環境に生息する. 北海道では近年確かな記録がない.

485. *Emberiza tristrami* Swinhoe, 1870 シロハラホオジロ

Shirohara-hôjiro Tristram's Bunting

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the middle Amur Basin, n Manchuria, and Ussuriland. Winters to s China south of the Yangtze Basin west to Szechwan and Yunnan, and rarely Japan; accidental in Myanmar.

Status: AV or IV in Hokkaido, Rebun I., n and c Honshu (Miyagi, Tochigi, Niigata, Gifu), Tobishima, Awashima, Hekura I., Oki, Mishima, Futaoi I., Tsunoshima, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kagoshima), Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is.

北海道(AV), 礼文島(AV), 本州北・中部(AV: 宮城, 栃木, 新潟, 岐阜), 飛島(AV), 粟島(AV), 舢倉島(AV), 隠岐(AV), 見島(AV), 蓋井島(AV), 角島(AV), 九州(AV: 福岡, 鹿児島), トカラ列島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV).

486. *Emberiza fucata* Pallas, 1776 ホオアカ

Hôaka Chestnut-eared Bunting

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds from ne Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and middle Amur Basin to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan; also Himalayas to

w and se China south of the Yangtze Basin. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in Assam to Indochina, s China, Hainan, and s Japan.

486-1. *Emberiza fucata fucata* Pallas, 1776 ホオアカ

Range : Range of the species except the Himalayas to w and s China.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Sado. CB in s Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu. WV in Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open and brushy grasslands, cultivated lands, afforested areas.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州中・北部(MB), 本州南部(CB, WV), 佐渡(MB), 隠岐(WV), 四国(CB, WV), 九州(CB, WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

灌木草原や農耕地などに生息する。

487. *Emberiza pusilla* Pallas, 1776 コホオアカ

Ko-hōaka Little Bunting

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds in n Siberia from Lapland and nw Russia east to the n Okhotsk coast, and Anadyrland, south to n Lake Baikal and s Sakha. Winters to the e Himalayas, Assam to Indochina, and s China ; occasional or accidental in Japan, Taiwan, Philippines, and Europe.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Tobishima, Awashima, Mishima, Futaoi I., Shikoku, Kyushu, Danjo Is., Goto Is., Yakushima, Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open woodlands, sparse woods, cultivated lands.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 飛島(IV), 粟島(IV), 見島(IV), 蓋井島(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(IV), 男女諸島(IV), 五島列島(IV), 屋久島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美大島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

疎林や農耕地などに生息する。

488. *Emberiza chrysophrys* Pallas, 1776 キマユホオジロ

Kimayu-hōjiro Yellow-browed Bunting

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in se Siberia in s Sakha east to the Aldan River, south to n Lake Baikal and n Stanovoi Range. Winters to e China south of the Yangtze Basin. Recorded from Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Korea on migration ; accidental in Japan and w Europe.

Status : AV in s Honshu, Tobishima, Awashima, Hekura I., Mishima, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

本州南部(AV), 飛島(AV), 粟島(AV), 舩倉島(AV), 見島(AV), 四国(AV), 九州(AV), 対馬(AV), トカラ列島(AV), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV).

489. *Emberiza rustica* Pallas, 1776 カシラダカ

Kashiradaka Rustic Bunting

Range : N Palearctic. Breeds from Lapland and n Russia eastward to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the n Altai, Sayans, and middle Amur Basin ; also recorded in summer from Sakhalin, n Kurile Is., and Commander Is. Winters to China from Hopeh to Fukien and Szechwan, Tian Shan, and Japan ; straggles to Turkey and Europe.

489-1. *Emberiza rustica latifascia* Portenko, 1930 カシラダカ

Range : Breeds in Anadyrland and Kamchatka. Winters in Japan, also possibly in Korea and e China.

Status : Common PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Common WV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Danjo Is., Yakushima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open woodlands, sparse woods, cultivated lands, suburban and urban areas.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州北部(PV), 本州中・南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 男女諸島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

疎林, 伐開地, 農耕地等に生息する。青森, 佐賀, 対馬で夏の観察記録がある。

490. *Emberiza elegans* Temminck, 1835 ミヤマホオジロ

Miyama-hôjiro Yellow-throated Bunting

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and sw Japan in sw Honshu and Tsushima ; also w China. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in Korea, Japan, and e China south to Fukien ; casual in Sakhalin, Kurile Is., Ryukyu Is., and Taiwan.

490-1. *Emberiza elegans elegans* Temminck, 1835 ミヤマホオジロ

Range : Range of the species except w China.

Status : Common PV and WV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is. Rather uncommon PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. CB in Tsushima, sw Honshu (Hiroshima).

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated lands, riverside thickets.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州北部(PV), 本州中・南部(WV, CB: 広島), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(CB, WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).

疎林や農耕地等に生息する。対馬と広島で繁殖が確認されている。

491. *Emberiza aureola* Pallas, 1773 シマアオジ

Shima-aoji Yellow-breasted Bunting

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from Finland (occasionally) and n Russia eastward across n Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the Kirghiz Steppes, n Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan north of n Honshu. Winters from e India to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, se China, and Hainan.

491-1. *Emberiza aureola ornata* Shulpin, 1928 シマアオジ

Range: Breeds in the Amur Basin, s Okhotsk coast, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, Kamchatka, Kurile Is., Sakhalin, and n Japan. Winters to se Asia and se China.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in Honshu, Awashima, Hekura I., Mishima, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Miyazaki), Tsushima, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Grasslands with scattered shrubs, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(IV), 粟島(IV), 舩倉島(IV), 見島(IV), 九州(IV:福岡, 佐賀, 宮崎), 対馬(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV:八丈島), 硫黄列島(IV), トカラ列島(IV), 奄美諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV).

草原, 灌木草原, 農耕地に生息する。

492. *Emberiza rutila* Pallas, 1776 シマノジコ

Shima-nojiko Chestnut Bunting

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in s Siberia from the n and w Lake Baikal region to the Okhotsk coast and lower Amur Basin, south to Transbaikalia, Manchuria, and n Ussuriland. Winters in Assam to Indochina, Malay Peninsula, and s China; straggles to Japan, Taiwan, and Europe.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Rishiri I., Honshu (Iwate, Akita, Ishikawa, Nagano, Shimane), Tobishima, Awashima, Mishima; Tsunoshima, Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Danjo Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

北海道(AV), 利尻島(AV), 本州(AV:岩手, 秋田, 石川, 長野, 島根), 飛島(AV), 粟島(AV), 見島(AV), 角島(AV), 九州(AV:福岡, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), 男女諸島(AV), トカラ列島(AV), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV).

493. *Emberiza melanocephala* Scopoli, 1769 ズグロチャキンチョウ

Zuguro-chakinchō Black-headed Bunting

Range : W Palearctic. Breeds from se Italy and Balkans eastward to Asia Minor, Crete, Cyprus, Near East, Caucasus, sw Russia, and Iran. Winters to w India ; straggles to the British Isles, w Europe, and Japan.

Status : AV in Tobishima (May 1988), Izu Is. (Hachijo I., Nov. 1928, Nov. 1930), Ryukyu Is. (Tokashiki I., Oct. 1985, Yonaguni I., Dec. 1985).

飛島(AV, 1988年5月), 伊豆諸島(AV: 八丈島, 1928年11月, 1930年11月), 琉球諸島(AV: 渡嘉敷島, 1985年10月, 与那国島, 1985年12月).

494. *Emberiza sulphurata* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 ノジコ

Nojiko Japanese Yellow Bunting

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Japan in Honshu. Winters to se China in Fukien and Kwangtung, Taiwan, and n Philippines ; also recorded from s Korea on migration.

Status : Locally common MB in n and c Honshu (Aomori, Fukushima, Gunma, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata, Yamanashi, Nagano, Shizuoka). CB in sw Honshu (Tottori). Uncommon PV or WV in sw Honshu, Oki, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Open fields with low bush, also edge and shrubby grasslands, forest edge.

本州中・北部(MB: 青森, 福島, 群馬, 東京, 神奈川, 新潟, 山梨, 長野, 静岡), 本州南西部(PV. CB: 鳥取), 隠岐(PV), 九州(PV), 対馬(PV), 屋久島(PV), 伊豆諸島(PV), トカラ列島(PV), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV).

疎林, 林縁に生息する. 本州では局地的に繁殖する.

495. *Emberiza spodocephala* Pallas, 1776 アオジ

Aoji Black-faced Bunting

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in Siberia from the Altai and upper Enisei to the Okhotsk coast, lower Amur Basin, and Sakhalin, south to the Sayans, Transbaikalia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, w China to Sikang and n Yunnan, and n Japan. Winters to the Himalayas, se Asia, s China, s Korea, s Japan, and Taiwan.

495-1. *Emberiza spodocephala spodocephala* Pallas, 1776 シベリアアオジ

Range : Breeds in s Siberia east of the Altai, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and n Korea. Winters to e and s China, Hainan, s Korea, and Taiwan ; accidental in Japan and Philippines.

Status : AV in Honshu (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Niigata), Mishima, Tsunoshima, Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Miyazaki, Kagoshima), Tsushima, Tokara Is., Yaeyama Is.

本州(AV:東京, 神奈川, 新潟), 見島(AV), 角島(AV), 四国(AV:徳島), 九州(AV:宮崎, 鹿児島), 対馬(AV), トカラ列島(AV), 八重山諸島(AV).

495-2. *Emberiza spodocephala personata* Temminck, 1835 アオジ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin and Japan from the s Kurile Is. to c Honshu. Winters to sw Japan and Quelpart I., occasionally reaching e and s China.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. RB in n and c Honshu. Common WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Open woodlands, low bushes, forest edge, undergrowth, cultivated lands.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 奄美諸島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

疎林, 林縁部, 灌木草原, 農耕地などに生息する.

496. *Emberiza variabilis* Temminck, 1835 クロジ

Kuroji Grey Bunting

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in s Kamchatka, Kurile Is., Sakhalin, and Japan south to c Honshu. Winters from c Honshu to the Ryukyu Is.; casual in e China and Ussuriland.

Status: Uncommon MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. MB or RB in n and c Honshu. CB in c Honshu (Nara, Hyogo). Rather common WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat: Dense thickets and thick undergrowth of deciduous and mixed forests.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(RB または MB. CB: 奈良, 兵庫), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 奄岐(WV), 五島列島(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

林床植物の密な落葉広葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

497. *Emberiza pallasi* (Cabanis, 1851) シベリアジュリン

Shiberia-jurin Pallas's Bunting

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in c and e Siberia from the Taz River and upper Enisei to the Chukot Peninsula, south to the Altai, Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, and n Manchuria. Winters to temperate regions.

497-1. *Emberiza pallasi polaris* Middendorff, 1851 シベリアジュリン

Range : Breeds in c and e Siberia east to the Chukot Peninsula, south to n Lake Baikal and middle Lena. Winters to s Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, e China south to the lower Yangtze Basin, and occasionally Japan.

Status : AV in Kyushu (Saga, Mar. 1925).

九州(AV : 佐賀, 1925年3月).

497-2. *Emberiza pallasi pallasi* (Cabanis, 1851) オオシベリアジュリン

Range : Breeds from the Altai and Sayans to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, n Mongolia, Manchuria, and Tian Shan. Mainly sedentary, wintering to Chinese Turkestan and Inner Mongolia ; accidental in Japan in Kyushu.

Status : AV in Kyushu (Saga, Jan. 1924).

九州(AV : 佐賀, 1924年1月). 採集記録が1例ある.

498. *Emberiza schoeniclus* (Linnaeus, 1758) オオジュリン

Ô-jurin Reed Bunting

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east across Eurasia to the lower Lena and Okhotsk coast, south to Asia Minor, c Asia, Mongolia, Manchuria, and Ussuriland ; also Kamchatka, Kurile Is., Sakhalin, and n Japan south to n Honshu. Migratory and sedentary, wintering in temperate Eurasia.

498-1. *Emberiza schoeniclus pyrrhulina* (Swinhoe, 1876) オオジュリン

Range : Breeds in Kamchatka, Kurile Is., Sakhalin, lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Hokkaido, and n Honshu. Winters from Manchuria to Hopeh (rarely to the Yangtze Basin), Korea (occasional), and s Japan from c Honshu to Kyushu.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and sw Honshu (Tottori). Common WV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Yoron I., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Shrubby grasslands, reed beds, wet grasslands, margin of marshes. Reed beds along rivers, estuaries, sea coast in winter.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(MB), 本州中・南西部(WV. MB : 鳥取), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 与論島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV).

湿原, 草原に生息する. 冬には川沿いのヨシ原などに生息する.

CALCARIUS Bechstein ツメナガホオジロ属**499. *Calcarius lapponicus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ツメナガホオジロ**

Tsumenaga-hôjîro Lapland Bunting

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds in tundras of arctic and subarctic Eurasia and North America ; also s Greenland. Winters to temperate regions.

499-1. *Calcarius lapponicus coloratus* Ridgway, 1898 ツメナガホオジロ

Range : Breeds in Kamchatka, Commander Is., and Shelekhova Gulf coast of the Okhotsk Sea. Winters to e China south to the Yangtze Basin. Recorded from Manchuria, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan on migration.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Tobishima, Hekura I., Mishima, Kyushu, Izu Is. AV on Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Coastal barren wastes, bare grounds, cultivated fields.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(IV), 佐渡(IV), 飛島(IV), 舩倉島(IV), 見島(IV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV).

海岸部の草地などに飛来する。

PLECTROPHENAX Stejneger ユキホオジロ属**500. *Plectrophenax nivalis* (Linnaeus, 1758) ユキホオジロ**

Yuki-hôjîro Snow Bunting

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds in tundras of arctic and subarctic Eurasia and North America ; also coasts of Greenland. Winters to temperate regions.

500-1. *Plectrophenax nivalis vlasowae* Portenko, 1937 ユキホオジロ

Range : Breeds in arctic Siberia from the lower Pechora to the Chukot Peninsula, Anadyrland, and e Kamchatka ; also Severnaya Zemlya, New Siberian Is., and Wrangel I. Winters from the Altai to Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., n Japan, and occasionally Korea and Hopeh in n China.

Status : Regular WV in Hokkaido. IV in Honshu, Sado, Hekura I., Oki. AV in Kyushu (Fukuoka).

Habitat : Coasts barren fields, cultivated fields.

北海道(WV), 本州(IV), 佐渡(IV), 舩倉島(IV), 隠岐(IV), 九州(AV : 福岡).

冬期, 海岸など植被のないような環境, 農耕地に生息する。

500-2. *Plectrophenax nivalis townsendi* Ridgway, 1887 オオユキホオジロ

Range : Breeds on the Commander Is., Pribilof Is., and w Aleutian Is.

Mainly sedentary, but occasionally winters to the Kurile Is. and Alaska.

Status : Uncommon WV in s Kurile Is.

Habitat : Open lands, sea coast, bare ground.

南千島(WV).

冬期, 海岸など植被のない環境, 農耕地に生息する.

PASSERELLA Swainson ゴマフスズメ属

501. *Passerella iliaca* (Merrem, 1786) ゴマフスズメ

Gomafu-suzume Fox Sparrow

Range : Nearctic. Breeds from Alaska and Canada south to s California and s Quebec. Winters to the s US and nw Mexico.

501-1. *Passerella iliaca unalaschcensis* (Gmelin, 1789) ゴマフスズメ

Range : Breeds in Alaska and e Aleutian Is. west to Unalaska. Winters to the Pacific coast of the US from Vancouver to s California and occasionally Baja California ; straggles to Anadyrland and Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (Feb. 1985), Honshu (Tochigi, Nov. 1935).

北海道(AV, 1985年2月), 本州(AV : 栃木, 1935年11月). 2例の記録がある.

ZONOTRICHIA Swainson ミヤマシトド属

502. *Zonotrichia leucophrys* (Forster, 1772) ミヤマシトド

Miyama-shitodo White-crowned Sparrow

Range : Nearctic. Breeds from Alaska and Canada south to California, Rockies, and Quebec. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to the US, c Mexico, and Cuba.

502-1. *Zonotrichia leucophrys gambelii* (Nuttall, 1840) ミヤマシトド

Range : Breeds in w North America from Alaska and Yukon Territory south to British Columbia and n Washington, east to Hudson Bay. Winters to s British Columbia and w US south to Baja California and c Mexico ; straggles to Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido (Mar. 1969), Honshu (Gunma, Oct. 1977, Saitama, Nov. 1994, Chiba, Dec. 1936, Tokyo, Mar. 1964, Ishikawa, Oct. 1992), Hekura I. (Apr., Oct. 1977).

北海道(AV, 1969年3月), 本州(AV : 群馬, 1977年10月, 埼玉, 1994年11月, 千葉, 1936年12月, 東京, 1964年3月, 石川, 1992年10月), 舩倉島(1977年4, 10月).

503. *Zonotrichia atricapilla* (Gmelin, 1789) キガシラシトド

Kigashira-shitodo Golden-crowned Sparrow

Range: Nearctic. Breeds in w North America east of the Rockies from Alaska south to British Columbia and n Washington. Winters in the west coast of the US south to Baja California and n Mexico; straggles to Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Tokyo, Dec. 1935, Niigata, May 1986), Sado (Jan. 1980), Awashima (May 1997).

本州北部(AV: 東京, 1935年12月, 新潟, 1986年5月), 佐渡(AV, 1980年1月), 粟島(AV, 1997年5月). 4例の記録がある.

Family FRINGILLIDAE アトリ科**FRINGILLA Linnaeus アトリ属****504. *Fringilla coelebs* Linnaeus, 1758 ズアオアトリ**

Zuao-atori Chaffinch

Range: W and c Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe and n Africa eastward to c Siberia (east to the upper Enisei) and Transcaspia, south to Asia Minor and Iran; also Azores, Canaries, and Crete. Northern birds migratory, wintering to Egypt, Iraq, and w Asia.

504-1. *Fringilla coelebs coelebs* Linnaeus, 1758 ズアオアトリ

Range: Range of the species except the British Isles, Caucasian region, Transcaspia, Crete, n Africa, Azores, Madeira, and Canaries; accidental in Japan.

Status: AV in Rishiri I. (Apr. 1990).

利尻島(AV: 1990年4月). 1例の記録がある.

505. *Fringilla montifringilla* Linnaeus, 1758 アトリ

Atori Brambling

Range: N Palearctic. Breeds from Scandinavia east through Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the n Baltic States, Kazan region in w Russia, Altai, nw Mongolia, and lower Amur Basin. Winters to Europe, n Africa, Near East, s China, Korea, Japan, and occasionally Taiwan.

Status: PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. Common WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Open woods, tall bushes, cultivated fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV),

九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 種子島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).
疎林, 低木林, 農耕地に生息する。

CARDUELIS Brisson カワラヒワ属

506. *Carduelis sinica* (Linnaeus, 1766) カワラヒワ

Kawara-hiwa Oriental Greenfinch

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Kamchatka, south to w and e China to Szechwan and Kwantung, Korea, and Japan. Northern birds migratory, wintering to warmer regions.

506-1. *Carduelis sinica kawarahiba* (Temminck, 1835) オオカワラヒワ

Range: Breeds in Kamchatka and n Kurile Is. south at least to Shimushiru I. Winters to Japan; casual in Sakhalin and Taiwan.

Status: PV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. WV in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yakushima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Taketomi I., Kohama I., Kuroshima).

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields.

北海道(PV), 南千島(PV), 本州(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 屋久島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 宮古島, 石垣島, 竹富島, 小浜島, 黒島).

村落周辺, 疎林, 農耕地に飛来する。

506-2. *Carduelis sinica minor* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) カワラヒワ

Range: Breeds in s Sakhalin, Japan, and Quelpart I. Sedentary, but northern birds wintering to sw Japan.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Izu Is.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated lands, river beds, shrubby, residential areas.

北海道(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 五島列島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB).

疎林, 農耕地, 河川敷, 灌木草原, 住宅地に生息する。

506-3. *Carduelis sinica kittlitzii* (Seeböhm, 1890) オガサワラカワラヒワ

Range: Resident on the Ogasawara Is. and Iwo Is.

Status: RB in Ogasawara Is. (Mukojima, Nakôdojima, Chichijima, Hahajima, Mukôjima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I., Iwo I.).

Habitat : Open woodlands

小笠原諸島(RB: 聳島, 媒島, 父島, 母島, 向島), 硫黄列島(RB: 北硫黄島, 硫黄島).

疎林に生息する.

507. *Carduelis spinus* (Linnaeus, 1758) マヒワ

Ma-hiwa Siskin (or Eurasian Siskin)

Range : Palearctic. Two widely separated populations in w and e Palearctic. Breeds in the west from the British Isles and Scandinavia east to w Siberia in the Omsk and Novosibirsk regions, south to the Pyrenees, Alps, Asia Minor, and n Iran and, with a wide gap in c Eurasia, from s Sakha southward to the Amur Basin, s Okhotsk coast, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and n Japan north of c Honshu. Winters to s Europe, nw Africa, Near East, and s Iran in the west and e China to Fukien and Kwangtung, Korea, Japan, and Taiwan in the east ; casual in the Philippines.

Status : RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. Common PV or WV in c and sw Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Yakushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima I., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Coniferous and mixed forests, open woodlands, cultivated lands.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州中・南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(PV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(PV).

常緑針葉樹林や針広混交林に生息し, 冬には低地の疎林や農耕地などに飛来する.

508. *Carduelis flammea* (Linnaeus, 1758) ベニヒワ

Beni-hiwa Redpoll (or Common Redpoll)

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds from the British Isles and n Scandinavia eastward through arctic Siberia to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka, south to the Sayans, Stanovoi Range, and Sakhalin ; also in Iceland, Alps, arctic North America, and s Greenland. Winters to s Europe, Caucasus, Turkestan, Mongolia, e China to the lower Yangtze Basin, Japan, and n US.

508-1. *Carduelis flammea flammea* (Linnaeus, 1758) ベニヒワ

Range : Range of the species except Iceland, British Isles, Alps, and Baffin I. to Greenland.

Status : Locally common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu, Sado. IV in sw Honshu, Kyushu, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Ryukyu Is. (Iriomote

I.).

Habitat : Open deciduous woods, bushes.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北・中部(WV), 本州南西部(IV), 佐渡(WV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), 琉球諸島(IV : 西表島).

開けた落葉広葉樹林, 低木林などに生息する.

509. *Carduelis hornemanni* (Holböll, 1843) コベニヒワ

Ko-benihwa Arctic (Brit.) or Hoary (US) Redpoll

Range : N Holarctic. Breeds in arctic tundras in Eurasia and North America from Lapland eastward through northernmost Russia and Siberia to Alaska and n Canada, south to Quebec and Labrador ; also Baffin I. and n Greenland. Winters to temperate regions south to the Baltic states, n Mongolia, and n US, occasionally to e China, Korea, and Japan.

509-1. *Carduelis hornemanni exilipes* (Coues, 1862) コベニヒワ

Range : Range of the species except Ellsmeres, Baffin Is., and Greenland.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Tochigi, Toyama, Ishikawa, Nagano, Tottori).

Habitat : Open deciduous woods, bushes.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 青森, 栃木, 富山, 石川, 長野, 鳥取).

開けた落葉広葉樹林, 低木林などに生息する.

LEUCOSTICTE Swainson ハギマシコ属

510. *Leucosticte arctoa* (Pallas, 1811) ハギマシコ

Hagi-mashiko Rosy Finch

Range : E Palearctic and Nearctic. Breeds in the mountains of c and e Siberia from the Altai and Sayans eastward to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Koryakland, Kamchatka, n Kurile Is., Commander Is., Aleutian Is., and mountains of w North America from Alaska and Yukon to the w US. Sedentary but winters in lower elevations and warmer areas.

510-1. *Leucosticte arctoa brunneonucha* (Brandt, 1842) ハギマシコ

Range : Breeds in the mountains of e Siberia from the Lena River to Koryakland and Kamchatka, south to the Stanovoi and Tukuringra mountains, n Kurile Is., and possibly in the mountains of Hokkaido. Winters to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Japan south to Kyushu.

Status : Scarce RB in c Hokkaido. WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu,

Sado. IV in Kyushu., Izu Is. (Hachijo I.).

Habitat : Barren and rocky fields with scattered vegetation, open woodlands.

北海道(RB, WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 九州(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV : 八丈島).

高標高の岩礫地, 崖地に生息し, 冬には海岸の崖地, 疎林, 草原, 荒地などに飛来する.

CARPODACUS Kaup オオマシコ属

511. *Carpodacus erythrinus* (Pallas, 1770) アカマシコ

Aka-mashiko Common Rosefinch

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from ne Europe east across Siberia to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to s Russia, Altai, Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and n Sakhalin ; also from Asia Minor and Caucasus east through the Himalayas to mountains of w China. Winters to s Asia.

511-1. *Carpodacus erythrinus grebnitskii* Stejneger, 1885 アカマシコ

Range : Breeds in e Siberia from the Lena River to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to Mongolia, Ussuriland, and n Sakhalin. Winters to s China south of the Yangtze Basin ; casual in Japan and Quelpart I.

Status : IV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Tochigi, Saitama, Niigata, Ishikawa, Fukui, Yamanashi, Kyoto, Mie). AV in Futaoi I., Kyushu (Fukuoka), Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Tokara Is. (Tairajima)

Habitat : Open woodlands, grasslands.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV : 栃木, 埼玉, 新潟, 石川, 福井, 山梨, 京都, 三重), 蓋井島(AV), 九州(AV : 福岡), 伊豆諸島(AV : 八丈島), トカラ列島(AV : 平島).

疎林, 草原などに生息する.

512. *Carpodacus roseus* (Pallas, 1776) オオマシコ

Ô-mashiko Pallas's Rosefinch

Range : C and e Palearctic. Breeds in c and e Siberia from the Altai eastward to se Sakha, south to the Sayans, n Lake Baikal, Stanovoi Range, and Sakhalin. Winters to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, and Japan, south to e China north of the Yangtze Basin and Zaisan Nor region ; casual in w Russia and c Europe.

Status : Locally common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. IV

in sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I.)

Habitat: Open woodlands, forest edge, low bushes in cultivated lands and riverbeds.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州北・中部(WV), 本州南西部(IV), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV: 徳島), 九州(IV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島).

冬に疎林, 農耕地に接する低木林などに生息する.

PINICOLA Vieillot ギンザンマシコ属

513. *Pinicola enucleator* (Linnaeus, 1758) ギンザンマシコ

Ginzan-mashiko Pine Grosbeak

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia east across n Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the mountains of s Siberia, n Mongolia, Stanovoi Range, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Hokkaido; also n North America south to the w US. Northern birds winter to temperate regions.

513-1. *Pinicola enucleator kamtschatkensis* (Dybowski, 1883) コバシギンザンマシコ

Range: Breeds in Russian Far East and Kamchatka. Mainly sedentary, occasionally wintering to Sakhalin and Kurile Is.; straggles to the Commander Is., Pribilof Is., and Japan.

Status: AV in Honshu (Niigata, Feb. 1957).

本州(AV: 新潟, 1957年2月). 1例の記録がある.

513-2. *Pinicola enucleator sakhalinensis* Buturlin, 1915 ギンザンマシコ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and Hokkaido. Mainly sedentary; casual in Honshu.

Status: RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. IV in Honshu (Miyagi, Akita, Gunma, Toyama, Ishikawa, Nagano, Kyoto, Tottori, Hiroshima).

Habitat: Dwarf pine forests in summer, coniferous forests in winter.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(IV: 宮城, 秋田, 群馬, 富山, 石川, 長野, 京都, 鳥取, 広島).

ハイマツ林で繁殖し, 冬期にはより低地の針葉樹林に生息する.

LOXIA Linnaeus イスカ属**514. *Loxia curvirostra* Linnaeus, 1758 イスカ**

Isuka Crossbill (or Red Crossbill)

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa east through Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Amur Basin, south to the Altai, n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Ussuriland, and n Japan; also Asia Minor, Caucasus, Turkistan, Himalayas to w China, s Annam, n Luzon, and North America south to Nicaragua. Mainly sedentary, but more or less nomadic and irruptive.

514-1. *Loxia curvirostra japonica* Ridgway, 1885 イスカ

Range: Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and n Japan from Hokkaido south to the mountains in c Honshu. Recorded from Hopeh, Sakhalin, and Kurile Is. Sedentary and migratory, wintering to Manchuria, Korea, e China south to the Yangtze Basin, and Japan.

Status: Uncommon RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. Locally common WV in lowlands of Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is. (Iwo I.). IV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Miyako I.).

Habitat: Coniferous and mixed forests, open woodlands.

北海道(RB, WV), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB, WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV: 硫黄島), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 宮古島).

山地の針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

515. *Loxia leucoptera* Gmelin, 1789 ナキイスカ

Naki-isuka White-winged Crossbill

Range: Holarctic. Breeds from n Scandinavia and ne Russia east across Siberia to Sakha; also North America south to s Canada and n New York, and an isolated population in Hispaniola. Mainly sedentary, but more or less nomadic and irruptive and winters to Europe, e China, and Sakhalin.

515-1. *Loxia leucoptera bifasciata* (Brehm, 1827) ナキイスカ

Range: Range of the species except North America and Hispaniola. Casual in Japan.

Status: Uncommon WV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Aomori, Miyagi, Fukushima, Tochigi, Kanagawa, Nagano, Kyoto, Osaka, Tottori, Shimane). AV in Izu Is.

Habitat: Coniferous and mixed forests, open woodlands.

北海道(WV), 本州(WV: 青森, 宮城, 福島, 栃木, 神奈川, 長野, 京都, 大

阪, 鳥取, 島根), 伊豆諸島(AV).

針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息し, イスカの群れに混じる.

URAGUS Keyserling & Blasius ベニマシコ属

516. *Uragus sibiricus* (Pallas, 1773) ベニマシコ

Beni-mashiko

Long-tailed Rosefinch

Range: C and e Palearctic. Breeds in s Siberia from the Novosibirsk region east to the Altai, n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, and lower Amur Basin, south to Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, Sakhalin, and n Japan to n Honshu; also w China from Sikang and Szechwan to Shensi. Migratory and sedentary, northern birds wintering to the Tian Shan, Dzungaria, n China (Hopeh), s Korea, and sw Japan.

516-1. *Uragus sibiricus sanguinolentus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) ベニマシコ

Range: Breeds in Sakhalin and n Japan from the s Kurile Is. to the northernmost Honshu. Winters in Japan south to Honshu, rarely Kyushu.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. CB in n Honshu (Aomori). Locally common WV in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku. Rare WV in Kyushu.

Habitat: Forest edge, shrubby grasslands, cultivated fields.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北部(CB: 青森), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV).

灌木草原, 幼齡人工林, 林縁, 林のある農耕地などに生息する.

CHAUNOPROCTUS Bonaparte オガサワラマシコ属

517. *Chaunoproctus ferreorostris* (Vigors, 1829) オガサワラマシコ

Ogasawara-mashiko

Ogasawara Islands Grosbeak

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to the Ogasawara Is.

Status: FB in Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima), now extinct (since 1829). Specimen preserved in Leiden, Frankfurt, Berlin, London (type specimen) and New York.

Habitat: Coastal forests.

小笠原諸島(FB: 父島), 絶滅. 1827-1828年に約10羽が採集された.

海岸の森林に生息していた.

PYRRHULA Brisson ウソ属**518. *Pyrrhula pyrrhula* (Linnaeus, 1758) ウソ**

Uso Bullfinch (or Eurasian Bullfinch)

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe and Azores eastward across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast and Kamchatka, south to the Caucasus, n Iran, Altai, n Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, Kurile Is., and n Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to temperate Eurasia.

518-1. *Pyrrhula pyrrhula cassinii* Baird, 1869 ベニバラウソ

Range: Breeds on the n Okhotsk coast south to Ayan, Kamchatka and n Kurile Is. (Paramushiru I.). Winters irregularly or accidentally to the lower Amur Basin, Hopeh in e China, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, and rarely Japan; casual in St. Lawrence I. and Alaska.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. AV in Honshu (Toyama, Nagano, Osaka, Wakayama, Shimane), Sado.

Habitat: Coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(IV), 南千島(IV), 本州(AV: 富山, 長野, 大阪, 和歌山, 島根), 佐渡(AV).

針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

518-2. *Pyrrhula pyrrhula rosacea* Seeböhm, 1882 アカウソ

Range: Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin. Winters to Manchuria, Korea, e China south to the Yangtze Basin, and Japan.

Status: Common WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is.

Habitat: Coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV).

針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息する.

518-3. *Pyrrhula pyrrhula griseiventris* Lafresnaye, 1841 ウソ

Range: Breeds in the c Kurile Is. and n Japan from the s Kurile Is. to the mountains of c Honshu. Sedentary, but winters in lower elevations and warmer areas.

Status: Locally common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. WV in sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima, Kozu I., Hachijo I.). Okinawa I.,

Habitat: Coniferous and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV: 大島, 神津島, 八丈島), 沖縄島(WV).

針葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息し, 冬期には山麓部や平地の森林にも生息する.

EOPHONA Gould イカル属

519. *Eophona migratoria* Hartert, 1903 コイカル

Ko-ikaru Yellow-billed Grosbeak

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the s Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea and, with a gap in distribution, from the Yangtze Basin west to Szechwan. Winters to s China, Korea, Japan, Taiwan, and occasionally n Indochina.

519-1. *Eophona migratoria migratoria* Hartert, 1903 コイカル

Range: Range of the species except the Yangtze Basin to Szechwan.

Status: Uncommon WV in c Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu. Common WV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tokara Is. (Tairajima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.). AV in Hokkaido, Izu Is. (Niijima, Hachijo I.), Ogasawara Is. (Chichijima).

Habitat: Open woodlands, sparse woods.

北海道(AV), 本州(WV), 佐渡(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(AV: 新島, 八丈島), 小笠原諸島(AV: 父島), トカラ列島(WV: 平島), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 西表島, 与那国島).

低地の疎林, 農耕地等に生息する.

520. *Eophona personata* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) イカル

Ikaru Masked Grosbeak

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in the lower Amur Basin, e Manchuria, Hopeh in n China, Ussuriland, and Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to s Japan; recorded from Korea on migration.

520-1. *Eophona personata personata* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) イカル

Range: Breeds in Japan from Hokkaido south to Kyushu. Sedentary, but also winters in warmer areas from sw Honshu to Kyushu and occasionally reaching the Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Quelpart I., Taiwan, and Fukien.

Status: Common MB in Hokkaido. Common RB in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku. Scarce RB in Kyushu. Common WV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Tokara Is., Ryukyu Is. IV in s Kurile Is., Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed woods, open woodlands, gardens.

北海道(MB), 南千島(IV), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(IV), トカラ列島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(IV).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林で繁殖し, 冬には疎林, 低木林, 農耕地などに生息する.

COCOTHRAUSTES Brisson シメ属

521. *Coccothraustes coccothraustes* (Linnaeus, 1758) シメ

Shime Hawfinch

Range : Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa eastward through Asia Minor and s Siberia to the Amur Basin and Ussuriland, south to the Caucasus, Turkestan, Altai, Transbaikalia, Manchuria, n Korea, and n Japan. Migratory and sedentary, wintering to temperate Eurasia and n Africa.

521-1. *Coccothraustes coccothraustes coccothraustes* (Linnaeus, 1758) シベリアシメ

Range : Range of the species except from Ukraina to s Russia and n Iran, c Asia, Sakhalin, Japan, and n Africa ; casual in Japan.

Status : Rare WV in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu (Aomori, Fukui, Nagano, Tottori).

Habitat : Open woodlands.

北海道(WV), 南千島(WV), 本州(WV : 青森, 福井, 長野, 鳥取).
疎林や低木林に生息する.

521-2. *Coccothraustes coccothraustes japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 シメ

Range : Breeds in Sakhalin and n Japan from Hokkaido and s Kurile Is. south to c Honshu. Migratory and sedentary, wintering south to the Ryukyu Is. and Iwo Is. Recorded from Quelpart ; accidental in Taiwan.

Status : MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is. CB in n and c Honshu (Akita, Fukushima, Nagano). Common PV and WV in Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tshushima, Yakushima, Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed forests, open woodlands, near human habitation.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州(PV, WV. CB : 秋田, 福島, 長野), 佐渡(WV), 隠岐(WV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆

諸島(WV), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV), 大東諸島(WV).

落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林で繁殖し, 冬には疎林, 低木林, 農耕地などに生息する。

Family PLOCEIDAE ハタオリドリ科

PASSER Brisson スズメ属

522. *Passer domesticus* (Linnaeus, 1758) イエスズメ

Ie-suzume House Sparrow

Range : Eurasian, marginally African. Breeds from Europe and sw Africa east across Eurasia to India, Myanmar, w China, and lower Amur Basin ; also Arabia, Nile Valley, and introduced to the Americas, West Indies, s Africa, Australia, and New Zealand. Mainly sedentary.

522-1. *Passer domesticus domesticus* (Linnaeus, 1758) イエスズメ

Range : Breeds from Europe eastward through Siberia to n Manchuria and Amur Basin, south to n Kazakhstan and n Mongolia. Introduced to the New World, s Africa, Australia, and New Zealand. Sedentary, but may migrate for short distance ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkiado (Apr. 1992), Rishiri I. (Aug. 1990), Hekura I. (May 1994).

北海道(AV, 1992年4月), 利尻島(AV, 1990年8月), 舩倉島(AV, 1994年5月). 3例の記録がある。

523. *Passer rutilans* (Temminck, 1835) ニュウナイスズメ

Nyūnai-suzume Russet Sparrow

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds from nw India and Himalayas eastward through Assam and n Myanmar to n Indochina, s China, and Taiwan, north to Korea, s Manchuria, s Sakhalin, and n Japan. Mainly sedentary, but northern birds winter to temperate regions.

523-1. *Passer rutilans rutilans* (Temminck, 1835) ニュウナイスズメ

Range : Breeds in c and s China west to e Shensi and e Szechwan, Korea, s Manchuria, s Sakhalin, and n Japan north of c Honshu. Sedentary and migratory, wintering to sw Japan and e China.

Status : Locally common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n and c Honshu. IV in Sado. WV in sw Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is. (Hachijo I.), Amami Is.

(Amami-Ōshima), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated fields, rice fields, riverbeds.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南西部(WV), 佐渡(IV), 四国(WV), 九州(WV), 伊豆諸島(WV : 八丈島), 奄美諸島(WV : 奄美大島), 琉球諸島(WV : 沖縄島, 与那国島).

疎林, 林縁部, 林のある農耕地に生息し, 冬には水田, 畑地, ヨシ原などに生息する.

524. *Passer montanus* (Linnaeus, 1758) スズメ

Suzume Tree Sparrow (or Eurasian Tree Sparrow)

Range : Mainly Eurasian. Breeds from Europe eastward across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Sakhalin, Japan, China, and Malay Peninsula, south to n Iran, Himalayas, and Greater Sunda Is. Introduced to North America, Philippines, Borneo, Sulawesi, and Australia. Mainly sedentary.

524-1. *Passer montanus saturatus* Stejneger, 1885 スズメ

Range : Resident in Sakhalin, Japan (except the Ogasawara Is. and Iwo Is.), s Korea, Quelpart I., and Taiwan. Sedentary, but may winter to warmer areas.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is., Tokara Is., Amami Is., Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Cultivated lands, residential areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), トカラ列島(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB), 大東諸島(RB).

農耕地, 村落, 住宅地に多数生息する.

Family STURNIDAE ムクドリ科

STURNUS Linnaeus ムクドリ属

525. *Sturnus sericeus* Gmelin, 1788 ギンムクドリ

Gin-mukudori Silky Starling

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds in c and s China to Szechwan, s Shensi and s Anhwei ; also Hainan. Sedentary and migratory, wintering south to n Indo-china ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Mishima, Kyushu (Kagoshima), Tokara Is. (Tairajima), Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Okinawa Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki

I., Kume I.). IV in Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Cultivated lands, grasslands.

見島(AV), 九州(AV: 鹿児島), トカラ列島(AV: 平島), 奄美諸島(AV: 奄美大島, 与論島), 沖縄諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 久米島), 先島諸島(IV: 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

農耕地, 草原などに生息する.

526. *Sturnus sturninus* (Pallas, 1776) シベリアムクドリ

Shiberia-mukudori

Daurian Starling

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds from n Mongolia and Transbaikalia to the middle Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, and n China from Hopeh to Kansu. Winters to s Myanmar, se Asia, Malay Peninsula, s China, Hainan, Greater Sunda Is., and Borneo ; straggles to Japan.

Status : AV in Tobishima, Hekura I., Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.).

飛島(AV), 舩倉島(AV), 八重山諸島(AV: 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島).

527. *Sturnus philippensis* (Forster, 1781) コムクドリ

Ko-mukudori

Chestnut-cheeked Starling

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in s Sakhalin and n Japan south to c Honshu. Winters to the s Ryukyu Is., Philippines, and Borneo. Recorded or in winter from e China, Taiwan, Sulawesi, and Moluccas on migration ; casual in Ussuriland and Korea.

Status : Common MB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., n Honshu. Locally common MB in c Honshu. Common PV in sw Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tokara Is. (Tairajima), Amami-Ōshima, Ryukyu Is., Daito Is.

Habitat : Forests, open woodlands, suburban areas.

北海道(MB), 南千島(MB), 本州北・中部(MB), 本州南西部(PV), 佐渡(PV), 四国(PV), 九州(PV), トカラ列島(PV: 平島), 奄美大島(PV), 琉球諸島(PV), 大東諸島(PV).

疎林, 林のある農耕地などに生息し, 渡りの時期には宅地や公園などにも飛来する.

528. *Sturnus sinensis* (Gmelin, 1788) カラムクドリ

Kara-mukudori

Chinese Starling

Range : E Asiatic. Breeds in s China from se Yunnan to Fukien, Taiwan, and n Indochina. Sedentary and migratory, wintering to se Asia, Malay Peninsula, and Philippines ; accidental in Myanmar and Japan.

Status : AV in Honshu (Yamagata, Ibaraki, Saitama, Chiba, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Ishikawa, Aichi, Osaka, Wakayama, Okayama, Yamaguchi), Shikoku (Tokushima), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kagoshima), Iwo Is. (Kita-Iwo I.), Amami-Ōshima. IV in Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Yonaguni I.).

Habitat : Cultivated lands.

本州(AV : 山形, 茨城, 埼玉, 千葉, 東京, 神奈川, 石川, 愛知, 大阪, 和歌山, 岡山, 山口), 四国(AV : 徳島), 九州(AV : 福岡, 鹿児島), 硫黄列島(AV : 北硫黄島), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(IV : 沖縄島, 石垣島, 与那国島).

農耕地などに生息する.

529. *Sturnus vulgaris* Linnaeus, 1758 ホシムクドリ

Hoshi-mukudori Starling (or Common Starling)

Range : W and c Palearctic. Breeds from Europe and nw Africa eastward across Eurasia to Lake Baikal, Altai, w Mongolia, and w Himalayas. Introduced in North America, s Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and Polynesia. Mainly sedentary.

529-1. *Sturnus vulgaris poltaratskyi* Finsch, 1878 ホシムクドリ

Range : Breeds in s Siberia from the Urals to Lake Baikal, Altai, and w Mongolia. Winters to Afghanistan, Baluchistan, and n India ; casual in Japan.

Status : AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Yamagata, Tokyo, Tottori, Shimane), Sado, Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Yoron I.), Sakishima Is. (Miyako I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Minami-Daito I.). IV in Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Kumamoto, Kagoshima).

Habitat : Cultivated fields, open woodlands.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV : 山形, 東京, 鳥取, 島根), 佐渡(AV), 九州(IV : 福岡, 佐賀, 熊本, 鹿児島), 奄美諸島(AV : 奄美大島, 与論島), 先島諸島(AV : 宮古島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(AV : 南大東島).

農耕地, 疎林に生息する.

530. *Sturnus cineraceus* Temminck, 1835 ムクドリ

Mukudori Grey Starling

Range : E Palearctic. Breeds in se Transbaikalia, e Mongolia, middle Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n China from Hopeh to Kansu, Sakhalin, and Japan. Sedentary and migratory, northern birds wintering south to Myanmar, s China, Taiwan, Hainan, and n Indochina. Recorded on migration from the Izu Is., Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Ryukyu Is., Korea, and e China ; casual in the Philippines.

Status : Common MB or rare RB in Hokkaido. MB in s Kurile Is. Common

RB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Izu Is. (Ôshima). Locally common RB in Kyushu. Rather uncommon WV or PV in Tsushima, Yakushima, Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Tokara Is., Amami-Ôshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Tokashiki I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Yonaguni I.), Daito Is. (Kita-Daito I., Minami-Daito I.).

Habitat : Cultivated lands, open wooded country, residential areas.

北海道(MB, 一部 RB), 南千島(MB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(PV, WV), 屋久島(WV), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島), 小笠原諸島(WV), 硫黄列島(WV), トカラ列島(WV), 奄美大島(WV), 琉球諸島(WV: 沖縄島, 渡嘉敷島, 石垣島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(WV: 北大東島, 南大東島).

農耕地, 疎林, 公園や住宅地に生息し, 冬には農耕地などに多い.

Family ORIOLIDAE コウライウグイス科

ORIOLUS Linnaeus コウライウグイス属

531. *Oriolus chinensis* Linnaeus, 1766 コウライウグイス

Kôrai-uguisu Black-naped Oriole

Range: E Asiatic. Breeds from s China and n Indochina to se Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, and Korea ; also Taiwan, Hainan, Philippines, Nicobars, Andamans, Sunda Is., and Sulawesi. Northern birds migratory, wintering in tropical Asia from India to Indochina and Malay Peninsula.

531-1. *Oriolus chinensis diffusus* Sharpe, 1877 コウライウグイス

Range: Range of the species except the Philippines, Nicobars, Andamns, and islands of Indonesia.

Status: Uncommon PV in Tsushima. AV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tokara Is. (Tairajima), Iriomote I.

Habitat : Open woodlands, cultivated fields.

北海道(AV), 本州(AV), 四国(AV), 九州(AV), 対馬(PV), トカラ列島(AV: 平島), 西表島(AV).

疎林, 農耕地に生息する.

Family ARTAMIDAE モリツバメ科

ARTAMUS Vieillot モリツバメ属

532. *Artamus leucorhynchus* (Linnaeus, 1771) モリツバメ

Mori-tsubame White-breasted Woodswallow

Range : Indomalayan and Australasian. Breeds from the Andamans and Sumatra eastward through the Sunda Is. and Philippines to Micronesia (Palau Is.), Sulawesi, New Guinea, Australia, New Caledonia, and Fiji. Sedentary.

532-1. *Artamus leucorhynchus leucorhynchus* (Linnaeus, 1771) モリツバメ

Range : Breeds in the Philippines, Borneo, and Natuna Is. ; straggles to the Ryukyu Is.

Status : AV on Iriomote I. (Apr. 1973).

西表島(AV, 1973年4月). 1例の記録がある.

Family CORVIDAE カラス科

GARRULUS Brisson カケス属

533. *Garrulus glandarius* (Linnaeus, 1758) カケス

Kakesu Jay (or Eurasian Jay)

Range : Palearctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa eastward to the lower Amur Basin, Ussuriland, and Sakhalin, south to the Iranian region, Altai, n Mongolia, China south to Kwangtung, Korea, Japan, and Taiwan ; also Himalayas to n Myanmar and w China. Sedentary ; but northern birds frequently nomadic.

533-1. *Garrulus glandarius brandtii* Eversmann, 1842 ミヤマカケス

Range : Resident in s Siberia from the Urals to Transbaikalia and lower Amur Basin, south to the Altai, n Mongolia, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and s Kurile Is.

Status : Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is.

Habitat : Deciduous and mixed forests.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB).

落葉広葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

533-2. *Garrulus glandarius japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848 カケス

Range : Resident in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, and Izu Is.

(Ôshima).

Status: Common RB in Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Izu Is. (Ôshima).

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests, open woodlands, suburban areas. 本州(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB: 大島). 落葉広葉樹林, 針広混交林に生息し, 冬には暖地へ移動するものもある.

533-4. *Garrulus glandarius tokugawae* Taka-Tsukasa, 1931 サドカケス

Range: Resident on Sado.

Status: Common RB on Sado.

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests.

佐渡(RB).

落葉広葉樹林や針広混交林に生息する.

533-4. *Garrulus glandarius orii* Kuroda, 1923 ヤクシマカケス

Range: Resident on Yakushima.

Status: Uncommon RB on Yakushima.

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests.

屋久島(RB). 生息数は多くない.

山地の落葉樹林, ヤクスギ林に生息する.

534. *Garrulus lidthi* Bonaparte, 1850 ルリカケス

Ruri-kakesu Lidth's Jay

Range: E Palearctic. Endemic to the Amami Is.

Status: Common RB on Amami Is. (Amami-Ôshima, Kakeroma I., Uke I.).

Habitat: Evergreen broad-leaved forests, shady woods around cultivated fields, near human habitation.

奄美諸島(RB: 奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 請島).

常緑広葉樹林, リュウキュウマツ林, 人家周辺などに生息する.

CYANOPICA Bonaparte オナガ属

535. *Cyanopica cyana* (Pallas, 1776) オナガ

Onaga Azure-winged Magpie

Range: Palearctic. Two widely separated populations in w and e Palearctic. Confined to the Iberian Peninsula in Europe and from n Mongolia and Transbaikalia to the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan, south to w and c China to the Yangtze Basin and Szechwan in e Asia. Sedentary.

535-1. *Cyanopica cyana japonica* Parrot, 1905 オナガ

Range: Resident in Honshu and Kyushu. (but probably exterminated in sw Honshu and Kyushu and the southern limit of the present range is about Gifu and Aichi prefs.).

Status: Common RB in n and c Honshu. FB in sw Honshu (Hyogo, Shimane), Kyushu.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州北・中部(RB), 本州南西部(FB: 兵庫, 島根), 九州(FB).

低地の疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地などに生息する。

PICA Brisson カササギ属**536. *Pica pica* (Linnaeus, 1758) カササギ**

Kasasagi Magpie (or Black-billed Magpie)

Range: Holarctic, marginally Indomalayan. Breeds from w Europe and nw Africa to Transbaikalia and Amur Basin, and with a gap in distribution, in Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to s Arabia, c Asia, Himalayas, China to n Indochina, and Taiwan; also w North America. Sedentary.

536-1. *Pica pica sericea* Gould, 1845 カササギ

Range: Breeds in the Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Korea, Kyushu in Japan, China south to Kwangsi, Szechwan and Yunnan, Hainan, Taiwan, and n Indochina. Sedentary.

Status: AV in Hokkaido, Honshu (Akita, Shimane), s Kyushu (Miyazaki, Kagoshima). CB in c Honshu (Niigata, Nagano). RB in n Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto).

Habitat: Cultivated lands, village areas.

北海道(AV), 本州(CB: 新潟, 長野. AV: 秋田, 島根), 九州(RB: 福岡, 佐賀, 長崎, 熊本. AV: 宮崎, 鹿児島).

平地の低木林, 農耕地などに生息する。

NUCIFRAGA Brisson ホシガラス属**537. *Nucifraga caryocatactes* (Linnaeus, 1758) ホシガラス**

Hoshi-garasu Nutcracker (or Eurasian Nutcracker)

Range: Eurasian. Breeds from n and c Europe east across Siberia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to the Alps, Altai, Himalayas to Assam, w China, Manchuria, Japan, and Taiwan. Mainly sedentary, but northern birds are nomadic and winter to warmer areas.

537-1. *Nucifraga caryocatactes macrorhynchos* Brehm, 1823 ハシナガホシガラス

Range: Breeds in Siberia from the Urals to Anadyrland and Kamchatka, south to the Altai, n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, n Korea, Sakhalin, and n Kurile Is. Occasionally winters to Europe, Transcaspia, n China (Hopeh), and Korea; straggles to Japan.

Status: AV in Kyushu (Fukuoka, Feb. 1923).

九州(AV: 福岡1923年2月). 1例の記録がある。

537-2. *Nucifraga caryocatactes japonica* Hartert, 1897 ホシガラス

Range: Resident in Japan from the s Kurile Is. (Uruppu I. and southward) south to Honshu and Shikoku. Recorded from Kyushu and Izu Is.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu (Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki). IV in Sado, Izu Is. (Ôshima).

Habitat: Coniferous forests, subalpine deciduous and mixed woods.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(IV), 四国(RB), 九州(RB: 熊本, 大分, 宮崎), 伊豆諸島(IV: 大島).

高山のハイマツ林, 常緑針葉樹林, 針広混交林などに生息し, 冬期には一部低地へ移動する。

CORVUS Linnaeus ハシブトガラス属

538. *Corvus dauuricus* Pallas, 1776 コクマルガラス

Kokumaru-garasu

Daurian Jackdaw

Range: E Palearctic. Breeds in s Siberia from about the Kansk region and upper Lena to n Mongolia, Transbaikalia, Amur Basin, Manchuria, and Ussuriland, south to Szechwan and Yunnan. Winters to e China south to Fukien and Korea, occasionally to Russian Turkestan, Japan, and Taiwan.

Status: IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Ishigaki I., Iriomote I.). WV in Kyushu.

Habitat: Cultivated fields.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV), 佐渡(IV), 四国(IV), 九州(WV), 琉球諸島(IV: 沖縄島, 石垣島, 西表島).

農耕地などに飛来する。

539. *Corvus frugilegus* Linnaeus, 1758 ミヤマガラス

Miyama-garasu

Rook

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from the British Isles, France and s Scandinavia east through s Siberia and c Asia to the Amur Basin and Ussuriland, south to

the Alps, Balkans, Iran, Turkestan, Mongolia, and China to the Yangtze Basin and Szechwan. Winters to warmer regions and south to n Africa, nw India, se China, s Korea, sw Japan, and Taiwan.

539-1. *Corvus frugilegus pastinator* Gould, 1845 ミヤマガラス

Range: Eastern part of the species range from the Altai and Enisei River eastward.

Status: WV in Honshu (Akita, Niigata, Ishikawa, Shimane, Yamaguchi), Sado, Kyushu, Tsushima, Goto Is. IV in Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku. AV on Amami -Ōshima, Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I, Iheya I, Iriomote I, Yonaguni I.), Daito Is.

Habitat: Cultivated fields.

北海道(IV), 本州(IV. WV: 秋田, 新潟, 石川, 島根, 山口), 佐渡(WV), 四国(IV), 九州(WV), 対馬(WV), 五島列島(WV), 奄美大島(AV), 琉球諸島(AV: 沖縄島, 伊平屋島, 西表島, 与那国島), 大東諸島(AV).

農耕地に生息する.

540. *Corvus corone* Linnaeus, 1758 ハシボソガラス

Hashiboso-garasu Carrion Crow

Range: Palearctic. Breeds from w Europe east across Eurasia to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, and Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, Kirghiz Steppes, Tian Shan, w China to Szechwan, Hopeh to Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Japan; also lower Egypt. Mainly sedentary.

540-1. *Corvus corone orientalis* Eversmann, 1841 ハシボソガラス

Range: Range of the species except Europe and Egypt.

Status: Very common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Tsushima, Iki, Goto Is. IV in Yakushima, Izu Is. AV in Ogasawara Is., Iwo Is., Okinawa I.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated lands, residential areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 対馬(RB), 壱岐(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(IV), 伊豆諸島(IV), 小笠原諸島(AV), 硫黄列島(AV), 沖縄島(AV).

疎林, 農耕地, 村落, 住宅地などに生息する.

541. *Corvus macrorhynchos* Wagler, 1827 ハシブトガラス

Hashibuto-garasu Jungle Crow

Range: Asiatic. Breeds from Afghanistan eastward through the Himalayas, India and Sri Lanka to Indochina, s China, Malay Peninsula,

Philippines, and Sunda Is., north through s Tibet and e China to Korea, Manchuria, Amur Basin, Ussuriland, Sakhalin, and Japan; also Taiwan and Hainan. Sedentary.

541-1. *Corvus macrorhynchos mandshuricus* Buturlin, 1913 チョウセンハシ
プトガラス

Range: Resident in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Tsushima. Sedentary.

Status: RB on Tsushima.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields, residential areas.

対馬(RB).

疎林, 農耕地, 住宅地などに生息する.

541-2. *Corvus macrorhynchos japonensis* Bonaparte, 1850 ハシプトガラス

Range: Resident in Sakhalin, c Kurile Is. (Uruppu I.), Japan from the s Kurile Is. to Kyushu, Yakushima, and Tanegashima.

Status: Common RB in Hokkaido, s Kurile Is., Honshu, Sado, Oki, Shikoku, Kyushu, Goto Is., Yakushima, Tanegashima, Izu Is. AV on Ogasawara Is., Daito Is.

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields, sea coasts, residential areas.

北海道(RB), 南千島(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 隠岐(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 五島列島(RB), 屋久島(RB), 種子島(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), 小笠原諸島(AV), 大東諸島(AV).

住宅地, 海辺, 山地, 農耕地などに生息する.

541-3. *Corvus macrorhynchos connectens* Stresemann, 1916 リュウキュウハ
シプトガラス

Range: Resident on the Amami Is. and Ryukyu Is. to Miyako I.

Status: Common RB on Amami Is. (Amami-Ōshima, Kakeroma I., Kikai I., Tokunoshima, Okinoerabu I.), Ryukyu Is. (Okinawa I., Zamami I., Kume I., Miyako I.).

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields, sea coasts, residential areas.

奄美諸島(RB:奄美大島, 加計呂麻島, 喜界島, 徳之島, 沖永良部島), 琉球諸島(RB: 沖縄島, 座間味島, 久米島, 宮古島).

市街地, 海辺, 農耕地, 住宅地などに生息する.

541-4. *Corvus macrorhynchos osai* Ogawa, 1905 オサハシプトガラス

Range: Resident on the Yaeyama Is. (except Yonaguni I.).

Status: Common RB on Yaeyama Is. (Ishigaki I., Iriomote I., Taketomi I.,

Kohama I., Kuroshima, Shinjo I., Hateruma I.).

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields, sea coasts, residential areas.

八重山諸島(RB: 石垣島, 西表島, 竹富島, 小浜島, 黒島, 新城島, 波照間島).
住宅地, 海辺, 農耕地などに生息する.

542. *Corvus corax* Linnaeus, 1758 ワタリガラス

Watari-garasu Raven (or Common Raven)

Range: Holarctic, marginally Neotropical. Breeds from Europe and n Africa east across Eurasia to the Chukot Peninsula and Kamchatka, south to Asia Minor, c Asia, Himalayas, Tibet, w China, n Mongolia, n Manchuria, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Kurile Is.; also Greenland and North America south to Nicaragua. Mainly sedentary.

542-1. *Corvus corax kamtschaticus* Dybowski, 1883 ワタリガラス

Range: Breeds in Siberia from the Enisei River and Lake Baikal to the Okhotsk coast, Anadyrland, Kamchatka, and Commander Is., south to n Mongolia, nw Manchuria, Amur Basin, Sakhalin, and Kurile Is. Winters south to n China (Hopeh) and n Hokkaido.

Status: WV in Hokkaido. RB in s Kurile Is.

Habitat: Barren sea coasts.

北海道(WV), 南千島(RB).

荒れ地や海岸の岩礁地に生息し, まれに内陸に飛来する.

APPENDIX A

Introduced Species and Subspecies

外来種

The introduced species and subspecies in the following list are exotic species and subspecies which have been introduced in our territory artificially or accidentally and have been, or were, established as breeding populations in the wild state. Mere occurrences of escaped cage birds are not included in this category. In many instances the countries of origin of introduced species and subspecies are unknown and subspecies cannot be verified.

Order GALLIFORMES キジ目

Family PHASIANIDAE キジ科

BAMBUSICOLA Gould コジュケイ属

1. *Bambusicola thoracica* (Temminck, 1815) コジュケイ

Kojukei Chinese Bamboo Partridge

Range: Resident in s China and Taiwan. Two subspecies.

1-1. *Bambusicola thoracica thoracica* (Temminck, 1815) コジュケイ

Range: Resident in s China from Shensi to Fukien, Kwangsi, and Szechwan. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Izu Is., Iwo Is.

Habitat: Dense bushes, cultivated fields.

本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 伊豆諸島(RB), 硫黄列島(RB).

低木林や農耕地に生息する。

1-2. *Bambusicola thoracica sonorivox* Gould, 1863 テッケイ

Range: Resident in Taiwan. Introduced in c Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Hyogo).

Habitat: Dense bushes.

本州(RB: 兵庫). 1933年に神戸付近で放鳥された。

低木林に生息する。

PHASIANUS Linnaeus キジ属**2. *Phasianus colchicus* Linnaeus, 1758 キジ**

Kiji Pheasant (or Common Pheasant)

Range : Resident in temperate Eurasia from the Caucasus to Japan, south to n Vietnam. About 30 subspecies. Introduced in Europe, North America, Australia, New Zealand, and Hawaii.

2-1. *Phasianus colchicus karpowi* Buturlin, 1904 コウライキジ

Range : Resident in s Manchuria, Hopeh, and Korea, Introduced in Quelpart I., Hokkaido, and Tsushima.

Status : RB in w Hokkaido, Tsushima.

Habitat : Dense bushes, cultivated fields.

北海道(RB), 対馬(RB).

低木林や農耕地に生息する.

Order COLUMBIFORMES ハト目**Family COLUMBIDAE ハト科****COLUMBA Linnaeus カワラバト属****3. *Columba livia* Gmelin, 1789 カワラバト (ドバト)**

Kawara-bato (Do-bato) Rock Dove (or Feral Pigeon)

Range : Resident in temperate and tropical Eurasia from the British Isles and Iberian Peninsula across s Europe to Chinese Turkestan and India, south to Sri Lanka ; also n and w Africa. About 14 subspecies. Introduced over the world.

Status : RB in Hokkaido, Honshu, Sado, Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami Is., Ryukyu Is.

Habitat : Suburban and urban areas.

北海道(RB), 本州(RB), 佐渡(RB), 四国(RB), 九州(RB), 奄美諸島(RB), 琉球諸島(RB).

農耕地や市街地に生息する.

Order PSITTACIFORMES インコ目

Family PSITTACIDAE インコ科

MELOPSITTACUS Gould セキセイインコ属

4. *Melopsittacus undulatus* (Shaw, 1805) セキセイインコ

Sekisei-inko Budgerigar

Range : Resident in Australia. Monotypic. Introduced in Japan and s US.

Status : RB in c and sw Honshu (Tokyo, Yamanashi, Okayama).

Habitat : Reed marshes.

本州中・南西部(RB: 東京, 山梨, 岡山).

ヨシ原に生息する.

PSITTACULA Cuvier ダルマインコ属

5. *Psittacula eupatria* (Linnaeus, 1766) オオホンセイインコ

Ô-honseinko Alexandrine Parakeet

Range : Resident in s Asia from India and Sri Lanka to Vietnam. Five subspecies. Introduced in Japan.

Status : RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat : Cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

樹木の多い住宅地や農耕地に生息する.

6. *Psittacula krameri* (Scopoli, 1769) ホンセイインコ

Honsei-inko Ring-necked Parakeet

Range : Resident in tropical Africa from Senegambia to Somalia and s Asia from Pakistan, India and Sri Lanka to Myanmar. Four subspecies.

6-1. *Psittacula krameri manillensis* (Bechstein, 1800) ワカケホンセイインコ

Range : Resident in Peninsular India and Sri Lanka. Introduced in Europe, Japan, and US.

Status : RB in c Honshu (Chiba, Tokyo).

Habitat : Cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州中部(RB: 千葉, 東京).

樹木の多い住宅地や農耕地に生息する.

7. *Psittacula alexandri* (Linnaeus, 1758) ダルマインコ

Daruma-inko Red-breasted Parakeet

Range: Resident in s Asia from the Himalayas to s China, Vietnam, Andamans, and Java. Eight subspecies.

7-1. *Psittacula alexandri fasciata* (Müller, 1776) ダルマインコ

Range: Resident from the Himalayas to s China, Hainan, and Vietnam. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Residential areas with trees.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

樹木の多い住宅地に生息する.

Order PASSERIFORMES スズメ目

Family TIMALIIDAE チメドリ科

GARRULAX Lesson ガビチョウ属

8. *Garrulax canorus* (Linnaeus, 1758) ガビチョウ

Gabichô Hwamei

Range: Resident in China north to Shensi and s Kansu, west to Yunnan, Hainan, Taiwan, and n Indochina. Three subspecies. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Fukushima, Tokyo, Kanagawa, Yamanashi), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Saga, Oita).

Habitat: Open woods in hills and plains.

本州中部(RB: 福島, 東京, 神奈川, 山梨), 九州(RB: 福岡, 佐賀, 大分).

丘陵地や平野部の低木林に生息する.

9. *Garrulax perspicillatus* (Gmelin, 1789) カオグロガビチョウ

Kaoguro-gabichô Masked Laughing Thrush

Range: Resident in China and Vietnam, north to s Shansi and Honan. Monotypic. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo, Kanagawa).

Habitat: Broad-leaved and mixed forests, bamboo shrubs at low altitudes.

本州中部(RB: 東京, 神奈川).

低標高の山地や平野部の低木林や竹林に生息する.

LEIOTHRIX Swainson ソウシチヨウ属**10. *Leiothrix lutea* (Scopoli, 1786) ソウシチヨウ**

Sôshichô Red-billed Leiothrix (or Peking Robin)

Range: Resident in s Asia from e Punjab and w India east to s China and n Vietnam. About 6 subspecies. Introduced in Japan and Hawaii.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Ibaraki, Tokyo, Yamanashi, Shizuoka, Wakayama, Osaka, Hyogo), Kyushu (Fukuoka, Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki).

Habitat: Forests, shrubs.

本州中部(RB: 茨城, 東京, 山梨, 静岡, 和歌山, 大阪, 兵庫), 九州(RB: 福岡, 熊本, 大分, 宮崎).

森林, 低木林に生息する.

Family EMBERIZIDAE ホオジロ科**PAROARIA Bonaparte コウカンチヨウ属****11. *Paroaria coronata* (Miller, 1776) コウカンチヨウ**

Kôkanchô Red-crested Cardinal

Range: Resident in South America from se Brazil to e Bolivia and c Argentina. Monotypic. Introduced in Japan and Hawaii.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Saitama, Tokyo).

Habitat: Shrubs, bushes.

本州中部(RB: 埼玉, 東京).

低木林ややぶに生息する.

Family ESTRILDIDAE カエデチヨウ科**ESTRILDA Swainson カエデチヨウ属****12. *Estrilda melpoda* (Vieillot, 1817) ホウコウチヨウ**

Hôkôchô Orange-cheeked Waxbill

Range: Resident in w tropical Africa from Senegambia east to Lake Chad and Zaire. Introduced in Japan, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. Two subspecies.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Clear-cut area in forests, grasslands.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

伐採跡や草原に生息する.

13. *Estrilda troglodytes* (Lichtenstein, 1823) カエデチョウ

Kaedechō Black-rumped Waxbill

Range: Resident in w tropical Africa from Senegambia east to Sudan and Eritrea. Monotypic. Introduced in Japan, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: River beds, marshes.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

湿地, 河川敷などに生息する.

AMANDAVA Blyth ベニスズメ属

14. *Amandava amandava* (Linnaeus, 1758) ベニスズメ

Beni-suzume Red Avadavat (or Red Munia)

Range: Resident in s Asia from Pakistan to Vietnam and Sunda Is. Three subspecies. Introduced in Japan, Singapore, Sumatra, Philippines, Hawaii, and Fiji.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo, Osaka, Hyogo).

Habitat: Reed marshes.

本州中部(RB: 東京, 大阪, 兵庫).

ヨシ原に生息する.

LONCHURA Sykes キンパラ属

15. *Lonchura punctulata* (Linnaeus, 1758) シマキンパラ

Shima-kinpara Nutmeg Mannikin

Range: Resident in s Asia from India and Sri Lanka east to Vietnam, Malay Peninsula, Indonesian islands, and Philippines. About 12 subspecies.

15-1. *Lonchura punctulata topela* (Swinhoe, 1836) シマキンパラ

Range: Resident in s China, Hainan, Thailand south to peninsular Thailand, Veitnam, and Taiwan. Introduced in Mauritius, Reunion, Seychelles, Japan, Australia, and Hawaii.

Status: RB in Okinawa I.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, grasslands.

沖縄島(RB).

農耕地, 草地に生息する.

16. *Lonchura malacca* (Linnaeus, 1766) ギンパラ

Ginpara Tricolored Mannikin

Range: Resident in the Indian Peninsula and Sri Lanka. Monotypic.
Introduced in Japan, Hong Kong, and Hawaii (Oahu).

Status: RB in Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Cultivated fields, grasslands, shrubs.

本州(RB: 東京).

農耕地, 草地, ヨシ原, 低木林に生息する.

17. *Lonchura atricapilla* (Vieillot, 1807) キンパラ

Kinpara Chestnut Mannikin

Range: Resident in s Asia from Nepal and nw India east to the Philippines and Sulawesi, north to Yunnan and Taiwan. About 10 subspecies. Introduced in Japan, Australia, Micronesia, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

Status: RB in Honshu (Tokyo, Osaka), Okinawa I.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, grasslands, shrubs.

本州(RB: 東京, 大阪), 沖縄島(RB).

農耕地, 草地, ヨシ原, 低木林に生息する.

18. *Lonchura maja* (Linnaeus, 1766) ヘキチヨウ

Hekichô White-headed Mannikin

Range: Resident in s Thailand, Malay Peninsula, and Sunda Is. east to Bali. Monotypic. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Abandoned rice fields, reed marshes.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

休耕田やヨシ原に生息する.

PADDA Reichenbach ブンチヨウ属

19. *Padda oryzivora* (Linnaeus, 1758) ブンチヨウ

Bunchô Java Sparrow

Range: Resident in Java and Bali. Monotypic. Introduced in China, Japan, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Thailand, Malaysia, Philippines, Indonesian islands, e Africa, s US, and Hawaii.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo, Osaka, Hyogo).

Habitat: Abandoned rice fields, open woods.

本州中部(RB: 東京, 大阪, 兵庫).

休耕田や屋敷林に生息する.

Family PLOCEIDAE ハタオリドリ科

VIDUA Cuvier テンニンチョウ属

20. *Vidua paradisaea* (Linnaeus, 1758) ホウオウジャク

Hôôjaku Paradise Whydah

Range: Resident in Africa from Sudan and Eritrea south to s Africa.

Monotypic. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Rice fields, reclaimed areas.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

水田, 埋立地などに生息する.

PLOCEUS Cuvier キハタオリ属

21. *Ploceus intermedius* Rüppell, 1845 メンハタオリドリ

Men-hataoridori Lesser Masked Weaver

Range: Resident in e and s Africa. Four subspecies. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Chiba).

Habitat: Open woodlands, cultivated fields, parks.

本州中部(RB: 千葉).

疎林, 農耕地, 公園に生息する.

Family Sturnidae ムクドリ科

STURNUS Linnaeus ムクドリ属

22. *Sturnus contra* Linnaeus, 1758 ホオジロムクドリ

Hôjiro-mukudori Pied Starling

Range: Resident in s Asia from India east to Laos and Sunda Is. About 5 subspecies. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

農耕地や住宅地に生息する.

ACRIDOTHERES Vieillot ハッカチヨウ属

23. *Acridotheres tristis* (Linnaeus, 1766) インドハッカ

Indo-hakka Common Myna

Range: Resident in s Asia from Afghanistan, India, and Sri Lanka east to Vietnam and Malay Peninsula. Two subspecies.

23-1. *Acridotheres tristis tristis* (Linnaeus, 1766) インドハッカ

Range: Range of the species except Sri Lanka. Introduced in South Africa, Japan, Australia, and New Zealand.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Chiba, Kanagawa).

Habitat: Cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州中部(RB: 千葉, 神奈川).

農耕地や住宅地に生息する.

24. *Acridotheres ginginianus* (Latham, 1790) ハイイロハッカ

Haiiro-hakka Bank Myna

Range: Resident in Pakistan, n India, Nepal, and w Assam. Monotypic. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu (Tokyo).

Habitat: Cultivated fields, residential areas.

本州中部(RB: 東京).

農耕地や住宅地に生息する.

25. *Acridotheres fuscus* (Wagler, 1827) モリハッカ

Mori-hakka Jungle Myna

Range: Resident in s Asia from India to the Malay Peninsula, Java, and Sulawesi. Five subspecies.

25-1. *Acridotheres fuscus javanicus* Cabanis, 1850 モリハッカ

Range: Resident on Java. Introduced in Japan.

Status: RB in c Honshu.

Habitat: Cultivated fields, parks.

本州中部(RB).

農耕地や公園に生息する.

26. *Acridotheres cristatellus* (Linnaeus, 1766) ハッカチヨウ

Hakkachō Crested Myna

Range: Resident in e Asia from s China to Vietnam and Taiwan. Three

subspecies.

26-1. *Acridotheres cristatellus cristatellus* (Linnaeus, 1766) ハッカチヨウ

Range : Resident in c and s China. Introduced in Japan, Canada (Vancouver I.), and Philippines.

Status : RB in c Honshu (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Osaka, Hyogo).

Habitat : Cultivated fields, residential area with woods.

本州中部(RB: 東京, 神奈川, 大阪, 兵庫).

農耕地, 林がある住宅地などに生息する.

APPENDIX B

Species and Subspecies Presently Unaccepted

検討中の種・亜種

The following species and subspecies, which have been recorded after the publication of the fifth revised edition, are not included in the main text due to one or several reasons listed below (the number in the parenthesis refers to the reason).

1. The record is supported neither by a specimen nor an identifiable photograph.
2. Polytypic species of which the subspecies is not determinable by specimen, photograph, or reasonable inference from geographical grounds. (The Committee consider subspecies to be a basis for inclusion of a polytypic species.)
3. Identification is not unequivocal.
4. The bird in question may have possibly been introduced by humans.
5. The document of record is not published by 1 March 1999.

新たに記録された種・亜種のうち、目録第6版に掲載しなかったものと掲載しなかった理由は下記のとおりである。理由には括弧内にそのカテゴリーの番号を示した。

1. 同定可能な写真または標本がない。この場合の「標本」には、個人所有で、他の研究者が調査を希望しても、それが不可能なようなものを含めない。
2. 2 亜種以上がある種で、亜種を同定できない、またはかなり高い確度で推定できない（例えば、日本に渡来する可能性のある亜種が近隣地域に2 亜種以上存在する）。
3. 同定に疑問がある。
4. 自然分布とするには疑問がある。
5. 論文として公表されていない（鳥学ニュース No. 26 参照）、または公表されたが最終原稿にまにあわなかった。

Diomedea exulans ワタリアホウドリ (2)

Anser caerulescens atlanticus オオハクガン (1, 5)

Anser indicus インドガン (4)

Sarkidiornis melanotos melanotos コブガモ (4, 5)

Circus aeruginosus aeruginosus ヨーロッパチュウヒ (1, 3, 5)

Falco peregrinus calidus ハヤブサの1 亜種 (1, 3, 5)

Porphyrio porphyrio セイケイ (2, 4, 5)

- Pluvialis dominica dominica* アメリカムナグロ (3, 5)
Larus pipixcan アメリカズグロカモメ (5)
Larus minutus ヒメカモメ (1, 5)
Larus philadelphia ボナバルトカモメ (1)
Larus glaucoides アイスランドカモメ (1, 3)
Larus fuscus ニシセグロカモメ (1, 2)
Sterna paradisaea キョクアジサシ (1, 3, 5)
Alle alle ヒメウミスズメ (1, 5)
Columba oenas ヒメモリバト (2, 4)
Tyto capensis ミナミメンフクロウ (2)
Halcyon smyrnensis アオシヨウビン (1, 2, 5)
Erithacus rubecula ヨーロッパコマドリ (2, 4, 5)
Monticola saxatilis コシジロイソヒヨドリ (1, 4)
Turdus philomelos philomelos ウタツグミ (2, 3, 4)
Turdus viscivorus ヤドリギツグミ (5)
Sylvia curruca コノドジロムシクイ (5)
Acrocephalus agricola イナダヨシキリ (1, 2, 5)
Ficedula parva parva オジロビタキの基亜種 (3, 5)
Muscicapa ferruginea ミヤマヒタキ (5)
Paradoxornis webbianus ダルマエナガ (4)
Zosterops erythropleurus チョウセンメジロ (4, 5)
Ammodramus sandwichensis サバンナシトド (5)
Emberiza bruniceps チャキンチョウ (4, 5)
Wilsonia pusilla ウィルソンアメリカムシクイ (1, 2, 5)
Carduelis carduelis ゴシキヒワ (2, 4, 5)
Sturnus roseus バライロムクドリ (5)
Dicrurus leucophaeus ハイイロオウチュウ (2, 4, 5)

APPENDIX C

Taxonomic Notes on Passerine Species

By Hiroyuki Morioka

The following taxonomic notes on Japanese passerine species were originally prepared as part of the main text. However, due to the old age of Nagahisa Kuroda, the taxonomic compiler of the non-passerine birds, it was not possible to provide similar taxonomic notes for non-passerine species. Consequently, in order to maintain consistency of the main text, it has been decided by the committee to publish the notes on passerine species, which are subsequently somewhat expanded, as Appendix C.

For simplicity, the literature mentioned frequently is cited by the author or by abbreviation of the title and the year of publication. Full citation of the literature is as follows:

- AOU 1983. Check-list of North American Birds. 6th ed. Prepared by the Committee on Classification and Nomenclature of the American Ornithologists' Union. American Ornithologists' Union, Washington, D. C.
- AOU 1998. Check-list of North American Birds. 7th ed. Prepared by the Committee on Classification and Nomenclature of the American Ornithologists' Union. American Ornithologists' Union, Washington, D. C.
- BWP 1988-94. Handbook of the Birds of Europe, the Middle East and North Africa. Vols. 5 (1988), 6 (1992), 7 (1993), 8 (1994), 9 (1994). Edited by S. Cramp et al. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- CBW 1960-86. Check-list of Birds of the World. Vols. 8 (1979), 9 (1960), 10 (1964), 11 (1986), 12 (1967), 13 (1970), 14 (1968), 15 (1962). Edited by E. Mayr et al. Museum of Comparative Zoology, Cambridge (Mass.).
- OSJ (Ornithological Society of Japan) 1942. A Hand-list of the Japanese Birds. 3rd ed. Edited by a Special Committee of the Ornithological Society of Japan. Ornithological Society of Japan, Tokyo.
- OSJ 1958. A Hand-list of the Japanese Birds. 4th ed. Edited by a Special Committee of the Ornithological Society of Japan. Ornithological Society of Japan, Tokyo.
- OSJ 1974. Check-list of Japanese Birds. Compiled by the Ornithological Society of Japan. 5th ed. Gakken, Tokyo.
- Vaurie 1959. The Birds of the Palearctic Fauna: Passeriformes. By C. Vaurie. H. F. & G. Witherby, London.
- Yamashina 1933-34. A Natural History of Japanese Birds. Vol. 1. By Y. Yamashina. Azusa Shobo, Tokyo. (In Japanese.)

Yamashina 1941. A Natural History of Japanese Birds. Vol. 2. By Y. Yamashina. Iwanami Shoten, Tokyo. (In Japanese.)

I am greatly indebted to Edward C. Dickinson (UK), Richard C. Banks (USA), and Walter Bock (USA) for their comments and advice on earlier draft of manuscript.

***Pitta sordida* (Müller) Hooded Pitta ズグロヤイロチョウ**

Pitta sordida (Müller, 1776) is included in the present edition based on a single bird found dead and photographed on Ishigaki I., southern Ryukyus. The bird was identified as *P. s. cucullata* Hartlaub, 1843, in having the entire crown rufous brown. This seems to be an odd straggler, but the northern population of the subspecies may migrate through southern China.

***Pitta brachyura* (Linnaeus) Fairy Pitta ヤイロチョウ**

Pitta brachyura nympha Temminck & Schlegel, 1850, is often treated as a separate species, with *P. brachyura* (Linnaeus, 1766) of India and the Himalayas and *nympha* of northeastern Asia forming a superspecies (Mees 1977, Zool. Med. 51: 248-254; CBW 1979, 8: 324). The reason for this treatment was not stated, but maybe the wide separation of range of the two forms. In plumage characteristics and vocalization, *nympha* is very similar to *brachyura* and even more so to *P. moluccensis* (Müller, 1776) of Myanmar and Thailand (the differences being mainly the smaller size of the white patch on the wing and brighter blue on the upper wing-coverts and rump in *nympha*), *moluccensis* also bridging the gap in the breeding ranges of *brachyura* and *nympha*, whereas these three species are completely allopatric.

***Calandrella cinerea* (Gmelin) Short-toed Lark ヒメコウテンシ**

Calandrella cinerea brachydactyla (Leisler, 1814) is sometimes treated as a separate species (e.g., BWP 1988, 5: 134), and if so *C. c. longipennis* (Eversmann, 1848) is called *C. brachydactyla longipennis*. I followed Vaurie (1959: 29) in synonymizing *C. c. puii* Yamashina, 1939, with *longipennis* (OSJ 1974: 196) and this treatment is retained here. However, whether Japanese and Korean birds are *longipennis* (as in the present edition), *orientalis* Sushkin, 1925 (CBW 1960, 9: 45), *dukhunensis* (Sykes, 1832) (Cheng 1976, Distr. List Chinese Birds: 39), or *puii* (as a recognizable subspecies) requires further study (see also Vaurie 1951, Bull. AMNH 97: 471-476). All recent Japanese records are sight records (photographs) and we lack Japanese material for comparison.

***Calandrella cheleensis* (Swinhoe) Mongolian Short-toed Lark コヒバリ**

Calandrella cheleensis (Swinhoe, 1871) has been considered conspecific with *C. rufescens* (Vieillot, 1820) of the western Palearctic by Vaurie (1959: 33), CBW (1960, 9: 51), and BWP (1988, 5: 135). However, the two forms seem to be partly sympatric in the Aral Sea region and so they are treated as separate species (cf. Stepanyan 1967, Acta Ornithol. 10: 97-107; see also Königstedt & Robel 1983, Ann. Ornithol. 7: 131-134; BWP 1988, 5: 143-144).

***Alauda arvensis* Linnaeus Skylark ヒバリ**

Alauda arvensis Linnaeus, 1758, of the Eurasian continent and *A. a. japonica* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848, of the Japanese Islands were treated as separate species by BWP (1988, 5: 205). I retain *japonica* as conspecific with *arvensis*, however, on the basis of morphology and distribution. I also treat *A. a. kagoshimae* Yamashina, 1939, of southern Kyushu, as synonymous with *japonica* because of considerable seasonal and individual variations of the latter (cf. OSJ 1974: 197). Vaurie (1951, Bull. AMNH 97: 503-515) has shown that *A. gulgula* Franklin, 1831, of southern Asia and Taiwan, is a distinct species from *A. arvensis*. In plumage characteristics and also in wing and bill structure, there is little doubt that *japonica* agrees more closely with *arvensis* than *gulgula*, hence *japonica* is northern in origin, although Vaurie (1951, loc. cit.; 1954, AM Novitates 1672: 8) was inclined to consider that *japonica* might be more closely related to *gulgula*. Vaurie was apparently misled by Udagawa's (1953, Tori 13(63): 77) report of the sympatry of *arvensis* (*A. a. lonnbergi*) and *japonica* on Yagishiri Island, Hokkaido, which has not been substantiated by specimens and is very probably an error.

***Hirundo rustica* Linnaeus House Swallow ツバメ**

The so-called *Hirundo rustica mandschurica* Meise, 1934 (specimens from Aihon in the middle Amur Basin, Korea, and Japan were examined) is intermediate in the color of the underparts between *H. r. tytleri* Jerdon, 1864, from Jalamte near Manchouli, nw Manchuria, and the breeding *H. r. gutturalis* Scopoli, 1786, from Japan (cf. OSJ 1974: 201). I therefore follow Vaurie (1954, AM Novitates 1694: 11) in synonymizing *mandschurica*, which was recognized by OSJ (1942: 79; 1958: 89) and CBW (1960, 9: 106), with *H. r. saturata* Ridgway, 1883. However, this treatment must be verified by banding recoveries. True *tytleri* does not seem to have been collected or observed in Japan.

***Hirundo daurica* Linnaeus Red-rumped Swallow コシアカツバメ**

Listed as *Cecropis daurica japonica* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847) by CBW (1960, 9: 115), but *Cecropis* has not been separated from *Hirundo* by most recent authors (e. g., BWP 1988, 5: 278).

***Delichon urbica* (Linnaeus) House Martin イワツバメ**

Delichon urbica dasyptus (Bonaparte, 1850) is now often treated as a separate species belonging to the *Delichon urbica* superspecies, although BWP (1988, 5: 287) retained *dasyptus* as a subspecies of *D. urbica* (Linnaeus, 1758). Nominate *urbica* of Europe and *dasyptus* of northeastern Asia are morphologically distinct enough, especially in tail morphology, but the gap is more or less bridged by intermediate populations (see BWP 1988, 5: 300; specimens also examined). Unequivocal proof of the reported sympatry or contact without interbreeding of the two forms in the western Himalayas and Khamar Daban in southern Siberia seems to be still lacking despite claims by Russian researchers (e. g., Durnev et al. 1983, Zool. Zh. 62: 1541-1546, data for actual overlap of *urbica* and *dasyptus* were not presented; see also Vaurie 1954, AM Novitates 1694: 12-13). Differences in the shape of the nest and breeding biology as stressed by Durnev et al. are probably unimportant as specific characters since nests of Japanese *dasyptus* vary from a cup to a semi-dome depending on the substratum on which they are built and also on the colony size. The genus *Delichon* is no doubt most closely related to *Hirundo*, but can be separated for convenience.

***Dendronanthus indicus* (Gmelin) Forest Wagtail イワミセキレイ**

Monotypic *Dendronanthus* has been recognized by most recent authors, although it was merged with *Motacilla* by Ripley (1982, Synopsis Birds India Pakistan: 519).

***Motacilla flava* Linnaeus Yellow Wagtail ツメナガセキレイ**

In addition to the three subspecies listed in the present edition, *Motacilla flava plexa* (Thayer & Bangs, 1914) was reported from the Danjo Islands, Kyushu. This sight record (photographs) has not been accepted (OSJ 1974: 205).

***Motacilla cinerea* Tunstall Grey Wagtail キセキレイ**

Japanese birds were previously called *Motacilla cinerea caspica* (Gmelin, 1774) (type locality: northern Iran) or *M. c. melanope* Pallas, 1776 (type locality: Transbaikalia), but these two forms are not distinguishable from *M. c. cinerea* Tunstall, 1771, of Europe (Vaurie 1957, AM Novitates 1832: 10-11).

Vaurie (1959 : 87) then recognized *M. c. robusta* (Brehm, 1857) (type locality : Japan) for the populations in the Far East, the characters of which, according to him, differ from nominate *cinerea* only on average. *Motacilla cinerea* Tunstall, 1771, was validated by Opinion 882 (1969, Bull. Zool. Nomencl. 26 : 26-27).

***Motacilla alba* Linnaeus White Wagtail ハクセキレイ**

Most recent authors considered all forms of pied wagtails, except *Motacilla grandis* Sharpe, 1885, *M. maderaspatensis* Gmelin, 1789, and probably *M. aguimp* Dumont, 1821, as conspecific (Vaurie 1959 : 87 ; CBW 1960 : 137 ; BWP 1988, 5 : 454). AOU (1983 : 577 ; 1998 : 526-527), on the other hand, treated *M. alba* Linnaeus, 1758, and *M. lugens* Gloger, 1829, as separate species, citing a Russian author for their sympatry with limited hybridization in Kamchatka and Ussuriland. As a result of range expansion, *alba*, (*M. a. leucopsis*) and *lugens* have recently become sympatric locally in southwestern Japan (Higuchi & Nakamura 1983, Strix 2 : 85-94 ; Nakamura 1983, Nihon no Seibutsu 1(5) : 44-51), although the cases of sympatry are still only a few and the details of the data are poorly known to evaluate whether isolating mechanisms are effective between the two forms.

***Motacilla grandis* Sharpe Japanese Wagtail セグロセキレイ**

Motacilla grandis Sharpe, 1885, which is virtually endemic to Japan, is considered to be closely related to *M. maderaspatensis* Gmelin, 1789, of India as both have a similar pre-copulatory display (Nakamura 1985, Bull. Kanagawa Pref. Mus. 16 : 23-36 ; Higuchi & Hirano 1989, Ibis 131 : 578-588). If *grandis* is more closely related to *maderaspatensis* than to *M. alba* Linnaeus, 1758, the former two must be regarded as relics of a formerly widespread population. However, the hypothesis that *maderaspatensis* may possibly be more closely related to *M. aguimp* Dumont, 1821, of Africa, than to *grandis* is worthy of investigation in view of the affinity between Indian and African avifaunas and certain morphological similarities between the two species (e. g., forehead pattern). Meanwhile, *grandis* has become sympatric with *alba* (*M. a. lugens*) in recent years at various localities in Japan as a result of range expansion of the latter (Higuchi & Nakamura 1983, Strix 2 : 85-93 ; Nakamura 1987, Nihon no Seibutsu 1(5) : 44-51). Hybridization between the two species was reported on a few occasions (Nakamura & Iwamoto 1985, Nat. Hist. Rep. Kanagawa 6 : 41-45) and morphological intergrades (hybrids?) have also been known (Higuchi & Hirano 1983, Strix 2 : 76-84 ; Nakamura 1983, Nat. Hist. Rep. Kanagawa 6 : 47-50). Nevertheless, these two species appears to be

effectively isolated reproductively from each other by a set of ecological and behavioral differences (cf. Higuchi & Hirano 1989, Ibis 131 : 578-588).

***Anthus novaeseelandiae* (Gmelin) Richard's Pipit マミジロタヒバリ**

Anthus novaeseelandiae richardi Vieillot, 1818, is sometimes regarded as a separate species, but it seems better to treat all forms of the *Anthus novaeseelandiae* complex as a single species as in CBW (1960, 9 : 145) and BWP (1988, 5 : 301). I followed Vaurie (1959 : 62) in synonymizing *A. n. ussuriensis* Johansen, 1952, with *A. n. sinensis* (Bonaparte, 1850), although this treatment is tentative. Hall (1961, Bull. BMNH Zool. 7 : 255) and BWP (1988, loc. cit.) recognized *ussuriensis*, which is larger than *sinensis*, for birds breeding in Ussuriland, the lower Amur Basin, and eastern China and restricted *sinensis* (type locality : restricted to Foochow by Vaurie) to those in southern China. If *ussuriensis* is recognizable, Japanese birds should be called *A. n. ussuriensis* (type locality : southern Ussuriland). However, both the plumage characteristics and wing measurements of various Palearctic subspecies apparently overlap (BWP 1988, 5 : 309) and all Palearctic birds may possibly be referable to *A. n. richardi* Vieillot, 1818 (western and central Siberian form in CBW and BWP).

***Anthus godlewskii* (Taczanowski) Godlewski's Pipit コマミジロタヒバリ**

Anthus godlewskii (Taczanowski, 1876) is sometimes considered conspecific with *A. campestris* (Linnaeus, 1758), but most recent authors maintain it as a separate species (e. g., BWP 1988, 5 : 313).

***Anthus hodgsoni* Richmond Olive-backed Pipit ビンズイ**

OSJ (1942 : 27 ; 1958 : 34) considered the populations of Hokkaido, Sakhalin, and the Kuriles as referable to *Anthus hodgsoni yunnanensis* Uchida & Kuroda, 1916, and those of Honshu and Korea to *A. h. hodgsoni* Richmond, 1907, noting that the population of Hokkaido is intermediate between the two (OSJ, 1942 : 27, footnote). A reexamination of specimens from Japan, Sakhalin, and the Asiatic continent shows that the breeding birds from Hokkaido and southern Sakhalin are indistinguishable from those from Honshu and must be referred to nominate *hodgsoni*. Manchurian and Chinese (Shansi) birds that I have examined are, on the other hand, streaked very indistinctly above and somewhat paler than Japanese birds ; they are referable to *yunnanensis*. On migration and in winter, both subspecies occur throughout Japan, eastern China, and southeast Asia, and they are sometimes difficult to

separate.

***Anthus gustavi* Swinhoe Pechora Pipit セジロタヒバリ**

One specimen taken in February 1927 on Ishigaki Island, southern Ryukyus, was referred to *Anthus gustavi menzbieri* Shulpin, 1928, but this record has not been accepted (OSJ 1974 : 213). *A. g. commandorensis* Johansen, 1952, described from the Commander Islands, may also occur in the Kuriles and Japan on migration, although this form is doubtfully distinguishable from *A. g. gustavi* Swinhoe, 1863 (cf. Hall 1961, Bull. BMNH Zool. 7 : 271-272, 277 ; Mees 1990, Ann. Ornithol. 14 : 137-141) and there is no substantial evidence to show that *commandorensis* (according to Mees 1990, loc. cit., *commandorensis* is to be called *A. g. stejnegeri* Ridgway, 1883) occurs in Japan.

***Pericrocotus divaricatus* (Raffles) Ashy Minivet サンショウクイ**

The difference in wing pattern seems to be sufficient to recognize *Pericrocotus divaricatus* (Raffles, 1822) as a species separate from *P. roseus* (Vieillot, 1818) of southern Asia, although the gap is bridged to some extent by *P. roseus cantonensis* Swinhoe, 1861, of southern China. On the other hand, *P. d. tegimae* Stejneger, 1887, which is considered a separate species by Brazil (1991, Birds of Japan : 205), is without doubt a dark, insular race of *P. divaricatus*, males being much darker but females only slightly so and approaching nominate *divaricatus*. The Ryukyu populations of birds show more or less increased pigmentation as compared with northern populations in many species. Both nominate *devaricatus* and *tegimae* do breed in Kyushu, but breeding records of the two subspecies in Kyushu are recent, sporadic, and local showing that the two forms are in contact only recently as a result of range expansion of either or both subspecies. Prior to OSJ (1974) nominate *devaricatus* was known to breed in Honshu, Sado, and Shikoku and *tegimae* on Amami-Ōshima and the Ryukyus south to Iriomote I. Aside from the breeding in Kyushu, *tegimae* is now known to breed on the Tokara Islands (not uncommon on Nakanoshima I.), although it is still very rare, if not accidental, on Yakushima and Tanegashima.

***Pycnonotus sinensis* (Gmelin) Light-vented Bulbul シロガシラ**

The status of *Pycnonotus sinensis* (Gmelin, 1789) in Japan is not clear. *P. s. orii* Kuroda, 1923, was described from Yonaguni Island, southern Ryukyus. *P. s. kobayashii* Kuroda, 1930, described from Ishigaki Island, southern Ryukyus, is a synonym of *orii* (OSJ 1942 : 47), whereas *orii* differs from *P. s. formosae* Hartert, 1910, of Taiwan, chiefly in having less white on the nape and the

upper- and underparts more striped with olivaceous yellow (Kuroda 1923, Bull. BOC 43 : 105). However, looking at a series of specimens shows that the white on the nape is variable and inconsistent, although the fine yellowish streaks on the abdomen seem to be more conspicuous in *orii* than in *formosae*. *P. s. orii* is also closely similar to nominate *sinensis* of China (specimens including two males of '*P. s. stresemanni* La Touche, 1925' from Foochow, Fukien, were examined) in having the abdomen finely streaked with yellow. Recently the species has become established on Okinawa Island and is increasing its population there. Due to the uncertain nature of *orii*, it remains a matter of conjecture whether the Okinawa population is due to natural range expansion by *orii*, or due to artificial introduction of *formosae* or nominate *sinensis* from Taiwan or China ; both are common cage birds in their homelands.

***Hypsipetes amaurotis* (Temminck) Brown-eared Bulbul ヒヨドリ**

OSJ (1942 : 47-48) recognized 11 subspecies of *Hypsipetes amaurotis* (Temminck, 1830), which were reduced to 10 by OSJ (1958 : 56) and 9 by OSJ (1974 : 218-220). *H. a. hensoni* Stejneger, 1892, has since been synonymized with nominate *amaurotis* (Morioka 1994, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 27 : 166-167), thus the total number of subspecies in Japan became 8. However, further revision is highly desirable since this species is very variable individually and most subspecies may not be differentiated sufficiently well to warrant recognition. Furthermore, although there is a cline from north to south with birds becoming darker and smaller, this cline is apparently reversed in several subspecies (e. g., *H. a. squamiceps* (Kittlitz, 1830), *H. a. borodinonis* (Kuroda, 1923), and *H. a. nagamichii* Deignan, 1960), resulting in a complex taxonomic situation. See OSJ (1974 : 220) for comments on *nagamichii* and *borodinonis*. According to E. C. Dickinson (pers. comm.), *Hypsipetes amaurotis kurodae* Mishima, 1960, may possibly antedate *H. a. nagamichii* Deignan published in the same year.

***Lanius cristatus* Linnaeus Brown Shrike アカモズ**

Lanius cristatus cristatus Linnaeus, 1758, was reported from Honshu (Aomori), Kyushu (Okinoshima in Fukuoka), Izu Islands (Torishima), and Iwo Islands (Kita-iwo, OSJ 1958 : 53), but these records have not been authenticated (OSJ 1974 : 222).

***Lanius schach* Linnaeus Rufous-backed Shrike タカサゴモズ**

Lanius schach Linnaeus, 1758, is mainly a non-migratory Indomalayan species and its occurrences (two sight records) in Japan may have been birds from

captivity. Nominate *schach* ranges north to the Yangtze Basin and southern Shansi.

***Lanius excubitor* Linnaeus Great Grey Shrike オオモズ**

Two specimens, an undated immature female taken at Nikko, Tochigi Pref., and an adult female taken in 1899 in Kyushu, were identified as straggling *Lanius excubitor mollis* Eversmann, 1853, by Yamashina (1935, Tori 8: 427-430).

***Bombycilla garrulus* (Linnaeus) Waxwing キレンジャク**

According to Vaurie (1959: 178-179), *Bombycilla garrulus centralasiae* Poliakov, 1915, differs only slightly from *B. g. garrulus* (Linnaeus, 1758).

***Bombycilla japonica* (Siebold) Japanese Waxwing ヒレンジャク**

The publication year of *Bombycilla japonica* (Siebold), which was first described in 'De Historiae naturalis in Japonia statu, nec non de augmento emolumentique in decursu perscrutationem exspectandis dissertatio, cui accedunt spicilegia faunae Japonicae' published in Batavia [=Jakarta, Indonesia], is 1824, not 1826 as given by Vaurie (1959: 179).

***Troglodytes troglodytes* (Linnaeus) Wren ミソサザイ**

Troglodytes troglodytes orii Yamashina was described in 1939 (not 1938 as given by Vaurie 1959: 207) and only the type specimen from Minami-daito, Daito Islands, is known (the type examined). It was synonymized with *T. t. mosukei* Momiyama, 1923, by Vaurie (1959, loc. cit.) and CBW (1960, 9: 418), but I believe it is either a recognizable subspecies of an extinct population or a dark individual of vagrant *T. t. fumigatus* Temminck, 1835 (see OSJ 1974: 229). See also OSJ (1974: 228) for comments on other Japanese subspecies of *T. troglodytes* (Linnaeus, 1758).

***Prunella montanella* (Pallas) Siberian Accentor ヤマヒバリ**

Vaurie (1959: 214) recognized two subspecies of *Prunella montanella* (Pallas, 1776), viz., nominate *montanella* and *P. m. badia* Portenko, 1929, and OSJ (1958: 85) ascribed Japanese birds to *badia*. I (OSJ 1974: 230) followed Yamashina (1939, Tori 10: 501), OSJ (1942: 76), and CBW (1964, 10: 7) in considering *montanella* monotypic and this treatment is retained in the present edition, though BWP (1988, 5: 560) recognized *badia*. In any case, the two subspecies, if distinguishable in breeding specimens, may not be separable sufficiently well in their winter quarters. The skulls of the Prunellidae

support unequivocally their relationships with the Turdidae (Morioka, ms).

***Prunella rubida* (Temminck & Schlegel) Japanese Accentor カヤクグリ**

Two subspecies of *Prunella rubida* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848), are currently recognized, i. e., nominate *rubida* and *P. r. fervida* (Sharpe, 1883), the former breeding in central and northern Honshu and the latter, a darker form, in Hokkaido and the southern Kuriles (Vaurie 1959 : 219 ; CBW 1964, 10 : 12 ; OSJ 1974 : 230). My examination of a large series of specimens showed that breeding birds of Hokkaido and the southern Kuriles (breeding specimens are examined) are nominate *rubida*, not *fervida* (Morioka 1994, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 27 : 165-166). *P. r. fervida*, the type specimen of which was taken on migration (14 November 1865 at Hakodate, Hokkaido), may represent merely somewhat darker individuals of monotypic *rubida*. This species is endemic to Japan and is most closely related to *P. modularis* (Linnaeus, 1758) of the western Palearctic.

***Erithacus akahige* (Temminck) Japanese Robin コマドリ**

The taxonomic position of *Erithacus akahige* (Temminck, 1835) and *E. komadori* (Temminck, 1835), the latter no doubt being an insular form of the former, is debatable. OSJ (1974 : 232) merged *Luscinia* with *Erithacus*. In the present edition I retain *akahige* and *komadori* in *Erithacus* but *Luscinia* is generically separated, following the opinion of some recent authors (e. g., Vaurie 1955, AM Novitates 1731 : 1-3 ; BWP 1988, 5 : 616 ; Sibley & Monroe 1990, Distr. Taxonomy Birds World : 532-533). However, should *akahige* and *komadori* be more closely related to certain species of *Luscinia*, as for example *L. sibilans* (Swinhoe, 1863), than to the western Palearctic *E. rubecula* (Linnaeus, 1758), the two species must be placed in *Luscinia*, leaving *Erithacus* as a monotypic genus for *rubecula*. Incidentally, Vaurie (1959 : 373, 387-388) included *akahige* and *komadori* in *Luscinia* and recognized *Erithacus* only for *rubecula* without stating the reason. *E. a. kobayashii* (Moriyama, 1940) (OSJ 1958 : 83 erroneously cited as Moriyama, 1942) and *E. a. rishiriensis* N.-h. Kuroda, 1965, have been synonymized with *E. a. tanensis* Kuroda, 1923, and nominate *akahige*, respectively (Vaurie 1955, AM Novitates 1731 : 5 ; Morioka 1994, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 27 : 167-168).

***Erithacus komadori* (Temminck) Ryukyu Robin アカヒゲ**

For relationships and taxonomic position of *Erithacus komadori* (Temminck, 1835), see under *Erithacus akahige*. Nominate *komadori* of the Tokara-

Amami Islands and *E. k. namiyei* (Stejneger, 1887) of the Okinawa Islands are distinct subspecies. *E. k. subrufus* (Kuroda, 1923) of Yonaguni I., southern Ryukyus, is known by a single type specimen (male; examined) taken in October. The type specimen closely resembles the northern nominate *komadori* and could possibly be a wintering nominate *komadori* from the north (cf. OSJ 1974 : 233 ; Kawaji & Higuchi 1989, J. Yamashina Inst. Ornithol. 21 : 224-233 ; Morioka 1990, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 23 : 156-158).

***Luscinia sibilans* (Swinhoe) Rufous-tailed Robin シマゴマ**

Listed as monotypic *Erithacus sibilans* (Swinhoe, 1863) by OSJ (1974 : 234). Vaurie (1959 : 389) recognized monotypic *Pseudaedon* for *sibilans*. However, *sibilans* is closely related to *Luscinia cyane* (Pallas, 1776) and *L. brunnea* (Hodgson, 1837), which, together with *sibilans*, were once generically separated as *Larvivora* (e. g., OSJ 1942 : 74). *L. sibilans* and *L. cyane* are somewhat aberrant in *Luscinia*, although it is difficult to distinguish *Pseudoaedon* from *Larvivora* or *Larvivora* from *Luscinia* by any generic character. The recognition of *Luscinia* is also conventional, but typical *Luscinia* (e. g., *L. megarhynchos* Brehm, 1831, *L. calliope* (Pallas, 1776), *L. svecica* (Linnaeus, 1758), etc.) are adapted to open thickets and bushy grasslands and have stronger tarsi than *Tarsiger*. *Erithacus*, on the other hand, is more terrestrial in habits and body proportions than *Luscinia*. Vaurie (1959 : 389) recognized *L. s. swistum* (Portenko, 1954), but CBW (1964, 10 : 39) maintains *sibilans* monotypic.

***Luscinia calliope* (Pallas) Siberian Rubythroat ノゴマ**

Listed as monotypic *Erithacus calliope* (Pallas, 1776) by OSJ (1974 : 235). See under *Luscinia sibilans* for the recognition of *Luscinia*. OSJ (1942 : 73 ; 1958 : 81-82) recognized nominate *calliope* and *L. c. camtschatkensis* (Gmelin, 1789), but both Vaurie (1955, AM Novitates 1731 : 7-8 ; 1959 : 379) and CBW (1964, 10 : 41) regarded the species as monotypic and I follow their conclusion (see also BWP 1988, 5 : 644). It may be noted, however, that the population of Hokkaido agrees well in size with that of Sakhalin (nominate *calliope*), but that of the Kuriles ('*camtschatkensis*') is larger (Yamashina 1941 : 324-329 gave the wing measurements of 41 males from Sakhalin and 2 males from Hokkaido as 71-77.5 mm against 77-85 in 22 males from the Kuriles).

***Luscinia svecica* (Linnaeus) Bluethroat オガワコマドリ**

Listed as *E. s. svecicus* (Linnaeus, 1758) by OSJ (1974 : 235). See under *Luscinia sibilans* for the recognition of *Luscinia*.

***Luscinia cyane* (Pallas) Siberian Blue Robin コルリ**

Listed as monotypic *Erithacus cyane* (Pallas, 1776) by OSJ (1974 : 236). See under *Luscinia sibilans* for the recognition of *Luscinia*. *L. c. bochaiensis* (Shulpin, 1928), which was recognized by Vaurie (1959 : 387) and CBW (1964, 10 : 47), is best synonymized with nominate *cyane*, retaining the species monotypic (cf. Yamashina 1939, Tori 10 : 500 ; OSJ 1974, loc. cit.)

***Tarsiger cyanurus* (Pallas) Red-flanked Bushrobin ルリビタキ**

Tarsiger was merged with *Erithacus* by CBW (1964, 10 : 33), but was recognized by OSJ (1974 : 237) and BWP (1988, 5 : 664). Morphologically, *Tarsiger* is similar to *Luscinia* (*T. chrysaeus* Hodgson 1845, type species of the genus, in particular is close to *Luscinia*) and its recognition is rather controversial. However, compared to *Luscinia*, it consists of species more adapted to a forest environment and somewhat flycatcher-like in appearance (cf. Vaurie 1955, AM Novitates 1731 : 1-3 ; OSJ 1974 : 232).

***Phoenicurus ochruros* (Gmelin) Black Redstart クロジョウビタキ**

Phoenicurus ochruros (Gmelin, 1774) is included in the present edition based on a sight record (photographs). *P. o. rufiventris* (Vieillot, 1818) straggles to Korea (OSJ 1942 : 73).

***Saxicola ferrea* Gray Grey Bushchat ヤマザキヒタキ**

Saxicola ferrea Gray, 1846, is included in the present edition based on a sight record (photographs), which is ascribed to *S. f. haringtoni* (Hartert, 1910) on geographical grounds. Vaurie (1955, AM Novitates 1731 : 26-27 ; 1959 : 340) recognized *haringtoni*, but CBW (1964, 10 : 115) did not. *S. f. haringtoni* is said to be darker in both sexes and to average slightly smaller (Vaurie 1959, loc. cit.). The material at hand from Nepal and China confirms the difference, though it is indeed very slight. *S. f. haringtoni* straggles to Taiwan (OSJ 1942 : 71).

***Oenanthe isabellina* (Temminck) Isabelline Wheatear イナバヒタキ**

Oenanthe isabellina (Temminck, 1829) antedates *Oenanthe isabellina* (Cretzschmar), which was published in 1830 or 1831 (Baker 1930, Fauna Brit. India Birds, 7 : 102 ; 8 : 620). Both Vaurie (1959 : 350) and CBW (1964, 10 : 122) considered this species monotypic.

***Oenanthe pleschanka* (Lepechin) Pied Wheatear セグロサバクヒタキ**

Oenanthe pleschanka (Lepechin, 1770) is included in the present edition based

on at least five sight records (photographs). These records are attributed to nominate subspecies *O. p. pleschanka* on geographical grounds (the other subspecies, *O. p. cypriaca* (Homeyer, 1884), occurs from Cyprus to Near East and nw Africa).

***Monticola solitarius* (Linnaeus) Blue Rockthrush イソヒヨドリ**

Monticola solitarius pandoo (Sykes, 1832) is included in the present edition based on a bird captured for banding and photographed on Nakanoshima I., Tokara Islands. This subspecies also straggles to Taiwan (OSJ 1942: 70).

***Monticola gularis* (Swinhoe) White-throated Rockthrush ヒメイソヒヨ**

CBW (1964, 10: 137) treated *Monticola gularis* (Swinhoe, 1863) as a subspecies of *M. cinclorhynchus* (Vigors, 1832).

***Zoothera dauma* (Latham) White's Thrush トラツグミ**

Listed as *Turdus dauma aureus* Holandre, 1825, *T. d. amami* Hartert, 1922 (= *Zoothera dauma major* (Ogawa, 1905)), and *T. d. horsfieldi* (Bonaparte, 1857) in OSJ (1974: 244-246). Ripley (1952, Postilla 13: 16), CBW (1964, 10: 144) and BWP (1988, 5: 914) recognized *Zoothera* (s. lat.) to include the species formerly placed in *Zoothera*, *Oreocincla*, and *Geokichla*. I here recognize *Zoothera* to accommodate only *Z. monticola* Vigors, 1832 (type-species of *Zoothera*) and its close relatives (*Oreocincla*) (see under *Turdus sibiricus* for placing *sibiricus* in *Turdus*). Whether or not to raise *Z. d. major* of Amami-Ōshima to species status is largely a matter of opinion, since adaptations to an insular environment often yield very different plumage, bill and wing structure, ecology, voice, etc., within a species (aside from the number of rectrices, *major* differs from *aurea* in voice but is very similar in plumage characteristics). The number of rectrices (14 in *aurea* and 12 in *major*) is often mentioned as evidence of the specific status of *major*, but it varies geographically and individually within the *Z. dauma* population (Deignan 1938, J. Siam Soc. Nat. Hist. Suppl. 11: 119-122). My preference is to regard *major*, as well as other more or less distinct allopatric forms of Indonesian and Australasian regions, as a subspecies of *Z. dauma*. I also continue to treat *Z. d. toratugumi* (Momiya, 1940) as a synonym of *aurea* (the wing measurements of the two forms apparently overlap and 'toratsugumi' is inseparable from the wintering *aurea*, the latter probably predominates in Japan). Resident birds on Taiwan and the southern Ryukyus have been called *T. d. horsfieldi* (OSJ 1942: 66; 1958: 73; 1974: 246) or *Z. d. hancii* (Swinhoe, 1863).

(CBW 1968, 10 : 157). However, *hancii* (the type examined by E. C. Dickinson) is no doubt a synonym of *aurea* and application of the name *horsfieldi* requires further study (a paper by E. C. Dickinson and H. Morioka in preparation).

***Cichlopasser terrestris* (Kittlitz) Ogasawara Islands Thrush オガサワ
ラガビチョウ**

Vaurie (1959 : 414) and CBW (1968, 10 : 160) placed *Cichlopasser terrestris* (Kittlitz, 1831), an endemic and extinct species on the Ogasawara Islands, in *Zoothera*. However, it is so distinct in plumage characteristics (no other thrushes have stripes on the back like *terrestris*) that it may deserve a monotypic genus of its own (I have examined the Leningrad specimen). Little is known of its relationships and ecology.

***Turdus sibiricus* Pallas Siberian Thrush マミジロ**

Ripley (1952, Postilla 13 : 6), CBW (1964, 10 : 149), and BWP (1988, 5 : 921) placed *Turdus sibiricus* in *Zoothera* (s. lat.), which is distinguished from *Turdus* by having a striped underwing. However, *sibiricus* is closer to *Turdus* in various ways (including osteology and ecology) than to *Zoothera* and the underwing pattern is not reliably diagnostic of *Zoothera* (some *Catharus* species have similar underwing patterns). In *sibiricus* the sexes are markedly dimorphic. The sexes are alike in *Zoothera* (s. str.) and some species of *Turdus*. It seems to me that *Zoothera* as conceived by Ripley (1952, loc. cit.) is a heterogeneous group with a primitive, rather than a derived, underwing pattern. Under the present state of knowledge of the relationships of thrushes, it would be better to leave *sibiricus* in *Turdus* than to place it in *Zoothera*.

***Turdus hortulorum* Sclater Grey-backed Thrush カラアカハラ**

CBW (1964, 10 : 186) treated *Turdus hortulorum* Sclater, 1863, as a subspecies of *T. dissimilis* Blyth, 1847. While *hortulorum* is probably closely related to *dissimilis*, either or both species may also be closely related to *T. cardis* Temminck, 1831, as suggested by the female and immature plumage. It seems better therefore to retain *hortulorum* as a monotypic species until its relationships to other species of *Turdus* become sufficiently well understood.

***Turdus cardis* Temminck Grey Thrush クロツグミ**

Listed as *Turdus cardis cardis* Temminck, 1831, by OSJ (1942 : 67 ; 1958 : 74), but Vaurie (1955, AM Novitates 1733 : 1-2 ; 1959 : 405) and CBW (1964, 10 : 187) considered the species monotypic. A male *cardis* and a female *T.*

chrysolaus Temminck, 1831, hybridized in captivity, successfully fledging two young (Takeno 1930, *Tori* 6: 305-309). While *cardis* is usually treated as somewhat distantly related to *chrysolaus* within *Turdus*, this suggests that *cardis* and *hortulorum* (see under *Turdus hortulorum* for its status) may belong to a species group with *chrysolaus* (unfortunately Takeno did not describe the hybrids).

***Turdus merula* Linnaeus Blackbird クロウタドリ**

Turdus merula Linnaeus, 1758, is included in the present edition based on several sight records (photographs). These records may be ascribable to the subspecies *T. m. mandarinus* Bonaparte, 1850, on geographical grounds (*mandarinus* is the southern Chinese form; other Chinese subspecies are non-migratory and are restricted to Szechwan, Tibet, and Sinkiang).

***Turdus chrysolaus* Temminck Brown Thrush アカハラ**

Listed as monotypic *Turdus chrysolaus* Temminck, 1831 by OSJ (1974: 247), but two subspecies, nominate *chrysolaus* and *T. c. orii* Yamashina, 1929, are recognized here. *T. c. orii* is distinguishable from nominate *chrysolaus* in having the crown darker (more sooty) than, not concolorous with, the back (Morioka 1979, *Tori* 28: 125-129). *T. c. orii* is also larger in size, though the wing measurements of the two subspecies overlap (Vaurie 1955, *AM Novitates* 1733: 6; OSJ 1974: 247; Morioka 1979, loc. cit.). *T. chrysolaus*, *T. celanops* Stejneger, 1887, *T. pallidus* Gmelin, 1789, and *T. obscurus* Gmelin, 1789, are probably allopatric and form a superspecies. The first three species are no doubt allopatric and geographical representatives of a single stock (but see under *Turdus celanops* for a different opinion). The breeding 'obscurus' population in the Fuji area (OSJ 1942: 68; 1958: 76) is not a form of *obscurus* but a 'neotenic' form of *chrysolaus* (OSJ 1974: 250; Morioka 1982, *Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus.* 15: 213-220). *T. obscurus* ranges north of *T. pallidus* on the Asiatic continent. These two species are also virtually allopatric, but their precise breeding ranges still require confirmation.

***Turdus celanops* Stejneger Izu Islands Thrush アカコッコ**

I believe that this species, endemic to the Izu Islands, Yakushima, and Tokara Islands, is an insular form of *Turdus chrysolaus* Temminck, 1831, of Honshu (OSJ 1974: 250; Morioka 1990, *Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus.* 23: 159-160; see also Fujumura 1948, *Tori* 12(57): 57-62). However, Yamashina (1942, *Tori* 11: 221-224) and more recently Kawaji, Higuchi & Hori (1989, *Bull. BOC* 109: 93-95) considered *celanops* to be a relict species, related more closely to *T.*

dissimilis Blyth, 1847, of Assam to northern Vietnam (Yamashina also related it to *T. seebohmi* (Sharpe, 1888) of Mt. Kinabalu, Borneo). It is obvious that black-headedness is no more than a subspecific character in *Turdus*. *T. seebohmi* is no doubt a relative of the Javanese group of *T. poliocephalus* (i. e., *T. p. whiteheadi* (Seeböhm, 1893), *T. p. javanicus* Horsfield, 1821, *T. p. fumidus* Müller, 1843, *T. p. erythropleurus* Sharpe, 1887) as shown by a complete series of plumage changes. For the relationships of *dissimilis*, see under *Turdus hortulorum*. *T. c. yakushimensis* (Ogawa, 1905) on Yakushima and the Tokara Islands (the Tokara population is recently discovered, whereas the Yakushima population may have been extirpated) cannot be recognized (Vaurie 1955, AM Novitates 1733 : 6 ; Morioka 1990, loc. cit.).

***Turdus pallidus* Gmelin Pale Thrush シロハラ**

Turdus pallidus Gmelin, 1789, was thought to be a passage migrant and/or winter visitor in Japan and Korea (OSJ 1942 : 67 ; Austin & Kuroda 1953, Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. 109 : 529-530). It is now apparent that the supposedly *T. chrysolaus* population in southwestern Honshu, Kyusu, Tsushima, and Korea is in reality *T. pallidus*, whereas *T. chrysolaus* Temminck, 1831, breeds in central and northern Honshu, Hokkaido, Sakhalin, and the Kuriles (cf. OSJ 1974 : 249). See under *Turdus chrysolaus* for relationships.

***Turdus obscurus* Gmelin Eye-browed Thrush マミチャジナイ**

The reported breeding of *Turdus obscurus* Gmelin, 1789, in the Fuji area, central Honshu (OSJ 1942 : 68 ; 1958 : 76), is a misidentification of *T. chrysolaus* (see under *Turdus chrysolaus*). *T. obscurus* seems to be a continental form ; there is no evidence of breeding in Japan, Sakhalin, and the Kuriles despite CBW (1964, 10 : 201) having included these areas in part of its breeding range. Specimens (examined) taken in May in northern Sakhalin may be late migrants. See also under *Turdus chrysolaus* and *T. pallidus* for comments on the range and relationships of this species.

***Turdus ruficollis* Pallas Black-throated Thrush ノドグロツグミ**

Turdus ruficollis atrogularis Jarocki, 1819, has straggled to Ishigaki Island, southern Ryukyus, in March 1920 (OSJ 1942 : 69). A sight record (photographs) of *T. r. ruficollis* Pallas, 1776, at Ebetsu, Hokkaido (Inoue 1981, Tori 29 : 148-149) is a misidentified *Turdus naumanni naumanni* Temminck, 1820.

***Turdus naumanni* Temminck Dusky Thrush ツグミ**

Turdus naumanni Temminck, 1820, is sometimes considered conspecific with

Turdus ruficollis Pallas, 1776. but their breeding ranges overlap in central Siberia. Both subspecies, nominate *naumanni* and *T. n. eunomus* Temminck, 1831, occur in Japan as winter visitors, *eunomus* being much more common. Intermediates between the two forms also occur not uncommonly, indeed typical nominate *naumanni* is very rare. These intermediates may represent variations of *eunomus* rather than 'hybrids' of the two subspecies (cf. BWP 1988, 5: 970).

***Turdus pilaris* Linnaeus Fieldfare ノハラツグミ**

Turdus pilaris Linnaeus, 1758, is considered monotypic (cf. Vaurie 1959: 399; BWP 1988, 5: 977).

***Turdus iliacus* Linnaeus Redwing ワキアカツグミ**

Turdus iliacus Linnaeus, 1766, replaces *Turdus musicus* Linnaeus, 1758, of OSJ (1942: 67; 1958: 74) (Int. Comm. Zool. Nomencl. 1959, Opinion 551).

***Urosphena squameiceps* (Swinhoe) Short-tailed Bush Warbler ヤブサ
メ**

Listed as *Cettia squameiceps* (Swinhoe, 1863) by OSJ (1974: 254). In the present edition, I follow CBW (1986, 11: 6) in recognizing *Urosphena* as a separate genus, although *Urosphena* is no doubt very close to *Cettia* and its recognition is conventional as the gap between the two genera is bridged by such species as *U. pallidipes* (Blanford, 1872) on one hand and *C. major* Horsfield & Moore, 1854 on the other.

***Cettia diphone* (Kittlitz) Bush Warbler ウグイス**

CBW (1986, 11: 9-10) synonymized *Cettia diphone sakhalinensis* (Yamashina, 1927) of Sakhalin and the southern Kuriles and *C. d. ijimae* (Kuroda, 1922) of the Izu Islands with *C. d. cantans* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847) of the Japanese mainland. *C. d. ijimae* was not recognized either by Vaurie (1954, AM Novitates 1691: 1-5; 1959: 222) or OSJ (1974: 256), whereas *sakhalinensis*, which is recognized in the present edition, is a very poor subspecies and its recognition may not be warranted. Vaurie (1954, loc. cit.) considered the population of Yakushima and Tanegashima as *cantans*, with *C. d. riukiensis* (Kuroda, 1925) restricted to the Ryukyu Islands north to Amami-Ōshima. OSJ (1942: 58; 1958: 66), on the other hand, treated the Yakushima population as *riukiensis* and the Tanegashima population as *ijimae*. I think Vaurie is correct. Meanwhile, both Vaurie (1959: 222) and CBW (1986, 11: 10) synonymized *C. d. iwotoensis* (Moriyama, 1927) of the Iwo Islands and *C. d.*

panafidinicus (Momiya, 1930) of Torishima with *C. d. diphone* (Kittlitz, 1831), but, as I have shown, *panafidinicus* is a synonym of *cantans* (Morioka 1977, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 10 : 171-177). *C. d. diphone* is distinctly shorter in the wing length and longer in the bill than *cantans*; the two forms also differ in vocalization.

***Locustella pryeri* (Seeböhm) Japanese Marsh Warbler オオセッカ**

Locustella pryeri (Seeböhm, 1884) was originally described under *Megalurus*, but it was placed later in *Bradypterus* (Hartert 1921, Vögel pal. Fauna 3 : 2142-2143; OSJ 1942 : 60; 1958 : 68). Currently this species is included again in *Megalurus* (Vaurie 1959 : 230; OSJ 1974 : 257; CBW 1986, 11 : 37). However, *Megalurus palustris* Horsfield, 1821, type-species of the genus, is very different from *pryeri* both in morphology and behavior and *pryeri* should not belong to the same genus. Indeed *pryeri* is much more close, at least superficially, to species of *Locustella* than to *M. palustris*. Furthermore, aside from the Palearctic *pryeri*, *Megalurus* is an Indomalayan and Australasian genus. Hence *pryeri* is allocated to *Locustella*, pending further study of the relationships and limits of *Megalurus* (Morioka & Shigeta 1993, Bull. Natl. Sci. Mus. Zool. 19 : 37-43).

***Locustella fasciolata* (Gray) Gray's Grasshopper Warbler エゾセンニュウ**

Listed as monotypic *Locustella fasciolata* (Gray, 1860) by OSJ (1974 : 258). CBW (1986, 11 : 56) recognized *L. amnicola* Stepanyan, 1972, as a separate monotypic species breeding on Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and the southern Kuriles. CBW (1986, loc. cit.) also treated *L. fasciolata* (breeding in central and eastern Siberia, the Amur Basin, and Ussuriland) as migrating through Japan. A study by Neufeldt & Netschajew (1977, Ann. Ornithol. 1 : 91-116; 1978, Turdy Zool. Inst. Leningrad 76 : 61-93) seems to be convincing and *amnicola* is here regarded conspecific with, but a recognizable subspecies of, *L. fasciolata*. It is unlikely that nominate *fasciolata* migrates through Japan as all Japanese *fasciolata* specimens appear to belong to one subspecies.

***Locustella certhiola* (Pallas) Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler シベリアセンニュウ**

A bird captured for banding at Kokubu, Kagoshima, on 15 Nov. 1987, was identified correctly as *Locustella certhiola rubescens* Blyth, 1845 (Kawaji & Abe 1988, J. Yamashina Inst. Ornithol. 20 : 107-110; their photographs clearly show the rich rufous underparts). This subspecies breeds in northern Siberia

from the Obi River east to Kamchatka. However, all specimens from Manchuria, eastern China and Korea that I have seen are *L. c. certhiola* (Pallas, 1811), hence the straggling bird was not a Manchurian bird. *L. c. minor* David & Oustalet, 1877 (type locality: Peking, China) of Korea (OSJ 1942: 60) is a synonym of nominate *certhiola* (see also Vaurie 1959: 234).

***Locustella ochotensis* (Middendorff) Middendorff's Grasshopper Warbler シマセンニュウ**

Listed as *Locustella ochotensis ochotensis* (Middendorff, 1853) by OSJ (1974: 258), but here treated as a monotypic species (see under *Locustella pleskei* for this treatment). CBW (1986, 11: 53-54) recognized two subspecies under *L. ochotensis* (s. str.), nominate *ochotensis* (type locality: lower Uda River, coast of the Okhotsk Sea) and *L. o. subcerthiola* Swinhoe, 1874 (type locality: Hakodate, Hokkaido). The breeding populations of Sakhalin, Hokkaido, and the southern Kuriles are then assigned to nominate *ochotensis*, but *subcerthiola*, breeding in Kamchatka and the northern Kuriles, is also stated to occur in Japan on migration. I have not seen the Swinhoe's type of *subcerthiola*, but Hartert (1909, Vogel pal. Fauna 1: 545; also Wolters 1980, Die Vogelarten d. Erde: 368) synonymized *Lusiniopsis japonica* Cassin, 1859, *Locustella subcerthiola* Swinhoe, 1874, and *Arundinax blakistoni* Swinhoe, 1876, all from type locality Hakodadi [=Hakodate], Hokkaido, with *L. ochotensis*. Vaurie (1959) made no mention of these three names. Yamashina (1929, Tori 6: 73; 1942: 142) referred 11 males taken in June on Paramushir, northern Kuriles, to *L. o. ochotensis* (he considered *L. ochotensis* polytypic with *L. pleskei*) and cited *subcerthiola* as a synonym of *L. o. ochotensis*.

***Locustella pleskei* Taczanowski Taczanowski's Grasshopper Warbler ウチャマセンニュウ**

Listed as *Locustella ochotensis pleskei* Taczanowski, 1889, by OSJ (1974: 259). *L. ochotensis* (Middendorff, 1853) and *L. pleskei* are usually considered conspecific, but they are regarded as separate species by CBW (1986, 11: 54; see also Nazarov & Shibaev 1983, Trudy Zool. Inst. Leningrad 116: 72-78). The two forms are distinct in plumage characteristics, bill structure, and wing formula, and differ much in behavior and voice (Yamashina 1935, Tori 8: 436-439; 1941: 142-150). However, they are allopatric in breeding range (*pleskei* is an insular form against *ochotensis*), hence their specific status will remain debatable until they are found sympatric somewhere. *L. ochotensis* and *L. pleskei* have also been considered conspecific with *L. certhiola* (Pallas, 1811) by Meise (1938, Ornithol. Monatsber. 46: 168-173; see also Vaurie 1959: 234

-235), because of the presence of morphological intermediates between them. In my opinion, these 'intermediates' (I have seen such specimens) are *certhiola*, not intermediates.

***Acrocephalus bistrigiceps* Swinhoe Black-browed Reed Warbler コヨシキリ**

Listed as monotypic *Acrocephalus bistrigiceps* Swinhoe, 1860, by OSJ (1974 : 260). CBW (1986, 11 : 60) recognized *A. tangorum* La Touche, 1912, as a subspecies of *A. bistrigiceps*, which therefore became polytypic (thus *A. b. bistrigiceps* in the present edition). Leisler et al. (1997, J. Ornithol. 138 : 469-496) proposed *Calamodus* Kaup, 1829 (type : *Motacilla schoenobaenus*) for the genus of striped reed warblers including *A. bistrigiceps*. *Calamodus* can be regarded at best as a subgenus of *Acrocephalus* (cf. CBW 1986, 5 : 59).

***Acrocephalus arundinaceus* (Linnaeus) Great Reed Warbler オオヨシキリ**

Acrocephalus arundinaceus orientalis (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847) is sometimes considered a separate species (e.g., Ripley 1982, Synop. Birds India Pakistan : 423). CBW (1986, 11 : 65-69) also treated *A. arundinaceus* (Linnaeus, 1758), *A. stentoreus* (Ehrenberg, 1833), *A. orientalis*, etc., as separate species of a single superspecies (see also Leisler et al. 1997, J. Ornithol. 138 : 469-496 for relationships of *Acrocephalus* spp. based on mtDNA sequences). Whether *orientalis* is a subspecies of *A. arundinaceus* or a separate species is a matter of the taxonomist's judgement since all Pacific *Acrocephalus* are allopatric and rather closely similar in morphology (they differ mainly in size, wing formula, and certain aspects of behavior). Nishiumi (1998, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 31 : 257-262) has shown that the wing lengths of eastern Chinese and northern Korean birds are shorter, with some overlaps, than those of Japanese birds.

***Acrocephalus aedon* (Pallas) Thick-billed Reed Warbler ハシブトオオヨシキリ**

Listed as monotypic *Acrocephalus aedon* (Pallas, 1776) by OSJ (1974 : 262). In the present edition I followed CBW (1986, 11 : 77) in recognizing *A. a. stegmanni* Watson, 1986, new name for *A. a. rufescens* (Stegmann, 1929). *A. a. stegmanni* is larger than nominate *aedon* (Vaurie 1959 : 247 gave the wing measurements of male *stegmanni* as 75-79 mm against 78-83 in male nominate *aedon*).

***Phylloscopus trochilus* (Linnaeus) Willow Warbler キタヤナギムシクイ**

Phylloscopus trochilus (Linnaeus, 1758) is included in the present edition based on a sight record (a photograph). It is ascribed to *P. t. yakutensis* Ticehurst, 1935, the central and eastern Siberian subspecies, on geographical grounds.

***Phylloscopus collybita* (Vieillot) Chiffchaff チフチャフ**

This monotypic species is included in the present edition based on a single sight record (photographs).

***Phylloscopus sibilatrix* (Bechstein) Wood Warbler モリムシクイ**

Monotypic *Phylloscopus sibilatrix* (Bechstein, 1793) is included in the present edition based on a sight record (a photograph).

***Phylloscopus fuscatus* (Blyth) Dusky Warbler ムジセッカ**

Phylloscopus fuscatus (Blyth, 1842) is included in the present edition based on a bird captured for banding and sight records (photographs). These records are ascribed to nominate *fuscatus*, which occurs in the Amur Basin, Manchuria, Ussuriland, Korea, and Sakhalin.

***Phylloscopus schwarzi* (Radde) Radde's Warbler カラフトムジセッカ**

Monotypic *Phylloscopus schwarzi* (Radde, 1863) is included in the present edition based on a sight record (a photograph). It breeds from southern Siberia east to Manchuria, Ussuriland, northern Korea, and Sakhalin.

***Phylloscopus borealoides* Portenko Eastern Pale-legged Leaf Warbler エゾムシクイ**

Listed as monotypic *Phylloscopus tenellipes* Swinhoe, 1860 by OSJ (1974 : 266). *P. tenellipes borealoides* Portenko, 1950, was synonymized with *P. tenellipes* by both Vaurie (1959 : 293) and CBW (1986, 11 : 245). Martens (1988, J. Ornithol. 129 : 343-351), however, has shown that the population of *tenellipes* in eastern Siberia on one hand and that on Sakhalin and Japanese Islands on the other are hardly distinguishable in morphology but differ strikingly in voice (both territorial song and call note). Consequently, he considered the two forms to represent separate species, with the name *P. tenellipes* (type locality : Amoy, S. China) retained for the continental population and *P. borealoides* (type locality : Kunashir, southern Kuriles) ascribed to the insular one. Martens did not discuss whether the Swinhoe's type specimen of *tenellipes*, which is a female taken on migration (12 Oct. 1855), is the continental or the insular

form, but Weprincew et al. (1989, Ann. Ornithol. 13: 71-80) provided additional morphological and biological data on the differences between the two forms and the type specimen was found to be the continental one. Hence Japanese Pale-legged Leaf Warblers should be called *P. borealoides* Portenko. Both *P. tenellipes* and *P. borealoides* may migrate through southern China to winter in the same area in southeast Asia.

***Phylloscopus coronatus* (Temminck & Schlegel) Eastern Crowned Leaf Warbler センダイムシクイ**

Treated as a subspecies of *Phylloscopus occipitalis* (Blyth, 1845) by OSJ (1974: 267), but regarded as a separate species in the present edition because of its uncertain relationships to other forms. CBW (1986, 11: 245) considered *P. occipitalis*, *P. coronatus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847), *P. ijimae* (Stejneger, 1892), and *P. reguloides* (Blyth, 1842) as separate species belonging to a superspecies. However, *P. coronatus* is very distinct in song characteristics from the other three (Martens 1981, Anima 98: 25-31). My field experience also indicates that *P. occipitalis* behaves more like *P. ijimae* than does *P. coronatus*. Hence there is justification for raising *coronatus* to specific rank. *P. reguloides*, on the other hand, is probably related to *P. occipitalis* as the two forms are closely similar in morphology, habitat preference, and general behavior and they are adjacent in breeding range, although they are partly sympatric in the western Himalayas and must therefore be regarded as separate species. For *P. ijimae*, see under that species.

***Phylloscopus ijimae* (Stejneger) Ijima's Leaf Warbler イイジマムシクイ**

Phylloscopus ijimae (Stejneger, 1892) was considered a subspecies of *Phylloscopus occipitalis* (Blyth, 1845) by Yamashina (1941: 82) and OSJ (1942: 56), but was treated as a separate species by OSJ (1958: 65; 1974: 268). Morphologically it differs from *P. occipitalis*, *P. coronatus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1847), and *P. reguloides* (Blyth, 1842) in lacking the crown stripe and in some other minor details (but the wing formula is the same as *coronatus*). In voice, *ijimae*, *occipitalis*, and *reguloides* are rather similar to one another, but they differ from *coronatus* (Martens 1981, Anima 98: 25-31). *P. ijimae* is a strictly insular form (breeding on the Izu and Tokara islands only), and my field experience indicates that it is a very plastic species in habitat selection, nesting requirements, etc. Its relationships to other species are uncertain, because the absence of the crown stripe is at best a specific character and the voice and behavior may be modified as adaptations to insular environment.

Contrary to other recent authors, Williamson (1967, Identification to Ringers 2: 43-45) treated *ijimae* as a subspecies of *P. tenellipes* Swinhoe, 1860 (which included *P. borealoides* Portenko, 1950). It seems to me, however, that *P. tenellipes* and *P. borealoides* are good species and are not particularly closely related to *P. ijimae*. *P. borealoides* and *P. ijimae* differ both in habitat and behavior; *P. borealoides* is adapted to coniferous and boreal environment, whereas *P. ijimae* is an inhabitant of deciduous and evergreen broad-leaved woods of the temperate zone. This probably indicates that they are of different origin, *P. borealoides* northern and *P. ijimae* southern (or Himalayan). The publication year of *P. ijimae* (Stejneger) is 1892, not 1882 as given by CBW (1986, 11: 246).

***Ficedula hypoleuca* (Pallas) Pied Flycatcher マダラヒタキ**

Muscicapa atricapilla sibirica Khakhlov, 1915 (= *Ficedula hypoleuca sibirica*) is preoccupied by *Muscicapa sibirica* Gmelin, 1789, hence it is not available. OSJ (1974) followed Vaurie (1953, Bull. AMNH 100: 453-538) in recognizing *Ficedula* and *Cyanoptila* as separable from *Muscicapa* (s. lat.) and this treatment is retained in the present edition (cf. OSJ 1974: 270 for comments on genera). Flycatchers of the Muscicapidae (s. str.) are very closely related to the Turdidae, and perhaps the Turdidae should be merged with the Muscicapidae (s. str.). The Monarchidae is quite different in origin either from the Muscicapidae (s. str.)-Turdidae or the Sylviidae-Timaliidae (Morioka, ms).

***Ficedula zanthopygia* (Hay) Tricolored Flycatcher マミジロキビタキ**

Ficedula zanthopygia (Hay, 1845) is treated as a separate species because of sympatry with *F. narcissina elisae* (Weigold, 1922) in northeastern China without (?) hybridization (cf. Steinbacher 1937, Ornithol. Monatsber. 45: 166-167).

***Ficedula narcissina* (Temminck) Narcissus Flycatcher キビタキ**

I agree with Vaurie (1954, AM Novitates 1694: 4; 1959: 320) in synonymizing *Ficedula narcissina jakuschima* (Hartert, 1907) (Tanegashima and Yakushima) and *F. n. shonis* (Kuroda, 1923) (Amami-Ōshima) with *F. n. owstoni* (Bangs, 1901) (Ryukyus). A specimen said to be referable to *jakuschima* was reported from Cape Muroto, Kochi, Shikoku (OSJ 1958: 61). *F. n. owstoni* is a recognizable subspecies, but the identification of the Muroto specimen requires confirmation.

***Cyanoptila cyanomelana* (Temminck) Blue-and-white Flycatcher オオルリ**

Cyanoptila cyanomelana cumatilis Thayer & Bangs, 1909, was reported to have straggled to Hokkaido (Vaurie 1959 : 326), but no data are available. When Korean *cumatilis* is compared with Japanese *C. c. cyanoptila* (Temminck, 1829), I have found the former hardly distinguishable from the latter.

***Muscicapa dauurica* Pallas Brown Flycatcher コサメビタキ**

Listed as monotypic *Muscicapa latirostris* Raffles, 1822, by OSJ (1974 : 276). See CBW (1986, 11 : 318) for the use of *M. d. dauurica* Pallas, 1811, in place of *M. latirostris*. *M. dauurica* is now regarded as polytypic (CBW 1986, loc. cit.).

***Terpsiphone atrocaudata* (Eyton) Black Paradise Flycatcher サンコウチョウ**

Terpsiphone atrocaudata illex Bangs, 1901, was recorded from Kagoshima and Yakushima by OSJ (1958 : 58). The record from Yakushima was reidentified as *T. a. atrocaudata* (Eyton, 1835) and that of Kagoshima requires confirmation (OSJ 1974 : 278). Black Paradise Flycatchers breed on the Tokara Islands, but the subspecies has not been determined. The two subspecies differ mainly in size so that subadult and immature birds are hardly identifiable (this species, especially males, seems to require two or three years to attain the full adult characters). OSJ (1942 : 51 ; 1958 : 57 ; 1974 : 278.) erroneously gave the type locality of nominate *atrocaudata* as Japan (error for Malaya) (cf. CBW 1986, 11 : 488).

***Aegithalos caudatus* (Linnaeus) Long-tailed Tit エナガ**

Aegithalos caudatus kiusiuensis Kuroda, 1923, of Kyushu and *A. c. magnus* Clark, 1907, of Tsushima and southern Korea, are doubtfully distinct from *A. c. trivirgatus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848) of Honshu (OSJ 1974 : 280). My measurements are on the average larger in *magnus* (wing 3 males 57-62 mm), intermediate in *trivirgatus* (3 males 57-60), and smaller in *kiusiuensis* (2 males 56-57.5), but they overlap (Vaurie 1959 : 465 gave 59-64 (average 61.5) for 10 adult *trivirgatus* and 55-59 (57.5) for 3 male *kiusiuensis*). CBW (1967, 12 : 53) synonymized *A. c. japonicus* Prazák, 1897, with *A. c. caudatus* (Linnaeus, 1758).

***Parus palustris* Linnaeus Marsh Tit ハシブトガラ**

AOU (1998 : 463) recognized the genus *Poecile* (type: *Parus palustris*) for

Parus palustris Linnaeus, 1758, *P. montanus* Conrad von Baldenstein, 1827, and their close allies.

***Parus montanus* Conrad von Baldenstein Willow Tit コガラ**

Parus montanus sachalinensis Lönnberg, 1908, of Sakhalin, is stated to be slightly paler and grayer than *P. m. restrictus* Hellmayr, 1900, of the Japanese mainland (Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu), and straggles to Hokkaido, Honshu, and Korea (Yamashina 1934: 370-371; Vaurie 1959: 481). Specimens from Hokkaido are, however, more or less intermediate between the two subspecies. The Honshu population may be on an average darker, although breeding specimens from central Honshu highlands (i. e., Mt. Fuji area) are as pale as Hokkaido specimens. The straggling *sachalinensis* may therefore be pale individuals of *restrictus*. The species is apparently rare and local in Shikoku and Kyushu.

***Parus varius* Temminck & Schlegel Varied Tit ヤマガラ**

The Japanese subspecies of *Parus varius* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848, require revision. Certain subspecies, such as *P. v. namiyei* Kuroda, 1918, may not be sufficiently distinct to warrant recognition. CBW (1967, 12: 118) synonymized *P. v. yakushimensis* Kuroda, 1919, with *P. v. sunsunpi* Kuroda, 1919. I have not seen specimens of *sunsunpi*. My specimens of *yakushimensis* are similar to those of nominate *varius* from Honshu. A specimen collected on Fukue-jima I., Goto Islands, Nagasaki, by myself is nominate *varius*.

***Parus cyanus* Pallas Azure Tit ルリガラ**

Included in the present edition based on a single sight record (photographs), which may be ascribable to the Far Eastern subspecies, *Parus cyanus tianschanicus* (Menzbier, 1884).

***Parus major* Linnaeus Great Tit シジュウカラ**

Topotypical specimens of *Parus major kagoshimae* Taka-Tsukasa, 1919 (type specimen lost during the war in 1945), are indistinguishable from *P. m. minor* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848, of Honshu (OSJ 1974: 286). *P. m. stejnegeri* Bangs, 1901 (Ishigaki I.) and *P. m. bangsi* Kuroda, 1923 (Iriomote I.) were synonymized with *P. m. nigriloris* Hellmayr, 1900 (OSJ 1942: 37).

***Sitta europaea* Linnaeus Nuthatch ゴジュウカラ**

The three subspecies of *Sitta europaea* Linnaeus, 1758, recognized by OSJ (1974: 288) are retained in the present edition. However, the populations of

Honshu, Shikoku, and northern Kyushu are now recognized as *S. e. amurensis* Swinhoe, 1871, with *S. e. asiatica* Gould, 1837, restricted to southern Siberia, Sakhalin, and Hokkaido and *S. e. roseilia* Bonaparte, 1850, to Miyazaki and Kagoshima prefs. in southern Kyushu (Morioka 1994, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 27: 169-170).

***Certhia familiaris* Linnaeus Tree Creeper キバシリ**

Certhia familiaris daurica Domaniewski, 1922 (*C. f. orientalis* Domaniewski, 1922, is a synonym) is not well differentiated from *C. f. japonica* Hartert, 1897, but is recognizable. *C. f. kurilensis* Momiyama, 1927 (type locality: Kunashir, southern Kuriles) may also be recognizable (Morioka 1994, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 27: 169), pending further study on the conclusion. *C. f. shikokiana* Mishima, 1955 (type locality: Tokushima, Shikoku) is not recognized (OSJ 1974: 290).

***Zosterops japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel Japanese White-eye メジロ**

Listed as *Zosterops palpebrosa* (Temminck, 1824) (with subspecies) by OSJ (1942: 31-33; 1958: 39-41) and *Zosterops japonica* Temminck & Schlegel, 1847 (with subspecies) by OSJ (1974: 291-293). *Zosterops* is now regarded as masculine in gender (Int. Code Zool. Nomencl. 1984) and hence the specific name became *japonicus*. Japanese subspecies of *Z. japonicus* are weakly differentiated and require revision (see also Mees 1969, Zool. Verhand. 102: 253-258).

***Apalopteron familiare* (Kittlitz) Ogasawara Islands Honeyeater メグロ**

Apalopteron familiare (Kittlitz, 1831), an endemic genus and species on the Ogasawara Islands, has been classified with bulbuls (Pycnonotidae), babblers (Timaliidae), or honeyeaters (Meliphagidae). The opinion that it is a bulbul predominated in earlier times (e. g., Sharpe 1882, Cat. Birds Brit. Mus. 6: 120 Yamashina 1934: 462; OSJ 1942: 46). Deignan (1958, Proc. US Nat. Mus. 108: 133-136) considered it to be a meliphagid, based largely on tongue structure. More recently Springer et al. (1995, J. Yamashina Inst. Ornithol. 27: 66-77) have shown that a DNA sequencing experiment indicates that *Apalopteron* is a zosteropid and they went even further to suggest that *Apalopteron*, *Cleptornis* and *Rukia* are congeneric. However, their study did not include timaliids for comparison with *Apalopteron*, despite the fact that certain timaliids (e. g., *Stachyris whiteheadi* of the Philippines) appear very

similar to *Apaloapteron* in external features, behavior, and voice. This is worth intensive review because meliphagids, zosteropids, sylviids and timaliids are close sister groups in the Oscines. Morphological evidence argues rather strongly against the inclusion of *Apaloapteron* in the Zosteropidae. Such morphological features of *Apaloapteron* include a long outermost primary (which is reduced and vestigial in all Zosteropidae), tongue structure, and pervious nostril (covered with an operculum in all zosteropids and most timaliids). Tongues of *Apaloapteron*, meliphagids, zosteropids, and timaliids (at least *Stachyris* and its related genera) are quadrifid and fringed at the tip, but in details (e. g., the condition of the frilling) the *Apaloapteron* tongue is more similar to those of meliphagids and timaliids than to those of zosteropids (*Zosterops* tongues agree most closely those of some species of the Dicaeidae). Bock (1985, Proc. Int. Symp. Afr. Vertebr. Bonn: 349-374) considered tongues of the Meliphagidae, including *Apaloapteron* but possibly excluding *Cleptornis* and *Timeliopsis*, to be homologous. No doubt nectar-adapted tongues have evolved independently in different oscine groups, yet such features can still be used in phylogenetic inferences; indeed a convergent feature may be very useful in distinguishing a homologous feature from a non-homologous one (Bock 1992, Bull. BOC 112A: 53-72). Springer et al. did not attempt to define the Zosteropidae, so that even if *Apaloapteron* is related to the Zosteropidae it may still be placed in a different family. The pervious nostril of *Apaloapteron* is interesting in itself, since the feeding behavior and food habits of *Apaloapteron* and *Zosterops* are much the same (Morioka & Sakane 1978, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 11: 169-188). If *Apaloapteron* is a zosteropid, why do they have different nostrils despite a similar feeding adaptation? To conclude, the affinity of *Apaloapteron* with the Zosteropidae is still one of the hypotheses that needs to be tested.

***Emberiza citrinella* Linnaeus Yellowhammer キアオジ**

Listed as *Emberiza citrinella citrinella* Linnaeus, 1758, by OSJ (1942: 19; 1958: 22). *E. c. erythrogastra* Brehm, 1855, has been recognized by most recent authors, although it intergrades with nominate *citrinella* in eastern Europe (Vaurie 1956 AM Novitates 1805: 3-4).

***Emberiza leucocephalos* Gmelin Pine Bunting シラガホオジロ**

Emberiza leucocephalos Gmelin, 1771, hybridizes with *E. citrinella* Linnaeus, 1758, in western and central Siberia (Voous 1960, Atlas European Birds: 236; Löhrl 1967, Vogelwelt 88: 148-152). Hence they are sometimes considered conspecific, although they differ in habitat preference and migratory habit

(Voous 1960, loc. cit.). All specimens from Sakhalin (Japanese specimens not seen) are typical *leucocephalos*, distinct from *E. citrinella*. According to AOU (1998 : 628), the specific name must be *leucocephalos*, and not be emended to *leucocephala*.

***Emberiza hortulana* Linnaeus Ortolan Bunting ズアオホオジロ**

This monotypic species is included in the present edition based on a single sight record (photographs).

***Emberiza rustica* Pallas Rustic Bunting カシラダカ**

According to Yamashina (1939, Tori 10 : 469), breeding birds of Sakhalin and the Kuriles are referable to *Emberiza rustica latifascia* Portenko, 1930, which is found in northeastern Siberia and Kamchatka. *E. r. rustica* Pallas, 1776, ranging from Sweden to central Yakutsk and the western coast of the Okhotsk Sea, may also winter in Japan (CBW 1970, 13 : 22 includes Japan in the winter range of nominate *rustica*). However, the two subspecies are indistinguishable in winter plumage and Japanese specimens have not been positively identified as nominate *rustica*. Males in nuptial plumage taken in Japan on spring migration were all considered to be *latifascia*.

***Emberiza elegans* Temminck Yellow-throated Bunting ミヤマホオジロ**

Emberiza elegans elegans Temminck, 1835 (type locality : Japan) breeds in western Japan (Kyushu and Tsushima) and southern Korea. Although breeding adult specimens from these areas are still lacking (a juvenile was taken in Tsushima on 16 July 1969 by myself), those collected in June in Khingan, northern Manchuria, are indistinguishable from winter specimens from Japan, hence referable to nominate *elegans* (cf. OSJ 1974 : 301). Vaurie (1956, AM Novitates 1805 : 8-9) stated that *E. e. ticehursti* Sushkin, 1926 (type locality : Ussuriland), the palest form of *E. elegans*, is recognizable with a clear cut difference from nominate *elegans*. If Vaurie was correct, the breeding area of *ticehursti* must be restricted to the lower Amur, Ussuriland, and probably northern Korea. OSJ (1942 : 19) erroneously stated that nominate *elegans* breeds in Hokkaido.

***Emberiza aureola* Pallas Yellow-breasted Bunting シマアオジ**

Vaurie (1959 : 692) stated that *Emberiza aureola aureola* Pallas, 1773, has straggled to Japan and Taiwan, but no details were given.

***Emberiza melanocephala* Scopoli Black-headed Bunting ズグロチャキンチョウ**

The straggling in the wild state of *Emberiza melanocephala* Scopoli, 1769, a southeastern European species, to Hachijo I., Izu Islands, may be questionable (OSJ 1974 : 303).

***Emberiza pallasi* (Cabanis) Pallas's Bunting シベリアジュリン**

Two adult males, collected at the same locality in Saga, Kyushu, on 27 January 1924 and 1 March 1925, were identified as *Emberiza pallasi pallasi* (Cabanis, 1851) and *E. p. polaris* Middendorff, 1851, respectively, as the first specimen was much larger (wing 75.5 mm) and paler than any Manchurian, Korean and Chinese specimens examined. The second specimen was smaller (wing 67.5) and slightly darker (Morioka 1957, Tori 14(69) : 23-25). Although nominate *pallasi* is more southernly in range and less migratory in habit, both subspecies occur in northern Manchuria (Lamagulusu) in spring (Yamashina 1939, Tori 10 : 470-471). A third specimen was taken on 27 February 1929 at Kawasaki, Kanagawa, and there have been a dozen banding records from Honshu and Kyushu lately (Shigeta & Mano 1979, Tori 28 : 117-124). All these birds, except the first specimen mentioned above, are generally smaller and referable to *polaris*, though measurements taken from banded birds may not be directly comparable with those taken from specimens.

***Emberiza schoeniclus* (Linnaeus) Reed Bunting オオジュリン**

Emberiza schoeniclus nortoniensis (Gmelin, 1789) of OSJ (1958 : 29) has been suppressed and *E. s. pyrrhulina* (Swinhoe, 1876) is the oldest available name (Int. Comm. Zool. Nomencl. 1956, Opinion 408). A female specimen said to be referable to *E. s. pallidior* Hartert, 1904, was taken in Niigata in February 1965, but this record has not been accepted because the identification was unsure.

***Calcarius lapponicus* (Linnaeus) Lapland Bunting ツメナガホオジロ**

Calcarius lapponicus (Linnaeus, 1758) is a more or less common passage migrant (also probably a rare winter visitor) in southwestern Japan, including the Ryukyus. OSJ (1974 : 308) and the present edition followed Vaurie (1959 : 706) in ascribing Japanese birds to *Calcarius lapponicus coloratus* Ridgway, 1898. However, the three subspecies recognized by Vaurie (1956, AM Novitates 1805 : 24-25) are only weakly differentiated and I am not certain whether Japanese birds are *coloratus* or nominate *lapponicus* because of their winter plumage. Nuptial males taken on spring migration in Korea

and the Ryukyus show considerable variation due to plumage wear. OSJ (1942: 23; 1958: 30) referred Japanese and Korean birds to nominate *lapponicus*, whereas winter visitors to the Kuriles were considered to be *coloratus*. This distinction seemed to me to be unrealistic since this species is probably a passage migrant, not a winter visitor, on the Kuriles (Yamashina 1931, J. Ornithol. 79: 502 stated that the bird was never found there in winter).

***Plectrophenax nivalis* (Linnaeus) Snow Bunting ユキホオジロ**

Plectrophenax nivalis townsendi Ridgway, 1887, has been recorded from the Kuriles (OSJ 1942: 24; 1958: 31; 1974: 309). A Paramushir specimen (wing 117.5 mm) was positively identified as *townsendi* (Yamashina 1933, Tori 8: 111), but all later records require confirmation and thus the acceptance of *P. n. townsendi* in the present edition is tentative. In the past different names were attributed to the birds wintering in Japan: *P. n. nivalis* (Linnaeus, 1758) (OSJ 1942: 24), *P. n. pallidior* Salomonsen, 1947 (OSJ 1958: 31), or *P. n. vlasowae* Portenko, 1937 (OSJ 1974: 309). According to Vaurie (1956, AM Novitates 1805: 25-27), *pallidior* is a distinct subspecies but the older available name is *vlasowae*.

***Passerella iliaca* (Merrem) Fox Sparrow ゴマフスズメ**

Listed as *Zonotrichia iliaca unalaschensis* (Gmelin, 1789) by OSJ (1974: 310). I follow AOU (1983: 710) in separating *Passerella* from *Zonotrichia*. The straggling bird was originally identified by Yamashina (1936, Tori 9: 119-123) as *Passerella iliaca insularis* Ridgway, 1900, from Kodiak I., Alaska, which identification was accepted by OSJ (1942: 18; 1958: 21). Later Yamashina (1964, Tori 18(82): 126-127) reidentified it to be *P. i. unalaschensis*.

***Fringilla coelebs* Linnaeus Chaffinch ズアオアトリ**

Included in the present edition based on a single sight record (photographs) ascribable to *Fringilla coelebs coelebs* Linnaeus, 1758, a widely distributed Palearctic form.

***Fringilla montifringilla* Linnaeus Brambling アトリ**

Fringilla montifringilla Linnaeus, 1758, shows a wide range of individual and seasonal variations due to plumage wear. Both Vaurie (1959: 596) and CBW (1968, 14: 206) did not recognize *F. m. subcuneolata* Kleinschmidt, 1909 (type locality: Kobe, Japan) and kept the species monotypic.

***Carduelis sinica* (Linnaeus) Oriental Greenfinch カワラヒワ**

Carduelis sinica sitchitoensis (Momiya, 1923) is a synonym of *C. s. minor* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1848), not of *C. s. kawarahiba* (Temminck, 1835) as postulated by Austin & Kuroda (1953, Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. 109: 584) and Vaurie (1959: 603) (cf. OSJ 1974: 313). The populations of Hokkaido and Sakhalin (at least of southern Sakhalin) intergrade in size and color with *minor* of Honshu, whereas *kawarahiba* of Kamchatka and the Kuriles, which winters commonly in Japan, is more saturated in color and much larger in size (male wing 84–91 mm in *kawarahiba* against 77–81 mm in *minor*).

***Carduelis flammea* (Linnaeus) Redpoll ベニヒワ**

Listed as *Acanthis flammea flammea* (Linnaeus, 1758) by OSJ (1974: 314). It is perhaps better to merge *Acanthis* with *Carduelis*, however, because of the probable relationships of the former to certain species of the latter (e. g., *C. spinus*) as shown by the close similarity of immature birds. If so, the separation of *Acanthis* from *Carduelis* makes *Carduelis* not strictly monophyletic (but see CBW 1968, 14: 250–251 for the recognition of *Acanthis*).

***Carduelis hornemanni* (Holböll) Arctic Redpoll コベニヒワ**

Listed as *Carduelis flammea exilipes* (Coues, 1861) by OSJ (1942: 14; 1958: 15) and *Acanthis hornemanni exilipes* (Coues, 1862) [1862 after AOU 1957, Checklist N. Amer. Birds, 5th ed., p. 568] by OSJ (1974: 316). In the present edition *C. flammea* and *C. hornemanni* are kept as separate species (cf. OSJ 1974, loc. cit.; BWP 1994, 8: 671–672). For the use of *Carduelis* in place of *Acanthis*, see under *Carduelis flammea*.

***Carpodacus erythrinus* (Pallas) Common Rosefinch アカマシコ**

Erythrina Brehm, 1828, employed by OSJ (1942: 16; 1958: 18) is a nomen nudum (CBW 1968, 14: 267); see also Banks & Browning 1995, Auk 112: 643–644). *Erythrina* Brehm, 1829, is best merged with *Carpodacus*, as has been done by CBW (1968, loc. cit.) and AOU (1983: 744; 1998: 660).

***Carpodacus roseus* (Pallas) Pallas's Rosefinch オオマシコ**

For the replacement of *Erythrina* (OSJ 1942: 16; 1958: 18) by *Carpodacus*, see under *Carpodacus erythrinus*. Browning (1976, Bull. BOC 96: 44–47) discussed the validity of *Carpodacus roseus sachalinensis* (Portenko, 1960) based on a large series of specimens and later (1988, Bull. BOC 108: 177–179) he proposed *C. r. portenkoi* [Browning, 1988] for the dark population of Sakhalin. Neither he nor I was able to examine breeding specimens. Comparison

of six wintering adult males from Japan (which are presumably *portenkoi*) with two adult males from Hopei Province, China (probably nominate *roseus*) did not substantiate the differences Browning pointed out (the two Chinese specimens may be slightly redder on the breast than the Japanese specimens, but one Hokkaido specimen appeared to be identical with the Chinese birds; I detected no difference in the appearance of back, rump and head among these specimens). I must therefore question the validity of *portenkoi*.

***Chaunoproctus ferreorostris* (Vigors) Ogasawara Islands Grosbeak
オガサワラマシコ**

Chaunoproctus ferreorostris (Vigors, 1829), an endemic and extinct genus and species on the Ogasawara Islands, is an insular gigantism of *Carpodacus erythrinus* (Pallas, 1770), hence Palearctic in origin (Morioka 1992, Bull. Natl. Sci. Mus. Zool. 18: 45-49). The publication year of this species is usually given as 1828, but 1829 is probably correct (cf. Warren & Harrison 1971, Type Specimens Birds BMNH 2: 175).

***Pyrhula pyrrhula* (Linnaeus) Bullfinch ウソ**

Vaurie (1956, AM Novitates 1788: 12-13; 1959: 663) synonymized *Pyrhula pyrrhula rosacea* Seeböhm, 1882, with *P. p. griseiventris* Lafresnaye, 1841, but *rosacea* is a recognizable subspecies by having the underparts washed with pinkish red (OSJ 1974: 324; Morioka 1992, Mem. Natl. Sci. Mus. 25: 171-174). The breeding populations of Honshu, Hokkaido, and the southern Kuriles are all ascribable to *griseiventris* by the complete or almost complete absence of the pinkish red wash on the underparts. *P. p. kurilensis* Sharpe, 1886, listed by OSJ (1942: 15; 1958: 17), is not distinguishable from *griseiventris* (breeding specimens of *kurilensis* examined).

***Eophona migratoria* Hartert Yellow-billed Grosbeak コイカル**

Eophona, together with *Mycerobas* and *Hesperiphona*, was merged with *Coccothraustes* by CBW (1968, 14: 299). While these four genera are heavy-billed finches and show specializations of the skull for powerful biting, it is better to retain them as separate genera (OSJ 1974: 325; BWP 1994, 8: 850). *Hesperiphona* of North America in particular may not be so closely related to *Mycerobas* of the Himalayas and western China. Despite certain superficial resemblances between *Coccothraustes* and *Eophona*, *Coccothraustes* is structurally and behaviorally distinct from *Eophona* and is most advanced in the specializations of the skull and jaw muscles. However, *Mycerobas* may be closely related to *Eophona*.

***Eophona personata* (Temminck & Schlegel) Masked Grosbeak イカル**
See under *Eophona migratoria* for the separation of *Eophona* from *Coccothraustes*.

***Coccothraustes coccothraustes* (Linnaeus) Hawfinch シメ**
Coccothraustes is considered a monotypic genus (see under *Eophona migratoria*). *Coccothraustes coccothraustes verticalis* Tugarinov & Buturlin, 1911, and *C. c. lonnbergi* Bergman, 1931, were recognized by OSJ (1942 : 11 ; 1958 : 11-12), but were synonymized with *C. c. coccothraustes* (Linnaeus, 1758) by Vaurie (1956, AM Novitates 1788 : 19-21 ; 1959 : 666).

***Passer domesticus* (Linnaeus) House Sparrow イエスズメ**
Included in the present edition based only on sight records (photographs). These sight records are ascribed to *P. d. domesticus* (Linnaeus, 1758) on geographical grounds. Although *Passer* is retained in the Ploceidae (see Preface for the reason), Bock & Morony (1978, Bonner Zool. Beitr. 91 : 49-61) have shown on the basis of the hyoid apparatus that passerine finches (*Passer*, *Montifringilla*, *Petroica*) are not part of the Ploceidae and advocated recognition of the Passeridae.

***Sturnus sericeus* Gmelin Silky Starling ギンムクドリ**
Monotypic *Sturnus sericeus* Gmelin, 1788, is included in the present edition based on a dozen sight records (photographs). Both DNA-DNA hybridization (Sibley & Ahlquist 1984, Auk 101 : 230-243) and skull morphology (Morioka, ms) support the close relationships of the Sturnidae with the Turdidae.

***Sturnus sturninus* (Pallas) Daurian Starling シベリアムクドリ**
The statement (OSJ 1974 : 330) that *Sturnus sturninus* (Pallas, 1776) straggles to the Ogasawara Islands has not been substantiated.

***Sturnus vulgaris* Linnaeus Starling ホシムクドリ**
Since the publication of the last edition (OSJ 1974), the records (mostly sight records) of *Sturnus vulgaris* Linnaeus, 1758, have increased significantly in southwestern Japan, although this species did not seem to have established as a resident. These records are ascribed to the subspecies *S. v. poltaratskyi* Finsch, 1878, which breeds in southern Siberia and western Mongolia and winters in the Chinese mainland.

***Artamus leucorhynchus* (Linnaeus) White-breasted Woodswallow モリツバメ**

Included in the present edition based on a single sight record (photographs). The photographs show this to have been *Artamus leucorhynchus leucorhynchus* (Linnaeus, 1771) rather than *A. l. pelewensis* Finsch, 1876.

***Garrulus glandarius* (Linnaeus) Jay カケス**

OSJ (1974: 334-335) recognized five subspecies of *Garrulus glandarius* (Linnaeus, 1758) from Japan, including doubtfully distinct *G. g. hiugaensis* Momiyama, 1927, which is synonymized with *G. g. japonicus* Temminck & Schlegel, 1848, here. *G. g. hiugaensis* is said to be darker generally than *japonicus*, with the whitish-striped color of the occiput suffused with the deep brownish color of the back (Momiyama 1927, Bull. BOC 48: 19-20; also Yamashina 1933: 47). A comparison of six specimens of *hiugaensis* from Kumamoto, Miyazaki and Kagoshima prefs. with *japonicus* of Honshu and Shikoku revealed no consistent differences (in fact the six specimens were not at all darker than *japonicus* but were identical in coloration). *G. g. tokugawae* Taka-Tsukasa, 1931, has a more massive bill than *japonicus*; the black streaks of the crown are much narrower so that the entire crown appears to be appreciably whiter, and the mantle somewhat greyer (OSJ 1974: 335). This is a recognizable subspecies, although the original description by Taka-Tsukasa (1931, Tori 7: 110) is very inadequate (see also Taka-Tsukasa 1932, Tori 7: 210; Taka-Tsukasa & Ikeda 1936, Tori 9: 134; the latter paper gave specimen data).

***Garrulus lidthi* Bonaparte Lidth's Jay ルリカケス**

Garrulus lidthi Bonaparte, 1850, an endemic jay on the Amami Islands, is related to *G. lanceolatus* Vigors, 1831, of the western Himalayas and Nepal (Yamashina 1941, Trans. Biogeogr. Soc. Japan 3: 319-328). I think, however, it is probably more closely related to *G. glandarius* (Linnaeus, 1758) of Eurasia, on zoogeographic and ecological grounds (Morioka, ms).

***Pica pica* (Linnaeus) Magpie カササギ**

Pica pica japonica Temminck & Schlegel, 1848, of southern Korea and Japan (type locality: Japan) was recognized by OSJ (1942: 4; 1958: 4), but was synonymized with *P. p. sericea* Gould, 1845 (type locality: Amoy, S. China) by Vaurie (1954, AM Novitates 1668: 10-12; 1959: 152) and OSJ (1974: 337). Vaurie and I overlooked Yamashina's paper (1937, Tori 9: 374-375), in which he showed that the black tips on the primaries are significantly broader in

sericea of Taiwan than in *japonica* of southern Korea. A re-examination of this character reveals that the difference between southern Korean and Taiwanese birds seems to be consistent. However, two specimens (males) from Fukien, southern China, were intermediate or even closer to *japonica*. Moreover, somewhat broader black tips (but not to the extent of Taiwanese birds?) tend to reappear in northern Korean birds. For these reasons it seems preferable to retain a locally variable *sericea* and to ascribe Japanese and Korean birds to it.

***Nucifraga caryocatactes* (Linnaeus) Nutcracker ホシガラス**

One specimen taken in February 1923 at Fukuoka, Kyushu, was identified as *Nucifraga caryocatactes macrorhynchos* Brehm, 1823 (OSJ 1942 : 5).

***Corvus dauuricus* Pallas Daurian Jackdaw コクマルガラス**

Listed as *Corvus monedula dauuricus* Pallas, 1776, by OSJ (1974 : 339). There seems to be reasonable grounds to regard *dauuricus* as a separate species (cf. BWP 1994, 8 : 143).

***Corvus macrorhynchos* Wagler Jungle Crow ハシブトガラス**

The subspecific status of breeding populations of Kyushu and Tsushima requires further study (cf. OSJ 1974 : 342). Especially the Tsushima population needs confirmation as to whether it is *C. m. mandshuricus* Buturlin, 1913, or *C. m. japonensis* Bonaparte, 1850.

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Appendix A, B or C.

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